```
import os
import sys
import json
import random
from pathlib import Path
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
import torch
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
# --- Add src directory to path (if needed) ---
# Assuming notebooks are in 'notebooks/' and src is sibling
module path = os.path.abspath(os.path.join('...'))
if module path not in sys.path:
    sys.path.append(module path)
from src.data.preprocessing import calculate normalization stats,
DeforestationDataset
STACKED TILES DIR = Path("../data/raw/stacked tiles") # Or the correct
path to your data
# Where to save the calculated normalization stats
STATS_OUTPUT_DIR = Path("../configs")
STATS_FILE = STATS_OUTPUT DIR / "normalization stats.json"
# Patch size for training
PATCH SIZE = 256
# Define band mapping (should match the one used during
download/exploration)
BAND MAPPING = {
    "S1 VV': 0, 'S1 VH': 1, 'S2 B': 2, 'S2 G': 3, 'S2 R': 4,
    'S2_N': 5, 'S2_\(\overline{S}\)1': 6, 'S2_\(\overline{S}\)2': 7, 'DE\(\overline{M}\)': 8, 'Label': 9
}
# Ensure output dir exists
STATS OUTPUT DIR.mkdir(parents=True, exist ok=True)
print(f"Stacked tiles directory: {STACKED TILES DIR}")
print(f"Normalization stats file: {STATS FILE}")
Stacked tiles directory: ../data/raw/stacked tiles
Normalization stats file: ../configs/normalization stats.json
all tile paths =
sorted(list(STACKED TILES DIR.glob("stack tile *.tif")))
print(f"Total tiles found: {len(all_tile_paths)}")
if not all tile paths:
    raise FileNotFoundError(f"No tiles found in {STACKED TILES DIR}.
```

```
Please check the path.")
# Split: 70% Train, 30% Temp (Val + Test)
train paths, temp paths = train test split(
    all tile paths, test size=0.30, random state=42 # Use random state
for reproducibility
# Split Temp: 50% Val, 50% Test (relative to temp paths -> 15% of
total each)
val paths, test paths = train test split(
    temp paths, test size=0.50, random state=42 # Use same
random state for consistency
print(f"Train tiles: {len(train paths)}")
print(f"Validation tiles: {len(val paths)}")
print(f"Test tiles: {len(test paths)}")
# Optional: Save these lists if needed later
# with open(STATS_OUTPUT_DIR / 'train_tiles.txt', 'w') as f:
[f.write(f"\{p\}\n") for p in train paths]
# etc.
Total tiles found: 1552
Train tiles: 1086
Validation tiles: 233
Test tiles: 233
# --- Define bands for normalization types (adjust if needed) ---
bands_to_standardize = ['S1_VV', 'S1_VH', 'DEM']
bands_to_scale = ['S2_B', 'S2_G', 'S2_R', 'S2_N', 'S2_S1', 'S2_S2']
# --- Calculate and Save Stats ---
print(f"\nCalculating normalization statistics using
{len(train paths)} training tiles...")
normalization stats = calculate normalization stats(
    train paths[:600], BAND MAPPING, bands to standardize,
bands_to_scale
print(f"\nSaving normalization stats to {STATS FILE}...")
with open(STATS FILE, 'w') as f:
    json.dump(normalization_stats, f, indent=4)
print("Stats saved.")
Calculating normalization statistics using 1086 training tiles...
Calculating normalization stats from 600 tiles...
```

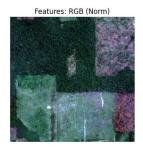
```
100%| 600/600 [03:11<00:00, 3.14it/s]
  S1 VV: Mean=-8.6604, Std=1.9679
  S1 VH: Mean=-14.8731, Std=1.9353
  DEM: Mean=140.2777, Std=71.0508
Calculating percentiles (2.0, 98.0) for scaling bands...
  S2_B: Min (2.0\%)=0.0242, Max (98.0\%)=0.0758
  S2 G: Min (2.0\%)=0.0371, Max (98.0\%)=0.1068
 S2 R: Min (2.0%)=0.0211, Max (98.0%)=0.1266
 S2_N: Min (2.0\%)=0.1694, Max (98.0\%)=0.3625
 S2 S1: Min (2.0%)=0.1224, Max (98.0%)=0.3545
 S2 S2: Min (2.0\%)=0.0495, Max (98.0\%)=0.2299
Saving normalization stats to ../configs/normalization stats.json...
Stats saved.
# --- Load Saved Stats ---
print(f"Loading normalization stats from {STATS FILE}...")
with open(STATS FILE, 'r') as f:
    loaded stats = json.load(f)
# --- Instantiate Datasets ---
# Use a small subset of validation paths for quick demonstration
demo paths = val paths[:min(5, len(val paths))]
print("\nInstantiating Dataset (Validation Set Sample, No
Augmentation)...")
val dataset demo = DeforestationDataset(
    tile paths=demo paths,
    band mapping=BAND MAPPING,
    normalization stats=loaded stats,
    patch size=PATCH SIZE,
    augment=False # No augmentation for validation/testing demo
)
print("Instantiating Dataset (Training Set Sample, With
Augmentation)...")
train dataset demo = DeforestationDataset(
    tile paths=train paths[:min(5, len(train paths))], # Use a few
train paths
    band mapping=BAND MAPPING,
    normalization stats=loaded stats,
    patch size=PATCH SIZE,
    augment=True # Enable augmentation for training demo
)
# --- Create DataLoaders ---
# Batch size 1 for easy visualization of single samples
val loader demo = DataLoader(val dataset demo, batch size=\frac{1}{1},
shuffle=False)
```

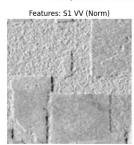
```
train loader demo = DataLoader(train dataset demo, batch size=1,
shuffle=True)
print(f"\nDataset size (demo): {len(val dataset demo)}")
Loading normalization stats from
../configs/normalization stats.json...
Instantiating Dataset (Validation Set Sample, No Augmentation)...
Dataset initialized with 5 tiles.
One epoch will consist of 50 random patches.
Pre-checking tile dimensions...
Checking Tiles: 100% | 5/5 [00:00<00:00, 886.48it/s]
Found 5 tiles suitable for patch size 256.
Instantiating Dataset (Training Set Sample, With Augmentation)...
Dataset initialized with 5 tiles.
One epoch will consist of 50 random patches.
Pre-checking tile dimensions...
Checking Tiles: 100% | 5/5 [00:00<00:00, 1061.26it/s]
Found 5 tiles suitable for patch size 256.
Dataset size (demo): 50
# --- Visualize a Sample from DataLoader ---
print("\nVisualizing one sample from Validation DataLoader
(Normalized, No Augmentation)...")
features, label = next(iter(val loader demo)) # Get first batch (size
# Squeeze batch dimension (since batch size=1)
features = features.squeeze(0).numpy() # Shape: (C, H, W)
label = label.squeeze(0).numpy()
                                 # Shape: (H, W)
print(f"Features shape: {features.shape}, Label shape: {label.shape}")
print(f"Features dtype: {features.dtype}, Label dtype: {label.dtype}")
print(f"Features min/max: {features.min():.2f}/{features.max():.2f}")
# Check normalization effect
print(f"Label unique values: {np.unique(label)}")
# Visualize components (Example: RGB, S1 VV, DEM, Label)
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 4, figsize=(16, 4))
fig.suptitle("Sample from Validation DataLoader (Normalized)",
fontsize=14)
# --- RGB ---
```

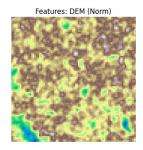
```
# Need to find the indices within the *feature* tensor now
feature band names = [k for k, v in BAND MAPPING.items() if k !=
'Label'
s2r idx f = feature band names.index('S2 R')
s2g idx f = feature band names.index('S2 G')
s2b idx f = feature band names.index('S2 B')
# Extract RGB bands, transpose C,H,W -> H,W,C for imshow
rgb_display = features[[s2r_idx_f, s2g_idx_f,
s2b idx f], :, :].transpose(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{0})
# Values should be roughly 0-1 after scaling, but clip just in case
rgb display = np.clip(rgb display, 0, 1)
axes[0].imshow(rgb display)
axes[0].set title("Features: RGB (Norm)")
axes[0].axis('off')
# --- S1 VV ---
slvv idx f = feature band names.index('S1 VV')
slvv display = features[slvv_idx_f, :, :]
# Standardized data might be outside 0-1, adjust display range or clip
# vmin, vmax = np.percentile(s1vv display, [2, 98]) # Stretch for
display
axes[1].imshow(slvv display, cmap='gray') #, vmin=vmin, vmax=vmax)
axes[1].set title("Features: S1 VV (Norm)")
axes[1].axis('off')
# --- DEM ---
dem idx f = feature band names.index('DEM')
dem display = features[dem idx f, :, :]
axes[2].imshow(dem display, cmap='terrain')
axes[2].set title("Features: DEM (Norm)")
axes[2].axis('off')
# --- Label ---
axes[3].imshow(label, cmap='viridis', vmin=0, vmax=1)
axes[3].set title("Label")
axes[3].axis('off')
plt.tight layout(rect=[0, 0.03, 1, 0.95])
plt.show()
# --- Visualize Augmented Sample ---
print("\nVisualizing one sample from Training DataLoader (Normalized +
Augmented)...")
features aug, label aug = next(iter(train loader demo))
features aug = features aug.squeeze(0).numpy()
label aug = label aug.squeeze(0).numpy()
# (Repeat visualization code block above, using features aug,
label aug)
```

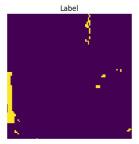
```
# ... visualization code ...
# This will show the effect of random flips if they occurred.
# (Code omitted for brevity, copy/paste the visualization block above)
fig aug, axes aug = plt.subplots(\frac{1}{4}, figsize=(\frac{16}{4}))
fig aug.suptitle("Sample from Training DataLoader (Normalized +
Augmented)", fontsize=14)
rgb display aug = features aug[[s2r idx f, s2g idx f,
s2b idx f], :, :].transpose(1, 2, 0)
rgb display aug = np.clip(rgb display aug, 0, 1)
axes aug[0].imshow(rgb display aug); axes aug[0].set title("Features:
RGB (Aug)"); axes aug[0].axis('off')
slvv display aug = features aug[slvv idx f, :, :]
axes_aug[1].imshow(s1vv_display_aug, cmap='gray');
axes aug[1].set title("Features: S1 VV (Aug)");
axes aug[1].axis('off')
dem display aug = features aug[dem_idx_f, :, :]
axes aug[2].imshow(dem display aug, cmap='terrain');
axes_aug[2].set_title("Features: DEM (Aug)"); axes_aug[2].axis('off')
axes aug[3].imshow(label aug, cmap='viridis', vmin=0, vmax=1);
axes_aug[3].set_title("Label (Aug)"); axes_aug[3].axis('off')
plt.tight layout(rect=[0, 0.03, 1, 0.95])
plt.show()
Visualizing one sample from Validation DataLoader (Normalized, No
Augmentation)...
Features shape: (9, 256, 256), Label shape: (256, 256)
Features dtype: float32, Label dtype: int64
Features min/max: -4.88/2.09
Label unique values: [0 1]
```

## Sample from Validation DataLoader (Normalized)

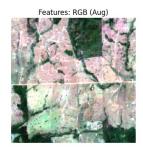


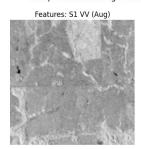


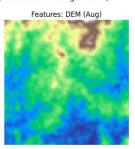


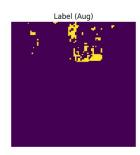


Visualizing one sample from Training DataLoader (Normalized + Augmented)...









```
# --- 4. Save Data Splits to Files ---
# Define output directory for split files
SPLIT DIR = Path(".../data/processed/splits") # Or adjust path as
needed
SPLIT DIR.mkdir(parents=True, exist ok=True)
# Define output file paths
TRAIN LIST FILE = SPLIT DIR / "train tiles.txt"
VAL_LIST_FILE = SPLIT_DIR / "val tiles.txt"
TEST LIST FILE = SPLIT DIR / "test tiles.txt"
print(f"\nSaving data splits to {SPLIT DIR}...")
def save paths to file(filepath: Path, paths: list):
    """Writes a list of Path objects to a file, one path string per
line."""
    with open(filepath, 'w') as f:
        for p in paths:
            f.write(f"{str(p)}\n") # Write the string representation
of the Path
    print(f"Saved {len(paths)} paths to {filepath}")
# Assuming train paths, val paths, test paths are defined from
previous cells
save_paths_to_file(TRAIN_LIST_FILE, train_paths)
save_paths_to_file(VAL_LIST_FILE, val_paths)
save paths to file(TEST LIST FILE, test paths)
print("\nData split file paths saved.")
Saving data splits to ../data/processed/splits...
Saved 1086 paths to ../data/processed/splits/train tiles.txt
Saved 233 paths to ../data/processed/splits/val tiles.txt
Saved 233 paths to ../data/processed/splits/test tiles.txt
Data split file paths saved.
```