



Version 9.0
Programers Guide

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Inhalt

1	Einleitung	1
2	hyperCMS XML-Content-Repository	1
2.1	hyperCMS spezifische Informationen	3
2.2	Meta-Informationen	4
2.3	Text	4
2.4	Medien	5
2.5	Links	5
2.6	Komponenten	6
2.7	Artikel	6
3	Funktionsbibliotheken	7
3.1	Einbindung einer Bibliothek	7
3.2	Laden der Konfiguration	7
3.2.1	Content Management Server	7
3.2.2	Publication Server	8
3.3	Globale Variablen	8
3.4	Vorlagenvariablen	10
3.5	Bibliothek Object Operation	12
3.5.1	createfolder	12
3.5.2	deletefolder	13
3.5.3	renamefolder	14
3.5.4	createobject	15
3.5.5	deleteobject	16
3.5.6	renameobject	17
3.5.7	cutobject	18
3.5.8	copyobject	19
3.5.9	copyconnectedobject	20
3.5.10	pasteobject	21
3.5.11	lockobject	22
3.5.12	unlockobject	23
3.5.13	publishobject	24
3.5.14	unpublishobject	25
3.5.15	getlinkedobject	26
3.5.16	getconnectedobject	27
3.5.17	getobjectcontainer	28
3.6	Bearbeiten von Inhalten	28
3.7	Bibliothek File Operation	29
3.7.1	loadfile	29
3.7.2	savefile	29
3.7.3	loadlockfile	30
3.7.4	savelockfile	30
3.7.5	lockfile	31
3.7.6	unlockfile	31
3.7.7	deletefile	32
3.7.8	appendfile	32
3.8	XML Bibliothek	33
3.8.1	setxmlparameter	33
3.8.2	getcontent	33
3.8.3	getxmlcontent	34
3.8.4	selectcontent	34
3.8.5	selectxmlcontent	35
3.8.6	deletecontent	36
3.8.8	setcontent	37
3.8.10	updatecontent	38
3.8.11	insertcontent	39
3.8.12	addcontent	40

3.9	Bibliothek Meta Data Generator	41
3.9.1	getmetakeywords.....	41
3.9.2	getmetadescription.....	41
3.10	Bibliothek Notifications.....	42
3.10.1	licensenotification.....	42
4	Komponenten und Applikationen.....	43
5	Database Connectivity.....	44
5.1	Erstellen einer Database Connectivity	44
6	Event System	46
7	Liste der hyperCMS API Funktionen	47
7.1	Main API Functions	47
7.1.1	correctnumber	47
7.1.2	cleancontent	47
7.1.3	remove_utf8_bom.....	48
7.1.4	convert_utf8.....	48
7.1.5	convertchars.....	48
7.1.6	specialchr.....	48
7.1.7	specialchr_encode	49
7.1.8	specialchr_decode	49
7.1.9	convertdate	50
7.1.10	offsettime	50
7.1.11	object_exists	50
7.1.12	is_utf8	51
7.1.13	is_latin1.....	51
7.1.14	makestring.....	51
7.1.15	splitstring.....	52
7.1.16	is_folder	52
7.1.17	is_emptyfolder.....	52
7.1.18	is_supported	53
7.1.19	is_cloudstorage.....	53
7.1.20	is_cloudobject.....	54
7.1.21	is_date	54
7.1.22	is_tempfile	54
7.1.23	is_hiddenfile.....	55
7.1.24	is_keyword.....	55
7.1.25	is_thumbnail	56
7.1.26	is_config	56
7.1.27	is_encryptedfile	56
7.1.28	is_document.....	57
7.1.29	is_image.....	57
7.1.30	is_rawimage.....	57
7.1.31	is_aiimage.....	58
7.1.32	is_video	58
7.1.33	is_rawvideo.....	59
7.1.34	is_audio.....	59
7.1.35	is_mobilebrowser	59
7.1.36	is_iOS.....	60
7.1.37	is_activelanguage	60
7.1.38	copyrecursive	61
7.1.39	array_iunique	61
7.1.40	in_array_substr	61
7.1.41	createfilename.....	62
7.1.42	correctfile.....	62
7.1.43	correctpath	62
7.1.44	convertpath.....	63
7.1.45	convertlink	63
7.1.46	deconvertpath	64
7.1.47	deconvertlink.....	64

7.1.48	mediapublicaccess.....	65
7.1.49	createviewlink	65
7.1.50	createportallink.....	66
7.1.51	createaccesslink.....	66
7.1.52	createobjectaccesslink	67
7.1.53	createwrapperlink	67
7.1.54	createdownloadlink.....	68
7.1.55	createmultiaccesslink.....	69
7.1.56	createmultidownloadlink	69
7.1.57	cleandomain	70
7.1.58	fileversion	70
7.1.59	createversion.....	71
7.1.60	rollbackversion	71
7.1.61	deleteversion.....	72
7.1.62	deleteversions	72
7.1.63	loadfile_header	73
7.1.64	loadfile_fast	73
7.1.65	loadfile	74
7.1.66	loadlockfile	74
7.1.67	savefile	75
7.1.68	savelockfile	75
7.1.69	appendfile	76
7.1.70	lockfile	76
7.1.71	unlockfile	77
7.1.72	deletefile.....	77
7.1.73	restoremediafile.....	78
7.1.74	preparemediafile	78
7.1.75	deleteannotationimages	78
7.1.76	deletemediafiles.....	79
7.1.77	avoidfilecollision.....	79
7.1.78	substr_in_array	80
7.1.79	downloadobject.....	80
7.1.80	downloadfile	81
7.1.81	loadcontainer.....	81
7.1.82	savecontainer	82
7.1.83	checkworkflow	82
7.1.84	inherit_db_load.....	83
7.1.85	inherit_db_read	83
7.1.86	inherit_db_close	84
7.1.87	inherit_db_save	84
7.1.88	inherit_db_getparent	85
7.1.89	inherit_db_getchild.....	85
7.1.90	inherit_db_setparent	85
7.1.91	inherit_db_insertparent	86
7.1.92	inherit_db_deleteparent.....	86
7.1.93	createinstance	86
7.1.94	editinstance.....	87
7.1.95	deleteinstance	87
7.1.96	createpublication.....	88
7.1.97	editpublication	88
7.1.98	editpublicationsetting.....	90
7.1.99	deletepublication.....	90
7.1.100	createpersonalization.....	91
7.1.101	deletepersonalization	91
7.1.102	loadtemplate	92
7.1.103	createtemplate	92
7.1.104	edittemplate.....	93
7.1.105	deletetemplate.....	93

7.1.106	createportal.....	94
7.1.107	editportal	94
7.1.108	deleteportal.....	95
7.1.109	createuser	95
7.1.110	edituser	96
7.1.111	deleteuser	97
7.1.112	creategroup.....	97
7.1.113	editgroup	98
7.1.114	deletegroup.....	100
7.1.115	renamegroupfolder.....	100
7.1.116	deletegroupfolder	101
7.1.117	renameworkflowfolder	101
7.1.118	deleteworkflowfolder	102
7.1.119	createmediacat	102
7.1.120	renamemediacat	103
7.1.121	deletemediacat	103
7.1.122	uploadtomediacat.....	104
7.1.123	deletefrommediacat.....	104
7.1.124	createfolder.....	105
7.1.125	createfolders	105
7.1.126	collectfolders	106
7.1.127	copyfolders	106
7.1.128	deletefolder	107
7.1.129	renamefolder	107
7.1.130	correctcontainername	108
7.1.131	createobject	108
7.1.132	uploadfile	109
7.1.133	createmediaobject.....	110
7.1.134	createmediaobjects	111
7.1.135	editmediaobject	111
7.1.136	manipulateobject	112
7.1.137	deletemarkobject	113
7.1.138	deleteunmarkobject.....	113
7.1.139	deleteobject	114
7.1.140	renameobject	115
7.1.141	renamefile.....	115
7.1.142	cutobject.....	116
7.1.143	copyobject	116
7.1.144	copyconnectedobject	117
7.1.145	pasteobject	118
7.1.146	lockobject	118
7.1.147	unlockobject.....	119
7.1.148	publishobject	119
7.1.149	publishlinkedobject.....	120
7.1.150	unpublishobject	120
7.1.151	processobjects.....	121
7.1.152	collectobjects.....	122
7.1.153	manipulateallobjects.....	122
7.1.154	createqueueentry	123
7.1.155	savemessage.....	123
7.1.156	remoteclient	124
7.1.157	HTTP_Post.....	124
7.1.158	HTTP_Get.....	125
7.1.159	HTTP_Proxy.....	125
7.1.160	loadbalancer.....	126
7.1.161	savelog	126
7.1.162	loadlog	127
7.1.163	deletelog.....	127

7.1.164	debuglog.....	127
7.1.165	notifyusers	128
7.1.166	sendlicensenotification	128
7.1.167	licensenotification.....	129
7.1.168	sendresetpassword.....	130
7.1.169	html_diff.....	130
7.1.170	createfavorite	130
7.1.171	deletefavorite	131
7.1.172	rewrite_targetURI	131
7.1.173	rewrite_homepage	132
7.1.174	load_csv	132
7.1.175	create_csv	133
7.1.176	sendmessage.....	133
7.1.177	linking_valid.....	134
7.1.178	linking_objects	134
7.1.179	linking_inscope	134
7.1.180	savecontent.....	135
7.2	Get API Functions.....	136
7.2.1	getserverload	136
7.2.2	getconfigvalue	137
7.2.3	getsession.....	137
7.2.4	getrequest.....	137
7.2.5	getrequest_esc	138
7.2.6	getuserip	138
7.2.7	getobjectlistcells	138
7.2.8	getlanguageoptions	138
7.2.9	getlanguagefile	139
7.2.10	getcodepage.....	139
7.2.11	getcalendarlang	139
7.2.12	getscaytlang.....	140
7.2.13	getescapedtext	140
7.2.14	getsearchhistory	141
7.2.15	gettaxonomy_sublevel	141
7.2.16	gettaxonomy_childs	141
7.2.17	gethierarchy_definition	142
7.2.18	gethierarchy_sublevel.....	142
7.2.19	getkeywords.....	143
7.2.20	getmetakeywords.....	143
7.2.21	getmetadescription.....	144
7.2.22	getgooglesitemap.....	144
7.2.23	getgoogleanalytics	145
7.2.24	getlistelements	145
7.2.25	getmetadata.....	146
7.2.26	getmetadata_multiobjects.....	146
7.2.27	getmetadata_container	147
7.2.28	getobjectlist	147
7.2.29	getobjectcontainer	147
7.2.30	getcontainer	148
7.2.31	getwallpaper.....	148
7.2.32	getcontainername	149
7.2.33	getlocationname	149
7.2.34	getthemes.....	150
7.2.35	getthemelocation	150
7.2.36	getcategory.....	150
7.2.37	getpublication.....	151
7.2.38	getlocation	151
7.2.39	getobject	151
7.2.40	getmediacontainername.....	152

7.2.41	getmediafileversion	152
7.2.42	getobjectid	152
7.2.43	getobjectpath	153
7.2.44	getobjectlink	153
7.2.45	getcontainerversions	154
7.2.46	getlocaltemplates	154
7.2.47	gettemplates	154
7.2.48	gettemplateversions	155
7.2.49	getfileinfo	155
7.2.50	getobjectinfo	156
7.2.51	getfilesize	156
7.2.52	getmimetype	157
7.2.53	getbase64fileextension	157
7.2.54	getfiletype	157
7.2.55	getpreviewwidth	158
7.2.56	getimagecolorkey	158
7.2.57	getimagecolors	159
7.2.58	getbrightness	159
7.2.59	getmediasize	160
7.2.60	getimageinfo	160
7.2.61	getpdfinfo	160
7.2.62	getvideoinfo	161
7.2.63	getbrowserinfo	161
7.2.64	getcontentlocation	162
7.2.65	getmedialocation	162
7.2.66	getlockedfileinfo	163
7.2.67	getfavorites	163
7.2.68	getclipboard	163
7.2.69	gethomeboxes	164
7.2.70	getuserboxes	164
7.2.71	getuseronline	165
7.2.72	getchatstate	165
7.2.73	getimagelib	165
7.2.74	getfilename	166
7.2.75	gethypertag	166
7.2.76	gethypertagname	166
7.2.77	gethtmltag	167
7.2.78	gethtmltags	167
7.2.79	getattribute	167
7.2.80	getoption	168
7.2.81	getcharset	168
7.2.82	getartid	168
7.2.83	getelementid	169
7.2.84	getfirstkey	169
7.2.85	getdirectoryfiles	169
7.2.86	getuserinformation	170
7.2.87	getworkflowitem	170
7.3	Set API Functions	170
7.3.1	setsession	170
7.3.2	settemplate	171
7.3.3	settaxonomy	171
7.3.4	setarticle	172
7.3.5	settext	172
7.3.6	setmedia	173
7.3.7	setpagelink	174
7.3.8	setcomplink	174
7.3.9	sethead	175
7.3.10	setrelation	175

7.3.11	setfilename	176
7.3.12	setuserboxes	176
7.3.13	setguiview	177
7.4	Connect API Functions	177
7.4.1	ftp_userlogin	177
7.4.2	ftp_userlogout	177
7.4.3	ftp_getfile	178
7.4.4	ftp_putfile	178
7.4.5	ftp_deletefile	179
7.4.6	ftp_filelist	179
7.4.7	createsharelink_facebook	180
7.4.8	createsharelink_twitter	180
7.4.9	createsharelink_googleplus	180
7.4.10	createsharelink_linkedin	181
7.4.11	createsharelink_pinterest	181
7.5	Security API Functions	182
7.5.1	rootpermission	182
7.5.2	globalpermission	182
7.5.3	localpermission	182
7.5.4	accessgeneral	183
7.5.5	accesspermission	183
7.5.6	setlocalpermission	184
7.5.7	checkpublicationpermission	184
7.5.8	checkadminpermission	185
7.5.9	checkrootpermission	185
7.5.10	checkglobalpermission	185
7.5.11	checklocalpermission	186
7.5.12	checklanguage	186
7.5.13	checkgroupaccess	186
7.5.14	userlogin	187
7.5.15	setportalpermissions	187
7.5.16	registerinstance	188
7.5.17	registeruser	188
7.5.18	registerassetbrowser	189
7.5.19	createchecksum	189
7.5.20	writesession	190
7.5.21	writesessiondata	190
7.5.22	createsession	190
7.5.23	killsession	191
7.5.24	checkdiskkey	191
7.5.25	checkpassword	191
7.5.26	loguserip	192
7.5.27	checkuserip	192
7.5.28	checkuserrequests	193
7.5.29	recreateusersession	193
7.5.30	checkusersession	193
7.5.31	allowuserip	194
7.5.32	valid_objectname	194
7.5.33	valid_locationname	195
7.5.34	valid_publicationname	195
7.5.35	html_encode	195
7.5.36	html_decode	196
7.5.37	scriptcode_encode	196
7.5.38	scriptcode_extract	196
7.5.39	scriptcode_clean_functions	197
7.5.40	sql_clean_functions	197
7.5.41	url_encode	198
7.5.42	url_decode	198

7.5.43	shellcmd_encode	198
7.5.44	hcms_crypt	199
7.5.45	hcms_encrypt	199
7.5.46	hcms_decrypt	200
7.5.47	createtimetoken.....	200
7.5.48	checktimetoken	201
7.5.49	createtoken.....	201
7.5.50	checktoken.....	201
7.5.51	createuniquetoken	202
7.5.52	createpassword.....	202
7.5.53	rand_secure	202
7.6	Media API Functions	203
7.6.1	ocr_extractcontent	203
7.6.2	indexcontent	203
7.6.3	unindexcontent	204
7.6.4	reindexcontent.....	204
7.6.5	createthumbnail_indesign	205
7.6.6	createthumbnail_video.....	205
7.6.7	createimages_video.....	206
7.6.8	createmedias	207
7.6.9	splitmedia	208
7.6.10	convertmedia	208
7.6.11	convertimage	209
7.6.12	rotateimage.....	210
7.6.13	hex2rgb	210
7.6.14	rgb2hex	211
7.6.15	readmediaplayer_config	211
7.6.16	savemediaplayer_config.....	211
7.6.17	createdocument	212
7.6.18	unzipfile.....	213
7.6.19	clonefolder	213
7.6.20	zipfiles_helper	214
7.6.21	zipfiles	214
7.6.22	px2mm	215
7.6.23	px2inch.....	215
7.6.24	inch2px.....	216
7.6.25	sec2time	216
7.6.26	mediasize2frame.....	216
7.6.27	vtt2array	217
7.6.28	html2pdf.....	217
7.6.29	mergepdf	218
7.7	Metadata API Functions.....	218
7.7.1	importmetadata	218
7.7.2	loadtaxonomy.....	219
7.7.3	savetaxonomy	219
7.7.4	createtaxonomy	220
7.7.5	splitkeywords	220
7.7.6	copymetadata.....	220
7.7.7	extractmetadata	221
7.7.8	xmlobject2array.....	221
7.7.9	id3_getdata.....	222
7.7.10	id3_writefile	222
7.7.11	id3_create.....	222
7.7.12	xmp_getdata	223
7.7.13	xmp_writefile	223
7.7.14	xmp_create.....	224
7.7.15	geo2decimal.....	224
7.7.16	exif_getdata	224

7.7.17	iptc_getdata	225
7.7.18	iptc_getcharset	225
7.7.19	iptc_maketag	226
7.7.20	iptc_writefile	226
7.7.21	iptc_create	227
7.7.22	createmapping	227
7.7.23	getmapping	227
7.7.24	metadata_exists	228
7.7.25	setmetadata	228
7.8	Link API Functions	229
7.8.1	link_db_restore	229
7.8.2	link_db_load	229
7.8.3	link_db_read	230
7.8.4	link_db_close	230
7.8.5	link_db_save	231
7.8.6	link_db_update	231
7.8.7	link_db_insert	232
7.8.8	link_db_delete	232
7.8.9	link_db_getobject	232
7.8.10	link_update	233
7.8.11	getlinkedobject	233
7.8.12	getconnectedobject	234
7.8.13	extractlinks	234
7.9	Plugin API Functions	235
7.9.1	plugin_getdefaultconf	235
7.9.2	plugin_readmenu	235
7.9.3	plugin_parse	235
7.9.4	plugin_generatedefinition	236
7.9.5	plugin_saveconfig	236
7.9.6	plugin_generatelink	237
7.10	User Interface API Functions	237
7.10.1	windowwidth	237
7.10.2	windowheight	238
7.10.3	toggleview	238
7.10.4	toggleidebar	238
7.10.5	setfilter	239
7.10.6	objectfilter	239
7.10.7	invertcolorCSS	240
7.10.8	showdate	240
7.10.9	showshorttext	241
7.10.10	showtopbar	241
7.10.11	showtopmenubar	241
7.10.12	showhomeboxes	242
7.10.13	showmessage	242
7.10.14	showinfopage	243
7.10.15	showinfobox	243
7.10.16	showsharelinks	244
7.10.17	showmetadata	244
7.10.18	showobject	245
7.10.19	showmedia	245
7.10.20	showcompexplorer	246
7.10.21	showeditor	247
7.10.22	showinlineeditor_head	248
7.10.23	showinlinedatepicker_head	248
7.10.24	showinlineeditor	249
7.10.25	showvideoplayer	249
7.10.26	showvideoplayer_head	250
7.10.27	showaudioplayer	250

7.10.28	showaudioplayer_head	251
7.10.29	debug_getbacktracestring	251
7.10.30	showAPIdocs	252
7.10.31	readnavigation.....	253
7.10.32	createnavigation	253
7.10.33	shownavigation.....	254
7.10.34	showselect	255
7.10.35	showtranslator.....	255
7.10.36	showmapping	256
7.10.37	showgallery	256
7.10.38	showthumbnail	257
7.10.39	showtaxonomytree.....	257
7.10.40	showworkflowstatus	258
7.11	Template Engine API Functions	259
7.11.1	transformlink	259
7.11.2	followlink	259
7.11.3	errorhandler	259
7.11.4	viewinclusions.....	260
7.11.5	buildview	260
7.11.6	unescapeview	261
7.11.7	buildsearchform	262
7.11.8	buildbarchart	262
7.12	XML API Functions.....	263
7.12.1	valid_tagname	263
7.12.2	setxmlparameter.....	263
7.12.3	getcontent	264
7.12.4	geticontent.....	264
7.12.5	getxmlcontent	264
7.12.6	getxmlicontent.....	265
7.12.7	selectcontent	265
7.12.8	selecticontent	266
7.12.9	selectxmlcontent.....	266
7.12.10	selectxmlicontent	267
7.12.11	deletecontent	267
7.12.12	deleteicontent.....	268
7.12.13	setcontent	268
7.12.14	seticontent	269
7.12.15	setcontent_fast.....	269
7.12.16	updatecontent	270
7.12.17	insertcontent	270
7.12.18	inserticontent	271
7.12.19	addcontent	271
7.12.20	addicontent	272
7.13	Report API Functions	273
7.13.1	createreport	273
7.13.2	editreport.....	273
7.13.3	loadreport	274
7.13.4	deletereport	274
7.13.5	analyzeSQLselect	275
7.13.6	showpiechart	275
7.13.7	showcolumnchart	276
7.13.8	showareachart.....	277
7.13.9	showtimelinechart.....	277
7.13.10	showgeolocationchart	278
7.14	Project API Functions.....	279
7.14.1	createproject	279
7.14.2	editproject	279
7.14.3	deleteproject	280

7.14.4	getprojectstructure.....	280
7.14.5	showprojectrecord.....	281
7.14.6	showganttchart.....	281
7.15	Task API Functions	282
7.15.1	createtask	282
7.15.2	edittask	283
7.15.3	deletetask	283
7.15.4	tasknotification	284
7.16	Workflow API Functions.....	284
7.16.1	deleteworkflow	284
7.16.2	buildworkflow	285
7.16.3	workflowaccept.....	285
7.16.4	acceptobject.....	286
7.16.5	workflowreject	286
7.16.6	rejectobject	287
7.17	Cloud Storage API Functions.....	288
7.17.1	loadcloudobject.....	288
7.17.2	savecloudobject	288
7.17.3	copycloudobject	289
7.17.4	renamecloudobject.....	289
7.17.5	deletecloudobject	290
7.17.6	synccloudobjects.....	290
7.17.7	GCanalyzevideo	290
7.17.8	GCanalyzeimage	291
7.17.9	GCspeech2text	291
7.18	Import/Export API Functions.....	292
7.18.1	exportobjects	292
7.18.2	importobjects	292
7.18.3	importmediafiles	293
7.18.4	importxmlfiles.....	293
7.18.5	calculatedate	294
7.18.6	exportxmlfiles	294
8	Rechtliche Hinweise / Impressum.....	296
8.1	Fragen und Anregungen.....	296
8.2	Impressum.....	296
8.3	Rechtliche Hinweise	296

1 Einleitung

Die folgenden Kapitel behandeln die Funktionsbibliotheken des hyper Content & Digital Asset Management Servers und stellen somit die Dokumentation des API (Application Programming Interface) dar.

Alle Bibliotheken befinden sich innerhalb der hyperCMS Installation im Ordner "function" und können in die jeweiligen Scripts bzw. Templates eingebunden und genutzt werden. Damit lassen sich z.B. auch dynamische Seiten (Applikationen) unter Einsatz des XML-Content-Repository programmieren.

Sollten Sie Ihre Applikation auf einen physisch getrennten Server betreiben, so ist es wichtig, dass die Funktionsbibliotheken auch auf dem Publikationsserver zur Verfügung stehen. In diesem Fall ist es wichtig, dass die entsprechenden Dateien auch am Publikationsserver zur Verfügung stehen.

2 hyperCMS XML-Content-Repository

Das XML-Content-Repository beinhaltet alle XML-Content-Container und stellt somit alle Inhalte native XML zur Verfügung. Die Struktur (Schema) innerhalb eines XML-Content-Containers wird auf Basis des verwendeten Templates dynamisch erzeugt und besitzt folgendes Aussehen:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<container>
  <hyperCMS>
    <contentcontainer>0000023.xml</contentcontainer>
    <contentxmlschema>object/page</contentxmlschema>
    <contentorigin>%page%/Publication/testpage.php</contentorigin>
    <contentobjects>%page%/Publication/testpage.php| %page%/ Publication/linkedcopy_of_testpage.php
  |</contentobjects>
    <contentuser>demouser</contentuser>
    <contentcreated>2002-12-01 10:02:40</contentcreated>
    <contentdate>2004-11-26 14:32:33</contentdate>
    <contentpublished>2004-11-26 14:39:41</contentpublished>
    <contentstatus>active</contentstatus>
  </hyperCMS>
  <head>
    <pagetitle>test</pagetitle>
    <pageauthor>Mr. Content</pageauthor>
    <pagedescription>just a small demonstration</pagedescription>
    <pagekeywords>demo of XML</pagekeywords>
    <pagecontenttype>text/html; charset=UTF-8</pagecontenttype>
    <pagelanguage>de</pagelanguage>
    <pagerevisit></pagerevisit>
  </head>
  <textcollection>
    <text>
      <text_id>headline</text_id>
      <textuser>demouser</textuser>
      <textcontent>fgfdgfdg</textcontent>
    </text>
    <text>
      <text_id>summary</text_id>
      <textuser>demouser</textuser>
      <textcontent><![CDATA[This is a
      <STRONG><EM>summary</EM></STRONG>]]></textcontent>
    </text>
  </textcollection>
  <mediacollection>
    <media>
      <media_id>logo</media_id>
      <mediauser>otheruser</mediauser>
      <mediafile>Publication/demo_hcms0000033.jpg</mediafile>
      <mediaobject>%page%/Publication/Multimedia/demo.jpg</mediaobject>
      <mediaalttext>demoimage</mediaalttext>
```

```

        <mediaalign></mediaalign>
        <mediawidth>200</mediawidth>
        <mediaheight>100</mediaheight>
    </media>
</mediacollection>
<linkcollection>
    <link>
        <link_id>verweis</link_id>
        <linkuser>demouser</linkuser>
        <linkhref>http://localhost/index.php</linkhref>
        <linktarget>_blank</linktarget>
        <linktext>click me</linktext>
    </link>
</linkcollection>
<componentcollection>
    <component>
        <component_id>teasers</component_id>
        <componentuser>otheruser</componentuser>
        <componentcond>$customer == "private"</componentcond>
        <componentfiles>%comp%/Publication/teaser_1.php| %comp%/Publication/teaser_2.php| </componentfiles>
    </component>
    <component>
        <component_id>banner</component_id>
        <componentuser>demouser</componentuser>
        <componentcond></componentcond>
        <componentfiles>%comp%/banner.php</componentfiles>
    </component>
</componentcollection>
<articlecollection>
    <article>
        <article_id>news</article_id>
        <articletitle>Top News</articletitle>
        <articledatefrom>2002-10-01</articledatefrom>
        <articledateto>2002-11-01</articledateto>
        <articlestatus>active</articlestatus>
        <articleuser>demouser</articleuser>
        <articletextcollection>
            <text>
                <text_id>news:headline</text_id>
                <textuser>demouser</textuser>
                <textcontent>News from Scene</textcontent>
            </text>
        </articletextcollection>
        <articlemediacollection>
        </articlemediacollection>
        <articlelinkcollection>
        </articlelinkcollection>
        <articlecomponentcollection>
        </articlecomponentcollection>
    </article>
    <article>
        <article_id>special</article_id>
        <articletitle>Special Info</articletitle>
        <articledatefrom>2002-01-01</articledatefrom>
        <articledateto>2002-01-01</articledateto>
        <articlestatus>inactive</articlestatus>
        <articleuser>otheruser</articleuser>
        <articletextcollection>
            <text>
                <text_id>special:informations</text_id>
                <textuser>otheruser</textuser>
                <textcontent><![CDATA[<STRONG><FONT color=#cc0033>What is really going on behind the
Scene</FONT></STRONG>... find it out]]></textcontent>
            </text>
        </articletextcollection>
        <articlemediacollection>
        </articlemediacollection>
        <articlelinkcollection>
        </articlelinkcollection>
        <articlecomponentcollection>
        </articlecomponentcollection>
    </article>
</articlecollection>
</container>

```

Nach Durchsicht des Content Containers ist eine Struktur zu erkennen, die sich aus den folgenden wesentlichen Grundelementen für die Content-Ablage zusammensetzt:

- hyperCMS spezifische Informationen
- Meta-Informationen
- Text
- Medien (Bilder oder andere Multimedia-Dateien)
- Links
- Komponenten
- Artikel

Der gesamte Inhalt setzt sich aus diesem Grundbausteinen zusammen, deren Informationen wiederum innerhalb von XML-Tags abgelegt werden.

Artikel nehmen so wiederum die Elemente Text, Medien und Links in sich auf. Der gesamte Inhalt einer Seite oder Komponente lässt sich über den zugehörigen Content-Container beziehen.

2.1 hyperCMS spezifische Informationen

Die in diesem XML-Knoten erfassten Daten stellen primär für das Management des Containers relevante Informationen dar.

```
<hyperCMS>
  <contentcontainer>0000023.xml</contentcontainer>
  <contentxmlschema>object/page</contentxmlschema>
  <contentorigin>%page%/testpage.php</contentorigin>
  <contentobjects>%page%/testpage.php|%page%/linkedcopy_of_testpage.php|</contentobjects>
  <contentuser>demouser</contentuser>
  <contentdate>2002-11-26</contentdate>
  <contentpublished>2002-11-26</contentpublished>
  <contentstatus>active</contentstatus>
</hyperCMS>
```

Erklärung:

contentcontainer	Name des Content Containers (einmalig über alle Publikationen)
contentxmlschema	Schema des Objektes: Seite = page oder Komponente = comp
contentorigin	Objekt (Seite oder Komponente) die zur Generierung des Content Containers führte
contentobjects	Alle Objekte die diesen Content Container benutzen
contentuser	Objekteigentümer
contentdate	Datum der letzten Änderung des Containers
contentpublished	Datum der letzten Publizierung eines Objektes basierend auf den Content Container
contentstatus	Der Status ist "active" solange ein Objekt das auf den Container basiert existiert. Wurden alle Objekte die auf den Container basieren entfernt wird der Status "deleted" gesetzt. Der Container beinhaltet damit den letzten Informationsstand, kann jedoch nicht mehr genutzt werden.

2.2 Meta-Informationen

Die Standard Meta-Informationen einer HTML-Seite werden in diesem XML-Knoten beschrieben.

```
<head>
  <pagetitle>test</pagetitle>
  <pageauthor>Mr. Content</pageauthor>
  <pagedescription>just a small demonstration</pagedescription>
  <pagekeywords>demo of XML</pagekeywords>
  <pagecontenttype>text/html; charset=UTF-8</pagecontenttype>
  <pagelanguage>de</pagelanguage>
  <pagerevisit></pagerevisit>
</head>
```

Erklärung:

pagetitle	Seitentitel
pageauthor	Seitenautor
pagedescription	Beschreibung der Inhalte der Seite
pagekeywords	Liste der Schlüsselwörter der Seite
pagecontenttype	Content-Type (Zeichensatz) der Seite oder Komponente
pagelanguage	Sprachkürzel der Seite
pagerevisit	Wiederbesuch der Seite durch Suchmaschinen

2.3 Text

Diese XML-Knoten speichern den Text.

```
<text>
  <text_id>headline</text_id>
  <textuser>demouser</textuser>
  <textcontent>fgfdgfdg</textcontent>
</text>
```

Erklärung:

text_id	Textidentifikation
textuser	Texteigentümer (letzte Änderung des Textes durch einen Benutzer)
textcontent	Inhalt des Textes

2.4 Medien

Dieser XML-Knoten beschreibt eingebunden Medien.

```
<media>
  <media_id>logo</media_id>
  <mediauser>otheruser</mediauser>
  <mediafile>Publication/demo_hcms0000033.jpg</mediafile>
  <mediaobject>%page%/Publication/Multimedia/demo.jpg</mediaobject>
  <mediaalttext>demoimage</mediaalttext>
  <mediaalign></mediaalign>
  <mediawidth>200</mediawidth>
  <mediaheight>100</mediaheight>
</media>
```

Erklärung:

media_id	Medienidentifikation
mediauser	Medieneigentümer (letzte Änderung des Mediums durch einen Benutzer)
mediafile	eingebunden Mediendatei mit Angabe der Publikation
mediaobject	Pfadangabe zur Multimediateilkomponente
mediaalttext	Alternativtext des Mediums
mediaalign	Ausrichtung des Mediums
mediawidth	Dargestellte Breite des Mediums
mediaheight	Dargestellte Höhe des Mediums

2.5 Links

Dieser XML-Knoten beschreibt die Verlinkung zu Seiten.

```
<link>
  <link_id>verweis</link_id>
  <linkuser>demouser</linkuser>
  <linkhref>http://localhost/index.php</linkhref>
  <linktarget>_blank</linktarget>
  <linktext>click me</linktext>
</link>
```

Erklärung:

link_id	Linkidentifikation
linkuser	Linkeigentümer (letzte Änderung des Links durch einen Benutzer)
linkhref	Referenz (Link) zu einer Seite oder Datei
linktarget	Ziel der Referenzierung (Name des Frames)
linktext	Text der den Link beschreibt/darstellt

2.6 Komponenten

Dieser XML-Knoten beschreibt die Verlinkung zu Komponenten.

```
<component>
  <component_id>teasers</component_id>
  <componentuser>otheruser</componentuser>
  <componentcond>$customer == "private"</componentcond>
  <componentfiles>%comp%/teaser_1.php|%comp%/teaser_2.php|</componentfiles>
</component>
```

Erklärung:

component_id	Komponentenidentifikation
componentuser	Komponenteneigentümer (letzte Änderung der Komponentenreferenzierung durch einen Benutzer)
componentcond	Zugeordnetes Kundenprofil zu der Komponente
componentfiles	Referenz (Komponenten-Link) zu einer oder mehreren Komponenten

2.7 Artikel

Dieser XML-Knoten beschreibt die Artikelinformation.

```
<article>
  <article_id>news</article_id>
  <articletitle>Top News</articletitle>
  <articledatefrom>2002-10-01</articledatefrom>
  <articledateto>2002-11-01</articledateto>
  <articlestatus>active</articlestatus>
  <articleuser>demouser</articleuser>
  <articletextcollection>
  </articletextcollection>
</article>
```

Erklärung:

article_id	Artikelidentifikation
articletitle	Titel des Artikels
articledatefrom	Beginn der Veröffentlichung des Artikels
articledateto	Ende der Veröffentlichung des Artikels
articlestatus	Bestimmung der Veröffentlichung des Artikels: active = immer veröffentlicht inactive = nicht veröffentlicht timeswitched = zeitgesteuerte Veröffentlichung
articleuser	Artikeleigentümer (letzte Änderung des Artikels durch einen Benutzer)
articlecollection	Umfasst alle dem Artikel zugeordneten Inhalte

3 Funktionsbibliotheken

3.1 Einbindung einer Bibliothek

Das Einbinden einer Konfiguration oder Bibliothek setzt voraus, dass man den absoluten oder relativen Pfad zur Bibliothek kennt. Durch Verwendung der Funktion "require" oder "require_once" und der Angabe des Pfades inklusive der einzubinden Datei werden die enthaltenen Funktionen der Bibliothek eingebunden. Sobald die Bibliothek eingebunden ist, können deren Funktionen im Script genutzt werden.

Um die hyperCMS-Funktionen nutzen zu können, bedarf es der Einbindung der Datei "hypercms_api.inc.php". Diese Datei beinhaltet alle für die Programmierung benötigten Funktionen.

```
// absolute Angabe unter MS Windows
require_once ("C:/inetpub/wwwroot/hypercms/function/hypercms_api.inc.php");
```

```
// relative Angabe unter MS Windows oder auch UNIX-Derivaten
require_once ("function/hypercms_api.inc.php");
```

3.2 Laden der Konfiguration

3.2.1 Content Management Server

Um die Konfiguration von hyperCMS nutzen zu können muss die entsprechende Datei geladen werden. Diese beinhaltet alle wesentlichen Einstellungen des zu behandelnden Mandanten (Site).

Mit Hilfe der Identifikation einer Publikation, z.B. mit der Variable \$site kann die Konfiguration einer Publikation geladen werden. Die hyperCMS Hauptkonfigurationsdatei befindet sich im Verzeichnis „hypercms/config“ und trägt den Namen "config.inc.php". Die publikationsspezifischen Konfigurationsdateien befinden sich im Verzeichnis "data/config". Deren Dateiname setzt sich aus dem Namen der Publikation sowie der Endung ".inc.php" zusammen, Bsp: site.inc.php.

```
// Einbinden der Hauptkonfigurationsdatei (auf Pfadangabe ist zu achten):
require_once ("C:/inetpub/wwwroot/hypercms/config.inc.php");
```

```
// Einbinden Konfiguration einer Publikation
// Achtung: Bitte verwenden Sie valid_publicationname, um den Namen zu verifizieren, bevor
// Sie die Datei einbinden
if (valid_publicationname ($site))
{
    require_once ($mgmt_config['abs_path_data']."config/".$site.".conf.php");
}
```

Die Config-Dateien können geöffnet und gelesen werden. Jeder Parameter wird darin beschrieben und steht für die Nutzung in Programmen zur Verfügung. Bitte werfen Sie daher einen Blick in die Konfiguration, um mehr über die Parameter und deren Namen zu erfahren.

Es ist auch notwendig eine Sprache zu wählen. Hierfür dient die Variabel \$lang. \$lang beinhaltet das Sprachkürzel, welche in der Konfiguration "hypercms/config/config.inc.php" eingesehen werden können.

```
// Setzen der Spracheinstellung für Nachrichten von Funktionen, Deutsch (de)
$lang = "de";
```

Da Sie die Funktionen des hyper API benutzen möchten, müssen Sie auch noch dieses einbinden.

```
// Einbinden der Funktionsbibliothek:  
require_once ($mgmt_config['abs_path_cms']. "/function/hypercms_api.inc.php");
```

Nun können Sie die Funktionen des APIO nutzen, um z.B. einen Content Container einer bestimmtes Objektes über unterschiedliche Methoden zu laden:

```
// Laden der Seite  
$pagedata = loadfile ("%page%/MyPublication/home/", "index.php");  
  
// Content Container Name auslesen  
$contentcontainer = filepointer ($pagedata, "content");  
  
// Laden des veröffentlichten Content Container aus dem Content Repository  
$containerdata = loadcontainer ($contentcontainer, "published", $user);  
  
// Oder noch einfacher direkt über den Objektpfad  
$containerdata = getobjectcontainer ("MyPublication", "%page%/MyPublication/home/",  
"index.php", $user);
```

Funktionen laden die Konfiguration einer Publikation, sollte diese nicht verfügbar sein. Da viele Funktionen die Einstellungen einer Publikation benötigen, ist es ratsam die Konfiguration immer einzubinden.

3.2.2 Publication Server

Beachten Sie, dass die Konfiguration des Publication Servers (Publikationsziel) davon getrennt in einer INI-Datei abgelegt ist. Benötigen Sie die Publikationsziel-Einstellungen, so müssen Sie die INI-Datei laden und parsen. Danach stehen Ihnen die Variablen in einem Array zur Verfügung.

Die INI-Datei des Publikationszieles befindet sich im externen Repository im Verzeichnis "repository/config". Der Name der Datei entspricht dem Namen der Publikation mit der Dateierweiterung ".ini".

```
// laden und parsen der INI-Datei mit hilfe von PHP  
$publ_config = parse_ini_file ("C:/inetpub/wwwroot/repository/config/Mandant_1.ini");  
  
// Zugreifen auf die Variablen des Publikationszieles  
echo "Das ist der Document Root der Seiten der Publikation: ".$publ_config[abs_publ_page];
```

3.3 Globale Variablen

Viele Funktionen nutzen globale Variablen die in der Konfiguration gespeichert sind und den Funktionen zur Verfügung stehen. Sie sollten daher bei der Wahl der Variablennamen in Ihren eigenen Scripts acht geben, dass Sie nicht die von hyperCMS genutzen globalen Variablen verwenden.

Die folgende Liste zeigt alle globalen Variablen von hyperCMS, die nicht in eigenen Scripts manipuliert/verändert werden dürfen:

```
$mgmt_config  
$lang  
$lang_name  
$lang_shortcut  
$lang_codepage  
$lang_shortcut_default
```

Viele globale Variablen von hyperCMS sind für die Verwendung in hyperCMS-Scripts und PHP-Scripts nützlich, diese stehen nur dann zur Verfügung, wenn die entsprechende Konfiguration zuvor geladen wurde, oder eine hyperCMS-Script (wird nur während des Publikationsprozesses ausgeführt) in Verwendung ist. Da dies bei der Voransicht als auch beim Publizieren von Seiten und Komponenten passiert, können diese Variablen in hyperCMS-Scripts genutzt werden. Bei dynamischen Applikationen, die bei jedem Aufruf der Seite oder Komponente durch einen Besucher ausgeführt werden, muss die Konfiguration direkt im Template eingebunden werden, sofern Variablen von hyperCMS benötigt werden.

Content Management Server:

\$lang	Sprachkürzel lt. config.inc.php
\$mgmt_config['url_path_cms']	URL des hyperCMS Root Verzeichnis lt. config.inc.php
mgmt_config['abs_path_cms']	absoluter Pfad zum hyperCMS Root Verzeichnis lt. config.inc.php
\$mgmt_config['url_path_page']	URL des Doc Roots der Publikation im Managementsystem
\$mgmt_config['abs_path_page']	absoluter Pfad zum Doc Roots der Publikation im Managementsystem
\$mgmt_config['url_path_comp']	URL des Komponenten Root der Publikation im Managementsystem
mgmt_config['abs_path_comp']	absoluter Pfad zum Komponenten Roots der Publikation im Managementsystem

Publication Server:

hyperCMS-Scripts können die Variablen ohne weiteres zutun nutzen. Die Werte werden im Array \$publ_config gespeichert, sind aber auch optional auch ohne Array nutzbar. Wird das Script/Anwendung bei jedem publikationsseitigen Aufruf ausgeführt, so ist die Konfigurationsdatei gesondert zu laden.

\$publ_config['url_publ_page']	URL des Doc Roots der Publikation im Publikationssystem
\$publ_config['abs_publ_page']	absoluter Pfad zum Doc Roots der Publikation im Publikationssystem
\$publ_config['url_publ_comp']	URL des Komponenten Roots der Publikation im Publikationssystem
\$publ_config['abs_publ_comp']	absoluter Pfad zum Komponenten Roots der Publikation im Publikationssystem

Optional (veraltet):

\$url_publ_page	URL des Doc Roots der Publikation im Publikationssystem
\$abs_publ_page	absoluter Pfad zum Doc Roots der Publikation im Publikationssystem
\$url_publ_comp	URL des Komponenten Roots der Publikation im Publikationssystem
\$abs_publ_comp	absoluter Pfad zum Komponenten Roots der Publikation im Publikationssystem

3.4 Vorlagenvariablen

Es gibt auch die Möglichkeit mit hyperCMS-eigenen Vorlagenvariablen zu arbeiten. Diese Variablen stellen eine Besonderheit dar, da sie nicht mit hyperCMS-Script in Verbindung stehen müssen. Sie sind vielmehr Platzhalter für den Wert einer Variable und können in Vorlagen beliebig eingesetzt werden.

Diese neutrale Form der Variablen sollte primär in Templates Verwendung finden, da damit ein technologieneutraler Einsatz stattfinden kann.

Achten Sie bitte auf die Kleinschreibung aller Variablen!

%container%	steht für den Namen des Content Containers eines Objektes.
%container_id%	steht für die ID des Content Containers eines Objektes.
%objecthash%	steht für den Hash eines Objektes
%object_id%	steht für die ID eines Objektes
%template%	steht für den Dateinamen der verwendeten Vorlage des Objektes.
%publication%	steht für die Publikation in dem sich das Objekt befindet.
%url_location%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe (URL) der Position an dem sich das aktuelle Objekt befindet.
%abs_location%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe im Dateisystem der Position an dem sich das aktuelle Objekt befindet
%object%	steht für den Namen des Objektes.
%date%	beschreibt das aktuelle Datum im Format JJJJ-MM-TT.
%view%	beschreibt den Anzeigemodus: publish ... publiziert cmsview ... Bearbeitungsansicht im EasyEdit Modus preview ... Voransicht formedit ... Bearbeitungsmodus in Formularansicht formlock ... Formularansicht mit gesperrter Bearbeitung formmeta ... Metadaten in Formularansicht template ... Template-Voransicht

Für die Einbindung von Mediendateien wird eine Pfadvariable benutzt. Diese Pfadvariable wird beim Publizieren der Seite oder Komponente z.B. durch die URL (Adresse) der Konfiguration des Publikationszieles ersetzt:

%tplmedia%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe (URL) des Vorlagen Medien Repository.
%url_media%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe (URL) des Content Medien Repository (Alternativ kann auch %media% verwendet werden)
%abs_media%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe im Dateisystem des Content Medien Repository.

Auch die publikationsseitigen Wurzelverzeichnisse der Seiten und Komponenten lassen sich abrufen:

%url_page%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe (URL) des Seiten-Wurzelverzeichnisses.
%abs_page%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe im Dateisystem des Seiten-Wurzelverzeichnisses.
%url_comp%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe (URL) des Komponenten-Wurzelverzeichnisses.
%abs_comp%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe im Dateisystem des Komponenten-Wurzelverzeichnisses.
%url_rep%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe (URL) des externen Repository-Wurzelverzeichnisses.
%abs_rep%	steht für die absolute Pfadangabe im Dateisystem des externen Repository-Wurzelverzeichnisses.

%url_hypercms% steht für die absolute Pfadangabe (URL) des hyperCMS-Wurzelverzeichnisses.
%abs_hypercms% steht für die absolute Pfadangabe im Dateisystem des hyperCMS-Wurzelverzeichnisses.

Achten Sie darauf „/“ am Ende der Pfadvariable zu ergänzen, wenn die Variable durch einen weiterführenden Pfad ergänzt werden soll.

Definition des Datumsformats bei Verwendung des format-Attributes im textd-Tag:

%a 'am' oder 'pm'
%A 'AM' oder 'PM'
%d Tag des Monats, 2 Stellen mit führender Null (01 bis 31)
%D Wochentag als Text in Kurzform, z.B. "Fre"
%F Monat als Text in Langform, z.B. "Januar"
%h Stunde, 12-Stunden Format (01 bis 12)
%H Stunde, 24-Stunden Format (00 bis 23)
%g Stunde, 12-Stunden Format ohne führender Null (1 bis 12)
%G Stunde, 24-Stunden Format ohne führender Null (0 bis 23)
%i Minuten (00 bis 59)
%j Tag des Monats ohne führender Null (1 bis 31)
%l Wochentag als Text in Langform, z.B. "Freitag"
%L 1 falls Schaltjahr, sonst - 0
%m Monat (01 bis 12)
%n Monat ohne führender Null (1 bis 12)
%M Monat als Text in Kurzform, z.B. "Jan"
%s Sekunden (00 bis 59)
%t Anzahl der Tage im Monat (28 bis 31)
%w Wochentag numerisch (0, Sonntag bis 6, Samstag)
%Y Jahr, 4-stellig, z.B. "2007"
%y Jahr, 2-stellig, z.B. "07"
%z Tag des Jahres (1 bis 366)

In Zusammenhang mit der Nutzung des hyperCMS APIs ist es oft ratsam, bei Pfadangaben die Platzhalter %page% und %comp% zu nutzen. Diese Pfadvariablen lassen sich nur managementseitig nutzen, sie stehen für die Pfade zu den Wurzelverzeichnissen von Seiten und Komponenten.

Zu beachten ist, dass die Variable immer gepaart mit dem Publikationsnamen das Wurzelverzeichnis bildet, z.B:

%page%/ %publication%/ Wurzelverzeichnis der Seiten der aktuellen Publikation

%page%/Publikationsname/ steht für die absolute Pfadangabe des Seiten-Wurzelverzeichnisses.

%comp%/Publikationsname/ steht für die absolute Pfadangabe des Komponenten - Wurzelverzeichnisses.

3.5 Bibliothek Object Operation

Diese Bibliothek beinhaltet alle Funktionen für die Manipulation von Objekten (Seiten, Komponenten oder Dateien). Bitte benutzen Sie ausschließlich diese Funktionen für den Zugriff auf Objekte, die das System verwaltet.

3.5.1 createfolder

Syntax:

createfolder (\$site, \$location, \$foldernew, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Erzeugt einen neuen Ordner.

Bsp:

```
$result = createfolder ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "company", "brown");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des neuen Ordners)
\$foldernew	Name des neuen Ordners
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
-------	---

\$result[result]	True/False (Konnte der neue Ordner angelegt werden)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[folder]	Name des Ordners

3.5.2 deletefolder

Syntax:

deletefolder (\$site, \$location, \$folder, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Entfernt einen bestehenden Ordner. Der Ordner wird nur dann entfernt, wenn er keine Objekte mehr beinhaltet. Alle Objekte müssen daher zuvor mit deleteobject entfernt werden.

Bsp:

```
$result = deletefolder ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "company", "brown");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des neuen Ordners)
\$folder	Name des zu entfernenden Ordners
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
-------	---

\$result[result]	True/False (Konnte der Ordner entfernt werden)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[folder]	Name des bestehenden Ordners bei Misserfolg, ansonst leer

3.5.3 renamefolder

Syntax:

renamefolder (\$site, \$location, \$folder, \$foldernew, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Benennt einen bestehenden Ordner um.

Bsp:

```
$result = renamefolder ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "company", "news",  
"brown");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Ordners)
\$folder	Alter Name des Ordners
\$foldernew	Neuer Name des Ordners
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result[result]	True/False (Konnte der Ordner umbenannt werden)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[folder]	Name des Ordners

3.5.4 createobject

Syntax:

createobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$template, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Erzeugt eine neue Seite oder Komponente auf Basis einer Vorlage. Bitte beachten Sie das die Position (\$location) auch die Kategorie des Objektes (Seite/Komponente) bestimmt. Dies bedingt weiters, dass es sich beim Wert des Parameters \$template um eine gültige Seiten- bzw. Komponentenvorlage handeln muss.

Bsp:

```
$result = createobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index", "page_main", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Name des neuen Objektes (Seite oder Komponente)
\$template	Name der zu verwendenden Seiten- oder Komponentenvorlage (Name der Vorlage oder Dateiname)
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
-------	---

\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei

3.5.5 deleteobject

Syntax:

deleteobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Entfernt eine bestehende Seite, Datei oder Komponente.

Bsp:

```
$result = deleteobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "sales.doc", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
-------	---

\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[publication]	Name der Publikation bzw. Mandant in dem das Objekt existiert
\$result[location]	absoluter Pfad im Filesystem (Position des Objektes)
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei

3.5.6 renameobject

Syntax:

renameobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$objectnew, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Umbenennen eine bestehender Seite, Datei oder Komponente.

Bsp:

```
$result = renameobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "sales.doc",  
"best.doc", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Alter Name des Objektes
\$objectnew	Neuer Name des Objektes (ohne Dateieindung)
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[publication]	Name der Publikation bzw. Mandant in dem das Objekt existiert
\$result[location]	absoluter Pfad im Filesystem (Position des Objektes)
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei

3.5.7 cutobject

Syntax:

cutobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Ausschneiden eine bestehender Seite, Datei oder Komponente.

Bsp:

```
$result = cutobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index.php", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Alter Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei
\$result[clipboard]	temporärer Eintrag im Clipboard (kann als globale Variable \$clipboard der Funktion pasteobject übergeben werden, diese muss somit keinen Lesezugriff auf die temporäre Datei ausführen)

3.5.8 copyobject

Syntax:

copyobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Kopieren eine bestehender Seite, Datei oder Komponente.

Bsp:

```
$result = copyobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index.php", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Alter Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei
\$result[clipboard]	temporärer Eintrag im Clipboard (kann als globale Variable \$clipboard der Funktion pasteobject übergeben werden, diese muss somit keinen Lesezugriff auf die temporäre Datei ausführen)

3.5.9 copyconnectedobject

Syntax:

copyconnectedobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Kopieren eine bestehender Seite, Datei oder Komponente auf Basis des gleichen Content Containers.

Bsp:

```
$result = copyconnectedobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index.php", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Alter Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
-------	---

\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei
\$result[clipboard]	temporärer Eintrag im Clipboard (kann als globale Variable \$clipboard der Funktion pasteobject übergeben werden, diese muss somit keinen Lesezugriff auf die temporäre Datei ausführen)

3.5.10 pasteobject

Syntax:

pasteobject (\$site, \$location, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Einfügen einer bestehender Seite, Datei oder Komponente.

Bsp:

```
$result = pasteobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$user	Benutzername
\$clipboard	globale Variable mit dem temporären Eintrag im Clipboard (Damit ist ein Lesezugriff auf die temporäre Datei nicht notwendig.)

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
-------	---

\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[publication]	Name der Publikation bzw. Mandant in dem das Objekt existiert
\$result[location]	absoluter Pfad im Filesystem (Position des Objektes)
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei

3.5.11 lockobject

Syntax:

lockobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Sperren einer oder mehrerer bestehender Seiten oder Komponenten die auf den gleichen Content Container beruhen für die exklusive Nutzung eines Benutzers.

Bsp:

```
$result = lockobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index.php", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei

3.5.12 unlockobject

Syntax:

unlockobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Entsperren einer oder mehrerer bestehender Seiten oder Komponenten die auf den gleichen Content Container beruhen für die gemeinsame Nutzung durch alle Benutzer.

Bsp:

```
$result = unlockobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index.php", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
-------	---

\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung
\$result[object]	Dateiname der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objectname]	Name der Seite, Datei oder Komponente
\$result[objecttype]	Filetype bzw. File Extension der Datei

3.5.13 publishobject

Syntax:

publishobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Publizieren einer Seite oder Komponente. Alle gebundenen Kopien des Objektes bzw. dessen Content Containers werden ebenfalls publiziert. Gestattet die Berechtigung eines im Einsatz befindlichen Workflows die Publizierung nicht, so wird das Objekt auch nicht publiziert.

Bsp:

```
$result = publishobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index.php", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung

3.5.14 unpublishobject

Syntax:

unpublishobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Entpublizieren einer Seite oder Komponente. Link und Task Management werden automatisch ausgeführt. Alle gebundenen Kopien des Objektes bzw. dessen Content Containers werden ebenfalls entpubliziert.

Bsp:

```
$result = unpublishobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index.php",  
"Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

globale Input-Parameter:

Die folgenden globalen Input Parameter sind ebenfalls der Funktion zu übergeben:

\$lang	Spracheinstellung bzw. Sprachkürzel, z.B. "en", "de"
--------	--

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result[result]	True/False (Erfolg der Aktion)
\$result[add_onload]	JavaScript Code für das onLoad Event
\$result[message]	Nachricht über den Erfolg der Aktion bzw. Fehlermeldung

3.5.15 getlinkedobject

Syntax:

getlinkedobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$cat)

Beschreibung:

Diese Funktion extrahiert alle Objekte, die auf das gegebene Objekt zeigen. Dies können Seiten-Links oder auch Komponenten-Links sein. Ist das übergebene Objekt eine Seite, so werden alle Objekte ermittelt die einen Seiten-Link auf das Objekt besitzen. Ist das übergebene Objekt eine Komponente, so werden alle Objekte gefunden die einen Komponenten-Link zu dem Objekt besitzen.

Bsp:

```
$result = getlinkedobject ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/", "index.php",  
"page");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	absoluter Pfad (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Name des Objektes
\$cat	optional: Objekt Kategorie [page, comp]

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result	False (Aktion fehlgeschlagen)
\$result[publication]	Name der Publikation bzw. Mandant in dem das Objekt existiert
\$result[location]	absoluter Pfad im Filesystem (Position des Objektes)
\$result[object]	Name des Objektes
\$result[category]	Kategorie des Objektes [page, comp]

3.5.16 getconnectedobject

Syntax:

getconnectedobject (\$site, \$container)

Beschreibung:

Diese Funktion ermittelt alle Objekte, die auf dem gleichen Content Container basieren. Der Name des Content Containers eines Objektes kann mittels der Funktion "getfilename" ermittelt werden.

Bsp:

```
$result = getconnectedobject ("%publication%", "0000127.xml");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$container	Name des Content Containers

Output:

Array	Array \$result das folgende Informationen beinhaltet:
\$result	False (Aktion fehlgeschlagen)
\$result[publication]	Name der Publikation bzw. Mandant in dem das Objekt existiert
\$result[location]	absoluter Pfad im Filesystem (Position des Objektes)
\$result[object]	Name des Objektes
\$result[category]	Kategorie des Objektes [page, comp]

3.5.17 getobjectcontainer

Syntax:

getobjectcontainer (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Diese Funktion lädt den Content Container (XML-String) eines bestimmten Objektes. Das Objekt kann eine Seite, Datei, Komponente oder ein Ordner sein.

Die gewünschten Daten können mittels der Funktionen „getcontent“ oder „selectcontent“ aus dem XML-String ermittelt werden.

Bsp:

```
$xmldata = getobjectcontainer ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/Home/",  
"index.php", "demouser");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$location	Pfad im Filesystem (Position des Objektes)
\$object	Name des Objektes
\$user	Benutzername

Output:

XML-String	Rückgabe des geladenen Content Containers
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.6 Bearbeiten von Inhalten

Die programmatische Bearbeitung der Inhalte eines Objektes wird anhand des folgenden Beispiels gezeigt. Zu beachten ist die Funktion settext, die dazu verwendet wird Texte eines Objektes zu manipulieren, für nähere Details siehe die Set API Funktionsbibliothek.

```
// load object file information  
$objectinfo = getobjectinfo ("%publication%", "%page%/%publication%/Home/",  
"index.php", "demouser", $container_version="");  
  
// load content container (work status)  
$contentdata = loadcontainer ($objectinfo['container_id'], "work", "demouser");  
  
// set a new text  
$text = array();  
$type = array();  
$textuser = array();  
$text['Title'] = "My new title";  
$type['Title'] = "u";  
$textuser['Title'] = "demouser";  
$text['Description'] = "My new description";  
$type['Description'] = "f";  
$textuser['Description'] = "demouser";  
  
$containerdata = settext ("%publication%", $contentdata, $objectinfo['container'], $text,  
$type, "no", $textuser, "demouser");  
  
// save working xml content container file  
if (!empty ($containerdata)) $result = savecontainer ($objectinfo['container_id'], "work",  
$containerdata, "demouser");
```


3.7 Bibliothek File Operation

Die folgenden Funktionen für File-Operationen sollten keinesfalls benutzt werden, um Objekte (Seiten, Komponenten oder Dateien) zu laden oder zu speichern.

Sie können diese Funktionen jedoch zum Laden und Speichern von XML-Content-Container verwenden, sollten Sie dies für die Entwicklung von Erweiterungen oder Anwendungen benötigen.

3.7.1 loadfile

Syntax:

loadfile (\$abs_path, \$filename)

Beschreibung:

Mit Hilfe dieser Funktion können Dateien geladen werden. Es müssen der Absolutpfad, als auch der Dateiname selbst als Parameter übergeben werden. Die Funktion wartet bis zu 3 Sekunden lang beim Laden von gesperrten Dateien. Wird der User-Parameter \$user gesetzt, so kann die Funktion auch gesperrte Dateien des gegebenen Benutzers lesen.

Bsp:

```
$data = loadfile ("%page%/%publication%/home/", "index.php");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$abs_path	absoluter Pfad zur gewünschten Datei, %page% und %comp% können in der Pfadangabe verwendet werden
\$filename	Dateiname

Output:

Dateinhalt	Funktion wurde fehlerfrei ausgeführt und liefert den Inhalt der Datei
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.7.2 savefile

Syntax:

savefile (\$abs_path, \$filename, \$filedata)

Beschreibung:

Mit savefile werden Dateien gespeichert. Hierfür müssen der Absolutpfad, der gewünschte Dateiname, als auch der Inhalt, die in die Datei geschrieben werden soll als Parameter übergeben werden. Ist die Datei gesperrt, so wird nicht gespeichert und False retourniert.

Bsp:

```
$result = savefile ("%page%/%publication%/home/", "index.php", "file content");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$abs_path	absoluter Pfad zur gewünschten Datei, %page% und %comp% können in der Pfadangabe verwendet werden
\$filename	Dateiname
\$filedata	Inhalt, der in die Datei geschrieben werden soll

Output:

True	Funktion wurde fehlerfrei ausgeführt
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.7.3 loadlockfile

Syntax:

loadlockfile (\$user, \$abs_path, \$filename)

Beschreibung:

Damit können Dateien wie mit loadfile geladen werden, es wird aber zusätzlich ein Sperr-Mechanismus ausgelöst.

Diese Funktion sollte nur dann genutzt werden, wenn Daten manipuliert und wieder gespeichert werden sollen. Damit wird sichergestellt, dass keine anderen Schreibzugriffe eines anderen Users erfolgen können. Beim Speichern muss die Funktion „savelockfile“ benutzt werden, um den Inhalt wieder freizugeben.

Es müssen der Benutzer, der absolute Pfad als auch der Dateiname selbst als Parameter übergeben werden.

Bsp:

```
$data = loadlockfile ("Miller", "%page%/%publication%/home/", "index.php");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$user	Benutzer der die Datei sperrt
\$abs_path	absoluter Pfad zur gewünschten Datei, %page% und %comp% können in der Pfadangabe verwendet werden
\$filename	Dateiname

Output:

Dateinhalt	Funktion wurde fehlerfrei ausgeführt und liefert den Inhalt der Datei
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.7.4 savelockfile

Syntax:

savelockfile (\$user, \$abs_path, \$filename, \$filedata)

Beschreibung:

Mit savelockfile werden Dateien gespeichert und entsperrt, die vorher mit loadlockfile geöffnet wurden. Hierfür müssen der Benutzer, der Absolutpfad, der gewünschte Dateiname, als auch der Inhalt, die in die Datei geschrieben werden soll als Parameter übergeben werden.

Bsp:

```
savelockfile ("Miller", "%page%/%publication%/home/", "index.php", "file content");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$user	Benutzer der die Datei sperrt
\$abs_path	absoluter Pfad zur gewünschten Datei, %page% und %comp% können in der Pfadangabe verwendet werden
\$filename	Dateiname
\$filedata	Inhalt, der in die Datei geschrieben werden soll

Output:

True	Funktion wurde fehlerfrei ausgeführt
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.7.5 lockfile

Syntax:

lockfile (\$user, \$abs_path, \$filename)

Beschreibung:

Mit lockfile werden Dateien von einem bestimmten Benutzer gesperrt und stehen für dessen exklusive Nutzung zur Verfügung. Hierfür müssen der Benutzer, der Absolutpfad, der gewünschte Dateiname als Parameter übergeben werden.

Bsp:

```
lockfile ("Miller", "%page%/myPublication/home/", "index.php");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$user	Benutzer der die Datei sperrt
\$abs_path	absoluter Pfad zur gewünschten Datei, %page% und %comp% können in der Pfadangabe verwendet werden
\$filename	Dateiname

Output:

True	Funktion wurde fehlerfrei ausgeführt
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.7.6 unlockfile

Syntax:

unlockfile (\$user, \$abs_path, \$filename)

Beschreibung:

Mit unlockfile werden Dateien entsperrt, die vorher mit lockfile gesperrt oder mit loadlockfile geöffnet wurden. Hierfür müssen der Benutzer, der Absolutpfad, der gewünschte Dateiname als Parameter übergeben werden.

Bsp:

```
unlockfile ("Miller", "%page%/myPublication/home/", "index.php");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$user	Benutzer der die Datei sperrt
\$abs_path	absoluter Pfad zur gewünschten Datei, %page% und %comp% können in der Pfadangabe verwendet werden
\$filename	Dateiname

Output:

True	Funktion wurde fehlerfrei ausgeführt
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.7.7 deletefile

Syntax:

deletefile (\$location, \$file, \$recursive)

Beschreibung:

Mit deletefile können Dateien und (leere) Ordner gelöscht werden. Es wird der Pfad der gewünschten Datei übergeben, der Dateiname, und ein Parameter "Rekursiv", der entweder (0) oder (1) beträgt. Wenn recursive 1 gesetzt wurde, wird der gesamte Inhalt des Ordners behandelt, also auch Unterverzeichnisse und deren Dateien, bei 0 werden nur die Dateien des angesprochenen Ordners (falls leer) entfernt.

Bsp:

```
deletefile ("%page%/%publication%/home/", "index.php", 0);
```

Input-Parameter:

\$abs_path	absoluter Pfad zur gewünschten Datei, %page% und %comp% können in der Pfadangabe verwendet werden
\$file	Dateiname
\$recursive	0 oder 1, je nachdem ob sich der Vorgang auch auf Unterverzeichnisse auswirken soll

Output:

True	Funktion wurde fehlerfrei ausgeführt
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.7.8 appendfile

Syntax:

append (\$abs_path, \$filename, \$filedata)

Beschreibung:

Mit appendfile können Inhalte an Dateien angefügt werden. Die Funktion arbeitet wie savefile, der Unterschied besteht allerdings darin, dass bereits vorhandene Daten nicht überschrieben, sondern ergänzt werden. Hierfür müssen der Absolutpfad, der gewünschte Dateiname, als auch der Inhalt, die in die Datei geschrieben werden soll als Parameter übergeben werden.

Bsp:

```
appendfile ("%page%/%publication%/home/", "index.php", "© 2003 ...");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$abs_path	absoluter Pfad zur gewünschten Datei, %page% und %comp% können in der Pfadangabe verwendet werden
\$filename	Dateiname
\$filedata	Inhalt, der an die Datei angefügt werden soll

Output:

True	Funktion wurde fehlerfrei ausgeführt
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8 XML Bibliothek

Die folgenden Funktionen bieten Ihnen die Möglichkeit Inhalte aus XML-Content-Container zu lesen und zu schreiben. Sie können optional auch mit anderen Technologien, die mit XML umgehen können, die Inhalte der Container abfragen. Die Bibliothek Edit Content bietet Ihnen jedoch eine sehr einfache als auch performante Methode hierfür.

3.8.1 setxmlparameter

Syntax:

setxmlparameter (\$xmldata, \$parameter, \$value)

Beschreibung:

Setzt den Wert eines bestimmten Parameters innerhalb der XML-Deklaration (1.Zeile).

Bsp:

```
$xmldata = setxmlparameter ($xmldata, "encoding", "UTF-8");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und manipuliert werden soll
\$parameter	Name des Parameter dessen Wert geändert werden soll
\$value	Wert des Paramaters

Output:

XML-String	Rückgabe des manipulierten XML-Strings
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.2 getcontent

Syntax:

getcontent (\$xmldata, \$tag)

Beschreibung:

Holt den XML-Content aus dem Content Container, der sich innerhalb der Tags \$tag befindet. Ein Array mit allen gefundenen Inhalten bzw. Childs wird zurückgegeben und kann in einer Array-Variable gespeichert und weiterverwendet werden.

Bsp:

```
// hole alle text-childs aus Content Container  
$text_array = getcontent ($xmldata, "<text>");
```

```
// ausgeben aller Text-Childs  
foreach ($text_array as $text) echo $text;
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und durchsucht werden soll
\$tag	XML-Tag der die Information bzw. Childs umschliesst

Output:

Array	Array mit allen gefunden Inhalten, der erste Wert/Inhalt kann mit Array[0] angesprochen werden
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.3 getxmlcontent

Syntax:

getxmlcontent (\$xmldata, \$tag)

Beschreibung:

Holt den XML-Content aus dem Content Container, der sich innerhalb der Tags \$tag befindet und belässt im Unterschied zu getcontent die Tags im Rückgabewert (Array). Ein gesamter Node (well-formed) wird daher zurückgeliefert.

Ein Array mit allen gefundenen Inhalten bzw. Childs wird zurückgegeben und kann in einer Variable vom Typ Array gespeichert und weiterverwendet werden.

Bsp:

```
$text_array = getxmlcontent ($xmldata, "<text>");  
foreach ($text_array as $text) echo $text;
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und durchsucht werden soll
\$tag	XML-Tag der die Information bzw. Childs umschliesst

Output:

Array	Array mit allen gefunden Inhalten, der erste Wert/Inhalt kann mit Array[0] angesprochen werden
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.4 selectcontent

Syntax:

selectcontent (\$xmldata, \$parenttag, \$childtag, \$childvalue)

Beschreibung:

Holt jenen XML-Content bestimmt durch \$parenttag aus dem Content-Container, der innerhalb des Childtags \$childtag einen bestimmten Wert \$childvalue aufweist.

Ein Array mit allen gefundenen Inhalten wird zurückgegeben und kann in einer Array-Variable gespeichert und weiterverwendet werden.

Bsp:

Auszug aus dem Content Container:

```
.....  
<text>  
  <text_id>summary</text_id>  
  <textuser>editor1</textuser>  
  <textcontent>This is my summary!</textcontent>  
</text>  
.....
```

```
// hole alle Text-Childs mit der id=summary  
$text_array = selectcontent ($xmldata, "<text>", "<text_id>", "summary");
```

```
// extrahiere das Summary aus dem gefundenen Inhalt  
foreach ($text_array as $text)  
{  
  $summary = getcontent ($text, "<textcontent>");  
}
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und durchsucht werden soll
\$parenttag	XML-Tag der die Information bzw. das Child beinhaltet
\$childtag	optional: XML-Tag der die Information umschließt, die einen gewissen Wert besitzen muss
\$childvalue	optional: Wert der Bedingung, das WildCard Zeichen * kann am Anfang und/oder am Ende des Ausdrucks verwendet werden und ist Platzhalter für beliebige weitere Zeichen.

Output:

Array	Array mit allen gefundenen Inhalten, der erste Wert/Inhalt kann mit Array[0] angesprochen werden
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.5 selectxmlcontent

Syntax:

selectxmlcontent (\$xmldata, \$parenttag, \$childtag, \$childvalue)

Beschreibung:

Holt jenen XML-Content definiert durch \$parenttag aus dem Content-Container, der innerhalb eines Childtags \$childtag einen bestimmten Wert \$childvalue aufweist. Im Unterschied zu getcontent werden die Parent-Tags im Rückgabewert (Array) belassen. Ein Array mit allen gefundenen Inhalten wird zurückgegeben und kann in einer Array-Variable gespeichert und weiterverwendet werden.

Bsp:

Auszug aus dem Content Container:

```
.....
<text>
  <text_id>summary</text_id>
  <textuser>editor1</textuser>
  <textcontent>This is my summary!</textcontent>
</text>
.....
```

```
// hole alle Text-Childs mit der id=summary
$text_array = selectxmlcontent ($xmldata, "<text>", "<text_id>", "summary");
```

```
// extrahiere das Summary aus dem gefundenen Inhalt
foreach ($text_array as $text)
{
  $summary = getcontent ($text, "<textcontent>");
}
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und durchsucht werden soll
\$parenttag	XML-Tag der die Information bzw. das Child beinhaltet
\$childtag	optional: XML-Tag der die Information umschließt, die einen gewissen Wert besitzen muss
\$childvalue	optional: Wert der Bedingung, das WildCard Zeichen * kann am Anfang und/oder am Ende des Ausdrucks verwendet werden und ist Platzhalter für beliebige weitere Zeichen.

Output:

Array	Array mit allen gefundenen Inhalten, der erste Wert/Inhalt kann mit Array[0] angesprochen werden
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.6 deletecontent

Syntax:

deletecontent (\$xmldata, \$tagname, \$condtag, \$condvalue)

Beschreibung:

Löscht den gesamten XML-Content definiert durch den Tag \$tagname. Als Kriterium für die Auswahl der zu löschenden Childs wird das entsprechende XML-Childtag \$condtag und die umschlossene Information \$condvalue als Bedingung mitgeschickt.

Bsp:

Auszug aus dem Content Container:

```
.....  
<text>  
  <text_id>bedingung</text_id>  
  <textuser>editor1</textuser>  
  <textcontent>This is my summary!</textcontent>  
</text>  
.....
```

```
$xmldata = deletecontent ($xmldata, "<text>", "<text_id>", "bedingung");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben wird
\$parenttag	XML-Tag der die Information bzw. Childs umschliesst, die aus dem Content Container entfernt werden sollen
\$condtag	optional: Name des Parameters (XML-Child) das der Bedingung unterliegt
\$condvalue	optional: Wert der Bedingung, die erfüllt werden muss

Output:

XML-String	Rückgabe des manipulierten XML-Strings
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.7 setcontent

Syntax:

setcontent (\$xmldata, \$parenttagname, \$tagname, \$contentnew, \$condtag, \$condvalue)

Beschreibung:

Ein XML-String wird übergeben und innerhalb eines bestimmten Parent Nodes (\$parenttagname) wird überprüft, ob ein bestimmter Parameter (\$condtag) existiert und einen bestimmter Wert (\$condvalue) aufweist. Ist die Bedingung erfüllt, wird der Wert des Parameters \$tagname durch einen neuen Wert \$contentnew ersetzt.

Bsp:

Auszug aus dem Content Container:

```
.....
<text>
  <text_id>bedingung</text_id>
  <textuser>editor1</textuser>
  <textcontent>This is should set!<textcontent>
</text>
.....
```

```
$xmldata = setcontent ($xmldata, "<text>", "<textcontent>", "This is my new value!",
"<text_id>", "bedingung");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und modifiziert werden soll
\$parenttagname	optional: XML-Parenttag
\$tagname	optional: XML-Childtag, dessen Wert ersetzt werden soll (wenn Bedingung erfüllt)
\$contentnew	Neuer Wert für den XML-Childtag \$tagname
\$condtag	optional: Name des Parameters der die Bedingung erfüllen muss
\$condvalue	optional: Wert des Parameters für die Bedingung

Output:

XML-String	Rückgabe des manipulierten XML-Strings
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.8 updatecontent

Syntax:

updatecontent (\$xmldata, \$xmlnode, \$xmlnodenew)

Beschreibung:

Alle XML-String \$xmlnode wird durch einen neuen String \$xmlnodenew in \$xmldata ersetzt. Diese Methode ist schneller als setcontent, wenn der aktualisierende XML Node bereits aus dem Container extrahiert wurde.

Bsp:

Auszug aus dem Content Container:

```
.....
<text>
  <text_id>bedingung</text_id>
  <textuser>editor1</textuser>
  <textcontent>This is old content!<textcontent>
</text>
.....
```

```
$xmldata = updatecontent ($xmldata, "<textcontent>This is old content!<textcontent> ",
"<textcontent>This is my new content!<textcontent>");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und modifiziert werden soll
\$xmlnode	zu ersetzender XML-String (Node bzw. Substring von \$xmldata)
\$xmlnodenew	optional: neuer XML-String, wenn leer, so wird der bestehende XML-String entfernt.

Output:

XML-String	Rückgabe des manipulierten XML-Strings
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.9 insertcontent

Syntax:

insertcontent (\$xmldata, \$insertxmldata, \$tagname)

Beschreibung:

Fügt einen XML-String (Child Node) vor dem Ende des übergebenen XML-Parenttags ein. Der modifizierte XML-String wird zurückgegeben.

Bsp:

Auszug aus dem Content Container:

```
.....
<articletextlist>
  <text>
    <text_id>art1:summary</text_id>
    <textuser>editor1</textuser>
    <textcontent>This is my summary!</textcontent>
  </text>
----- hier wird ein Child Node eingefügt -----
  <text>
    <text_id>art1:longtext</text_id>
    <textuser>editor1</textuser>
    <textcontent>This is my summary!</textcontent>
  </text>
-----
</articletextlist>
.....
```

```
$xmldata = insertcontent ($xmldata, $insertxmldata, "<articletextlist>");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und modifiziert werden soll
\$insertxmldata	XML-String der eingesetzt wird
\$tagname	optional: XML-Parenttag an dessen Ende eingesetzt werden soll

Output:

XML-String	Rückgabe des manipulierten XML-Strings
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.8.10 addcontent

Syntax:

addcontent (\$xmldata, \$sub_xmldata, \$grandtagname, \$condtag, \$condvalue, \$parenttagname, \$tagname, \$contentnew)

Beschreibung:

Innerhalb eines Parent Nodes wird ein Child Node hinzugefügt, sofern ein Wert im darüberliegenden Grandparent Node die Bedingung erfüllt. Im Child Node kann auf Wunsch gleichzeitig ein Wert gesetzt werden. Der modifizierte XML-String wird zurückgegeben.

Bsp:

Auszug aus dem Content Container:

```
.....
<article>
  <article_id>art1</article_id>
  <articletitle></articletitle>
  <articledatefrom></articledatefrom>
  <articledateto></articledateto>
  <articlestatus>active</articlestatus>
  <articleuser></articleuser>
  <articletextlist>
    <text>
      <text_id>art1:summary</text_id>
      <textuser>editor1</textuser>
      <textcontent>This is my summary!</textcontent>
    </text>
    ----- hier wird ein Child Node eingefügt -----
    <text>
      <text_id>art1:longtext</text_id>
      <textuser>editor1</textuser>
      <textcontent>This is my summary!</textcontent>
    </text>
    -----
  </articletextlist>
</article>
.....
```

```
$xmldata = addcontent ($xmldata, $sub_xmldata, "<article>", "<article_id>", "art1",
"<articletextlist>", "<text_id>", "art1:longtext");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$xmldata	XML-String der übergeben und modifiziert werden soll
\$sub_xmldata	XML-String der eingebettet werden soll
\$grandtagname	Enthält den XML-Childtag, in dem \$sub_xmldata eingebettet werden soll
\$condtag	optional: Name des Parameters der überprüft werden soll
\$condvalue	optional: Wert des Parameters der überprüft werden soll
\$parenttagname	optional: XML-Childtag, in dem \$sub_xmldata eingebettet werden soll
\$tagname	optional: Childtag des eingebetteten XML-String
\$contentnew	optional: Content für den Tag \$tagname

Output:

XML-String	Rückgabe des manipulierten XML-Strings
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.9 Bibliothek Meta Data Generator

Diese Funktionsbibliothek ermöglicht Ihnen Keyword-Listen, die Description aus einem Inhalt zu erzeugen. Dies kann zur automatischen Erzeugung bzw. Befüllung von Metadaten verwendet werden.

Es können Meta Daten aus Multimedia-Dateien ausgelesen und im Container eines Objektes gespeichert werden.

3.9.1 getmetakeywords

Syntax:

getkeywords (\$text, \$language, \$charset)

Beschreibung:

Der Funktion wird der Inhalt übergeben. Damit werden alle Keywords aus dem Text ermittelt und als Keyword-Liste zurückgegeben.

Bsp:

```
$keywords = getkeywords ("This is just a short text.", "en", "UTF-8");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$text	Content als String
\$language	optional: Sprache [en, de], Standard ist "en"
\$charset	optional: Character Set, Standard ist "UTF-8"

Output:

Keywords	Komma-getrennte Liste aller Keywords
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.9.2 getmetadescription

Syntax:

getdescription (\$text, \$charset)

Beschreibung:

Dieser Funktion wird der Inhalt übergeben. Daraufhin wird eine Kurzbeschreibung aus dem Text ermittelt und zurückgegeben.

Bsp:

```
$keywords = getdescription ("This is just a short text.", "UTF-8");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$text	Content als String
\$charset	optional: Character Set, Standard ist "UTF-8"

Output:

Keywords	Kurzbeschreibung des Inhaltes
False	Fehler aufgetreten

3.10 Bibliothek Notifications

Diese Funktionsbibliothek versendet automatisierte Nachrichten an einen Benutzer anhand von Grenzwerten eines bestimmten Feldes.

Der Benutzer erhält eine vorformatierte Nachricht mit Information (Links) zu allen Objekten, die in den Suchbereich (Datumsobere und -untergrenze) fallen.

3.10.1 licensenotification

Syntax:

licsenotification (\$site, \$cat, \$folderpath, \$text_id, \$date_begin, \$date_end, \$user)

Beschreibung:

Der Funktion ermittelt alle Objekte aufgrund des vorgegebenen Suchbereiches (Lokation und Datums Grenzwerte) und versendet eine E-Mail an einen bestimmten Benutzer mit den Links zu allen betroffenen Objekten.

Bsp:

```
// set language for mail message
$lang = "en";
```

```
// send mail to Miller
```

```
$result = licensenotification ("%publication%", "%comp%/%publication%/images/", "comp",
"valid_date", "2012-09-01", "2012-09-30", "Miller");
```

Input-Parameter:

\$site	Name der Publikation
\$cat	Objekt Kategorie [page, comp]
\$folderpath	Pfad für die Definition des Suchbereiches
\$text_id	Text ID des Feldes auf das die Suche angewendet werden soll
\$date_begin	Startdatum für die Suche (YYYY-MM-DD)
\$date_end	Enddatum für die Suche (YYYY-MM-DD)
\$user	Benutzername

Output:

True	Mail wurde erfolgreich gesendet
False	Fehler aufgetreten

4 Komponenten und Applikationen

Wenn Anwendungen in Komponenten integriert werden und Variablen aus einer Seite an eine Komponente übergeben werden müssen, so ist auf folgendes zu achten:

Die Komponenten müssen über das Dateisystem eingebunden werden (nicht via HTTP).

Alle Variablen die an die Komponente zu übergeben sind, sind in der Komponente als global zu definieren.

Bsp:

Eine Seite übergibt eine Variable an eine Komponente.

Hier der Code der Seite:

```
<html>
<head>
<title>page</title>
</head>
<body>
<?php $test="This is just a test!"; ?>
[hyperCMS:components id='component']
</body>
</html>
```

Der Code der Komponente muss wie folgt aussehen:

```
<p>
<?php
global $test;
echo $test;
?>
</p>
```

Im Beispiel wird die Variable \$test bzw. dessen Wert "This is just a test!" von der Komponente übernommen und in der Präsentation angezeigt.

5 Database Connectivity

Die Database Connectivity des hyper Content & Digital Asset Management Servers erlaubt die Anbindung von diversen Datenbanken zur Speicherung und Entnahme von Inhalten. Damit können z.B. relationale Datenbanken als externes Content Repository genutzt werden.

Zu diesem Zweck ist je Template der entsprechende hyperCMS-Tag für die Database Connectivity einzufügen, der auf ein DB-Connect File verweist.

In diesem File werden Funktionen hinterlegt, die hyperCMS aufruft, sofern das Template auf die Funktionsdatei zeigt.

Die Inhalte werden aus der Datenbank gelesen und dem Redakteur angezeigt. Verändert der Redakteur die Inhalte, so können diese auch wieder in die Datenbank geschrieben werden. Es können für Lese- und Schreibzugriffe auch verschiedene Datenbanken aufgerufen werden. Die Funktionen im DB-Connect File bieten nur die Hülle bzw. standardisierte Schnittstelle zu hyperCMS, die durch den Programmierer befüllt werden muss.

Das Thema der Datenbankintegration ist komplex und individuell zu behandeln, da auch bereits bestehende Datenbanken und deren Informationen integriert werden können. hyperCMS gibt kein ER-Modell vor bzw. legt sich auf keine speziellen Datenbank-Produkte fest. Generell kann gesagt werden, dass alle Möglichkeiten von PHP ausgeschöpft werden können, um sich zu diversen Datenquellen zu verbinden.

Neben den notwendigen Parameter für Queries auf relationale Datenbanken wird auch der gesamte Content Container als XML-String übergeben. Damit könnten Dokumente bzw. Inhalte aus den Content Repository auch als Node in XML-Datenbanken abgelegt werden.

Sie selbst bestimmen, wohin Sie Ihre Daten speichern bzw. woher Sie diese holen. Mit PHP besitzen eine mächtige Sprache, die Ihnen Zugriff auf alle gängigen Datenbanken bietet.

Mehr Information zu den Funktionen von PHP finden Sie unter: <http://www.php.net>

5.1 Erstellen einer Database Connectivity

Möchten Sie eine Database Connectivity erstellen, so erstellen Sie eine Kopie des Files `db_connect_default.php`, dieses finden Sie in dem gewählten Root-Verzeichnis für die Ablage der Management Daten unter dem folgenden weiterführenden Pfad: `/data/db_connect/`. Die Kopie des Files nennen Sie z.B. nach der Datenbank, die Sie anbinden möchten.

Danach öffnen Sie die Datei und erhalten Einsicht in die Funktionen. Im Source Code finden Sie auch eine Beschreibung der Funktionen und der übergebenen Parameter als auch des Outputs.

Exemplarisch soll hier ein Lesezugriff auf eine MySQL Datenbank für einen Text-Inhalt dargestellt werden. Wir gehen davon aus, dass in einem Table "TextContent" die Inhalte mit dem Primary Key "container_id" und "text_id", dem Text-Inhalt "Text" sowie dem Text-Typ "Type" vorliegen. Der User sowie die Artikel ID wird nicht gesondert gespeichert, dies ist für die Eindeutigkeit des Inhalts auch nicht notwendig, denn die ID des Content Containers als auch die ID des Elements reichen als Primärschlüssel aus.


```

// ===== db connect =====
// this file allows you to access a database using the full PHP functionality.
// you can read or write data from or into a database:

// ===== read from database =====
// the following parameter values are passed to each function for
// retrieving data from the database:
// name of the site: $site [string]
// name of the content container: $container_id [string] (is unique
// inside hyperCMS over all sites)
// content container: $container_content [XML-string]
// identification name: $id [string]

// ----- text -----
// if content is text
function db_read_text ($site, $content_id, $container_content, $id, $art_id, $user)
{
    //-----
    // input variables: $id [string], optional: $artid [string], $user [string]
    // return value: $text [array]
    //         the array must exactly look like this:
    //         $text[text], optional: $text[type]
    //         constraints/accepted values for article type, see note below
    // note: special characters in $text are escaped into
    //       their html/xml equivalents.
    //       you can decide between unformatted, formatted and
    //       optional text using $type:
    //       unformatted text: $text[type] = textu
    //       formatted text: $text[type] = textf
    //       text option: $text[type] = textl
    //-----

    $user = "username";
    $password = "password";
    $database = "database";

    // connect to database
    mysql_connect ("localhost", $user, $password);
    @mysql_select_db ($database) or die ("Unable to select database");

    // fire SQL-query
    $result = mysql_query ("SELECT Text, Type FROM TextContent WHERE
        container_id=$container_id AND text_id=$id");

    // count returned rows, must be 1 if unique
    $num_of_rows = mysql_num_rows ($result);

    // get the result into an array named $row
    if ($num_of_rows == 1)
    {
        $row = mysql_fetch_row ($result);

        // set values
        $text[text] = $row[0];
        $text[type] = $row[1];
    }
    else $text = false;

    // close connection
    mysql_close ();

    // return result
    return $text;
}

```

6 Event System

Der hyper Content & Digital Asset Management Server beinhaltet ein Event System, das eine automatisierte Ausführung von Aktionen passierend auf Ereignissen im System ermöglicht. Damit lassen sich z.B. manuelle Vorgänge automatisieren.

Events werden meist durch den Benutzer durch Wahl einer Aktion gestartet, z.B. das Publizieren einer Seite. Ist der entsprechende Event aktiviert, so wird nach erfolgreicher Ausführung des Publikationsprozesses der Seite das Event "onpublishobject" aufgerufen. Die darin definierten Funktionen werden sodann ausgeführt.

Die Events des Event Systems können in der Datei "hypercms_eventsys.inc.php" definiert werden. Diese befindet sich im internen Repository im Ordner "eventsystem". In dieser Datei befinden sich auch weitere wichtige Hinweise, die bei der Ausführung von Events zu beachten sind.

Das Event System ist innerhalb des gesamten Management Systems über alle Publikationen gültig. Das System ist Bestandteil des hyperCMS APIs und wird somit bei jedem Aufruf einer Funktion des APIs ausgeführt.

Events lassen sich in der Datei "hypercms_eventsys.inc.php" aktivieren als auch deaktivieren, sodass der Einsatz der darin definierten Events leicht gesteuert werden kann.

Bei allen Events wird zwischen PRE- und POST-Events unterschieden. Das PRE-Event wird vor der eigentlichen Ausführung der aufgerufenen Aktion gestartet, während das POST-Event nach der erfolgreichen Ausführung der Aktion aufgerufen wird.

Bsp:

Beim Publizieren eines Objektes soll automatisch auch die Seite "index.php" die sich an der gleichen Position befindet publiziert werden, da diese z.B. ein über ein hyperCMS Script generiertes Verzeichnis aller Objekte des gleichen Ordners beinhaltet.

```
// ----- on publish object POST event -----  
function onpublishobject_post ($site, $cat, $location, $object, $user)  
{  
    // load configuration  
    include_once ("config.inc.php");  
  
    // hide the event used in your action (1) otherwise execute event (0)  
    $eventsystem[hide] = 1;  
  
    // insert your program code here  
    $result = publishobject ($site, $location, "index.php", $user);  
  
    // return true if successful  
    if ($result[result] == true) return true;  
    else return false;  
}
```

7 Liste der hyperCMS API Funktionen

Die Dokumentation aller API Funktionen sind auch auf unserer Website hypercms.com in der aktuellen Version verfügbar. Sie können die Dokumentation ihrer installierten Version als Hilfe und im Browser anzeigen. Nutzen Sie hierzu das ?-Icon im Template Editor um die Referenz aller hyperCMS Tags und API Funktionen einzusehen.

7.1 Main API Functions

7.1.1 correctnumber

Syntax

correctnumber (\$number)

Input parameters

- \$number ... formatted number [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- correct mathematical number / false on error

7.1.2 cleancontent

Description

Removes all HTML tags, scripts and other special characters from the content in order to create a plain text

Syntax

cleancontent (\$text, \$charset="UTF-8")

Input parameters

- \$text ... text [string or array]
- \$charset ... character set [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- cleaned text / false on error

7.1.3 remove_utf8_bom

Description

Remove UTF-8 BOM sequences

Syntax

remove_utf8_bom (\$text)

Input parameters

- \$text ... text [string]

Output

- cleaned text / false on error

7.1.4 convert_utf8

Syntax

convert_utf8 (\$in)

Input parameters

- \$in ... expression [string or array]

Output

- UTF-8 converted expression / original expression on error

7.1.5 convertchars

Syntax

convertchars (\$expression, \$charset_from="UTF-8", \$charset_to="UTF-8")

Input parameters

- \$expression ... expression [string or array]
- \$charset_from ... input character set [string] (optional)
- \$charset_to ... output character set [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- converted expression / original expression on error

7.1.6 specialchr

Description

Tests if an expression includes special characters (true) or does not (false).
Allow characters through including them in \$accept (e.g. #\$....)

Syntax

specialchr (\$expression, \$accept="")

Input parameters

- \$expression ... expression [string]
- \$accept ... list of characters to be excluded from search [string] (optional)

Output

- true/false

7.1.7 specialchr_encode

Description

Renames all special characters for file names to an expression according to given rules

Syntax

specialchr_encode (\$expression, \$remove="no")

Input parameters

- \$expression ... expression [string]
- \$remove ... remove all special characters [yes, no]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- expression without special characters (for file names)

7.1.8 specialchr_decode

Description

This is the decode function for function specialchr_encode

Syntax

specialchr_decode (\$expression)

Input parameters

- \$expression ... expression [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- expression with special characters (for file names) / false

7.1.9 convertdate

Description

This function converts a date to a different time zone and format.

Syntax

convertdate (\$date, \$timezone1, \$dateformat1="Y-m-d H:i:s", \$timezone2, \$dateformat2="Y-m-d H:i:s")

Input parameters

- \$date ... date and time [string]
- \$timezone1 ... time zone source [string]
- \$dateformat1 ... source date format [string] (optional)
- \$timezone2 ... time zone target [string]
- \$dateformat2 ... target date format [string] (optional)

Output

- converted date as string / false

7.1.10 offsettime

Description

This function calculates the offset time from UTC (Coordinated Universal Time).

Syntax

offsettime ()

Input parameters

Output

- offset time in hh:mm from UTC

7.1.11 object_exists

Description

This function verifies if an object exists already.

Syntax

object_exists (\$path)

Input parameters

- \$path ... path to an object [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false

7.1.12 is_utf8

Description

This function is an alternative to mb_check_encoding (which requires an extra PHP module). It is not failsave!

Syntax

is_utf8 (\$str)

Input parameters

- \$str ... expression [string]

Output

- if string is utf-8 encoded true / false otherwise

7.1.13 is_latin1

Description

This function is an alternative to mb_check_encoding (which requires the mbstring PHP extension).

It is not failsave!

Syntax

is_latin1 (\$str)

Input parameters

- \$str ... expression [string]

Output

- if string is latin 1 encoded true / false otherwise

7.1.14 makestring

Syntax

makestring (\$array)

Input parameters

- \$array ... (multidimensional) array

Output

- string including all array values / false on error

7.1.15 splitstring

Syntax

splitstring (\$string)

Input parameters

- \$string ... string with ";" or ", " as separator [string]

Output

- array with string splitted into array / false on error

7.1.16 is_folder

Description

Checks if the provided path to an object is a folder

Syntax

is_folder (\$path)

Input parameters

- \$path ... path to any object [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.17 is_emptyfolder

Description

Checks if a directory/folder is empty (has no published objects or other files)

Syntax

is_emptyfolder (\$dir)

Input parameters

- \$dir ... path to folder [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.18 is_supported

Description

This function determines if a certain file type by its file extension is supported by the systems media conversion

Syntax

is_supported (\$preview_array, \$file)

Input parameters

- \$preview_array ... preview array holding the supported file extensions as key and references to executables as value [array]
- \$file ... file name or file extension [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.19 is_cloudstorage

Description

This function determines if a cloud storage has been defined in the main configuration or for a specific publication

Syntax

is_cloudstorage (\$site="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.20 is_cloudobject

Description

This function verifies if an object/file is available in the cloud storage

Syntax

is_cloudobject (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... path to media file or media file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.21 is_date

Description

This function determines if a string represents a valid date format

Syntax

is_date (\$date, \$format="Y-m-d")

Input parameters

- \$date ... date [string]
- \$format ... date format [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.22 is_tempfile

Description

This function checks if the provided file name is a temporary file that should not be uploaded in the system

Syntax

is_tempfile (\$path)

Input parameters

- \$path ... file name or path [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- if file is a temp file true / false on error

7.1.23 is_hiddenfile

Description

This function checks if the provided file name is a hidden file that should not be displayed

Syntax

is_hiddenfile (\$path)

Input parameters

- \$path ... file name or path [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- if file is a hidden file true / false on error

7.1.24 is_keyword

Description

This function checks if the provided expression can be used as a keyword

Syntax

is_keyword (\$keyword)

Input parameters

- \$keyword ... keyword [string]

Output

- if expression can be used as a keyword true / false on error

7.1.25 is_thumbnail

Description

This function checks if the provided file name is a thumbnail file

Syntax

is_thumbnail (\$media, \$images_only=true)

Input parameters

- \$media ... file name or path [string]
- \$images_only ... only thumbnail images should be considered as thumbnail [boolean]

Output

- if file is a thumbnail file true / false on error

7.1.26 is_config

Description

This function checks if the provided file name is a config file

Syntax

is_config (\$media)

Input parameters

- \$media ... file name or path [string]

Output

- if file is a config file true / false if not

7.1.27 is_encryptedfile

Description

This function checks if the provided file is encrypted

Syntax

is_encryptedfile (\$location, \$file)

Input parameters

- \$location ... path to file [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false

7.1.28 is_document

Description

This function determines if a certain file is a document (binary and text based)

Syntax

is_document (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name or file extension [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false

7.1.29 is_image

Description

This function determines if a certain file is an image

Syntax

is_image (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name or file extension [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false

7.1.30 is_rawimage

Description

This function determines if a certain file is a raw image

Syntax

is_rawimage (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name or file extension [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false

7.1.31 is_aiimage

Description

This function determines if a certain file is a vector-based Adobe Illustrator (AI) or AI-compatible EPS file

Syntax

is_aiimage (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name or file extension [string]

Output

- true / false

7.1.32 is_video

Description

This function determines if a certain file is a video

Syntax

is_video (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name or file extension [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false

7.1.33 is_rawvideo

Description

This function determines if a certain file is a RAW video

Syntax

is_rawvideo (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name or file extension [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false

7.1.34 is_audio

Description

This function determines if a certain file is an audio file

Syntax

is_audio (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name or file extension [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false

7.1.35 is_mobilebrowser

Description

Detects mobile browsers (smartphones and tablets)

Syntax

is_mobilebrowser ()

Input parameters**global input parameters**

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.36 is_iOS**Description**

Detects if a mobile browser is an iPhone, iPad or iPod

Syntax

is_iOS ()

Input parameters**global input parameters**

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.37 is_activelanguage**Description**

This function determines if a language has been enabled for automatic translation in the publication settings

Syntax

is_activelanguage (\$site, \$langcode)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$langcode ... 2-digits language code [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.38 copyrecursive

Description

This function copies all directories and files from source to destination directory

Syntax

copyrecursive (\$src, \$dst)

Input parameters

- \$src ... source directory [string]
- \$dst ... destination directory [string]

Output

- true/false

7.1.39 array_iunique

Description

This function is the case-insensitive form of PHPs array_unique function

Syntax

array_iunique (\$array)

Input parameters

- \$array ... array [array]

Output

- unique array / false

7.1.40 in_array_substr

Description

This function is supporting the search of substrings in the array values compared to PHPs in_array function

Syntax

in_array_substr (\$search, \$array)

Input parameters

- \$search ... search expression [string]
- \$array ... array [array]

Output

- true / false

7.1.41 createfilename

Description

Creates a valid file name without special characters that does not exceed the maximum file name length

Syntax

createfilename (\$filename)

Input parameters

- \$filename ... path to file or directory [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- new filename/false

7.1.42 correctfile

Syntax

correctfile (\$abs_path, \$filename, \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$abs_path ... path to file or directory [string]
- \$filename ... file or directory name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- correct filename/false

7.1.43 correctpath

Syntax

correctpath (\$path, \$slash="/")

Input parameters

- \$path ... path to folder [string]
- \$slash ... directory separator [string] (optional)

Output

- correct path/false

7.1.44 convertpath

Description

This function replaces object pathes of the content management config with %page% and %comp% path variables

Syntax

convertpath (\$site, \$path, \$cat="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$path ... content management path to folder or object [string]
- \$cat ... object category [page, comp]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- converted path or URL / false on error

7.1.45 convertlink

Description

This function replaces pathes of the publication management config with %page% and %comp% path variables.

Syntax

convertlink (\$site, \$path, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$path ... publication management path to folder or object [string]
- \$cat ... object category [page, comp]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config

- \$publ_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- converted path or URL / false on error

7.1.46 deconvertpath

Description

This function replaces all %page% and %comp% path variables with the path of the content management config.

It converts the path only on content management side not for the publication target.

It optionally transform special characters as well.

BE AWARE: The input path must not provide template data since valid_publicationname might return false.

Syntax

deconvertpath (\$objectpath, \$type="file", \$specialchr_transform=true)

Input parameters

- \$objectpath ... string including path to folder or object [string]
- \$type ... convert to file system path or URL [file, url] (optional)
- \$specialchr_transform ... transform special characters using specialchr_encode [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- deconverted path/false

7.1.47 deconvertlink

Description

This function deconverts the path only for the publication target.

It should be used for page linking, otherwise the function will return the absolute link including the host for component links.

Syntax

deconvertlink (\$path, \$type="url")

Input parameters

- \$path ... path to folder or object [string]
- \$type ... convert to file system path or URL [file, url]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- converted absolute link without host/false

7.1.48 mediapublicaccess

Description

Is the media file public accessible. Has it been published or has the setting 'publicdownload' in the main configuration been enabled.

This function does not include direct links to the media files (used in websites).

Syntax

mediapublicaccess (\$mediafile)

Input parameters

- \$mediafile ... media file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.49 createviewlink

Description

The view link is mainly used inside the system as a reference to a multimedia file.

The database is not required since the object hash or ID is not needed to create the view link.

Syntax

createviewlink (\$site, \$mediafile, \$name="", \$force_reload=false, \$type="wrapper")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediafile ... media file name [string]
- \$name ... media name [string] (optional)
- \$force_reload ... force reload [boolean] (optional)
- \$type ... link type [wrapper, download] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- URL for download of the multimedia file / false on error

7.1.50 createportallink

Description

The portal access link is used to provide public access without logon based on a certain user profile and user hash that is connected with the portal.

Syntax

createportallink (\$site, \$portal)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$portal ... portal name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- URL for download of the multimedia file / false on error

7.1.51 createaccesslink

Description

Creates an access link to any object based on the permissions of the provided user account.

Syntax

createaccesslink (\$site, \$location="", \$object="", \$cat="", \$object_id="", \$login, \$type="al", \$lifetime=0, \$formats="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string] (optional)
- \$object ... object [string] (optional)
- \$cat ... category [page, comp] (optional)
- \$object_id ... object-ID [string] (optional)
- \$login ... user name of the user account to be used for access [string]
- \$type ... link type [al, dl] (optional)
- \$lifetime ... token lifetime in seconds [integer] (optional)
- \$formats ... formats defined in main configuration [JSON-string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- URL for access to given object / false on error

7.1.52 createobjectaccesslink

Description

Creates an access link to any object based on the permissions of the user account defined in the publication settings.

Syntax

createobjectaccesslink (\$site="", \$location="", \$object="", \$cat="", \$object_id="", \$container_id="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$location ... location [string] (optional)
- \$object ... object [string] (optional)
- \$cat ... category [page, comp] (optional)
- \$object_id ... object ID [string] (optional)
- \$container_id ... container-ID or repository media file [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- URL for download of the multimedia file of the given object or folder / false on error

7.1.53 createwrapperlink

Description

In order to track and include external user IDs in the daily statistics you need to manually add the 'user' parameter to the link in the form of: &user=[user-ID]

Syntax

createwrapperlink (\$site="", \$location="", \$object="", \$cat="", \$object_id="", \$container_id="", \$type="", \$mediaconfig="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$location ... location [string] (optional)
- \$object ... object [string] (optional)
- \$cat ... category [page, comp] (optional)
- \$object_id ... object ID [string] (optional)
- \$container_id ... container-ID or repository media file [string] (optional)
- \$type ... media file extension or type based on main config settings [string] (optional)
- \$mediaconfig ... media configuration based on main config settings [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- URL for download of the multimedia file of the given object or folder / false on error

7.1.54 createdownloadlink

Description

In order to track and include external user IDs in the daily statistics you need to manually add the 'user' parameter to the link in the form of: &user=[user-ID]

Syntax

createdownloadlink (\$site="", \$location="", \$object="", \$cat="", \$object_id="", \$container_id="", \$type="", \$mediaconfig="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$location ... location [string] (optional)
- \$object ... object [string] (optional)
- \$cat ... category [page, comp] (optional)
- \$object_id ... object ID [string] (optional)
- \$container_id ... container-ID or repository media file [string] (optional)
- \$type ... media file extension or type based on main config settings [string] (optional)
- \$mediaconfig ... media configuration based on main config settings [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- URL for download of the multimedia file of the given object or folder / false on error

7.1.55 createmultiaccesslink

Description

Creates an access link to any object based on the permissions of the provided user account.

Syntax

createmultiaccesslink (\$multiobject, \$login, \$type="al", \$lifetime=0, \$formats="")

Input parameters

- \$multiobject ... multiobject [path1|path2|path3] or [array]
- \$login ... user name of the user account to be used for access [string]
- \$type ... link type [al, dl] (optional)
- \$lifetime ... token lifetime in seconds [integer] (optional)
- \$formats ... formats [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- URL for access to the requested objects / false on error

7.1.56 createmultidownloadlink

Description

Generates a download link of a selectio of media objects. Pages and components will be ignored.

There is a difference in the file conversion functionality:

Case 1: multiobject (min. 2 objects or object is a folder) without the support of file conversion

Case 2: multiobject with only one object (must not be a folder) with support of file conversion

Syntax

createmultidownloadlink (\$site, \$multiobject, \$name="", \$user, \$type="", \$mediacfg="", \$linktype="download", \$flatzip=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$multiobject ... multiobject using | as seperator [string] or [array] (optional)
- \$name ... presentation name [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$type ... conversion type example: jpg [string]
- \$mediacfg ... media configuration used for conversion (e.g.: 1024x768px) [string]
- \$linktype ... link type [wrapper, download] (optional)
- \$flatzip ... flat hierarchy means no directories [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

- \$mgmt_compress
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$globalpermission
- \$setlocalpermission
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- URL for download of the requested objects / false on error

7.1.57 cleandomain

Description

Returns the URL notation without the protocol: //domain.com

If you want to integrate hyperCMS API code into a webapplication operated in a different domain,

you need to define the main configuration setting \$mgmt_config['cleandomain'] = false;

Syntax

cleandomain (\$path)

Input parameters

- \$path ... string to clean from http(s)://domain [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- cleaned string / false on error

7.1.58 fileversion

Description

Creates a version file name

Syntax

fileversion (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name [string]

Output

- versioned file name [string] / false on error

7.1.59 createversion

Description

Creates a new version of a multimedia file and container

Syntax

createversion (\$site, \$file, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$file ... media file name or container name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_docoptions
- \$hcms_ext
- \$user

Output

- true / false

7.1.60 rollbackversion

Description

Makes an older object version to the current version

Syntax

rollbackversion (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$container_version, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$container_version ... container version name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_docoptions
- \$hcms_ext
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result_array

7.1.61 deleteversion

Description

Removes the version of an object

Syntax

deleteversion (\$site, \$container_version, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$container_version ... location [string]
- \$user ... object name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.62 deleteversions

Description

Removes all versions of all objects or templates

Syntax

deleteversions (\$type, \$report, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$type ... type [content, template] or valid path in filesystem
- \$report ... report [yes, no]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true [report=no] or report [report=yes]
- false on error

7.1.63 loadfile_header

Description

Loads the file header, represented by a defined header size.

Syntax

loadfile_header (\$abs_path, \$filename)

Input parameters

- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- file content

7.1.64 loadfile_fast

Description

This functions is identical to loadfile, but it does not wait for locked files to be unlocked again. It should only be used on files that won't be locked by the system. It is therefore recommended to use loadfile.

Syntax

loadfile_fast (\$abs_path, \$filename)

Input parameters

- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- file content

7.1.65 loadfile

Description

This function loads a file and waits up to 3 seconds for locked files to be unlocked

Syntax

loadfile (\$abs_path, \$filename)

Input parameters

- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- file content

7.1.66 loadlockfile

Description

This function loads and locks a file for a sepecific user. It waits up to 3 seconds for locked files to be unlocked.

Function loadlockfile and savelockfile includes a locking mechanismen for files.

Every time you want to lock a file during your operations use loadlockfile.

It is important to use savelockfile to save and unlock the file again.

savelockfile requires the file to be opened by loadlockfile before.

Syntax

loadlockfile (\$user, \$abs_path, \$filename, \$force_unlock=3)

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]
- \$force_unlock ... force unlock of file after x seconds [integer]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- file content

7.1.67 savefile

Description

This function saves content to a file

Syntax

savefile (\$abs_path, \$filename, \$filedata)

Input parameters

- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]
- \$filedata ... file content [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.68 savelockfile

Description

Saves content to a locked file. It requires the file to be opened by loadlockfile. Function loadlockfile and savelockfile includes a locking mechanism for files. Every time you want to lock a file during your operations use loadlockfile. It is important to use savelockfile to save and unlock the file again. savelockfile requires the file to be opened by loadlockfile before.

Syntax

savelockfile (\$user, \$abs_path, \$filename, \$filedata)

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]
- \$filedata ... file content [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.69 appendfile

Description

Appends data to a file but cannot create a new file!
Waits up to 3 seconds for locked files to be unlocked again.
Files won't be unlocked if the file is already locked.

Syntax

appendfile (\$abs_path, \$filename, \$filedata)

Input parameters

- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]
- \$filedata ... file content [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.70 lockfile

Description

This functions lockes a file for a specific user

Syntax

lockfile (\$user, \$abs_path, \$filename)

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.71 unlockfile

Description

This functions unlockes a file for a specific user

Syntax

unlockfile (\$user, \$abs_path, \$filename)

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.72 deletefile

Description

Deletes a file or directory. If parameter recursive is et to true all items of a directory will be removed as well.

Syntax

deletefile (\$abs_path, \$filename, \$recursive=false)

Input parameters

- \$abs_path ... path to file [string]
- \$filename ... file or directory name [string]
- \$recursive ... delete all files in directory recursively including symbolic links [boolean]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.73 restoremediafile

Description

Moves an exported media file back to the media repository.

Syntax

restoremediafile (\$site, \$mediafile)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediafile ... media file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array

7.1.74 preparemediafile

Description

Prepares a media file for use in the system (load from cloud, decrypt content)

Syntax

preparemediafile (\$site, \$medialocation, \$mediafile, \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$medialocation ... media file location [string]
- \$mediafile ... media file name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false on error

7.1.75 deleteannotationimages

Description

Deletes all annoation images of images and documents

Syntax

deleteannotationimages (\$site, \$mediafile)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediafile ... mediafile name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true/false

7.1.76 deletemediafiles

Description

Deletes all derivatives (thumbnails, config files, converted versions of the file) of a specific media file resource. Deletes the original media file optionally .

Syntax

deletemediafiles (\$site, \$mediafile, \$delete_original=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediafile ... mediafile name [string]
- \$delete_original ... delete original media file [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_docoptions
- \$hcms_ext
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.77 avoidfilecollision

Description

Appending data to a file ensures that the previous write process is finished (required due to issue when editing encrypted files)

Syntax

avoidfilecollision (\$data="tempdata", \$force=false)

Input parameters

- \$data ... data string [string] (optional)
- \$force ... force execution [boolean]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$site

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.78 substr_in_array

Description

Searches for substring in array

Syntax

substr_in_array (\$search, \$array)

Input parameters

- \$search ... search-string [string]
- \$array ... array [array]

Output

- array with found values / false

7.1.79 downloadobject

Description

This functions provides an object via http for viewing. Not suitable for multimedia objects!

Syntax

downloadobject (\$location, \$object, \$container="", \$lang="en", \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$location ... location [string]
- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$container ... content container [string]
- \$lang ... language [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

- \$eventssystem
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- stream of file content / false on error

7.1.80 downloadfile

Description

This functions provides a file via http for view or download

Syntax

downloadfile (\$filepath, \$name, \$force="wrapper", \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$filepath ... path to file [string]
- \$name ... file name to show for download via http [string]
- \$force ... force file wrapper or download or no file headers for WebDAV [download, wrapper, noheader]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$eventssystem
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$is_iphone

Output

- stream of file content / false on error

7.1.81 loadcontainer

Description

This functions loads a content container

Syntax

loadcontainer (\$container, \$type="work", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$container ... container file name or container id (working container will be loaded by default) [string]
- \$type ... optional container type [published, work, version]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- XML content of container / false on error

7.1.82 savecontainer

Description

Saves data into existing content container by default. Only if \$init is set to true it will initially save a non existing container.

Syntax

savecontainer (\$container, \$type="work", \$data, \$user, \$init=false)

Input parameters

- \$container ... container file name or container id (working container will be loaded by default) [string]
- \$type ... container type [published, work, version] (optional)
- \$data ... container content [XML]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$init ... save container initially [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.83 checkworkflow

Description

Help function for function buildview to evaluate the workflow of an object and return the manipulated view store, view name, workflow ID, workflow role and the encrypted workflow token.

Workflow roles:

- 0 ... user is not a member of workflow (no permissions)
- 1 ... read
- 2 ... read + edit
- 3 ... read + publish
- 4 ... read + edit + publish
- 5 ... no workflow (users permissions apply)

Syntax

checkworkflow (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$cat="", \$contentfile="", \$contentdata="", \$buildview="cmsview", \$viewstore="", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp] (optional)
- \$contentfile ... container name [string] (optional)
- \$contentdata ... container [XML string] (optional)
- \$buildview ... view name [string] (optional)
- \$viewstore ... view store [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array

7.1.84 inherit_db_load

Description

This function loads and locks the inheritance database.

Each record of the inherit management database has the following design:

xml-content container : | absolute path to 1-n objects : | 1-m inherits used by 1-n objects

Important: The inherit management database needs to be saved or closed after loading it

Syntax

inherit_db_load (\$user)

Input parameters

- \$user ... %

global input parameters

- \$siteaccess
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- inheritance database [2 dim. array]/false

7.1.85 inherit_db_read

Description

This function loads the inheritance database for reading

Syntax

inherit_db_read ()

Input parameters**global input parameters**

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- inheritance database [2 dim. array]/false

7.1.86 inherit_db_close

Description

Closes and unlocks the inheritance management database

Syntax

inherit_db_close (\$user)

Input parameters

- \$user ... %

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.87 inherit_db_save

Description

This function saves und unlocks the inheritance management database

Syntax

inherit_db_save (\$inherit_db, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$inherit_db ... inherit database [array]
- \$user

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.88 inherit_db_getparent

Syntax

inherit_db_getparent (\$inherit_db, \$child)

Input parameters

- \$inherit_db ... inherit database [2 dim. array]
- \$child ... child [string]

Output

- all parents of given child [1 dim. array] / false

7.1.89 inherit_db_getchild

Syntax

inherit_db_getchild (\$inherit_db, \$parent)

Input parameters

- \$inherit_db ... parent [string]
- \$parent

Output

- all childs of given parent [1 dim. array] / false

7.1.90 inherit_db_setparent

Description

This function updates and insert all references from a child an its parents

Syntax

inherit_db_setparent (\$inherit_db, \$child, \$parent_array)

Input parameters

- \$inherit_db ... inherit database [2 dim. array]
- \$child ... child [string]
- \$parent_array ... parents [array]

Output

- inherit database [2 dim. array]

7.1.91 inherit_db_insertparent

Syntax

inherit_db_insertparent (\$inherit_db, \$parent, \$child_array)

Input parameters

- \$inherit_db ... inherit database [2 dim. array]
- \$parent ... parent [string]
- \$child_array ... childs [array]

Output

- inherit database [2 dim. array]

7.1.92 inherit_db_deleteparent

Syntax

inherit_db_deleteparent (\$inherit_db, \$parent)

Input parameters

- \$inherit_db ... inherit database [2 dim. array]
- \$parent ... parent [string]

Output

- inherit database [2 dim. array]

7.1.93 createinstance

Description

This function creates a new instance with all its files and the MySQL database

Syntax

createinstance (\$instance_name, \$settings, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$instance_name ... instance name [string]
- \$settings ... settings array [array]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.94 editinstance

Description

This function saves the instance configuration in the config file

Syntax

editinstance (\$instance_name, \$content, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$instance_name ... instance name [string]
- \$content ... content [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.95 deleteinstance

Description

This function creates a new instance with all its files and the MySQL database

Syntax

deleteinstance (\$instance_name, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$instance_name ... instance name [string]
- \$user ... settings [array]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.96 createpublication

Description

This function creates a new publication with all its files

Syntax

createpublication (\$site_name, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site_name ... publication name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$siteaccess
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.97 editpublication

Description

This function saves all settings of a publication. It is a good advice to load the settings of a publication and manipulate the values in order to provide all settings as input.

Settings (keys for settings array):

inherit_comp ... inherit components [boolean]

inherit_tpl ... inherit templates [boolean]

youtube_token ... Youtube token [string]

registration ... enable registration of new users [boolean]

registration_group ... assign new users to the group [string]

registration_notify ... notify the users whenever a new user registered [string]

site_admin0 ... enable publication management [true]

url_path_page ... URL to page root on management server [string]

abs_path_page absolute path to page root on management server [string]

exclude_folders ... exlude folders from the system [string]

allow_ip ... only enable access for the provided IP addresses [string]

webdav ... enable WebDAV access [boolean]

webdav_dl ... enable download links for WebDAV [boolean]

webdav_al ... enable access links for WebDAV [boolean]

default_codepage ... deafulst charcter set of the publication [string]

sendmail ... enable send mail [boolean]

mailserver ... mailserver name [string]

portalaccesslink ... enable portal access via public link [boolean]

accesslinkuser ... user to be used for access links [string]

watermark_image ... watermark settings for images (-wm /home/hypercms/public_html/logo_watermark.png->topleft->10) [string]

watermark_video ... watermark settings for videos (-wm

/home/hypercms/public_html/logo_watermark.png->topleft->10) [string]
 sharesociallink ... enable social media link sharing [boolean]
 youtube ... enable Youtube upload [boolean]
 theme ... standard design theme of the publication [string]
 translate ... languages that can be used for automated translation (en, fr, de) [string]
 ocr ... languages that can be used for OCR (en, de, ...) [string]
 crypt_content ... encrypt content [boolean]
 connector_rest ... Enable RESTful API [boolean]
 connector_soap ... enable SOAP API [boolean]
 storage_limit ... storage limit in MB [integer]
 gs_access_json ... Google Cloud service JSON access code [string]
 gs_analyze_image ... Enable automated image tagging [boolean]
 gs_analyze_video ... Enable automated video tagging [boolean]
 gs_speech2text ... Enable automated speech to text translation for video and audio files [boolean]
 gs_speech2text_langcode ... language code to be used for Google Speech2Text Cloud service (en-US) [string]
 url_publ_page ... URL to page root on publication server [string]
 abs_publ_page ... absolute path to page root on publication server [string]
 url_publ_rep ... URL to repository root on publication server [string]
 abs_publ_rep ... absolute path to repository root on publication server [string]
 abs_publ_app ... absolute path to application root on publication server [string]
 publ_os ... operating system used (UNIX or WIN) [string]
 remoteclient ... URL to remote client on remote webserver [string]
 ldap_servers ... The domain controllers option is an array of servers located on your network that serve Active Directory [string]
 ldap_base_dn ... The base distinguished name is the base distinguished name you'd like to perform operations on. An example base DN would be `DC=corp, DC=acme, DC=org`. [string]
 ldap_userdomain ... The user domain is the suffix of your user accounts in AD [string]
 ldap_version ... LDAP protocol version [2, 3]
 ldap_port ... The port option is used for authenticating and binding to your AD/LDAP server. The default ports are already used for non SSL and SSL connections (389 and 636). Only insert a port if your AD server uses a unique port. [integer]
 ldap_follow_referrals ... The follow referrals option is a boolean to tell active directory to follow a referral to another server on your network if the server queried knows the information you are asking for exists, but does not yet contain a copy of it locally. This option is defaulted to false. [boolean]
 ldap_use_ssl ... If you need to be able to change user passwords on your server, then an SSL or TLS connection is required [boolean]
 ldap_use_tls ... If you need to be able to change user passwords on your server, then an SSL or TLS connection is required [boolean]
 ldap_sync ... Synchronize LDAP users with system user (create and edit user)
 ldap_delete_user ... Delete user that do not exist in LDAP
 ldap_user_filter ... Define the user filter for the search in LDAP/AD
 ldap_user_attributes ... Define the user attributes you want so sync with LDAP/AD
 ldap_sync_groups_mapping ... Mapping based on a search string that defines the users group membership like "OU=MANAGER GROUP"=>"ChiefEditor" [array]

Syntax

editpublication (\$site_name, \$setting, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site_name ... publication name [string]
- \$setting ... publication settings with setting name as key and parameter as value [array]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.98 editpublicationsetting

Description

This function can be used to edit a single setting of a publication

Syntax

editpublicationsetting (\$site_name, \$setting, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site_name ... publication name [string]
- \$setting ... publication settings with setting name as key and setting parameter as value (see publication config file for details) [array]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.99 deletepublication

Description

This function deletes a publication with all its files

Syntax

deletepublication (\$site_name, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site_name ... publication name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$eventsystem
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.100 createpersonalization

Description

This function creates a new customer personalization tracking or profile

Syntax

createpersonalization (\$site, \$pers_name, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$pers_name ... personalization profile or tracking name [string]
- \$cat ... category [profile, tracking]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.101 deletepersonalization

Description

This function deletes a customer personalization tracking or profile

Syntax

deletepersonalization (\$site, \$pers_name, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$pers_name ... personalization profile or tracking name [string]
- \$cat ... category [profile, tracking]

global input parameters

- \$user

- \$eventssystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.102 loadtemplate

Description

This function loads templates by given name.

Based on the inheritance settings of the publication the template will be loaded with highest priority from the own publication and if not available from a parent publication. If the parent publications have double entries the sort mechanism will define the priority. First priority have numbers, second are upper case letters and last priority have lower case letters.

Syntax

loadtemplate (\$site, \$template)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$template ... template file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- array (template content [XML string]
- publication
- result[true/false]) / false on error

7.1.103 createtemplate

Description

This function creates a new template

Syntax

createtemplate (\$site, \$template, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$template ... template name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp, meta, inc]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.104 edittemplate

Description

This function edits a template

Syntax

edittemplate (\$site, \$template, \$cat, \$user, \$content="", \$extension="", \$application="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$template ... template file name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp, meta, inc]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$content ... template content [string] (optional)
- \$extension ... template extension [string] (optional)
- \$application ... template application [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.105 deletetemplate

Description

This function deletes a template

Syntax

deletetemplate (\$site, \$template, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]

- \$template ... template file name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp, meta, inc]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.106 createportal

Description

This function creates a new portal template

Syntax

createportal (\$site, \$template)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$template ... portal template name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.107 editportal

Description

This function edits the settings of a portal.

Syntax

editportal (\$site, \$template, \$portaluser, \$design="day", \$primarycolor="", \$global_files=array(), \$navigation=array(), \$formats="", \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]

- \$template ... template name or file name [string]
- \$portaluser ... portal user name [string]
- \$design ... design theme name [string] (optional)
- \$primarycolor ... primary color as hex code [string] (optional)
- \$global_files ... PHP global FILES variable for file upload/remove [array] (optional)
- \$navigation ... navigation tree names [array] (optional)
- \$formats ... download formats [JSON-string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.108 deleteportal

Description

This function deletes a portal

Syntax

deleteportal (\$site, \$template)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$template ... template file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.109 createuser

Description

This function creates a new user. Use *Null* for publication name to remove access to all publications.

Syntax

`createuser ($site="", $login, $password, $confirm_password, $user="sys")`

Input parameters

- `$site` ... publication name [string] (optional)
- `$login` ... user login name [string]
- `$password` ... password [string]
- `$confirm_password` ... confirmed password [string]
- `$user` ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- `$eventsystem`
- `$mgmt_config`
- `$mgmt_lang_shortcut_default`
- `$hcms_lang`
- `$lang`

Output

- result array

7.1.110 edituser

Description

This function edits a user. Use `*Leave*` as input if a value should not be changed. Use `*Null*` for publication name to remove access to all publications. Use `*Null*` for user group to remove user from all user groups of the publication.

Syntax

```
edituser ($site="", $login, $old_password="", $password="", $confirm_password="",  
$superadmin="0", $realname="*Leave*", $language="en", $timezone="*Leave*",  
$theme="*Leave*", $email="*Leave*", $phone="*Leave*", $signature="*Leave*",  
$usergroup="*Leave*", $usersite="*Leave*", $validdatefrom="*Leave*",  
$validdateto="*Leave*", $user="sys")
```

Input parameters

- `$site` ... publication name [string]
- `$login` ... user login name [string]
- `$old_password` ... new login name [string] (optional)
- `$password` ... password [string] (optional)
- `$confirm_password` ... confirmed password [string] (optional)
- `$superadmin` ... super administrator [0, 1] (optional)
- `$realname` ... real name [string] (optional)
- `$language` ... language setting [en, de, ...] (optional)
- `$timezone` ... time zone [string] (optional)
- `$theme` ... theme name (optional)
- `$email` ... email [string] (optional)
- `$phone` ... phone [string] (optional)
- `$signature` ... signature [string] (optional)
- `$usergroup` ... member of usergroup string [group1|group2] or usergroup array [array] (optional)
- `$usersite` ... member of publications string [site1|site2] or publications array [array] (optional)

- \$validdatefrom ... valid date from [date] (optional)
- \$validdateto ... valid date to [date] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$login_cat
- \$group
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.111 deleteuser

Description

This function removes a user

Syntax

deleteuser (\$site, \$login, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication where the user should be removed [*Null*] for all publications [string]
- \$login ... login name of the account that will be removed [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.112 creategroup

Description

This function creates a new user group

Syntax

creategroup (\$site, \$groupname, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$groupname ... group name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.113 editgroup

Description

This function edits the settings of a user group.
The following permissions can be used:

desktopglobal
desktopsetting
desktoptaskmgmt
desktopcheckedout
desktoptimetravel
userglobal
usercreate
userdelete
useredit
groupglobal
groupcreate
groupdelete
groupedit
siteglobal
sitecreate
sitedelete
siteedit
persglobal
perstrack
perstrackcreate
perstrackdelete
perstrackedit
persprof
persprofcreate
persprofdelete
persprofedit
workflowglobal
workflowproc
workflowproccreate
workflowprocdelete
workflowprocedit
workflowprocfolder
workflowscrip
workflowscripcreate
workflowscripdelete
workflowscripedit

templateglobal
tpl
tplcreate
tpldelete
tpledit
tplmedia
tplmediacatcreate
tplmediacatdelete
tplmediacatrename
tplmediaupload
tplmediadelete
componentglobal
compupload
compdownload
compsendlink
compfoldercreate
compfolderdelete
compfolderrename
compcreate
compdelete
comprename
compublish
pageglobal
pagesendlink
pagefoldercreate
pagefolderdelete
pagefolderrename
pagecreate
pagedelete
pagerename
pagepublish

The value of each parameter can be 1 for granted permission or 0 for no permission.
If you need further explanation about the permissions, please have a look at the Administrators Guide.

Syntax

editgroup (\$site, \$groupname, \$pageaccess, \$compaccess, \$permission, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$groupname ... group name [string]
- \$pageaccess ... page folder access array [array]
- \$compaccess ... component folder access array [array]
- \$permission ... permissions with permission name as key and value of 1 or 0 [array]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.114 deletegroup

Description

This function removes a user group

Syntax

deletegroup (\$site, \$groupname, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$groupname ... group name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.115 renamegroupfolder

Description

This function renames a workgroup folder

Syntax

renamegroupfolder (\$site, \$cat, \$folder_curr, \$folder_new, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$folder_curr ... old location [string]
- \$folder_new ... new location [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.116 deletegroupfolder

Description

This function removes a group folder.

Syntax

deletegroupfolder (\$site, \$cat, \$folderpath, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$folderpath ... path to the folder [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.117 renameworkflowfolder

Description

This function renames a workgroup folder

Syntax

renameworkflowfolder (\$site, \$cat, \$folder_curr, \$folder_new, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$folder_curr ... old location [string]
- \$folder_new ... new location [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.118 deleteworkflowfolder

Description

This function removes a workgroup folder

Syntax

deleteworkflowfolder (\$site, \$cat, \$folderpath, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$folderpath ... location of folder [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.119 createmediacat

Description

Creates a new media category in the template media index file. Only used for template media.

Syntax

createmediacat (\$site, \$mediacat_name)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediacat_name ... media category name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- Array with onload JS-code and message

7.1.120 renamemediacat

Description

Renames a new media category in the template media index file

Syntax

renamemediacat (\$site, \$mediacat_name_curr, \$mediacat_name)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediacat_name_curr ... old media category name [string]
- \$mediacat_name ... new media category name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- Array with onload JS-code and message

7.1.121 deletemediacat

Description

Deletes a new media category in the template media index file

Syntax

deletemediacat (\$site, \$mediacat_name)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediacat_name ... media category name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- Array with onload JS-code and message

7.1.122 uploadtomediacat

Description

Uploads a media file into a given template media category

Syntax

uploadtomediacat (\$site, \$mediacat_name, \$global_files)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediacat_name ... media category name [string]
- \$global_files ... PHP global FILES variable [array]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- Array with onload JS-code and message

7.1.123 deletefrommediacat

Description

Deletes a media file from the template media category index

Syntax

deletefrommediacat (\$site, \$mediafile)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediafile ... media file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- Array with onload JS-code and message

7.1.124 createfolder

Description

This function creates a new folder. The folder name must not match any temp file pattern.

Syntax

createfolder (\$site, \$location, \$folder, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$folder ... folder name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.125 createfolders

Description

This function creates all folders recursively

Syntax

createfolders (\$site, \$location, \$folder, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$folder ... folder name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder

- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.126 collectfolders

Description

Help function to create the collection of folders

Syntax

collectfolders (\$site, \$location, \$folder)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$folder ... folder name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array / false

7.1.127 copyfolders

Description

This function copies/creates all folders of the source location using mkdir (only directories will be created!). Used by pasteobject function.

Syntax

copyfolders (\$site, \$location, \$locationnew, \$folder, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location (source) [string]
- \$locationnew ... new location (destination) [string]
- \$folder ... folder name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array equal to createfolder

7.1.128 deletefolder

Description

This function removes a folder. The folder must be empty in order to be removed from the system.

Syntax

deletefolder (\$site, \$location, \$folder, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$folder ... folder name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.129 renamefolder

Description

This function renames a folder

Syntax

renamefolder (\$site, \$location, \$folder, \$foldernew, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$folder ... folder name [string]
- \$foldernew ... new folder name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.130 correctcontainername

Description

This function adds zeros to the container ID to create the correct file name of the content container.

Syntax

correctcontainername (\$container_id)

Input parameters

- \$container_id ... container ID [string]

Output

- corrected name / false on error

7.1.131 createobject

Description

This function creates a new page or component.

Syntax

createobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$template, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name without file extension [string]
- \$template ... template name [string]

- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.132 uploadfile

Description

This function manages all file uploads, like unzip files, zip a collection of files, create media objects and resize images.

The container name will be extracted from the media file name for updating an existing multimedia file.

Syntax

uploadfile (\$site, \$location, \$cat, \$global_files, \$page="", \$unzip="", \$createthumbnail=0, \$imageresize="", \$imagepercentage="", \$user="sys", \$checkduplicates=true, \$versioning=false, \$zipfilename="", \$zipfilecount=0)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... destination location [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$global_files ... uploaded file (array as defined by PHP autoglobale \$_FILES) [array]
- \$page ... unzip/zip [%, unzip, zip]
- \$unzip ... object name (only for media file update of existing object) [string]
- \$createthumbnail ... create only a new thumbnail from the media file [1, 0] (optional)
- \$imageresize ... resize image [percentage, null] (optional)
- \$imagepercentage ... image resize percentage value [integer] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$checkduplicates ... check for duplicates [boolean] (optional)
- \$versioning ... versioning of file [boolean] (optional)
- \$zipfilename ... name of zip file [string] (optional)
- \$zipfilecount ... number of files to be compressed [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_uncompress
- \$mgmt_compress
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview

- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$mgmt_parser
- \$eventsystem
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$localpermission
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.133 createmediaobject

Description

This function creates an asset (multimedia object) by reading a given source file. The file name must not match any temp file pattern.

The metadata template is based on the template of the folder the objects resides in.

Syntax

createmediaobject (\$site, \$location, \$file, \$path_source_file, \$user, \$imagepercentage=0, \$leavefile=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... destination location [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]
- \$path_source_file ... path to source multimedia file (uploaded file in temp directory) [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$imagepercentage ... resize original image (100%) by percentage [integer] (optional)
- \$leavefile ... leave file in the directory and create a symbolic link to the file [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$mgmt_mediametadata
- \$mgmt_parser
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_uncompress
- \$hcms_ext
- \$eventsystem
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess

- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.134 createmediobjects

Description

This function creates media objects by reading all media files from a given source location (used after unzipfile).

The file name must not match any temp file pattern.

Syntax

createmediobjects (\$site, \$location_source, \$location_destination, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_source ... source location [string]
- \$location_destination ... destination location [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$eventsystem
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array with all objects created / false

7.1.135 editmediaobject

Description

This function mainly uses function createmedia to render the objects media, but at the same time takes care of versioning and the object name, if the file extension has been changed

Syntax

editmediaobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$format="jpg", \$type="thumbnail", \$mediadata="", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$format ... format (file extension w/o dot) [string] (optional)
- \$type ... type of image/video/audio file [thumbnail, origthumb(thumbnail made from original video/audio), original, any other string present in \$mgmt_imageoptions] (optional)
- \$mediadata ... base64 encoded media data as alternative to server-side conversion using createmedia [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$wf_token
- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$mgmt_mediadata
- \$hcms_ext
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array / false on error (saves original or thumbnail media file of an object)
- for thumbnail only jpeg format is supported as output)
- user name

7.1.136 manipulateobject

Description

This function removes, unpublishes, renames and pastes objects and is used by other functions which works as a shell for this function

Syntax

manipulateobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$pagenew, \$user, \$action, \$clipboard_array=array())

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$pagenew ... new object name (exkl. extension except for action "file_rename") [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$action ... action [page_delete
- \$clipboard_array ... page_rename

global input parameters

- \$wf_token
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_docoptions
- \$hcms_ext
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$cat
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- array

7.1.137 deletemarkobject

Description

This function marks a page, asset, or component as deleted.

Syntax

deletemarkobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$wf_token
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.138 deleteunmarkobject

Description

This function unmarks a page, asset, or component as deleted.

Syntax

deleteunmarkobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$wf_token
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.139 deleteobject

Description

This function removes a page, asset, or component by calling the function manipulateobject.

Syntax

deleteobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.140 renameobject

Description

This function renames a page, component or asset and calls the function manipulateobject

Syntax

renameobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$pagenew, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$pagenew ... new object name without file extension [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.141 renamefile

Description

This function renames a file (NOT a page, component or asset) and calls the function manipulateobject.

This function renames the file name including the extension and not only the name of an object.

The event that will be executed in the event system is the same as for renameobject.

Syntax

renamefile (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$pagenew, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$pagenew ... new object including file extension [string]

- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.142 cutobject

Description

This function cuts a page, component or asset.

Syntax

cutobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user, \$clipboard_add=false, \$clipboard_session=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$clipboard_add ... add to existing clipboard entries [boolean] (optional)
- \$clipboard_session ... save clipboard in session [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.143 copyobject

Description

This function copies a page, component or asset.

Syntax

copyobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user, \$clipboard_add=false, \$clipboard_session=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$clipboard_add ... add to existing clipboard entries [boolean] (optional)
- \$clipboard_session ... save clipboard in session [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.144 copyconnectedobject

Description

This function makes a connected copy of a page, component or asset.

Syntax

copyconnectedobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user, \$clipboard_add=false, \$clipboard_session=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$clipboard_add ... add to existing clipboard entries [boolean] (optional)
- \$clipboard_session ... save clipboard in session [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.145 pasteobject

Description

This function pastes an object by calling and calls the function manipulateobject

Syntax

pasteobject (\$site, \$location, \$user, \$clipboard_array=array())

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$clipboard_array ... clipboard entries [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.146 lockobject

Description

This function locks an object for a specific user

Syntax

lockobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.147 unlockobject

Description

This function unlocks an object of a specific user

Syntax

unlockobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- array

7.1.148 publishobject

Description

This function publishes a page, component or asset

Syntax

publishobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name (full name incl. extension) [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$ctrlreload

- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.149 publishlinkedobject

Description

This function publishes all linked objects of a given object. All objects with component links (references) to the given object will be published. This function is only used by publishobject.

Syntax

publishlinkedobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$ctrlreload
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- array

7.1.150 unpublishobject

Description

This function unpublishes a page, component, or asset and calls the function manipulateobject

Syntax

unpublishobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]

- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$ctrlreload
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.151 processobjects

Description

Publish, unpublish or delete all objects recursively, and send mails stored in the queue. This function is used by the job 'minutely' to process all objects of the queue.

In order to process all objects recursively a folder name need to be provided and not the .folder file.

This function should not be used for the graphical user interface since it does not provide feedback about the process state!

Syntax

processobjects (\$action, \$site, \$location, \$file, \$published_only=false, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$action ... action [publish, unpublish, delete]
- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$file ... object name or mail ID [string]
- \$published_only ... only published objects [boolean]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.152 collectobjects

Description

Help function used to create a list of all objects inside the provided location.

Syntax

collectobjects (\$root_id, \$site, \$cat, \$location, \$published_only=false)

Input parameters

- \$root_id ... root ID [string]
- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$published_only ... collect only published objects [boolean]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array / false

7.1.153 manipulateallobjects

Description

This function is used to perform actions on multiple objects and is mainly used by popup_status.php.

This function should only be used in connection with the GUI of the system.

Syntax

manipulateallobjects (\$action, \$objectpath_array, \$method="", \$force="start", \$published_only=false, \$user, \$tempfile="", \$maxitems=10)

Input parameters

- \$action ... action [publish
- \$objectpath_array ... unpublish
- \$method ... deletemark
- \$force ... deleteunmark/restore
- \$published_only ... emptypin
- \$user ... delete
- \$tempfile ... paste]

- \$maxitems ... objectpath [array]

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$cat
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.1.154 createqueueentry

Description

Creates a new item in the queue

Syntax

createqueueentry (\$action, \$object, \$date, \$published_only, \$data="", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$action ... action [publish, unpublish, delete, mail]
- \$object ... object path [string] or object ID [integer]
- \$date ... date and time [YYY-MM-DD HH:MM]
- \$published_only ... publish only published objects [boolean]
- \$data ... data to be saved in queue [array] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.155 savemessage

Description

Saves the data of a sent e-mail message.

Syntax

savemessage (\$data, \$type="mail", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$data ... data to be saved in queue [array]
- \$type ... message type [mail, chat] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.156 remoteclient

Description

Sends data to remote client via http post

Syntax

remoteclient (\$action, \$root, \$site, \$location, \$locationnew, \$page, \$pagenew)

Input parameters

- \$action ... action [save, copy, delete, rename, get]
- \$root ... root [abs_path_link, abs_path_media, abs_path_comp, abs_path_page, abs_path_rep]
- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$locationnew ... new location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$pagenew ... new object name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- http answer [string] or false

7.1.157 HTTP_Post

Description

Sends data via http post and returns response

Syntax

HTTP_Post (\$URL, \$data, \$contenttype="application/x-www-form-urlencoded", \$charset="UTF-8", \$referrer="")

Input parameters

- \$URL ... URL [string]
- \$data ... data (raw data) [array]
- \$contenttype ... content-type [application/x-www-form-urlencoded, multipart/form-data]
- \$charset ... character set [string]
- \$referrer

Output

- http response [string] / false on error

7.1.158 HTTP_Get

Description

Sends data via http get and returns response

Syntax

HTTP_Get (\$URL, \$data="", \$contenttype="application/x-www-form-urlencoded", \$charset="UTF-8")

Input parameters

- \$URL ... URL [string]
- \$data ... data (raw data) [array] (optional)
- \$contenttype ... content-type [string excl. charset] (optional)
- \$charset ... character set [string] (optional)

Output

- http response [string] / false on error

7.1.159 HTTP_Proxy

Description

Sends all global POST/GET and FILES data via http post and returns response

Syntax

HTTP_Proxy (\$URL, \$enable_file=false)

Input parameters

- \$URL ... URL [string]
- \$enable_file ... enable post of files [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- http response [string] / false on error

7.1.160 loadbalancer

Description

Balances the load by sending all global POST/GET and FILES to one service resource of a given array of service resources.

Don't define and use the same server resources in `$mgmt_config['url_path_service']`, this can lead to an infinite loop.

Syntax

loadbalancer (\$type)

Input parameters

- \$type ... type [renderimage, rendervideo, uploadfile]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- http response [string] / false on error or if disabled

7.1.161 savelog

Description

Adds new entries to log file.

An error entry must be formed like:

date[YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm]|name of script file|error type: "error", "warning" or "information"|unique error code in script file|error message

Syntax

savelog (\$error, \$logfile="event")

Input parameters

- \$error ... error log entries [array]
- \$logfile ... name of log file without extension [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$login
- \$site
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.162 loadlog

Description

Loads a log file and returns the data as string or array for all log records.

Syntax

loadlog (\$logfile="event", \$return_type="array")

Input parameters

- \$logfile ... name of log file without extension [string] (optional)
- \$return_type ... return type [string, array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.163 deletelog

Description

Deletes a log file.

Syntax

deletelog (\$logname="")

Input parameters

- \$logname ... log name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.1.164 debuglog

Description

Writes code lines into debug file in data/log/debug.log

Syntax

debuglog (\$code)

Input parameters

- \$code ... code to write to debug file [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false

7.1.165 notifyusers

Description

Notifies all users based on the given event and location

Syntax

notifyusers (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$event, \$user_from)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$event ... event name [oncreate, onedit, onmove, ondelete]
- \$user_from ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.166 sendlicensenotification

Description

Searches for objects with a date in a defined text field that has to be between the defined

date limits and sends a message to the defined users.
This is a helper function for function licensenotification.

Syntax

sendlicensenotification (\$site, \$cat, \$folderpath, \$text_id, \$date_begin, \$date_end, \$user, \$format="%Y-%m-%d")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$folderpath ... folder path [string]
- \$text_id ... text ID for text field [string]
- \$date_begin ... search from date [YYYY-MM-DD]
- \$date_end ... search till date [YYYY-MM-DD]
- \$user ... user name [string or array] (optional)
- \$format ... date format (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.167 licensenotification

Description

This function reads the license notification configuration and looks up all objects with a date in a defined text field
that has to be between the defined date limits and sends a message to the defined users.

Syntax

licensenotification ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.168 sendresetpassword

Description

Send a new password to the users e-mail address.

Syntax

sendresetpassword (\$login, \$link=false, \$instance="")

Input parameters

- \$login ... user name [string]
- \$link ... provide logon link [boolean] (optional)
- \$instance ... instance name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- message as string

7.1.169 html_diff

Description

Paul's Simple Diff Algorithm v 0.1

Function html_diff is a wrapper for the diff command, it takes two strings and returns the differences in HTML. The tags used are <ins> and , which can easily be styled with CSS.

Syntax

html_diff (\$old, \$new)

Input parameters

- \$old ... old text [string]
- \$new ... new text [string]

Output

- result text showing deleted and inserted words/differences / false on error

7.1.170 createfavorite

Syntax

createfavorite (\$site="", \$location="", \$page="", \$id="", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)

- \$location ... location [string] (optional)
- \$page ... object name [string] (optional)
- \$id ... identifier (object ID)
- \$user ... object hash) [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.171 deletefavorite

Syntax

deletefavorite (\$site="", \$location="", \$page="", \$id="", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$location ... location [string] (optional)
- \$page ... object name [string] (optional)
- \$id ... identifier (object ID)
- \$user ... object hash) [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.1.172 rewrite_targetURI

Syntax

rewrite_targetURI (\$site, \$text_id, \$uri, \$exclude_dir_esc="", \$rewrite_type="include")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$text_id ... text ID array (text-ID as key and URL parameters as value) to search for in the database [string]
- \$uri ... requested URI [string]
- \$exclude_dir_esc ... exclude path [array] (optional)
- \$rewrite_type ... rewrite type [none, forward, include] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

- \$publ_config

Output

- HTTP header with target URL as location / false on error

7.1.173 rewrite_homepage

Description

Uses the page root directory of the publication configuration and forwards to the default index page. No page include supported!

Syntax

rewrite_homepage (\$site, \$rewrite_type="forward")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$rewrite_type ... rewrite type [none, forward] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config

Output

- HTTP header with target URL as location / false on error

7.1.174 load_csv

Description

Analyzes the content from the CSV file and detects delimiter and enclosure characters if left empty. On success the data will be returned as array starting with a row index of 1.

Syntax

load_csv (\$file, \$delimiter=";", \$enclosure="", \$charset_from="utf-8", \$charset_to="utf-8")

Input parameters

- \$file ... path to CSV file [string]
- \$delimiter ... delimiter [string] (optional)
- \$enclosure ... enclosure [string] (optional)
- \$charset_from ... character set of the source data [string] (optional)
- \$charset_to ... character set of the output data [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$eventsystem

Output

- array / false on error

7.1.175 create_csv

Description

Creates a CSV file from an associative data array and returns the file as download or writes the file to the file system if a valid path to a directory has been provided.

For support of MS Excel the encoding should be UTF-16LE in older versions or an UTF-8 BOM need to be added for newer versions of Excel.

Syntax

`create_csv ($assoc_array, $filename="export.csv", $filepath="php://output", $delimiter=";", $enclosure="\"", $charset_from="utf-8", $charset_to="utf-8", $add_bom=false)`

Input parameters

- `$assoc_array` ... associative data with row-id and column name as keys [array]
- `$filename` ... file name [string] (optional)
- `$filepath` ... file path for saving the CSV file [string] (optional)
- `$delimiter` ... delimiter [string] (optional)
- `$enclosure` ... enclosure [string] (optional)
- `$charset_from` ... character set of input data [string] (optional)
- `$charset_to` ... character set of output data [string] (optional)
- `$add_bom` ... add UTF-8 BOM [boolean] (optional)

Output

- true / false on error

7.1.176 sendmessage

Description

Sends a message via e-mail to a user.

Syntax

`sendmessage ($from_user="", $to_user, $title, $message, $object_id="", $site="")`

Input parameters

- `$from_user` ... from user name [string] (optional)
- `$to_user` ... to user name [string]
- `$title` ... title [string]
- `$message` ... message [string]
- `$object_id` ... object ID or object path [string] (optional)
- `$site` ... publication name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- `$mgmt_config`
- `$hcms_lang_codepage`
- `$hcms_lang`
- `$lang`

Output

- true/false

7.1.177 linking_valid

Description

Verifies if a valid access linking exists.

Syntax

linking_valid ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_linking

Output

- true/false

7.1.178 linking_objects

Description

Returns the all objects of an access link as an array.

Syntax

linking_objects (\$return_text_id=array())

Input parameters

- \$return_text_id ... %

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_linking

Output

- result array / false on error

7.1.179 linking_inscope

Description

Verifies if the provided location path is in the scope of the access linking.

Syntax

linking_inscope (\$site="", \$location, \$page="", \$cat="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string] (optional)
- \$cat ... object category [comp, page] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_linking

Output

- true/false

7.1.180 savecontent

Description

Saves the provided content for a specific object. Only the provided content based on its ID will be saved. Existing content with a different ID will not be deleted.

Example of a page content array as content input:

```
array(
array(
"pagetitle"=>"My Page",
"pageauthor"=>"Thomas Tester",
"pagedescription"=>"Just an example"
),
array(
"id"=>"MyText",
"textu"=>"I am a text"
),
array(
"id"=>"MyKeywords",
"textk"=>"apple, car, mobile",
"language"=>"en"
),
array(
"id"=>"MyImage",
"mediaobject"=>"%comp%/myPublication/image.jpg",
"mediaalttext"=>"This is my image",
"mediaalign"=>"top",
"mediawidth"=>"260",
"mediaheight"=>"140",
),
array(
"id"=>"MyLink",
"linkhref"=>"http://www.hypercms.com",
"linktarget"=>"_SELF",
"linktext"=>"hyperCMS Home"
),
array(
"id"=>"MyComponent",
"componentm"=>"%comp%/comp_1.html|%comp%/comp_2.html",
```

```
"condition" => ""  
)  
)
```

Syntax

savecontent (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$content, \$charset="UTF-8", \$user, \$db_connect="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$content ... content array with 1st key as index number and 2nd keys as id or name according to the template tags [array]
- \$charset ... character set [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$db_connect ... DB connectivity file name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$lang
- \$hcms_lang
- \$eventsystem
- \$rootpermission
- \$globalpermission
- \$localpermission
- \$siteaccess
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$adminpermission
- \$hiddenfolder

Output

- true/false

7.2 Get API Functions

7.2.1 getserverload

Syntax

getserverload (\$interval=0)

Input parameters

- \$interval ... intervall for average system load can be 1

Output

- Returns the average system load (the number of processes in the system run queue) over the last minute
- the number of CPU cores
- and the memory usage as array

7.2.2 getConfigvalue

Description

Help function for createinstance

Syntax

getConfigvalue (\$config, \$in_key="")

Input parameters

- \$config ... settings [array]
- \$in_key ... value/substring in array key [string] (optional)

Output

- value of setting

7.2.3 getSession

Syntax

getSession (\$variable, \$default="")

Input parameters

- \$variable ... session variable name [string]
- \$default ... default session value [string] (optional)

Output

- session value

7.2.4 getRequest

Description

Returns the value of a POST, GET or COOKIE request, or a default value if not valid.

Syntax

getRequest (\$variable, \$force_type=false, \$default="")

Input parameters

- \$variable ... request variable name [string]
- \$force_type ... must be of certain type [numeric, array, publicationname, locationname, objectname, url, bool] (optional)
- \$default ... default value [string] (optional)

Output

- request value

7.2.5 getrequest_esc

Description

Returns the escaped value in order to prevent XSS from POST, GET or COOKIE variables. Returns a default value if not valid.

Syntax

getrequest_esc (\$variable, \$force_type=false, \$default="", \$js_protection=false)

Input parameters

- \$variable ... request variable name [string]
- \$force_type ... must be of certain type [numeric, array, publicationname, locationname, objectname] (optional)
- \$default ... default value [string] (optional)
- \$js_protection ... remove characters to avoid JS injection [boolean] (optional)

Output

- request value

7.2.6 getuserip

Description

Retrieves the IP address of the client/user.

Syntax

getuserip ()

Input parameters

Output

- IP address of client / false on error

7.2.7 getobjectlistcells

Syntax

getobjectlistcells (\$viewportwidth, \$is_mobile=0)

Input parameters

- \$viewportwidth ... width of viewport or window in pixels [integer]
- \$is_mobile ... is mobile device [0, 1] (optional)

Output

- number of table cells/rows for the gallery view of object lists

7.2.8 getlanguageoptions

Syntax

getlanguageoptions ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- array with 2-digit language code as key and language name in English as value / false on error

7.2.9 getlanguagefile

Syntax

getlanguagefile (\$lang="en")

Input parameters

- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- language file name

7.2.10 getcodepage

Syntax

getcodepage (\$lang="en")

Input parameters

- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage

Output

- code page (character set)

7.2.11 getcalendarlang

Syntax

getcalendarlang (\$lang="en")

Input parameters

- \$lang ... 2-digits language code [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- supported language code for calendar

7.2.12 getscaytlang

Syntax

getscaytlang (\$lang="en")

Input parameters

- \$lang ... 2-digits language code [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- supported language locale for CKEditor scayt plugin

7.2.13 getescapedtext

Description

Returns the synonyms of a word.

Syntax

getescapedtext (\$text, \$charset="", \$lang="")

Input parameters

- \$text ... word [string]
- \$charset ... 2-digit language code [string] (optional)
- \$lang

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- array holding all synonyms including the provided word / false on error

7.2.14 getsearchhistory

Syntax

getsearchhistory (\$user="")

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- array holding all expressions (in single quotes) of the search history of a user / false on error

7.2.15 gettaxonomy_sublevel

Description

Returns the sorted keywords of a taxonomy level (multilingual support based on taxonomies). The global variable \$taxonomy can be used to pass the taxonomy as array.

Syntax

gettaxonomy_sublevel (\$site, \$lang="en", \$tax_id="0")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)
- \$tax_id ... taxonomy parent ID [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$taxonomy

Output

- array holding all keywords of the next taxonomy level / false on error

7.2.16 gettaxonomy_childs

Description

Returns the keywords based on taxonomy definition and synonyms if expression is a keyword (multilingual support based on taxonomies and synonyms).

The expression can be a taxonomy path in the form of %taxonomy%/site/language-code/taxonomy-ID/taxonomy-child-levels (use "all" for all languages and "0" for all taxonomy-IDs on first level).

The global variable \$taxonomy can be used to pass the taxonomy as array.

Syntax

```
gettaxonomy_childs ($site="", $lang="", $expression, $childlevels=1, $id_only=true, $id_path=false)
```

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$lang ... taxonomy language code [string] (optional)
- \$expression ... taxonomy ID or expression or taxonomy path in the form %taxonomy%/publication-name/language-code/taxonomy-ID/taxonomy-child-levels or 'default'/language-code/taxonomy-ID/taxonomy-child-levels [string]
- \$childlevels ... taxonomy child levels to include [integer] (optional)
- \$id_only ... only return taxonomy IDs without language and keyword information [boolean] (optional)
- \$id_path ... return taxonomy ID path [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$taxonomy

Output

- array holding all taxonomy IDs / false on error

7.2.17 gethierarchy_definition

Description

Reads the metadata/content hierarchy definition and returns a multidimensional array.

Syntax

```
gethierarchy_definition ($site, $selectname="")
```

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$selectname ... hierarchy name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- hierarchy array in form of array[name][level][text-id][language] = label / false on error

7.2.18 gethierarchy_sublevel

Description

Returns sorted values of a metadata/content hierarchy level.

Syntax

gethierarchy_sublevel (\$hierarchy_url)

Input parameters

- \$hierarchy_url ... hierarchy URL in form of %hierarchy%/publication-name/hierarchy-name/hierarchy-level-of-last-element/text-ID-1=value-1/text-ID-2=value-2/text-ID-3 [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$lang

Output

- array holding all hierarchy URLs as key and text content or label as value / false on error

7.2.19 getkeywords

Description

Generates an array holding all keywords and the number as value and keyword ID as key.

Syntax

getkeywords (\$site="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- keywords as array / false on error

7.2.20 getmetakeywords

Description

Generates a keyword list from a plain text. Stop word lists are defined in data/include/stopwords.inc.php

Syntax

getmetakeywords (\$text, \$language="en", \$charset="UTF-8")

Input parameters

- \$text ... text [string]
- \$language ... language to be used for stop word list [de, en, ...] (optional)
- \$charset ... character set [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- keywords as array /false on error

7.2.21 getmetadescription

Description

Generates a description from a text, to be used as meta information.

Syntax

getmetadescription (\$text, \$charset="UTF-8")

Input parameters

- \$text ... text [string]
- \$charset

Output

- cleanded description of provided text /false on error

7.2.22 getgooglesitemap

Description

Generates a google sitemap xml-output

Syntax

getgooglesitemap (\$site, \$dir, \$url, \$getpara=array(), \$permalink=array(),
\$chfreq="weekly", \$prio="", \$ignore=array(), \$filetypes=array('cfm', 'htm', 'html', 'xhtml',
'asp', 'aspx', 'jsp', 'php', 'pdf'), \$show_freq=true, \$show_prio=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$dir ... directory path [string]
- \$url ... URL to directory [string]
- \$getpara ... GET parameters to use for new versions of the URL as array (optional)
- \$permalink ... permanent links text-ID to use for location [array] (optional)
- \$chfreq ... frequency of google scrawler [never, weekly, daily] (optional)
- \$prio ... priority [1 or less] (optional)
- \$ignore ... ignore file names [array] (optional)
- \$filetypes ... allowed file types [array] (optional)
- \$show_freq ... include frequency tag [boolean] (optional)
- \$show_prio ... include priority tag [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config

Output

- xml sitemap / false on error

7.2.23 getgoogleanalytics

Description

Generates a google analytics code segment for embedding.

Syntax

getgoogleanalytics (\$google_analytics_key)

Input parameters

- \$google_analytics_key ... google analytics key publication name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- JS code as string / false on error

7.2.24 getlistelements

Syntax

getlistelements (\$list_sourcefile)

Input parameters

- \$list_sourcefile ... content attribute value of list or keyword tag

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$lang

Output

- string with list/keyword elements sperated by commas / false

7.2.25 getmetadata

Syntax

getmetadata (\$location, \$object, \$container="", \$separator="\r\n", \$template="")

Input parameters

- \$location ... location [string]
- \$object ... object name (both optional if container is given) [string]
- \$container ... container name/ID or container content [string] (optional)
- \$separator ... separator of meta data fields [any string, array] (optional)
- \$template ... publication name/template name to extract label names [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- string with all metadata from given object based on container / false

7.2.26 getmetadata_multiobjects

Description

Extracts all metadata including media information for a provided list of objects. This function is used for the CSV export in the objectlist views and also evaluates the access permissions of the user.

Syntax

getmetadata_multiobjects (\$multiobject_array, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$multiobject_array ... converted path of multiple objects [array]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$siteaccess
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$adminpermission
- \$localpermission

Output

- assoziative array with all text content and meta data / false

7.2.27 getmetadata_container

Description

Extracts container, media, and metadata information of a container.
This function is used for the presentation of metadata for objectlist views.

Syntax

getmetadata_container (\$container_id, \$text_id_array)

Input parameters

- \$container_id ... container ID [string]
- \$text_id_array ... array of text IDs [array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$labels

Output

- assoziative array with all text content and meta data / false

7.2.28 getobjectlist

Description

Get all objects of a location. This is a simplified wrapper for function rdbms_searchcontent.

Syntax

getobjectlist (\$site="", \$location="", \$folderhash="", \$objectlistcols=array())

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$location ... location [string] (optional)
- \$folderhash ... folder hash code [string] (optional)
- \$objectlistcols ... text IDs to be returned e.g. text:Title [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false on error

7.2.29 getobjectcontainer

Description

Loads the content container of a given object (page, component, folder).

Syntax

getobjectcontainer (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user, \$type="work")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$type ... container type [work, published] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Content Container [XML]/false

7.2.30 getcontainer

Description

Obsolete function used as an alias for the loadcontainer function without the possibility to load locked containers

Syntax

getcontainer (\$containerid, \$type)

Input parameters

- \$containerid ... container name or container ID [string]
- \$type ... container type [published, work]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Content Container [XML]/false

7.2.31 getwallpaper

Description

Provides a wallpaper image or video used for the logon and home screen.

Syntax

getwallpaper (\$theme="", \$version="")

Input parameters

- \$theme ... design theme name [string] (optional)
- \$version ... version number for the wallpaper service [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- URL of wallpaper image / false

7.2.32 getcontainername

Syntax

getcontainername (\$container)

Input parameters

- \$container ... container name (e.g. 0000112.xml.wrk) or container ID [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Array with file name of the working content container (locked or unlocked!) and username if locked

7.2.33 getlocationname

Syntax

getlocationname (\$site, \$location, \$cat, \$source="path")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location path (as absolute path or converted path) [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$source ... source for name [path, name]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$lang
- \$hcms_lang_codepage

Output

- location with readable names instead of directory and file names / false on error

7.2.34 getthemes

Description

Returns all design theme names as values and the technical names (path) as key of the result array.

Syntax

getthemes (\$site_array=array())

Input parameters

- \$site_array ... publication name as string or array [string, array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- all design theme names as array / false

7.2.35 getthemelocation

Description

Returns the absolute path (URL) of the theme (css and images).

If the main configuration setting \$mgmt_config['theme'] defines a theme, this theme will be mandatory in case it exists.

Syntax

getthemelocation (\$theme="")

Input parameters

- \$theme ... theme name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- path to theme / false

7.2.36 getcategory

Description

Evaluates the category ['page, comp'] of a location

Syntax

getcategory (\$site="", \$location)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$location ... location path [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config

Output

- category ['page
- comp'] / false on error

7.2.37 getpublication

Description

Extract the publication name of a location path

Syntax

getpublication (\$path)

Input parameters

- \$path ... converted location path [string]

Output

- publication name

7.2.38 getlocation

Description

Extract the location excluding object or folder of a location path

Syntax

getlocation (\$path)

Input parameters

- \$path ... location path [string]

Output

- location (without object or folder)

7.2.39 getobject

Description

Extract the object or folder of a location path

Syntax

getobject (\$path)

Input parameters

- \$path ... location path [string]

Output

- object or folder name

7.2.40 getmediacontainername

Description

Extract the container name from a multimedia file name by using the hcm-ID

Syntax

getmediacontainername (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name [string]

Output

- container name / false on error

7.2.41 getmediafileversion

Description

Extracts the name from the multimedia file by container name or ID in order to get the media file of older content versions.

if the result is false, there is no older media file version.

Syntax

getmediafileversion (\$container)

Input parameters

- \$container ... container name or container ID [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$user

Output

- media file name / false on error

7.2.42 getobjectid

Description

Converts the object path to the object ID of any object

Syntax

getobjectid (\$objectlink)

Input parameters

- \$objectlink ... converted object path or pathes separated by | [string]

Output

- object ID

7.2.43 getobjectpath

Description

Returns the location path of an object as string. This function is an alias for function rdbms_getobject in DB Connect.

Syntax

getobjectpath (\$object_identifier)

Input parameters

- \$object_identifier ... object identifier (object hash OR object ID OR access hash) [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- object path / false

7.2.44 getobjectlink

Description

Converts the object ID to the object path of any object

Syntax

getobjectlink (\$objectid)

Input parameters

- \$objectid ... converted object ID or IDs separated by | [string]

Output

- converted object link

7.2.45 getcontainerversions

Syntax

getcontainerversions (\$container)

Input parameters

- \$container ... container ID or container name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- array of all versions (array[version-extension] = file-name) / false

7.2.46 getlocaltemplates

Description

This function returns a list of all templates of a publication without inherited templates from other publications.

Syntax

getlocaltemplates (\$site, \$cat="all")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$cat ... template category [all, page, comp, meta, inc, portal] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- array with all template names / false

7.2.47 gettemplates

Description

This function returns a list of all templates for pages or components.

Based on the inheritance settings of the publication the template will be loaded with highest priority from the own publication and if not available from a parent publication.

Portal templates are not supported by the template inheritance due to the fact that the portal access link permission is connected to a specific publication.

Syntax

gettemplates (\$site, \$cat="all")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$cat ... object category [all, page, comp, meta] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- template file name list as array / false on error

7.2.48 gettemplateversions

Syntax

gettemplateversions (\$site, \$template)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$template ... template name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- array of all versions (array['YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS'] = file-name) / false

7.2.49 getfileinfo

Description

defines file properties based on the file extension and returns file info as an array:

\$result['file']: file name without hypercms management extension

\$result['name']: readable file name without hypercms management extension

\$result['filename']: file name without file extensions

\$result['icon']: file name of the file icon

\$result['type']: file type

\$result['ext']: file extension incl. dot in lower case

\$result['published']: if page or component is published (true) or not (false), true in all other cases

\$result['deleted']: if file is deleted = true else = false

Syntax

getfileinfo (\$site, \$file, \$cat="comp")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)

- \$file ... file name incl. extension [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- array/false

7.2.50 getobjectinfo

Description

Get all file pointers (container, media, template) and object name from object file and collect info from container version, if provided.

Syntax

getobjectinfo (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$user="sys", \$container_version="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$container_version ... container version [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false on error

7.2.51 getfilesize

Description

This function won't give you a proper result of the file size of multimedia components, if there is no Database installed.

Syntax

getfilesize (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... converted path to file or directory [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array with file size in kB and file count / false on error

7.2.52 getmimetype

Description

Gets the mime-type of the file by its extension.

If file has a version file extension the next file extension will be used.

Syntax

getmimetype (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name incl. extension [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- mime_type

7.2.53 getbase64fileextension

Description

Returns the file extension based on the base64 encoded file content.

Syntax

getbase64fileextension (\$base64)

Input parameters

- \$base64 ... base 64 encoded file content [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- file extension

7.2.54 getfiletype

Syntax

getfiletype (\$file_ext)

Input parameters

- \$file_ext ... file extension or file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- file type to be saved in database based on file extension

7.2.55 getpreviewwidth

Description

Returns the default preview/annotation width in pixel of a document, image, or video

Syntax

getpreviewwidth (\$site, \$filepath, \$width_orig="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$filepath ... path to file or file name [string]
- \$width_orig ... original width [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- result array with width and height / false on error

7.2.56 getimagecolorkey

Description

Extracts the color key for an image that represents the 5 mostly used colors:

K...black
W...white
E...grey
R...red
G...green
B...blue
C...cyan
M...magenta
Y...yellow
O...orange

P...pink
N...brown

Syntax

getimagecolorkey (\$image)

Input parameters

- \$image ... image resource [resource]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- color key of image / false on error

7.2.57 getimagecolors

Description

Uses the thumbnail image to calculate the mean color (red, green, blue), defines the colorkey (5 most commonly used colors) and the image type (landscape, portrait, square)

Syntax

getimagecolors (\$site, \$file)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$file ... media file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$user

Output

- result array / false on error

7.2.58 getbrightness

Syntax

getbrightness (\$color)

Input parameters

- \$color ... hex color code [string]

Output

- Brightness level (dark < 130 and light > 130) / false on error

7.2.59 getmediasize

Syntax

getmediasize (\$filepath)

Input parameters

- \$filepath ... path to media file [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$user

Output

- Array with media width and height / false on error

7.2.60 getimageinfo

Syntax

getimageinfo (\$filepath)

Input parameters

- \$filepath ... path to media file [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$user

Output

- Array with image information like md5 hash
- file type
- file size
- width
- height
- colors / false on error

7.2.61 getpdfinfo

Description

Extracts width and height in pixel of a PDF file based on the MediaBox in the files content or ImageMagick as fallback

Syntax

getpdfinfo (\$filepath, \$box="MediaBox")

Input parameters

- \$filepath ... path to PDF file [string]
- \$box ... box attribute [BleedBox, CropBox, MediaBox] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$user

Output

- result array with MD5 hash
- file type
- file size
- last modified date and time
- width
- height / false on error

7.2.62 getvideoinfo

Description

Extract video metadata from video file.

Syntax

getvideoinfo (\$filepath)

Input parameters

- \$filepath ... path to video file [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$user

Output

- video file information as result array / false on error

7.2.63 getbrowserinfo

Syntax

getbrowserinfo ()

Input parameters

Output

- client browser and version as array / false on error

7.2.64 getcontentlocation

Description

Gets the content location based on the given container id.

The use of various directories is necessary since the number of directories is limited by the filesystem, e.g. Linux ext3 is limited to 32000.

Syntax

getcontentlocation (\$container_id, \$type="abs_path_content")

Input parameters

- \$container_id ... container id [string]
- \$type ... type [url_path_content, abs_path_content]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- location of the container file / false on error

7.2.65 getmedialocation

Description

Gets the media repository location from \$mgmt_config array. The function supports up to 10 media repositories.

Any other rules for splitting the media files on multiple devices can be implemented as well by the function getmedialocation_rule.

If the file resides outside the repository (symbolic link is used in the repository), the full path including the file name can be returned.

Use the prefix .hcms. for the media file name if you want to media location without verification of the media file.

Syntax

getmedialocation (\$site, \$file, \$type, \$resolve_symlink=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$file ... multimedia file name (including hcm-ID) [string]
- \$type ... type [url_path_media, abs_path_media, url_publ_media, abs_publ_media]
- \$resolve_symlink ... resolve symbolik links [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config

Output

- location of the multimedia file / false on error

7.2.66 getlockedfileinfo

Description

Finds the locked file and returns the name and user as array

Syntax

getlockedfileinfo (\$location, \$file)

Input parameters

- \$location ... location to file [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Array holding file name incl. lock extension and user name / false on error

7.2.67 getfavorites

Syntax

getfavorites (\$user, \$output="path", \$return_text_id=array())

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$output ... output format [path, id] (optional)
- \$return_text_id ... text IDs to be returned if output=path [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- object info or object id array of users favorites / false

7.2.68 getclipboard

Syntax

getclipboard (\$output="path", \$return_text_id=array())

Input parameters

- \$output ... output format [path, id] (optional)
- \$return_text_id ... text IDs to be returned if output=path [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- object info or object id array of the users clipboard objects / false

7.2.69 gethomeboxes

Syntax

gethomeboxes (\$site_array=array())

Input parameters

- \$site_array ... pupblication name [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- All home boxes as array with technical name as key and readable name as value / false

7.2.70 getuserboxes

Syntax

getuserboxes (\$user)

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- selected home box of a user as array with technical name as key and readable name as value / false

7.2.71 getuseronline

Syntax

getuseronline (\$sites=array())

Input parameters

- \$sites ... publication names [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$siteaccess

Output

- Array of online user names / false

7.2.72 getchatstate

Syntax

getchatstate (\$register=true)

Input parameters

- \$register ... register stat in session [true/false] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- state of chat / false on error

7.2.73 getimagelib

Syntax

getimagelib ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_imagepreview

Output

- name of image library used [GD
- ImageMagick] / false on error

7.2.74 getfilename

Description

Extracts the file name of the content and template pointer tags of an object file

Syntax

getfilename (\$filedata, \$tagname)

Input parameters

- \$filedata ... file content [string]
- \$tagname ... hyperCMS tag name in page or component [string]

Output

- file name

7.2.75 gethypertag

Description

Finds the hyperCMS tag start and end position and returns an array of the whole tags including all information.

Offset value must be integer value and is used to skip search for hyperCMS tag till offset position of filedata.

Syntax

gethypertag (\$filedata, \$tagname, \$offset=0)

Input parameters

- \$filedata ... file content [string]
- \$tagname ... full/partly hyperCMS tag name (with or without hyperCMS:) [string]
- \$offset ... offset position [integer]

Output

- full hyperCMS tag array [array]/false on error

7.2.76 gethypertagname

Description

Reads the name of the hyperCMS tag

Syntax

gethypertagname (\$tagdata)

Input parameters

- \$tagdata ... full hyperCMS tag [string]

Output

- full hyperCMS tag name/false on error

7.2.77 gethtmltag

Description

Finds the first html tag start and end position of a nested hyperCMS tag and returns the whole tag including all information.

Works also if other script tags are nested in the HTML-tag.

This function is not case sensitive!

Syntax

gethtmltag (\$filedata, \$tag)

Input parameters

- \$filedata ... file content [string]
- \$tag ... full hyperCMS tag (or other identifier) [string]

Output

- full html tag/false on error

7.2.78 gethtmltags

Description

Finds the nearest html tag start and end position of a nested hyperCMS tag and returns the whole tag including all information.

This functions works also for html-tag pairs like <a href>, <div></div> and so on.

Syntax

gethtmltags (\$filedata, \$tag)

Input parameters

- \$filedata ... file content [string]
- \$tag ... full hyperCMS tag or other identifier in html tag [string]

Output

- string from html tag start to end tag/false on error

7.2.79 getattribute

Description

Get the value of a certain attribute out of a string (...attributname=value....)

Syntax

getattribute (\$string, \$attribute, \$secure=true)

Input parameters

- \$string ... string including attributes [string]
- \$attribute ... attribute name [string]
- \$secure ... secure attribute value reg. XSS [boolean] (optional)

Output

- attribute value/false on error

7.2.80 getoption

Description

Get the value of a certain option out of a string (-c:v value -ar 44100)

Syntax

getoption (\$string, \$option)

Input parameters

- \$string ... string including options [string]
- \$option ... option name [string]

Output

- option value / false on error

7.2.81 getcharset

Description

Extract the content-type definition and the character set from the template (1st priority), content container (2nd priority) or publication settings (3rd priority)

Syntax

getcharset (\$site, \$data)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$data ... data from template or content container [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- array with content-type and charset / false on error

7.2.82 getartid

Description

Extract the article ID from the tag ID

Syntax

getartid (\$id)

Input parameters

- \$id ... string including id [string]

Output

- article id/false on error

7.2.83 getelementid

Description

Extract the element ID from the tag ID

Syntax

getelementid (\$id)

Input parameters

- \$id ... string including id [string]

Output

- element id/false on error

7.2.84 getfirstkey

Syntax

getfirstkey (\$array)

Input parameters

- \$array ... array [array]

Output

- array key of first element in array if \$value is not empty / false on error

7.2.85 getdirectoryfiles

Syntax

getdirectoryfiles (\$dir, \$pattern="")

Input parameters

- \$dir ... path to directory [string]
- \$pattern ... pattern as string [string] (optional)

Output

- sorted array of all files matching the pattern / false on error

7.2.86 getuserinformation

Description

This function creates an associative array with user information, e.g. for a user select box.

Syntax

getuserinformation (\$login="")

Input parameters

- \$login ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$user

Output

- associative array with basic user information [publication->username->attribute] / false

7.2.87 getworkflowitem

Syntax

getworkflowitem (\$site, \$workflow_file, \$workflow, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$workflow_file ... location [string]
- \$workflow ... object name [string]
- \$user ... workflow file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- workflow item [XML-string]

7.3 Set API Functions

7.3.1 setsession

Syntax

setsession (\$variable, \$content="", \$write=false)

Input parameters

- \$variable ... temporary hyperCMS variable name [string or array]
- \$content ... value [string or array] (optional)
- \$write ... write session data for load balancer [boolean] (optional)

Output

- true / false on error

7.3.2 settemplate

Description

This function sets the template for a single folder/object or all objects in a folder.

Syntax

settemplate (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$template, \$recursive=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$object ... object [string]
- \$template ... template name [string]
- \$recursive ... recursive [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true/false

7.3.3 settaxonomy

Description

Analyzes the content regarding all taxonomy keywords, saves results in database and returns an array (multilingual support based on taxonomies).

Syntax

settaxonomy (\$site, \$container_id, \$langcode="", \$taxonomy="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$container_id ... container ID [string]
- \$langcode ... 2-digit language code [string]][array] (optional)
- \$taxonomy ... taxonomy definition [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false on error

7.3.4 setarticle

Description

Set article content in container. The content container will be returned and not saved.

Syntax

setarticle (\$site, \$contentdata, \$contentfile, \$arttitle=array(), \$artstatus=array(), \$artdatefrom=array(), \$artdateto=array(), \$artuser=array(), \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$contentdata ... container (XML) [string]
- \$contentfile ... container name [string]
- \$arttitle ... article title [array]
- \$artstatus ... article status [array]
- \$artdatefrom ... article beginn date [array] (optional)
- \$artdateto ... article end date [array] (optional)
- \$artuser ... article user name [array or string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- updated content container (XML)
- false on error

7.3.5 settext

Description

Set text content in container and database. The content container will be returned and not saved.

Syntax

settext (\$site, \$contentdata, \$contentfile, \$text=array(), \$type=array(), \$art="no", \$textuser=array(), \$user="sys", \$charset="", \$addmicrotime=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$contentdata ... container (XML) [string]
- \$contentfile ... container name [string]
- \$text ... text with tag Id as key and text as value [array]
- \$type ... text type [array or string] [u, f, l, c, d, k, s]

- \$art ... article [array or string] [yes, no] (optional)
- \$textuser ... text user [array or string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$charset ... character set of text content [string] (optional)
- \$addmicrotime ... add microtime to ID used for comments [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config

Output

- updated content container (XML)
- false on error

7.3.6 setmedia

Description

Set media content in container and database. The content container will be returned and not saved.

Syntax

setmedia (\$site, \$contentdata, \$contentfile, \$mediafile=array(), \$mediaobject=array(), \$mediaalttext=array(), \$mediaalign=array(), \$mediawidth=array(), \$mediaheight=array(), \$art="no", \$mediauser="", \$user="sys", \$charset="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$contentdata ... container (XML) [string]
- \$contentfile ... container name [string]
- \$mediafile ... media files with tag ID as key and reference as value [array] (optional)
- \$mediaobject ... new media object references with tag ID as key and reference as value [array]
- \$mediaalttext ... media alternative text [array] (optional)
- \$mediaalign ... media alignment [array] (optional)
- \$mediawidth ... media width [array] (optional)
- \$mediaheight ... media height [array] (optional)
- \$art ... article [array or string] [yes, no] (optional)
- \$mediauser ... content user [array or string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$charset ... character set of text content [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- updated content container (XML)
- false on error

7.3.7 setpagelink

Description

Set link content in container and database. The content container will be returned and not saved.

Syntax

```
setpagelink ($site, $contentdata, $contentfile, $linkhref=array(), $linktarget=array(),  
$linktext=array(), $art="no", $linkuser=array(), $user="sys", $charset="")
```

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$contentdata ... container (XML) [string]
- \$contentfile ... container name [string]
- \$linkhref ... new link with tag ID as key and link reference as value [array]
- \$linktarget ... link target [array] (optional)
- \$linktext ... link text [array] (optional)
- \$art ... article [array or string] [yes, no] (optional)
- \$linkuser ... content user [array or string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$charset ... character set of text content [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- updated content container (XML)
- false on error

7.3.8 setcomplink

Description

Set component link content in container and database. The content container will be returned and not saved.

Syntax

```
setcomplink ($site, $contentdata, $contentfile, $component=array(), $condition=array(),  
$art="no", $compuser=array(), $user="sys")
```

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$contentdata ... container (XML) [string]
- \$contentfile ... container name [string]
- \$component ... new components with tag ID as key and component reference as value [array]
- \$condition ... conditions [array] (optional)
- \$art ... article [array or string] [yes, no] (optional)
- \$compuser ... content user [array or string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- updated content container (XML)
- false on error

7.3.9 sethead

Description

Only used for content in general head information of container.

Syntax

sethead (\$site, \$contentdata, \$contentfile, \$headcontent=array(), \$user="sys", \$charset="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$contentdata ... container (XML) [string]
- \$contentfile ... container name [string]
- \$headcontent ... head content with tagname as ID and text as value [array]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$charset ... character set of text content [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- updated content container (XML)
- false on error

7.3.10 setrelation

Description

This function sets a relationship between two objects by adding the reference as a multi component link to the specified tag ID of both objects.

Syntax

setrelation (\$site, \$location_1, \$object_1, \$id_1="Related", \$location_2, \$object_2, \$id_2="Related", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_1 ... location path 1 [string]
- \$object_1 ... object name 1 for component link reference 2 [string]
- \$id_1 ... tag/content ID 1 for component reference to object 2 [string] (optional)
- \$location_2 ... location path 2 [string]

- \$object_2 ... object name 2 for component link reference 2 [string]
- \$id_2 ... tag/content ID 2 for component reference to object 1 [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.3.11 setfilename

Description

Sets or creates the file name of the hyperCMS content file, template file, media file or file name pointer

Syntax

setfilename (\$filedata, \$tagname, \$value)

Input parameters

- \$filedata ... file content [string]
- \$tagname ... hyperCMS tag name in page or component [content, template, media, name]
- \$value ... new value [string]

Output

- filedata/false on error

7.3.12 setuserboxes

Syntax

setuserboxes (\$name_array, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$name_array ... home box file names [array or string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.3.13 setguiview

Syntax

setguiview (\$objectview, \$explorerview, \$sidebar, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$objectview ... object view name [formedit, cmsview, inlineview]
- \$explorerview ... explorer view name [detail, small, medium, large]
- \$sidebar ... show sidebar [true=1, false=0]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.4 Connect API Functions

7.4.1 ftp_userlogin

Description

This function connects and performs logon to an FTP server.

Syntax

ftp_userlogin (\$server, \$user, \$passwd, \$ssl=false)

Input parameters

- \$server ... FTP servername or IP [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$passwd ... password [string]
- \$ssl ... SSL [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.4.2 ftp_userlogout

Description

This function disconnects from an FTP server.

Syntax

ftp_userlogout (\$conn_id)

Input parameters

- \$conn_id ... FTP connection [resource]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.4.3 ftp_getfile

Description

This function gets a file from the FTP server.

Syntax

ftp_getfile (\$conn_id, \$remote_file, \$local_file, \$passive=true)

Input parameters

- \$conn_id ... FTP connection [resource]
- \$remote_file ... path to file on FTP server [string]
- \$local_file ... passive mode [boolean] (optional)
- \$passive

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.4.4 ftp_putfile

Description

This function puts a file to the FTP server.

Syntax

ftp_putfile (\$conn_id, \$local_file, \$remote_file, \$passive=true)

Input parameters

- \$conn_id ... FTP connection [resource]
- \$local_file ... path to local file [string]
- \$remote_file ... path to file on FTP server [string]
- \$passive ... passive mode [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.4.5 ftp_deletefile

Description

This function deletes a file from the FTP server.

Syntax

ftp_deletefile (\$conn_id, \$remote_file, \$passive=true)

Input parameters

- \$conn_id ... FTP connection [resource]
- \$remote_file ... path to file on FTP server [string]
- \$passive ... passive mode [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.4.6 ftp_filelist

Description

This function gets a file/directory listing of the FTP server.

Syntax

ftp_filelist (\$conn_id, \$path=".", \$passive=true)

Input parameters

- \$conn_id ... FTP connection [resource]
- \$path ... path to remote directory [string] (optional)
- \$passive ... passive mode [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false on error

7.4.7 createsharelink_facebook

Syntax

createsharelink_facebook (\$site, \$url)

Input parameters

- \$site ... URL to share [string]
- \$url

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Share URL / false on error

7.4.8 createsharelink_twitter

Syntax

createsharelink_twitter (\$site, \$url, \$text)

Input parameters

- \$site ... URL to share [string]
- \$url ... message to share [string]
- \$text

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Share URL / false on error

7.4.9 createsharelink_googleplus

Syntax

createsharelink_googleplus (\$site, \$url)

Input parameters

- \$site ... URL to share [string]
- \$url

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Share URL / false on error

7.4.10 createsharelink_linkedin

Syntax

createsharelink_linkedin (\$site, \$url, \$title, \$summary, \$source)

Input parameters

- \$site ... URL to share [string]
- \$url ... title [string]
- \$title ... summary [string] (optional)
- \$summary ... source [string] (optional)
- \$source

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Share URL / false on error

7.4.11 createsharelink_pinterest

Syntax

createsharelink_pinterest (\$site, \$image_url, \$title, \$description)

Input parameters

- \$site ... image URL to share [string]
- \$image_url ... title [string]
- \$title ... description [string] (optional)
- \$description

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- Share URL / false on error

7.5 Security API Functions

7.5.1 rootpermission

Description

Deserializes the permission string and returns the root permission array

Syntax

rootpermission (\$site_name, \$site_admin, \$permission_str)

Input parameters

- \$site_name ... publication name [string]
- \$site_admin ... publication admin [boolean]
- \$permission_str ... permission string from group [string]

global input parameters

- \$rootpermission
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- global permission array/false

7.5.2 globalpermission

Description

Deserializes the permission string and returns the global permission array

Syntax

globalpermission (\$site_name, \$permission_str)

Input parameters

- \$site_name ... publication name [string]
- \$permission_str ... permission string from group [string]

Output

- global permission array/false

7.5.3 localpermission

Description

Deserializes the permission string and returns the local permission array

Syntax

localpermission (\$site_name, \$permission_str)

Input parameters

- \$site_name ... publication name [string]
- \$permission_str ... permission string from group [string]

Output

- local permission array/false

7.5.4 accessgeneral

Description

Checks general access to certain system folders, publications and returns true if access is granted

Syntax

accessgeneral (\$site, \$location, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location (path to folder) [string]
- \$cat ... object category [page, comp]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$siteaccess

Output

- true/false

7.5.5 accesspermission

Description

Evaluates page and component access permissions and returns group(s). Since version 8.0.0 this function does not evaluate the access based on access links anymore since explorer_objectlist verifies the access linking.

Syntax

accesspermission (\$site, \$location, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... location (path to folder) [string]
- \$location ... object category [page, comp]
- \$cat

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$pageaccess

- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- group with access permissions as array / false on error

7.5.6 setlocalpermission

Description

Sets local permissions of a user group for a specific publication

Syntax

setlocalpermission (\$site, \$group_array, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$group_array ... group name [array]
- \$cat ... object category [page, comp]

global input parameters

- \$localpermission

Output

- local permission array / false on error

7.5.7 checkpublicationpermission

Description

Checks the access to a publication based on the site access and inheritance settings

Syntax

checkpublicationpermission (\$site, \$strict=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$strict ... strictly limited to siteaccess only without inheritance [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$siteaccess

Output

- "direct" for direct access via group permission / "inherited" for access through inheritance / false

7.5.8 checkadminpermission

Description

Checks the super admin permission

Syntax

checkadminpermission ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$adminpermission

Output

- true/false

7.5.9 checkrootpermission

Description

Checks the root permissions

Syntax

checkrootpermission (\$name)

Input parameters

- \$name ... permission name [string]

global input parameters

- \$rootpermission

Output

- true/false

7.5.10 checkglobalpermission

Description

Checks global permission for a publication

Syntax

checkglobalpermission (\$site, \$name)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$name ... permission name [string]

global input parameters

- \$globalpermission

Output

- true/false

7.5.11 checklocalpermission

Description

Checks local permissions of a user group for a specific publication

Syntax

checklocalpermission (\$site, \$group, \$name)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$group ... user group name [string]
- \$name ... permission name [string]

global input parameters

- \$\$localpermission

Output

- true/false

7.5.12 checklanguage

Syntax

checklanguage (\$language_array, \$language_value)

Input parameters

- \$language_array ... language array with all valid values [array]
- \$language_value ... language value of attribute in template tag [string]

Output

- true if language array holds the given language value / false if not found

7.5.13 checkgroupaccess

Description

Verifies if a user has access to the tags content based on the group membership.

Syntax

checkgroupaccess (\$groupaccess, \$usergroup_array)

Input parameters

- \$groupaccess ... group access from template group-tag attribute [string]
- \$usergroup_array ... user group membership names [array]

Output

- true if the current user group has access / false if not

7.5.14 userlogin

Description

Login of a user by his credentials (user and password, or user hash code).

The function reads and provides all permissions of the user and authenticated against other user directories, e.g. LDAP/AD if defined in the main configuration, see \$mgmt_config['authconnect'].

The function provides a result array but does not register the user in the session.

Syntax

```
userlogin ($user="", $passwd="", $hash="", $objref="", $objcode="",  
$ignore_password=false, $locking=true, $portal="")
```

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string] (optional if hash code is used for logon)
- \$passwd ... password [string] (optional if hash code is used for logon)
- \$hash ... hash code of user [string] (optional)
- \$objref ... object reference for hcms linking (object ID) [string] (optional)
- \$objcode ... object code for hcms linking (crypted object ID) [string] (optional)
- \$ignore_password ... ignore passwordcheck needed for WebDAV or access link [boolean] (optional)
- \$locking ... lock IP after 10 failed attempts to login [boolean] (optional)
- \$portal ... portal name in the form of publication.portal or publication/portal [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- realize the permission string and define root
- global and local permissions if (isset (\$permission_str[\$site_name][\$group_name])) {
\$result['rootpermission'] = rootpermission (\$site_name
- \$mgmt_config[\$site_name]['site_admin']
- \$permission_str)

Output

- result array

7.5.15 setportalpermissions

Description

Sets the permissions for a portal user by reducing the standard permissions.

Syntax

setportalpermissions (\$login_result)

Input parameters

- \$login_result ... result from function userlogin [array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false

7.5.16 registerinstance

Description

Registers the instance in the users session.

Syntax

registerinstance (\$instance, \$load_config=true)

Input parameters

- \$instance ... instance name [string]
- \$load_config ... load main config of instance [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true/false

7.5.17 registeruser

Description

Registers all user related paramaters in the session. Access links can be provided with the login result or alternatively as the seperate accesslink parameter.

Syntax

registeruser (\$instance="", \$login_result, \$accesslink=false, \$hcms_objformats=false, \$is_mobile=0, \$is_iphone=0, \$html5support=1)

Input parameters

- \$instance ... instance name [string] (optional)
- \$login_result ... result array of function userlogin [array]
- \$accesslink ... access link [array] (optional)

- \$hcms_objformats ... download formats of access link provided by function rdbms_getaccessinfo [array] (optional)
- \$is_mobile ... mobile browser result of client [0, 1] (optional)
- \$is_iphone ... is iOS browser result of client [0, 1] (optional)
- \$html5support ... HTML5 file support result of client [0, 1] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array / false on error

7.5.18 registerassetbrowser

Syntax

registerassetbrowser (\$userhash, \$objecthash="")

Input parameters

- \$userhash ... user hash [string]
- \$objecthash ... object hash [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true/false

7.5.19 createchecksum

Description

Creates the checksum of the user permissions.

Syntax

createchecksum (\$permissions="")

Input parameters

- \$permissions ... array or empty [array]

Output

- MD5 checksum

7.5.20 writesession

Description

Writes hyperCMS specific session data of a user.

Syntax

writesession (\$user, \$passwd, \$checksum, \$siteaccess=array())

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$passwd ... password [string]
- \$checksum ... checksum [string]
- \$siteaccess ... publicaion access [array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.5.21 writesessiondata

Description

Serializes and writes all session data of a user.

Syntax

writesessiondata ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.5.22 createsession

Description

Checks if session data of a user is available. This function does access session variables directly.

Syntax

createsession ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true

7.5.23 killsession

Description

Destroys session data of a user.

Syntax

killsession (\$user="", \$destroy_php=true, \$remove=false)

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name for hyperCMS session [string] (optional)
- \$destroy_php ... destroy php session [boolean] (optional)
- \$remove ... remove session file of the user [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true

7.5.24 checkdiskkey

Description

Checks the disc key of the installation.

Syntax

checkdiskkey ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.5.25 checkpassword

Description

This function checks the strength of a password and return the error messages or true.

Syntax

checkpassword (\$password, \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$password ... password [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional for password history)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$lang

Output

- true if passed / error message as string

7.5.26 loguserip

Syntax

loguserip (\$client_ip, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$client_ip ... client IP address [string]
- \$user ... user logon name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.5.27 checkuserip

Syntax

checkuserip (\$client_ip, \$user="", \$timeout=0)

Input parameters

- \$client_ip ... client IP address [string]
- \$user ... user logon name [string] (optional)
- \$timeout ... timeout in minutes [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true if IP is not locked / false if IP is locked or on error

7.5.28 checkuserrequests

Description

Provides security for Cross-Site Request Forgery.

Syntax

checkuserrequests (\$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false if a certain amount of requests per minute is exceeded

7.5.29 recreateusersession

Description

Recreates the users session data in case it is missing (due to issues with Android Chrome and the Mobile Edition).

Recreates the session data only if the session ID is still available.

Syntax

recreateusersession ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false requires config.inc.php

7.5.30 checkusersession

Description

Checks if the session data of a user is valid. This function does access session variables directly.

Syntax

checkusersession (\$user="sys", \$CSRF_detection=true)

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$CSRF_detection ... include CSRF detection [boolean]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / html-output followed by termination requires config.inc.php

7.5.31 allowuserip

Description

Verifies if the client IP is in the range of valid IPs and logs IP addresses with no access.

Syntax

allowuserip (\$site)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false requires config.inc.php

7.5.32 valid_objectname

Description

Checks if an object name includes forbidden characters in order to prevent directory browsing.

Syntax

valid_objectname (\$variable)

Input parameters

- \$variable ... variable [string or array]

Output

- true / false

7.5.33 valid_locationname

Description

Checks if an location includes forbidden characters in order to prevent directory browsing.

Syntax

valid_locationname (\$variable)

Input parameters

- \$variable ... variable [string or array]

Output

- true / false

7.5.34 valid_publicationname

Description

Checks if a publication name includes forbidden characters in order to prevent directory browsing.

Optionally verifies if the publication name is included in the siteaccess variable.

Syntax

valid_publicationname (\$variable)

Input parameters

- \$variable ... variable [string or array]

global input parameters

- \$siteaccess

Output

- true / false

7.5.35 html_encode

Description

This function encodes certain characters (&, <, >, ", ') into their HTML character entity equivalents to protect against XSS.

Converts a string into the html equivalents (also used for XSS protection).

Supports multibyte character sets like UTF-8 as well based on the ASCII value of the character.

Syntax

html_encode (\$expression, \$encoding="", \$js_protection=false)

Input parameters

- \$expression ... variable [string or array]

- \$encoding ... conversion of all special characters based on given character set or to ASCII [string] (optional)
- \$js_protection ... remove characters to avoid JS injection [boolean] (optional)

Output

- html encoded value as array or string / false on error

7.5.36 html_decode

Description

This function decodes all characters which have been converted by html_encode.

Syntax

html_decode (\$expression, \$encoding="")

Input parameters

- \$expression ... epxression [string or array]
- \$encoding ... conversion of all special characters based on character set [string] (optional)

Output

- html decoded value as array or string / false on error

7.5.37 scriptcode_encode

Description

This function escapes all script tags.

This function must be used to clean all user input in the CMS by removing all server side scripts tags.

Syntax

scriptcode_encode (\$content)

Input parameters

- \$content ... content [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- escaped content as string / false on error

7.5.38 scriptcode_extract

Description

This function extracts the script code of a given content.

Syntax

`scriptcode_extract ($content, $identifier_start("<?", $identifier_end(">"))`

Input parameters

- `$content` ... content [string]
- `$identifier_start` ... identifier of script begin [string]
- `$identifier_end` ... identifier of script end [string]

Output

- script code as array / false on error or if nothing was found

7.5.39 `scriptcode_clean_functions`

Description

This function removes all dangerous PHP functions.

Syntax

`scriptcode_clean_functions ($content, $type=4, $application="PHP")`

Input parameters

- `$content` ... content [string]
- `$type` ... cleaning level type: no cleaning = 0; basic set of disabled functions = 1; 1 + file access functions = 2; 2 + include functions = 3; 3 + hyperCMS API file functions = 4; No server side script allowed = 5 [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] (optional)
- `$application` ... application [PHP, ASP, JSP] (optional)

global input parameters

- `$mgmt_config`

Output

- result array / false on error

7.5.40 `sql_clean_functions`

Description

This function checks SQL statements for write operations.

Syntax

`sql_clean_functions ($content)`

Input parameters

- `$content` ... SQL statement [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false on error

7.5.41 url_encode

Description

This function encodes all characters.

Syntax

url_encode (\$variable)

Input parameters

- \$variable ... variable [string or array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- urlencoded value as array or string / false on error

7.5.42 url_decode

Description

This function decodes all characters which have been converted by url_encode or urlencode (PHP).

Syntax

url_decode (\$variable)

Input parameters

- \$variable ... variable [string or array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- urldecoded value as array or string / false on error

7.5.43 shellcmd_encode

Description

This function encodes/escapes characters to secure the shell comand.

Syntax

shellcmd_encode (\$variable, \$type="")

Input parameters

- \$variable ... variable [string or array]
- \$type ... type [%, strict] (optional)

Output

- encoded value as array or string / false on error

7.5.44 hcms_crypt

Description

Unidirectional encryption using sha1 and urlencode. Used to create tokens for simple view links in the system.

The tokens can be verified by calculating the hash of the media file name and comparing the hash values.

Don't use this function to secure any string or for password hashing.

Syntax

hcms_crypt (\$string, \$start=0, \$length=0)

Input parameters

- \$string ... string to encode [string]
- \$start ... start position [integer]
- \$length ... length for string extraction [integer]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- encoded string / false on error

7.5.45 hcms_encrypt

Description

Encryption of a string. Only strong encryption is binary-safe.

Syntax

hcms_encrypt (\$string, \$key="", \$crypt_level="", \$encoding="url")

Input parameters

- \$string ... string to encode [string]
- \$key ... key of length 16 or 24 or 32 [string] (optional)
- \$crypt_level ... crypt strength level [weak, standard, strong] (optional)

- \$encoding ... encoding [base64, url, none] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- encoded string / false on error

7.5.46 hcms_decrypt

Description

Decryption of a string. Only strong encryption is binary-safe.

Syntax

hcms_decrypt (\$string, \$key="", \$crypt_level="", \$encoding="url")

Input parameters

- \$string ... hash-string to decode [string]
- \$key ... key of length 16 or 24 or 32 [string] (optional)
- \$crypt_level ... crypt strength level [weak, standard, strong] (optional)
- \$encoding ... encoding [base64, url, none] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- decoded string / false on error

7.5.47 createtimetoken

Syntax

createtimetoken (\$lifetime=0, \$secret=4)

Input parameters

- \$lifetime ... token lifetime in seconds [integer] (optional)
- \$secret ... secret value [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- token / false on error

7.5.48 checktimetoken

Syntax

checktimetoken (\$token, \$secret=4)

Input parameters

- \$token ... token [string]
- \$secret ... secret value [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.5.49 createtoken

Syntax

createtoken (\$user="sys", \$lifetime=0, \$secret=4)

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$lifetime ... token lifetime in seconds [integer] (optional)
- \$secret ... secret value [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- token / false on error

7.5.50 checktoken

Syntax

checktoken (\$token, \$user="sys", \$secret=4)

Input parameters

- \$token ... token [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$secret ... secret value [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.5.51 createunique token

Syntax

createunique token (\$length=16)

Input parameters

- \$length ... token length [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- token as string / false

7.5.52 createpassword

Syntax

createpassword (\$length=10)

Input parameters

- \$length ... password length [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- password as string / false

7.5.53 rand_secure

Syntax

rand_secure (\$min=1000, \$max=999999999999)

Input parameters

- \$min ... min and max value [integer] (optional)
- \$max

Output

- secure random number / false

7.6 Media API Functions

7.6.1 ocr_extractcontent

Description

This function extracts the text content of multimedia objects using OCR and returns the text. It is a helper function for function indexcontent.

Syntax

ocr_extractcontent (\$site, \$location, \$file)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... path to multimedia file [string]
- \$file ... multimedia file name (file to be indexed) [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_parser
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- extracted content as text string / false

7.6.2 indexcontent

Description

This function extracts the text content of multimedia objects and writes it the text to the container.

The given charset of the publication (not set by default), container or publication (not set by default) will be used.

The default character set of default.meta.tpl is UTF-8, so all content should be saved in UTF-8.

Syntax

indexcontent (\$site, \$location, \$file, \$container="", \$container_content="", \$user, \$return_content=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... path to multimedia file [string]
- \$file ... multimedia file name (file to be indexed) [string]
- \$container ... container name or ID [string] (optional)

- \$container_content ... container XML-content [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$return_content ... return the content without saving it in the system [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_parser
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_uncompress
- \$hcms_ext
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false

7.6.3 unindexcontent

Description

This function removes media objects from the container

Syntax

unindexcontent (\$site, \$location, \$file, \$container, \$container_content, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... file location [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]
- \$container ... multimedia file to index [string]
- \$container_content ... container name or ID [string]
- \$user ... container XML-content [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_parser
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true / false

7.6.4 reindexcontent

Description

Reindexes all media files of a publication. Optionally only for specific containers.

Syntax

reindexcontent (\$site, \$container_id_array="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$container_id_array ... container IDs [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.6.5 createthumbnail_indesign

Description

Creates a thumbnail by extracting the thumbnail from an indesign file and transfers the generated image via remoteclient.

For good results, InDesign Preferences must be set to save preview image and at extra large size.

Syntax

createthumbnail_indesign (\$site, \$location_source, \$location_dest, \$file)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_source ... path to source dir [string]
- \$location_dest ... path to destination dir [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$user

Output

- new file name / false on error (saves only thumbnail media file in destination location)
- only jpeg format is supported as output)

7.6.6 createthumbnail_video

Description

Creates a thumbnail picture of a video frame. Saves only the thumbnail media file in destination location. Only jpeg format is supported as output.

Media files with a valid container identifier in their name will be saved in the cloud storage.

Syntax

createthumbnail_video (\$site, \$location_source, \$location_dest, \$file, \$frame, \$width=0, \$height=0, \$filename="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_source ... path to source dir [string]
- \$location_dest ... path to destination dir [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]
- \$frame ... frame of video in seconds or hh:mm:ss.xxx [integer, time]
- \$width ... image width in pixel and -1 to keep aspect ratio based on height [integer] (optional)
- \$height ... image height in pixel and -1 to keep aspect ratio based on width [integer] (optional)
- \$filename ... individual file name without the file extension of the created image [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$user

Output

- new file name / false on error

7.6.7 createimages_video

Description

Creates and saves images of video screen size from a video to a directory.
The media files will be saved in the local repository and not in the cloud storage.

Syntax

createimages_video (\$site, \$location_source, \$location_dest, \$file, \$name="", \$fs=1, \$format="jpg", \$width=0, \$height=0)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_source ... path to source dir [string]
- \$location_dest ... path to destination dir [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]
- \$name ... name for image files [string] (optional)
- \$fs ... frames per second to create from the video [number] (optional)
- \$format ... image format [jpg, png, bmp] (optional)
- \$width ... image width in pixel and -1 to keep aspect ratio based on height [integer] (optional)
- \$height ... image height in pixel and -1 to keep aspect ratio based on width [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$user

Output

- true / false on error

7.6.8 createmedia

Description

Creates an new image or video from the original file or creates a thumbnail and transfers the generated image via remoteclient.

Saves original or thumbnail media file in destination location. For the thumbnail only JPEG is supported as output format.

Syntax

createmedia (\$site, \$location_source, \$location_dest, \$file, \$format="", \$type="thumbnail", \$force_no_encrypt=false, \$setmediainfo=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_source ... path to source dir [string]
- \$location_dest ... path to destination dir [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]
- \$format ... format (file extension w/o dot) [string] (optional)
- \$type ... type of image/video/audio file [thumbnail(for thumbnails of images), origthumb(thumbnail made from original video/audio), original(to overwrite original video/audio file), annotation(for annotation images), any other string present in \$mgmt_imageoptions/\$mgmt_mediaoptions, temp(for temporary files)] (optional)
- \$force_no_encrypt ... force the file to be not encrypted even if the content of the publication must be encrypted [boolean] (optional)
- \$setmediainfo ... set media information [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$mgmt_mediametadata
- \$hcms_ext
- \$user

Output

- new file name / false on error

7.6.9 splitmedia

Description

Splits a video or audio file in segments measured in seconds. Used for synchronous Google Cloud Speech Service that only supports max. 1 minute audio files.

Syntax

splitmedia (\$site, \$location_source, \$location_dest, \$file, \$sec=60, \$format="", \$force_no_encrypt=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_source ... path to source dir [string]
- \$location_dest ... path to destination dir [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]
- \$sec ... seconds of a segment [integer] (optional)
- \$format ... target format (file extension w/o dot) of destination file [string] (optional)
- \$force_no_encrypt ... force the file to be not encrypted even if the content of the publication must be encrypted [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$mgmt_mediametadata
- \$hcms_ext
- \$user

Output

- array of new file names / false on error

7.6.10 convertmedia

Description

Converts and creates a new image, video, audio, or document from the source file. This is a wrapper function for createmedia, createimages_video and createdocument.

If the destination media file exists already or is newer than the source file the file name will be returned without conversion.

Syntax

convertmedia (\$site, \$location_source, \$location_dest, \$mediafile, \$format, \$media_config="", \$force_no_encrypt=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_source ... path to source dir [string]
- \$location_dest ... path to destination dir [string]
- \$mediafile ... file name [string]

- \$format ... target format (file extension w/o dot) of destination file [string]
- \$media_config ... media configuration to be used [string] (optional)
- \$force_no_encrypt ... force the file to be not encrypted even if the content of the publication must be encrypted [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$mgmt_mediametadata
- \$mgmt_compress
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- new file name / false on error

7.6.11 convertimage

Description

Converts and creates a new image from original. The new image will be resized and cropped to fit width and height.

This is a wrapper function of function createmedia.

Syntax

convertimage (\$site, \$file_source, \$location_dest, \$format="jpg", \$colorspace="RGB", \$iccprofile="", \$width="", \$height="", \$slug=0, \$units="px", \$dpi=72, \$quality="", \$watermark=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$file_source ... path to source image file [string]
- \$location_dest ... path to destination dir [string]
- \$format ... format (file extension w/o dot) of destination file [string] (optional)
- \$colorspace ... colorspace of new image [CMY, CMYK, Gray, HCL, HCLp, HSB, HSI, HSL, HSV, HWB, Lab, LCHab, LCHuv, LMS, Log, Luv, OHTA, Rec601YCbCr, Rec709YCbCr, RGB, scRGB, sRGB, Transparent, XYZ, YCbCr, YCC, YDbDr, YIQ, YPbPr, YUV] (optional)
- \$iccprofile ... width in pixel/mm/inch [integer] (optional)
- \$width ... height in pixel/mm/inch [integer] (optional)
- \$height ... slug in pixel/mm/inch [integer] (optional)
- \$slug ... units for width [string]
- \$units ... height and slug [px, mm, inch] (optional)
- \$dpi ... dpi [integer] (optional)
- \$quality ... image quality [1 to 100]
- \$watermark ... apply watermark [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$mgmt_mediametadata
- \$hcms_ext
- \$user

Output

- new file name / false on error

7.6.12 rotateimage

Description

Rotates an image (must be jpg, png or gif) using GD library. not used if ImageMagick is available

Syntax

rotateimage (\$site, \$filepath, \$angle, \$imageformat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$filepath ... path to source media file [string]
- \$angle ... rotation angle [integer]
- \$imageformat ... destination image format [jpg, png, gif]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$user

Output

- new image file name / false on error

7.6.13 hex2rgb

Syntax

hex2rgb (\$hex)

Input parameters

- \$hex ... image color as hex-code [string]

Output

- RGB-color values as array / false on error

7.6.14 rgb2hex

Syntax

rgb2hex (\$red, \$green=0, \$blue=0)

Input parameters

- \$red ... image color in RGB [array] or red value [integer]
- \$green ... green value [integer]
- \$blue ... blue value [integer]

Output

- CMYK color percentage values as array / false on error

7.6.15 readmediaplayer_config

Syntax

readmediaplayer_config (\$location, \$configfile)

Input parameters

- \$location ... path to media config file [string]
- \$configfile ... config file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$user

Output

- config array / false on error

7.6.16 savemediaplayer_config

Syntax

savemediaplayer_config (\$location, \$configfile, \$mediafiles, \$width=320, \$height=240, \$rotation="", \$filesize="", \$duration="", \$videobitrate="", \$audiobitrate="", \$audiofrequency="", \$audiochannels="", \$video_codec="", \$audio_codec="")

Input parameters

- \$location ... path to media config file [string]
- \$configfile ... media config file name [string]
- \$mediafiles ... media file name [array or string]
- \$width ... width in px [integer] (optional)
- \$height ... height in px [integer] (optional)
- \$rotation ... rotation in degree [integer] (optional)
- \$filesize ... file size in kB [integer] (optional)
- \$duration ... duration [hh:mm:ss] (optional)
- \$videobitrate ... video bitrate in kb/s [string] (optional)

- \$audiobitrate ... audio bitrate in kb/s [string] (optional)
- \$audiofrequency ... audio frequency in Hz [string] (optional)
- \$audiochannels ... audio channels [mono, stereo] (optional)
- \$video_codec ... video codec name [string] (optional)
- \$audio_codec ... audio codec name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$user

Output

- true / false on error

7.6.17 createdocument

Description

Creates a new multimedia file of given format at source destination using UNOCONV and saves it as a thumbnail file in the destination location

Syntax

createdocument (\$site, \$location_source, \$location_dest, \$file, \$format="", \$force_no_encrypt=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location_source ... path to source location [string]
- \$location_dest ... path to destination location [string]
- \$file ... file name [string]
- \$format ... destination file format (extension w/o dot) [string]
- \$force_no_encrypt ... force the file to be not encrypted even if the content of the publication must be encrypted [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_docpreview
- \$mgmt_dcoptions
- \$mgmt_docconvert
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$hcms_ext
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$user

Output

- new file name / false on error

7.6.18 unzipfile

Description

Unpacks ZIP file and creates media files in destination location for components or unzips files directly for pages (not recommended due to security risks by uploading unsecured files).

Syntax

unzipfile (\$site, \$zipfilepath, \$location, \$filename, \$cat="comp", \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$zipfilepath ... path to source zip file [string]
- \$location ... path to destination location [string]
- \$filename ... category [page, comp]
- \$cat ... name of file for extraction [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_uncompress
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions

Output

- result array with all object paths / false

7.6.19 clonefolder

Description

Help function for function zipfiles that reads all multimedia files from their multimedia objects and copies them to the same folder structure using the object names.

Syntax

clonefolder (\$site, \$source, \$destination, \$user, \$activity="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$source ... source location [string]
- \$destination ... destination location [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$activity ... activity that need to be set for daily stats [download] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking

- \$globalpermission
- \$setlocalpermission

Output

- container IDs as array / false

7.6.20 zipfiles_helper

Description

Compresses all files and includes their folder structure in a ZIP file. This function does not support multimedia objects and is only a helper function for native file system operations.

Syntax

zipfiles_helper (\$source, \$destination, \$zipfilename, \$remove=false)

Input parameters

- \$source ... source directory [string]
- \$destination ... destination directory [string]
- \$zipfilename ... name of ZIP-file [string]
- \$remove ... remove all files from source [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_compress

Output

- true/false

7.6.21 zipfiles

Description

Compresses all media files and includes their folder structure in a ZIP file.

Syntax

zipfiles (\$site, \$multiobject_array, \$destination="", \$zipfilename, \$user, \$activity="", \$flatzip=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$multiobject_array ... array with path to source files [array]
- \$destination ... destination location (if this is null then the \$location where the zip-file resists will be used) [string]
- \$zipfilename ... name of ZIP-file [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$activity ... activity that need to be set for daily stats [download] (optional)
- \$flatzip ... flat hierarchy means no directories [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_compress
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$globalpermission
- \$setlocalpermission
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.6.22 px2mm

Description

Convert mm to pixel

Syntax

px2mm (\$pixel, \$dpi=72)

Input parameters

- \$pixel ... pixel [integer]
- \$dpi ... dpi [integer] (optional)

Output

- pixel / false

7.6.23 px2inch

Description

Convert pixel to inches

Syntax

px2inch (\$pixel, \$dpi=72)

Input parameters

- \$pixel ... pixel [integer]
- \$dpi ... dpi [integer] (optional)

Output

- inch / false

7.6.24 inch2px

Description

Convert inches to pixel

Syntax

inch2px (\$inch, \$dpi=72)

Input parameters

- \$inch ... pixel [integer]
- \$dpi ... dpi [integer] (optional)

Output

- pixel / false

7.6.25 sec2time

Description

Convert seconds to time format hh:mm:ss.mmm

Syntax

sec2time (\$input)

Input parameters

- \$input ... time in seconds [float]

Output

- time in hh:mm:ss.mmm / false

7.6.26 mediasize2frame

Description

Calculates the width and height of a media to fit into a given frame size.

Syntax

mediasize2frame (\$mediawidth, \$mediaheight, \$framewidth="", \$frameheight="", \$keepmaxsize=true)

Input parameters

- \$mediawidth ... media width [integer]
- \$mediaheight ... media height [integer]
- \$framewidth ... frame width [integer] (optional)
- \$frameheight ... frame height [integer] (optional)
- \$keepmaxsize ... keep maximum media size based on original dimensions of media without stretching [boolean] (optional)

Output

- width and height as array / false

7.6.27 vtt2array

Description

Converts VTT string to array

Syntax

vtt2array (\$vtt)

Input parameters

- \$vtt ... video text track [string]

Output

- array / false

7.6.28 html2pdf

Description

Converts html to pdf using WKHTMLTOPDF and XSERVER. The CSS media print style will be applied.

For full support you might want to install the package provided from WKHTMLTOPDF directly (patched QT).

See the event log in case the function does not create a proper result since you are not using a patched QT version.

See also: <https://wkhtmltopdf.org/usage/wkhtmltopdf.txt>

Syntax

html2pdf (\$source, \$dest, \$cover="", \$toc=false, \$page_orientation="Portrait", \$page_size="A4", \$page_margin=10, \$image_dpi=144, \$image_quality=95, \$smart_shrinking=true, \$options="")

Input parameters

- \$source ... URLs or pathes to html source files [array]
- \$dest ... path of pdf destination output file [string]
- \$cover ... cover page html file [string] (optional)
- \$toc ... create TOC table of contents [boolean] (optional)
- \$page_orientation ... page orientation [Landscape, Portrait] (optional)
- \$page_size ... page size like A4 or Letter [string] (optional)
- \$page_margin ... page margin in mm [integer] (optional)
- \$image_dpi ... image DPI [integer] (optional)
- \$image_quality ... image quality 1-100 [integer] (optional)
- \$smart_shrinking ... use smart shrinking of the content so it can fit in the page [boolean] (optional)
- \$options ... additional WKHTMLTOPDF options [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.6.29 mergepdf

Description

Merges pdf files into one pdf file. Do NOT USE special characters in file names.
See also: <https://www.pdflabs.com/docs/pdftk-man-page/>

Syntax

mergepdf (\$source, \$dest)

Input parameters

- \$source ... pathes to pdf source files [array]
- \$dest ... path of pdf destination output file [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.7 Metadata API Functions

7.7.1 importmetadata

Description

Imports metadata form CSV file for various assets linked by name or conatiner ID. Empty rows or rows without a delimiter will be ignored.

In order to identify an asset the file name as "Name" or the container ID as "containerID" must be provided in the first row before the content rows.

Syntax

importmetadata (\$site, \$location, \$file, \$user, \$type="", \$delimiter=";", \$enclosure="", \$charset="utf-8")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$file ... path to CSV file [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$type ... type array or string [u, f, l, c, d, k] (optional)
- \$delimiter ... delimiter [string] (optional)
- \$enclosure ... enclosure [string] (optional)
- \$charset ... character set [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$eventsystem

Output

- true / false

7.7.2 loadtaxonomy

Description

Generates an array from a taxonomy definition file located in data/include/ to be used for presentation or CSV export.

Syntax

loadtaxonomy (\$site, \$start=1, \$perpage=100000)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$start ... return rows starting with row number [integer] (optional)
- \$perpage ... return number of rows [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.7.3 savetaxonomy

Description

Generates an array from a taxonomy definition file located in data/include/ to be used for presentation or CSV export.

Syntax

savetaxonomy (\$site, \$taxonomy, \$saveindex_start, \$saveindex_stop)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$taxonomy ... new taxonomy with row number and languages as keys [array]
- \$saveindex_start ... replace rows starting with row number [integer]
- \$saveindex_stop ... replace rows ending with row number [integer]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.7.4 createtaxonomy

Description

Generates an array from a taxonomy definition file (CSV) and saves the PHP file in data/include/publication-name.taxonomy.inc.php.

Recreates the taxonomy for all objects if the taxonomy definition has been updated.

Syntax

createtaxonomy (\$site_name="", \$recreate=false)

Input parameters

- \$site_name ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$recreate ... recreate taxonomy file [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.7.5 splitkeywords

Description

Generates a keyword list from a text by splitting and transforming the comma separated string.

Syntax

splitkeywords (\$keywords, \$charset="UTF-8")

Input parameters

- \$keywords ... comma separated keywords [string]
- \$charset ... character set [string] (optional)

Output

- keywords as array / false on error

7.7.6 copymetadata

Description

Copies all meta data from source to destination file using EXIFTOOL

Syntax

copymetadata (\$file_source, \$file_dest)

Input parameters

- \$file_source ... path to source file [string]
- \$file_dest ... path to destination file [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediametadata
- \$user

Output

- true / false

7.7.7 extractmetadata

Description

Extracts all meta data from a file using EXIFTOOL

Syntax

extractmetadata (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... path to image file [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediametadata

Output

- result array / false on error

7.7.8 xmlobject2array

Description

Converts an xmlobject to an array, provided by xaviered at gmail dot com

Syntax

xmlobject2array (\$obj, \$namespace="")

Input parameters

- \$obj ... XML [object]
- \$namespace ... namespace [array] (optional)

Output

- result array / false

7.7.9 id3_getdata

Description

Requires getID3 library since EXIFTOOL cannot write ID3 tags so far

Syntax

id3_getdata (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... path to audio file [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- result array / false on error

7.7.10 id3_writefile

Description

Writes ID3 tags into audio file for supported file types and keeps the existing ID3 tags

Syntax

id3_writefile (\$file, \$id3, \$keep_data=true, \$movetempfile=true)

Input parameters

- \$file ... abs. path to audio file [string]
- \$id3 ... ID3 tag [array]
- \$keep_data ... keep existing ID3 data of file [boolean] (optional)
- \$movetempfile ... move temporary file from unencrypted to encrypted [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediametadata
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false on error

7.7.11 id3_create

Description

Defines ID3 tag array based on the media mapping of a publication.

Syntax

id3_create (\$site, \$text)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$text ... text from content container [array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- ID3 tag array / false on error

7.7.12 xmp_getdata

Syntax

xmp_getdata (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... path to image file [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- result array / false on error

7.7.13 xmp_writefile

Description

Writes XMP tags into image file for supported file types and keeps the existing XMP tags

Syntax

xmp_writefile (\$file, \$xmp, \$keep_data=true, \$movetempfile=true)

Input parameters

- \$file ... abs. path to image file [string]
- \$xmp ... XMP tag [array]
- \$keep_data ... keep existing XMP data of file [boolean] (optional)
- \$movetempfile ... move temporary file from unencrypted to encrypted [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediadata
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false on error

7.7.14 xmp_create

Description

Defines XMP tag array based on the media mapping of a publication

Syntax

xmp_create (\$site, \$text)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$text ... text from content container [array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- XMP tag array / false on error

7.7.15 geo2decimal

Syntax

geo2decimal (\$coordinate, \$hemisphere)

Input parameters

- \$coordinate ... GPS location [degrees, minutes, seconds]
- \$hemisphere ... hemisphere [N, O, S, W]

Output

- decimal result / false

7.7.16 exif_getdata

Syntax

exif_getdata (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... path to image file [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- result array / false

7.7.17 iptc_getdata

Syntax

iptc_getdata (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... path to image file [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- result array / false

7.7.18 iptc_getcharset

Description

Copied from MediaWiki!

Warning, this function does not (and is not intended to) detect all iso 2022 escape codes. In practise, the code for utf-8 is the only code that seems to have wide use. It does detect that code.

According to iim standard, charset is defined by the tag 1:90.

in which there are iso 2022 escape sequences to specify the character set.

the iim standard seems to encourage that all necessary escape sequences are in the 1:90 tag, but says it doesn't have to be.

This is in need of more testing probably. This is definitely not complete.

however reading the docs of some other iptc software, it appears that most iptc software only recognizes utf-8. If 1:90 tag is not present content is

usually ascii or iso-8859-1 (and sometimes utf-8), but no guarantee.

This also won't work if there are more than one escape sequence in the 1:90 tag

or if something is put in the G2, or G3 charsets, etc. It will only reliably recognize utf-8.

This is just going through the charsets mentioned in appendix C of the iim standard.

Syntax

iptc_getcharset (\$tag)

Input parameters

- \$tag ... iptc tag that holds character set information [string]

Output

- character set as string / false on error

7.7.19 iptc_maketag

Description

Convert the IPTC tag to binary code

Syntax

iptc_maketag (\$record=2, \$tag, \$value)

Input parameters

- \$record ... type of tag (e.g. 2) [integer]
- \$tag ... code of tag (e.g. 025) [string]
- \$value ... value of tag [string]

Output

- binary IPTC tag / false on error

7.7.20 iptc_writefile

Description

Writes IPTC tags into image file for supported file types and keeps the existing IPTC tags

Syntax

iptc_writefile (\$file, \$iptc, \$keep_data=true, \$movetempfile=true)

Input parameters

- \$file ... abs. path to image file [string]
- \$iptc ... IPTC tag [array]
- \$keep_data ... keep existing IPTC data of file [boolean] (optional)
- \$movetempfile ... move temporary file from unencrypted to encrypted [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_mediametadata

Output

- true / false on error

7.7.21 iptc_create

Description

Defines IPTC tag array based on the media mapping of a publication

Syntax

iptc_create (\$site, \$text)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$text ... text from content container [array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- IPTC tag array / false on error

7.7.22 createmapping

Description

Prepares the PHP mapping array from the provided mapping definition and saves media mapping file

Syntax

createmapping (\$site, \$mapping)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mapping ... mapping definition [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.7.23 getmapping

Description

Load the mapping file of the provided publication.

Syntax

getmapping (\$site)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- mapping code for display / false

7.7.24 metadata_exists

Description

Verifies if the content of a specific text ID that triggers a Cloud API call exists already.

This function is used to reduce/trigger Cloud API calls in case the content exists already and the media file does not need to be analyzed by a cloud service.

Syntax

metadata_exists (\$mapping, \$text_array)

Input parameters

- \$mapping ... mapping [array:metadata-tag-name => text-id]
- \$text_array ... text content [array:metadata-text-id => content]

Output

- true / false

7.7.25 setmetadata

Description

Saves meta data of a multimedia file using a provided mapping in the proper fields of the content container.

If no mapping is given a default mapping will be used.

Syntax

setmetadata (\$site, \$location="", \$object="", \$mediafile="", \$mapping="",
\$containerdata="", \$user, \$savecontainer=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location path [string] (optional)
- \$object ... object name [string] (optional)
- \$mediafile ... media file name [string] (optional)

- \$mapping ... mapping [array:metadata-tag-name => text-id] (optional)
- \$containerdata ... container content as XML [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$savecontainer ... save content container [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- container content as XML string / false

7.8 Link API Functions

7.8.1 link_db_restore

Description

This function restores a given or all link management index files

Syntax

link_db_restore (\$site="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.8.2 link_db_load

Description

This function loads and locks the link management database

each record of the link management database has the following design:

xml-content container : | absolute path to 1-n objects : | 1-m links used by 1-n objects

important: the link management database has to be saved or closed after loading it.

Syntax

link_db_load (\$site, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- link database [2 dim. array] or true / false on error

7.8.3 link_db_read

Description

This function loads the link management database for reading without locking

Syntax

link_db_read (\$site)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- link database [2 dim. array] or true / false on error

7.8.4 link_db_close

Description

closes and unlocks the link management database.

Syntax

link_db_close (\$site, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true/false

7.8.5 link_db_save

Description

This function saves und unlocks the link management database

Syntax

link_db_save (\$site, \$link_db, \$user)

Input parameters

- \$site ... link database [array]
- \$link_db ... publication name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true/false on error

7.8.6 link_db_update

Description

This function inserts, updates and removes objects and their links from the link management database (add or update a link)

depending on which link is left empty:

link_curr = "": add new link (just one link matching given category)

link_new = "": delete current link in use (just one link matching given category)

link_curr & link_new are not empty and not equal: update current link with the new one

Syntax

link_db_update (\$site, \$link_db, \$attribute, \$contentfile="", \$cat="", \$link_curr="", \$link_new="", \$option)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$link_db ... link database [2 dim. array]
- \$attribute ... attribute [object, link]
- \$contentfile ... content container [string] (optional)
- \$cat ... link category [comp, page] (optional)
- \$link_curr ... current link must be an URL or absolute/relative path [string] (optional)
- \$link_new ... new link must be an URL or absolute/relative path [string] (optional)
- \$option ... update option [all, unique]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- link database [array] or true if link index database is not used / false on error

7.8.7 link_db_insert

Description

This function inserts a new record in the link management database optionally the created object can be also inserted

Syntax

link_db_insert (\$site, \$link_db, \$contentfile, \$cat, \$object="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$link_db ... link database [2 dim. array]
- \$contentfile ... content container name [string]
- \$cat ... link category [comp, page]
- \$object ... object name (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- link database [2 dim. array] or true / false

7.8.8 link_db_delete

Description

This function deletes a record in the link management database

Syntax

link_db_delete (\$site, \$link_db, \$contentfile)

Input parameters

- \$site ... link database [2 dim. array]
- \$link_db ... content container name [string]
- \$contentfile

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- link database [2 dim. array] or true / false on error

7.8.9 link_db_getobject

Description

This function splits the object string into an array of objects.

Syntax

link_db_getobject (\$multiobject)

Input parameters

- \$multiobject ... link database attribut (references to objects seperated by |) [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- objects [array] / false on error

7.8.10 link_update

Description

This function updates the link of the published and working content container and link file

Syntax

link_update (\$site, \$container, \$link_old, \$link_new)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$container ... container name [string]
- \$link_old ... old link (converted) [string]
- \$link_new ... new link (converted) [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true/false

7.8.11 getlinkedobject

Description

This function gets all objects which link to the given object.

works with pages (page links) and components (component links) if link management is enabled.

Syntax

getlinkedobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object (name and extension) [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- objects which link to the given object [array] or true / false

7.8.12 getconnectedobject

Description

This function gets all objects which use the same content container and are therefore connected.

Syntax

getconnectedobject (\$container, \$type="work")

Input parameters

- \$container ... container name [string]
- \$type ... container type [work, published, version] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$user

Output

- connected objects[array]

7.8.13 extractlinks

Description

This function extracts all links based on it's identifier from a text and returns an array of all links

Syntax

extractlinks (\$textcontent, \$identifier)

Input parameters

- \$textcontent ... text content [string]
- \$identifier ... link identifier ["href" for hyperreferences, "src" for image references or embed references (flash), "value" for paramter (flash)]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- object links [array] / false on error

7.9 Plugin API Functions

7.9.1 plugin_getdefaultconf

Syntax

plugin_getdefaultconf ()

Input parameters

Output

- default value as array

7.9.2 plugin_readmenu

Description

Reads Menupoints and menugroups from the xml data.

Be carefull with nesting, function getcontent is used and you can't nest groups inside of groups as a subpoint!

Input parameter \$pluginFolder contains the directory of the plugin.

Returns an Array containing every group and menupoint with its configuration.

Syntax

plugin_readmenu (\$xml, \$pluginFolder)

Input parameters

- \$xml ... plugin xml [string]
- \$pluginFolder ... plugin directory [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- menu point array used by navigator

7.9.3 plugin_parse

Description

Reads the plugin configurations from the file system.

Checks the folder defined in mgmt_config and searched for plugins and their configurations

files.

It either takes needed values from the configuration, from the \$oldData or defaultConfiguration.

Syntax

plugin_parse (\$oldData=array())

Input parameters

- \$oldData ... mgmt_plugin [array] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- mgmt_plugin as array

7.9.4 plugin_generatedefinition

Description

Generates the Array definition used in php for \$array with the name of \$arrayName.

Run recursively through the array and supports boolean, numeric and string types for the key and value.

Syntax

plugin_generatedefinition (\$arrayName, \$array)

Input parameters

- \$arrayName ... name of array holding the plugin definitions [string]
- \$array ... configuration containing the values and keys [array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- plugin array / false on error

7.9.5 plugin_saveconfig

Description

Saves the plugin configuration \$configuration into the configuration file.

The configuration file is located in the data/config directory and is named plugin.conf.php.

Syntax

plugin_saveconfig (\$configuration)

Input parameters

- \$configuration ... configuration [array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.9.6 plugin_generatelink

Description

Generates a link to be used when linking to other pages inside of a plugin

Syntax

plugin_generatelink (\$plugin, \$page, \$control=false, \$additionalGetParameters=false)

Input parameters

- \$plugin ... plugin name [string]
- \$page ... plugin page (relative reference to the plugins main page) [string]
- \$control ... control (relative reference to the plugins control page) [string]
- \$additionalGetParameters ... additional GET parameters [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- plugin link

7.10 User Interface API Functions

7.10.1 windowwidth

Description

Returns the width of the object window when editing/opening an object

Syntax

windowwidth (\$type="object")

Input parameters

- \$type ... type [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- window width in pixels

7.10.2 windowheight

Description

Returns the height of the object window when editing/opening an object

Syntax

windowheight (\$type="object")

Input parameters

- \$type ... type [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- window height in pixels

7.10.3 toggleview

Description

Set explorer objectlist view parameter

Syntax

toggleview (\$view)

Input parameters

- \$view ... view [detail, small, medium, large]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.10.4 togglesidebar

Description

Enables or disables the sidebar

Syntax

toggleidebar (\$view)

Input parameters

- \$view ... view [boolean]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.10.5 setfilter

Description

Set filter settings for object view in session

Syntax

setfilter (\$filter_set)

Input parameters

- \$filter_set ... set of filters as array with keys [comp, image, document, video, audio] and value [0, 1]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.10.6 objectfilter

Description

If an object name is passing the filter-test. One or more filters need to be set in the session "hcms_objectfilter".

Syntax

objectfilter (\$file)

Input parameters

- \$file ... file name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

- \$hcms_ext

Output

- true / false

7.10.7 invertcolorCSS

Description

Used for portals in order to invert the color of elements.
MS IE does not support invert, MS Edge does.

Syntax

invertcolorCSS (\$theme="", \$css_selector=".hcmsInvertColor", \$percentage=100)

Input parameters

- \$theme ... design theme name for CSS class hcmsToolbarBlock [string] (optional)
- \$css_selector ... CSS selector for elements [string] (optional)
- \$percentage ... percentage value [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- CSS style code / false on error

7.10.8 showdate

Description

Prepares the date and time for the display in the users time zone and format.

Syntax

showdate (\$date, \$sourceformat="Y-m-d H:i", \$targetformat="Y-m-d H:i", \$timezone=true)

Input parameters

- \$date ... date and time [string]
- \$sourceformat ... date input format [string]
- \$targetformat ... date output format [string]
- \$timezone ... correct time zone [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- date and time

7.10.9 showshorttext

Description

Reduce the length of a string and add "..." at the end

Syntax

showshorttext (\$text, \$length=0, \$linebreak=false, \$charset="UTF-8")

Input parameters

- \$text ... text [string]
- \$length ... max. length of text (minus length starting from the end) [integer] (optional)
- \$linebreak ... line break instead of cut [boolean] only if length is positive (optional)
- \$charset ... character set for encoding [string] (optional)

Output

- shortened text if possible
- or original text

7.10.10 showtopbar

Description

Returns the standard top bar with or without close button

Syntax

showtopbar (\$show, \$lang="en", \$close_link="", \$close_target="", \$individual_button="", \$id="bar")

Input parameters

- \$show ... message [string]
- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)
- \$close_link ... close button link [string] (optional)
- \$close_target ... link target [string] (optional)
- \$individual_button ... individual button [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of div-layer [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- top bar box / false on error

7.10.11 showtopmenubar

Description

Returns the menu top bar with or without close button

Syntax

showtopmenubar (\$show, \$menu_array, \$lang="en", \$close_link="", \$close_target="", \$id="bar")

Input parameters

- \$show ... message [string]
- \$menu_array ... menu [array:name => properties/events]
- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)
- \$close_link ... close button link [string] (optional)
- \$close_target ... link target [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of div-layer [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- top bar box / false on error

7.10.12 showhomeboxes

Description

Returns the file path to the home boxes

Syntax

showhomeboxes (\$homebox_array)

Input parameters

- \$homebox_array ... home box names [array:file name => readable name]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- path to home boxes as array / false on error

7.10.13 showmessage

Description

Returns the standard message box with close button

Syntax

showmessage (\$show, \$width="580px", \$height="70px", \$lang="en", \$style="", \$id="hcms_messageLayer")

Input parameters

- \$show ... message [string]
- \$width ... width in pixel [integer] (optional)
- \$height ... height in pixel [integer] (optional)
- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)
- \$style ... additional style definitions of div-layer [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of div-layer [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- message box / false on error

7.10.14 showinfopage

Description

Returns a full html info page

Syntax

showinfopage (\$show, \$lang="en", \$onload="")

Input parameters

- \$show ... message [string]
- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)
- \$onload ... on load JS events [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$is_mobile

Output

- message on html info page / false on error

7.10.15 showinfobox

Description

Returns the infobox as long as it has not been closed. Saves the close event in localStorage of browser.

Syntax

showinfobox (\$show, \$lang="en", \$style="", \$id="hcms_infoboxLayer")

Input parameters

- \$show ... message [string]
- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)
- \$style ... additional style definitions of div-layer [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of div-layer [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- message in div layer / false on error

7.10.16 showsharelinks

Description

Returns the presentation of share links of social media platforms

Syntax

showsharelinks (\$link, \$mediafile, \$lang="en", \$style="", \$id="hcms_shareLayer")

Input parameters

- \$link ... link to share [string]
- \$mediafile ... media file name [string]
- \$lang ... language code [string] (optional)
- \$style ... additional style definitions of div-layer [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of div-layer [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- message in div layer / false on error

7.10.17 showmetadata

Syntax

showmetadata (\$data, \$lang="en", \$class_headline="hcmsRowData2")

Input parameters

- \$data ... metadata [array]
- \$lang ... 2 digits language code [string]
- \$class_headline ... CSS-class with background-color for headlines [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- result as HTML unordered list / false on error

7.10.18 showobject

Syntax

showobject (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$cat="", \$name="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp] (optional)
- \$name ... object name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang
- \$hcms_lang_date
- \$lang
- \$user

Output

- html presentation / false

7.10.19 showmedia

Description

This function requires site, location and cat to be set as global variable in order to validate the access permission of the user

Syntax

showmedia (\$mediafile, \$medianame, \$viewtype, \$id="", \$width="", \$height="",

`$class="hcmsImageItem")`

Input parameters

- `$mediafile` ... mediafile (publication/filename) [string]
- `$medianame` ... name of mediafile for display [string]
- `$viewtype` ... view type [template, media_only, preview, preview_download, preview_no_rendering]
- `$id` ... ID of the HTML media tag [string]
- `$width` ... width in px [integer] (optional)
- `$height` ... height in px [integer] (optional)
- `$class` ... CSS class [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- `$site`
- `$mgmt_config`
- `$mgmt_mediapreview`
- `$mgmt_mediaoptions`
- `$mgmt_imagepreview`
- `$mgmt_docpreview`
- `$mgmt_dcoptions`
- `$mgmt_docconvert`
- `$mgmt_maxsizepreview`
- `$hcms_charset`
- `$hcms_lang_codepage`
- `$hcms_lang_date`
- `$hcms_lang`
- `$lang`
- `$site`
- `$location`
- `$cat`
- `$page`
- `$user`
- `$pageaccess`
- `$compaccess`
- `$downloadformats`
- `$hiddenfolder`
- `$hcms_linking`
- `$setlocalpermission`
- `$mgmt_imageoptions`
- `$is_mobile`
- `$is_iphone`

Output

- html presentation of any media asset / false

7.10.20 showcompexplorer

Description

Creates the component explorer including the search form and upload function

Syntax

`showcompexplorer ($site, $dir, $location_esc="", $page="", $compcat="multi",`

`$search_expression=""`, `$search_format=""`, `$mediatype=""`, `$lang="en"`, `$callback=""`,
`$scalingfactor="1"`, `$view="list"`, `$thumbsize=100`)

Input parameters

- `$site` ... publication name [string]
- `$dir` ... current explorer location [string]
- `$location_esc` ... object location [string] (optional)
- `$page` ... object name [string] (optional)
- `$compcat` ... component category [single, multi, media] (optional)
- `$search_expression` ... search expression [string] (optional)
- `$search_format` ... search format [object, document, image, video, audio, watermark] (optional)
- `$mediatype` ... media-type [audio, video, text, flash, image, compressed, binary] (optional)
- `$lang` ... view tpye [list, gallery] (optional)
- `$callback` ... thumbnail size in pixel [integer] callback of CKEditor [string] (optional)
- `$scalingfactor` ... saclingfactor for images [integer] (optional)
- `$view`
- `$thumbsize`

global input parameters

- `$mgmt_config`
- `$siteaccess`
- `$pageaccess`
- `$compaccess`
- `$rootpermission`
- `$globalpermission`
- `$localpermission`
- `$hiddenfolder`
- `$html5file`
- `$temp_complacement`
- `$hcms_charset`
- `$hcms_lang`
- `$user`

Output

- explorer with search / false on error

7.10.21 showeditor

Description

Returns the rich text editor code

Syntax

`showeditor ($site, $hypertagname, $id, $contentbot="", $sizewidth=600, $sizeheight=300, $toolbar="Default", $lang="en", $dpi=72)`

Input parameters

- `$site` ... publication name [string]
- `$hypertagname` ... hypertag name [string]
- `$id` ... hypertag id [string]

- \$contentbot ... content [string]
- \$sizewidth ... width of the editor [integer]
- \$sizeheight ... height of the editor [integer]
- \$toolbar ... toolbar set [string]
- \$lang ... 2 digit language code [string]
- \$dpi ... dpi for scaling images [integer]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config

Output

- rich text editor code / false on error

7.10.22 showinlineeditor_head

Description

Returns the rich text editor code (JS, CSS) for include into the html head section

Syntax

showinlineeditor_head (\$lang)

Input parameters

- \$lang ... 2 digit language code [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- rich text editor code for html head section / false on error

7.10.23 showinlinedatepicker_head

Description

Returns the date picker code (JS, CSS) for include into the html head section

Syntax

showinlinedatepicker_head ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- date picker code for html head section / false on error

7.10.24 showinlineeditor

Description

shows the rich text inline editor

Syntax

showinlineeditor (\$site, \$hypertag, \$id, \$contentbot="", \$sizewidth=600, \$sizeheight=300, \$toolbar="Default", \$lang="en", \$contenttype="", \$cat="", \$location_esc="", \$page="", \$contentfile="", \$db_connect=0, \$token="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$hypertag ... hypertag [string]
- \$id ... hypertag id [string]
- \$contentbot ... content [string]
- \$sizewidth ... width of the editor [integer]
- \$sizeheight ... height of the editor [integer]
- \$toolbar ... toolbar set [string]
- \$lang ... 2 digit language code [string]
- \$contenttype ... content-type [string]
- \$cat ... category [page, comp]
- \$location_esc ... converted location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$contentfile ... container name [string]
- \$db_connect ... DB-connect file name [string]
- \$token ... security token [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- rich text editor code / false on error

7.10.25 showvideoplayer

Description

Generates a html segment for the video player code

Syntax

showvideoplayer (\$site, \$video_array, \$width=854, \$height=480, \$logo_url="", \$id="", \$title="", \$autoplay=true, \$fullscreen=true, \$loop=false, \$muted=false, \$controls=true, \$iframe=false, \$force_reload=false)

Input parameters

- `$site` ... video array containing the different video sources [array]
- `$video_array` ... width of the video in pixel [integer]
- `$width` ... height of the video in pixel [integer]
- `$height` ... link to the logo which is displayed before you click on play (If the value is null the default logo will be used) [string]
- `$logo_url` ... ID of the video (will be generated when empty) [string]
- `$id` ... title for this video [string]
- `$title` ... autoplay video on load (true)
- `$autoplay` ... default is false [boolean]
- `$fullscreen` ... view the video in full screen [boolean]
- `$loop` ... play loop [boolean] (optional)
- `$muted` ... muted/no sound [boolean] (optional)
- `$controls` ... player controls and selectable marker/faces gallery [boolean] (optional)
- `$iframe` ... use video in iframe [boolean] (optional)
- `$force_reload` ... reload video sources to prevent the browser cache to show the same video even if it has been changed [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- `$mgmt_config`

Output

- HTML code of the video player / false on error

7.10.26 showvideoplayer_head

Syntax

`showvideoplayer_head ($secureHref=true, $fullscreen=true)`

Input parameters

- `$secureHref` ... secure hyperreferences by adding 'hypercms_' [boolean] (optional)
- `$fullscreen` ... is it possible to view the video in fullScreen [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- `$mgmt_config`

Output

- head for video player / false on error

7.10.27 showaudioplayer

Description

Generates the html segment for the video player code

Syntax

`showaudioplayer ($site, $audioArray, $width=320, $height=320, $logo_url="", $id="", $autoplay=false, $loop=false, $controls=true, $force_reload=false)`

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$audioArray ... audio files [array]
- \$width ... ID of the tag [string] (optional)
- \$height ... width of the video in pixel [integer]
- \$logo_url ... height of the video in pixel [integer]
- \$id ... link to the logo which is displayed before you click on play (If the value is null the default logo will be used) [string]
- \$autoplay ... ID of the video (will be generated when empty) [string]
- \$loop ... autoplay (optional) [boolean]
- \$controls ... play loop (optional) [boolean]
- \$force_reload ... player controls (optional) [boolean]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- code of the HTML5 player / false

7.10.28 showaudioplayer_head

Syntax

showaudioplayer_head (\$secureHref=true)

Input parameters

- \$secureHref ... secure hyperreferences by adding 'hypercms_' [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- head for audio player

7.10.29 debug_getbacktracestring

Description

Returns the current backtrace as a good readable string.
Ignores debug and debug_getbacktracestring.

Syntax

debug_getbacktracestring (\$valueSeparator, \$rowSeparator, \$ignoreFunctions=array())

Input parameters

- \$valueSeparator ... separator for arguments [string]

- \$rowSeparator ... separator for a row on screen/file [string]
- \$ignoreFunctions ... functionnames to be ignored [array]

Output

- debug message

7.10.30 showAPIdocs

Description

Generates the documentation of an API file.

If you only want to display the main API functions that you would normally be interested in, please use this definition:

```
$display_functions = array ("is_folder", "is_emptyfolder", "is_supported", "is_date",
"is_document", "is_image", "is_rawimage", "is_video", "is_rawvideo", "is_audio",
"is_keyword", "is_mobilebrowser", "is_iOS", "createviewlink", "createportallink",
"createaccesslink", "createobjectaccesslink", "createwrapperlink", "createdownloadlink",
"createmultiaccesslink", "createmultidownloadlink", "restoremediafile", "downloadobject",
"downloadfile", "createpublication", "editpublication", "editpublicationsetting",
"deletepublication", "createtemplate", "edittemplate", "deletetemplate", "createportal",
"editportal", "deleteportal", "createuser", "edituser", "deleteuser", "creategroup", "editgroup",
"deletegroup", "createfolder", "renamefolder", "deletefolder", "createobject", "uploadfile",
"createmediaobject", "createmediaobjects", "editmediaobject", "editobject", "renameobject",
"deleteobject", "cutobject", "copyobject", "copyconnectedobject", "pasteobject", "lockobject",
"unlockobject", "publishobject", "unpublishobject", "createqueueentry", "remoteclient",
"savelog", "loadlog", "deletelog", "debuglog", "sendlicensenotification", "sendresetpassword",
"createfavorite", "deletefavorite", "load_csv", "create_csv", "sendmessage", "savecontent",
"html2pdf", "mergepdf");
```

Syntax

```
showAPIdocs ($file, $return="html", $html_hr=true, $html_description=true,
$html_input=true, $html_globals=true, $html_output=true, $display_functions=array())
```

Input parameters

- \$file ... path to API file [string]
- \$return ... return result as HTML or array [html, array] (optional)
- \$html_hr ... use horizontal rule as separator in HTML output [boolean] (optional)
display description [boolean] (optional)
- \$html_description ... display input parameters [boolean] (optional)
- \$html_input ... display global variables [boolean] (optional)
- \$html_globals ... display output [boolean] (optional)
- \$html_output ... display only defined function names [array] (optional)
- \$display_functions

global input parameters

- = array()

Output

- HTML output of documentation / false on error

7.10.31 readnavigation

Description

Reads the content from the container and collects information about a single navigation item

Syntax

readnavigation (\$site, \$docroot, \$object, \$view="publish", \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$docroot ... location [string]
- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$view ... view name (see view parameters of function buildview) [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$navi_config

Output

- navigation item array / false

7.10.32 createnavigation

Description

Generates an associative array (item => nav-item, sub => array with sub-items).

Example

```
$navi_config = array();
```

document root definitions

```
$navi_config['root_path'] = "%abs_page%/";
```

```
$navi_config['root_url'] = "%url_page%/";
```

HTML / CSS class definitions

```
$navi_config['attr_ul_top'] = "class=\"nav navbar-nav\"";
```

```
$navi_config['attr_ul_dropdown'] = "class=\"dropdown-menu\"";
```

```
$navi_config['attr_li_active'] = "class=\"active\"";
```

```
$navi_config['attr_li_dropdown'] = "class=\"dropdown\"";
```

```
$navi_config['attr_href_dropdown'] = "class=\"dropdown-toggle\" data-toggle=\"dropdown\"";
```

```
$navi_config['tag_li'] = "<li %attr_li%><a href=\"\"%link%\"%attr_href%>%title%</a>%sub%</li>\n";
```

```
$navi_config['tag_ul'] = "<ul %attr_ul%>%list%</ul>\n";
```

Language definitions

Session variable name that holds the language setting

```
$navi_config['lang_session'] = "langcode";
```

2nd key = langcode & value = text_id of textnode

```
$navi_config['lang_text_id']['DE'] = "Titel_DE";
```

```
$navi_config['lang_text_id']['EN'] = "Titel_EN";
```

PermaLink definitions

2nd key = langcode & value = text_id of textnode

```
$navi_config['permalink_text_id']['DE'] = "PermaLink_DE";
```

```
$navi_config['permalink_text_id']['EN'] = "PermaLink_EN";
```

Hide navigation item (any value or empty) and use sort order (number or empty)

```

$navi_config['hide_text_id'] = "NavigationHide";
$navi_config['sort_text_id'] = "NavigationSortOrder";
Use only index file of directory as navigation item, e.g. index.html or index.php (Keep empty
if all objects of a folder should be included)
$navi_config['index_file'] = "";
$navigation = createnavigation ("%publication%", $navi_config['root_path'],
$navi_config['root_url'], "%view%", "%abs_location%/%object%");
echo shownavigation ($navigation);

```

Syntax

```

createnavigation ($site, $docroot, $urlroot, $view="publish", $currentobject="",
$recursive=true)

```

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$docroot ... document root for navigation [string]
- \$urlroot ... URL root for navigation [string]
- \$view ... view name (see view parameters of function buildview) [string]
- \$currentobject ... path to current object [string] (optional)
- \$recursive ... recursive [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$navi_config

Output

- navigation array / false

7.10.33 shownavigation

Description

display navigation as HTML code.

The following example configures the navigation:

```

$navi_config = array();
document root definitions:
$navi_config['root_path'] = "%abs_page%/";
$navi_config['root_url'] = "%url_page%/";
HTML / CSS class definitions (names between percentage signs are placeholders):
$navi_config['attr_ul_top'] = "class=\"nav navbar-nav\"";
$navi_config['attr_ul_dropdown'] = "class=\"dropdown-menu\"";
$navi_config['attr_li_active'] = "class=\"active\"";
$navi_config['attr_li_dropdown'] = "class=\"dropdown\"";
$navi_config['attr_href_dropdown'] = "class=\"dropdown-toggle\" data-
toggle=\"dropdown\"";
$navi_config['tag_li'] = "<li %attr_li%><a href=\"%link%\"
%attr_href%>%title%</a>%sub%</li>\n";
$navi_config['tag_ul'] = "<ul %attr_ul%>%list%</ul>\n";
language definitions
Session variable name that holds the language setting
$navi_config['lang_session'] = "langcode";
note: key = langcode & value = text_id of textnode
$navi_config['lang_text_id']['DE'] = "Titel_DE";

```

```

$navi_config['lang_text_id']['EN'] = "Titel_EN";
PermaLink definitions
note: key = langcode & value = text_id of textnode
$navi_config['permalink_text_id']['DE'] = "PermaLink_DE";
$navi_config['permalink_text_id']['EN'] = "PermaLink_EN";
Navigation hide and sort order definitions
$navi_config['hide_text_id'] = "NavigationHide";
$navi_config['sort_text_id'] = "NavigationSortOrder";
Use the first object of a folder for the main navigation item and display all following objects as
sub navigation items [boolean]
$navi_config['use_1st_folderitem'] = false;

```

Syntax

shownavigation (\$navigation, \$level=1)

Input parameters

- \$navigation ... navigation (created by function readnavigation) [array]
- \$level ... level [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$navi_config

Output

- navigation HTML presentation / false

7.10.34 showselect

Syntax

showselect (\$value_array, \$only_text=false, \$selected_value="", \$id="", \$attributes="")

Input parameters

- \$value_array ... values array (array-key = value)
- \$only_text ... array-value = text) [array]
- \$selected_value ... use values of array as option value and text [boolean] (optional)
- \$id ... selected value [string] (optional)
- \$attributes ... attributes of select tags like name or id or events [string] (optional)

Output

- HTML select box presentation / false

7.10.35 showtranslator

Syntax

showtranslator (\$site, \$id, \$type, \$charset="UTF-8", \$lang="en", \$style="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$id ... editor/text-tag ID [string]
- \$type ... unformatted or formatted texttag-type [u, f]
- \$charset ... character set [string] (optional)
- \$lang ... 2 digit language code [string] (optional)
- \$style ... style of div tag [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- HTML translator box presentation / false

7.10.36 showmapping

Description

Present the mapping form of the provided publication.

Syntax

showmapping (\$site, \$lang="en")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$lang ... 2 digit language code [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang

Output

- table with form fields for display / false

7.10.37 showgallery

Description

Presents all objects in a gallery with their thumbnails.

Syntax

showgallery (\$multiobject, \$thumbsize=100, \$openlink=false, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$multiobject ... multiobjects represented by their path or object ID [array]
- \$thumbsize ... thumbnail size in pixels [integer] (optional)
- \$openlink ... open object on click [boolean] (optional)

- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$pageaccess
- \$compaccess
- \$hiddenfolder
- \$hcms_linking
- \$globalpermission
- \$setlocalpermission
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- gallery view / false

7.10.38 showthumbnail

Description

Presents the thumbnail of a single media file that is optionally base64 encoded and can be embedded in HTML pages or e-mails.

Syntax

showthumbnail (\$site, \$mediafile, \$name="", \$thumbsize=120, \$base64=false, \$style="", \$theme="standard")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$mediafile ... media file name [string]
- \$name ... display name [string] (optional)
- \$thumbsize ... thumbnail size in pixels [integer] (optional)
- \$base64 ... base64 encoding [boolean] (optional)
- \$style ... CSS style for image [string] (optional) design theme name for icons [string] (optional)
- \$theme

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- thumbnail view / false

7.10.39 showtaxonomytree

Description

Displays the requested taxonomy tree structure or sub branch with checkboxes for the keywords.

Syntax

showtaxonomytree (\$site="", \$container_id, \$text_id, \$tagname="textk",
\$taxonomy_lang="en", \$expression, \$width=600, \$height=500)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$container_id ... container ID [integer][array]
- \$text_id ... text ID [string]
- \$tagname ... language code [string] (optional)
- \$taxonomy_lang ... taxonomy ID or expression or taxonomy path in the form
%taxonomy%/publication-name or 'default'/language-code/taxonomy-ID/taxonomy-
child-levels [string]
- \$expression ... width in pixel [integer] (optional)
- \$width ... height in pixel [integer] (optional)
- \$height

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$taxonomy

Output

- taxonomy tree view / false

7.10.40 showworkflowstatus

Description

Displays the workflow status information table.

Syntax

showworkflowstatus (\$site, \$location, \$page)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location path [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$publ_config
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$user

Output

- workflow status view / false

7.11 Template Engine API Functions

7.11.1 transformlink

Syntax

transformlink (\$viewstore)

Input parameters

- \$viewstore ... view of object

global input parameters

- \$site
- \$location_esc
- \$page
- \$ctrlreload
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- view with transformed links for easyedit mode

7.11.2 followlink

Syntax

followlink (\$site, \$follow)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name
- \$follow ... link to follow

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- prepared input (location plus page) for easyedit mode (buildview) / false on error

7.11.3 errorhandler

Syntax

errorhandler (\$source_code, \$return_code, \$error_identifier)

Input parameters

- \$source_code ... source code

- \$return_code ... return code
- \$error_identifier ... error identifier

Output

- error message and view of the code with line identifiers

7.11.4 viewinclusions

Syntax

viewinclusions (\$site, \$viewstore, \$hypertag, \$view, \$application, \$charset="UTF-8")

Input parameters

- \$site ... view of object
- \$viewstore ... hypertag to create view of included objects
- \$hypertag ... view parameter
- \$view ... application
- \$application ... character set used (optional) view-parameter explanation: "template or any other word": the standard text (in table) will be included for the view "preview": preview of the content of the included file "publish": view the content of the included file as it is (for publishing)
- \$charset

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$mgmt_config
- \$location
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- view of the content including the content of included objects

7.11.5 buildview

Description

buildview parameter may have the following values:

"formedit": use form for content editing

"formmeta": use form for content viewing only for meta informations (tag-type must be meta)

"formlock": use form for content viewing

"cmsview": view of page based on template, includes hyperCMS specific code (buttons)

"inlineview": view of page based on template, includes hyperCMS specific code (buttons) and inline text editing

"publish": view of page for publishing based on template without CMS specific code (editing)

"unpublish": execution of the code for unpublishing an object

"preview": view of page based on template for preview (inactive hyperlinks) without CMS specific code (buttons)

"template": view of template based on template for preview (inactive hyperlinks) without CMS specific code (buttons)

Syntax

buildview (\$site, \$location, \$page, \$user, \$buildview="template", \$ctrlreload="no", \$template="", \$container="", \$force_cat="", \$execute_code=true)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location [string]
- \$page ... object name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string]
- \$buildview ... view parameter [string] (optional)
- \$ctrlreload ... reload workplace control frame and add html & body tags if missing [yes, no] (optional)
- \$template ... template name [string] (optional)
- \$container ... container name [string] (optional)
- \$force_cat ... force category to use different location path [page, comp] (optional)
- \$execute_code ... execute_code [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$container_collection
- \$eventsystem
- \$db_connect
- \$mgmt_config
- \$siteaccess
- \$adminpermission
- \$setlocalpermission
- \$token
- \$is_mobile
- \$is_iphone
- \$viewportwidth
- \$mgmt_lang_shortcut_default
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang_name
- \$hcms_lang_shortcut
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang_date
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array with view of the content / false on error

7.11.6 unescapeview

Syntax

unescapeview (\$viewstore, \$application="php")

Input parameters

- \$viewstore ... code [string]
- \$application ... application name [string] (optional)

Output

- unescaped code / false on error

7.11.7 buildsearchform

Syntax

buildsearchform (\$site="", \$template="", \$report="", \$ownergroup="", \$css_display="inline-block", \$css_width_field="90%", \$empty_values=true, \$title="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional for report)
- \$template ... template name [string] (optional)
- \$report ... or report name [string] (optional)
- \$ownergroup ... group access [array] (optional)
- \$css_display ... CSS display value for label tag [string] (optional)
- \$css_width_field ... CSS field width (optional)
- \$empty_values ... allow empty values [boolean] (optional)
- \$title ... display title [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$siteaccess
- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_lang_shortcut_default
- \$hcms_charset
- \$hcms_lang_name
- \$hcms_lang_shortcut
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang_date
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$is_mobile

Output

- form view / false on error

7.11.8 buildbarchart

Syntax

buildbarchart (\$paper_name, \$paper_width=600, \$paper_height=300, \$paper_top=10, \$paper_left=40, \$x_axis, \$y1_axis, \$y2_axis="", \$y3_axis="", \$paper_style="", \$bar1_style="", \$bar2_style="", \$bar3_style="", \$show_value=false)

Input parameters

- \$paper_name ... name/id of paper [string]
- \$paper_width ... width of paper in pixel [integer]
- \$paper_height ... height of paper in pixel [integer]
- \$paper_top ... top space in pixel [integer]
- \$paper_left ... left space in pixel [integer]

- \$x_axis ... x-axis values with index as 1st key and 'value', 'text', 'onclick' as 2nd key [array]
- \$y1_axis ... y1-axis values [array]
- \$y2_axis ... y2-axis values [array] (optional)
- \$y3_axis ... y3-axis values [array] (optional)
- \$paper_style ... paper CSS style [string]
- \$bar1_style ... 1st bar chart CSS style [string]
- \$bar2_style ... 2nd bar chart CSS style [string]
- \$bar3_style ... 3rd bar chart CSS style [string]
- \$show_value ... show y-value in bar [boolean]

global input parameters

- \$lang
- \$mgmt_config

Output

- bar chart view / false on error

7.12 XML API Functions

7.12.1 valid_tagname

Description

Verifies a tag name

Syntax

valid_tagname (\$tagname)

Input parameters

- \$tagname ... tag name [string]

Output

- true / false on error

7.12.2 setxmlparameter

Description

Set parameter values in XML declaration (e.g. encoding): encoding="UTF-8"

Syntax

setxmlparameter (\$xmldata, \$parameter, \$value)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$parameter ... parameter name [string]
- \$value ... parameter value [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.3 getcontent

Description

<tagname>content</tagname>

Extracts the content between the given \$starttagname xml-tags.

Only this function will decode special characters (&, <, >) in the content and removes CDATA. Function getcontent will only decode values if they are non-xml and non_html. so content inside child nodes including tags won't be decoded.

Wild card character "*" can be used at the end of \$starttagname.

Syntax

getcontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name [string]

Output

- result array with the content of the requested XML node (tag) / false on error

7.12.4 getcontent

Description

CASE-Insensitive version (XML parser are however always case-sensitive!)

<tagname>content</tagname>

Extracts the content between the given \$starttagname xml-tags.

Only this function will decode special characters (&, <, >) in the content and removes CDATA. getcontent will only decode values if they are non-xml and non_html. so content inside child nodes including tags won't be decoded.

Wild card character "*" can be used at the end of \$starttagname

Syntax

getcontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name [string]

Output

- result array with the content of the requested XML node (tag) / false on error

7.12.5 getxmlcontent

Description

<tagname>content</tagname>

Extracts the content together with the \$starttagname xml tags.
This function will NOT decode special characters like function getcontent!
Wild card character "*" can be used at the end of \$starttagname.

Syntax

getxmlcontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name [string]

Output

- result array with the content of the requested XML node (tag) / false on error

7.12.6 getxmlcontent

Description

CASE-Insensitive version (XML parser are always case-sensitive!)

<tagname>content</tagname>

Extracts the content together with the \$starttagname xml tags.

This function will NOT decode special characters like function getcontent!

Wild card character "*" can be used at the end of \$starttagname.

Syntax

getxmlcontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name [string]

Output

- result array with the content of the requested XML node (tag) / false on error

7.12.7 selectcontent

Description

<tagname>

.....

<condtag>condvalue</condtag>

.....

</tagname>

Extracts the content between the given \$starttagname xml tags where the child xml tag \$startcondtag value is equal with the target value \$condvalue.

Wild card character "*" can be used at the end of \$starttagname.

Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of \$condvalue.

Be Aware: \$startcondtag must be a child of \$starttagname!

Syntax

selectcontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname, \$startcondtag, \$condvalue)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of requested XML node [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string]
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]

Output

- result array with the content of the requested XML node (tag) / false on error

7.12.8 selectcontent

Description

CASE-Insensitive version (XML parser are always case-sensitive!)

<tagname>

.....

<condtag>condvalue</condtag>

.....

</tagname>

Extracts the content between the given \$starttagname xml tags where the child xml tag \$startcondtag value is equal with the target value \$condvalue.

Wild card character "*" can be used at the end of \$starttagname.

Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of \$condvalue.

Be Aware: \$startcondtag must be a child of \$starttagname!

Syntax

selectcontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname, \$startcondtag, \$condvalue)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of requested XML node [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string]
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]

Output

- result array with the content of the requested XML node (tag) / false on error

7.12.9 selectxmlcontent

Description

<tagname>

.....

<condtag>condvalue</condtag>

.....

</tagname>

Extracts the content between the given \$starttagname xml tags where the child xml tag \$startcondtag value is equal with the target value \$condvalue

Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of \$condvalue.

Be Aware: \$startcondtag must be a child of \$starttagname!

Syntax

selectxmlcontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname, \$startcondtag, \$condvalue)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of requested XML node [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]

Output

- result array with the content of the requested XML node (tag) / false on error

7.12.10 selectxmlcontent

Description

CASE-Insensitive version (XML parser are always case-sensitive!)

<tagname>

.....

<condtag>condvalue</condtag>

.....

</tagname>

Extracts the content between the given \$starttagname xml tags where the child xml tag \$startcondtag value is equal with the target value \$condvalue.

Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of \$condvalue.

Be Aware: \$startcondtag must be a child of \$starttagname!

Syntax

selectxmlcontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname, \$startcondtag, \$condvalue)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of requested XML node [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string]
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]

Output

- result array with the content of the requested XML node (tag) / false on error

7.12.11 deletecontent

Description

<tagname>

<condtag>condvalue</condtag>

</tagname>

Deletes the whole xml content including <tagname>.

Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of \$condvalue.

Syntax

deletecontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname, \$startcondtag="", \$condvalue="")

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of requested XML node [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string] (optional)
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string] (optional)

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.12 deletecontent

Description

CASE-Insensitive version (XML parser are always case-sensitive!)

<tagname>

<condtag>condvalue</condtag>

</tagname>

Deletes the whole xml content including <tagname>.

Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of \$condvalue.

Syntax

deletecontent (\$xmldata, \$starttagname, \$startcondtag="", \$condvalue="")

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of requested XML node [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string] (optional)
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string] (optional)

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.13 setcontent

Description

<parenttagname>

<condtag>condvalue</condtag>

<tagname>contentnew</tagname>

</parenttagname>

\$xmldata = data string to be parsed

\$startparenttagname = name of the tag that is a parent node of starttagname (necessary if condition has been set!)

\$starttagname = name of the tag (child node)

\$contentnew = the content that will be inserted between the child tags \$starttagname

\$startcondtag = child xml tag where condition will be set

\$condvalue = value of the condition

Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of \$condvalue.

Syntax

setcontent (\$xmldata, \$startparenttagname, \$starttagname, \$contentnew, \$startcondtag="", \$condvalue="")

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$startparenttagname ... parent tag name [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of XML node for the new content [string]
- \$contentnew ... new XML node to be inserted
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string]
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.14 setcontent

Description

CASE-Insensitive version (XML parser are always case-sensitive!)

<parenttagname>

<condtag>condvalue</condtag>

<tagname>contentnew</tagname>

</parenttagname>

\$xmldata = data string to be parsed

\$startparenttagname = name of the tag that is the parent node of starttagname (necessary if condition has been set!)

\$starttagname = name of the tag (child node)

\$contentnew = the content that will be inserted between the child tags \$starttagname

\$startcondtag = child xml tag where condition will be set

\$condvalue = value of the condition

Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of \$condvalue.

Syntax

setcontent (\$xmldata, \$startparenttagname, \$starttagname, \$contentnew, \$startcondtag, \$condvalue)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$startparenttagname ... parent tag name [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of XML node for the new content [string]
- \$contentnew ... new XML node to be inserted [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string]
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.15 setcontent_fast

Description

function designed for link management, extremely fast but with limitations (only CASE-Sensitive!)

```

<parenttagname>
<condtag>condvalue</condtag>
<tagname>contentnew</tagname>
</parenttagname>
$xmldata = data string to be parsed
$startparenttagname = name of the tag that is the parent node of starttagname (necessary if
condition has been set!)
$starttagname = name of the tag (child node)
$contentnew = the content that will be inserted between the child tags $starttagname
$startcondtag = child xml tag where condition will be set
$condvalue = value of the condition
Wild card character "*" can be used at begin and end of $condvalue.

```

Syntax

```

setcontent_fast ($xmldata, $startparenttagname, $starttagname, $contentnew,
$startcondtag="", $condvalue="")

```

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$startparenttagname ... parent tag name [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of XML node for the new content [string]
- \$contentnew ... new XML node to be inserted
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string]
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.16 updatecontent

Description

Updates a given xml string \$xmlnode in \$xmldata with the content \$xmlnodenew.
This method provides a faster way to update xml nodes when the node was selected before.

Syntax

```

updatecontent ($xmldata, $xmlnode, $xmlnodenew)

```

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$xmlnode ... XML node to be replaced [string]
- \$xmlnodenew ... new XML node [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.17 insertcontent

Description

.....
.....

```
<tagname> <- list start
```

```
.....  
.....
```

```
insertxmldata <- insertxmldata
```

```
</tagname> <- list end
```

```
.....
```

Inserts \$insertxmldata string at the end of all child between the parent \$tagname .

Syntax

insertcontent (\$xmldata, \$insertxmldata, \$starttagname)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$insertxmldata ... XML node to be inserted in starttagname [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of the parent XML node [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.18 insertcontent

Description

CASE-Insensitive version (XML parser are always case-sensitive!)

```
.....
```

```
.....
```

```
<tagname> <- list start
```

```
.....
```

```
.....
```

```
insertxmldata <- insertxmldata
```

```
</tagname> <- list end
```

```
.....
```

Inserts \$insertxmldata string at the end of all child between the parent \$tagname.

Syntax

insertcontent (\$xmldata, \$insertxmldata, \$starttagname)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$insertxmldata ... XML node to be inserted in starttagname [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of the parent XML node [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.19 addcontent

Description

```
<grandtagname>
```

```
<condtag>condvalue</condtag>
```

```
<parenttagname> <- list start
```

```
.....
```

```

.....
..... }
<tagname>contentnew</tagname> } <- sub_xmldata
..... }
</parenttagname> <- list end
</grandtagname>
$xmldata = data string to be parsed
$sub_xmldata = xml node to be inserted
$startgrandtagname (optional) = name of the grand xml tag of parent xml tag where (article)
$startcondtag (optional) = xml tag inside the parent xml tags where condition will be set
$condvalue (optional) = value of the condition
$startparenttagname (optional) = name of the parent xml tag where the xml subschema
should be added (list)
$starttagname (optional) = name of the tag (child)
$contentnew (optional) = the content that will be inserted between the child tags

```

Syntax

addcontent (\$xmldata, \$sub_xmldata, \$startgrandtagname, \$startcondtag, \$condvalue, \$startparenttagname, \$starttagname, \$contentnew)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$sub_xmldata ... xml node to be inserted [string]
- \$startgrandtagname ... grandparent tag name [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string]
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]
- \$startparenttagname ... parent tag name [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of XML node for the new content [string]
- \$contentnew ... new XML node to be inserted [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.12.20 addcontent

Description

CASE-Insensitive version (XML parser are always case-sensitive!)

```

<grandtagname>
<condtag>condvalue</condtag>
<parenttagname> <- list start
.....
..... }
<tagname>contentnew</tagname> } <- sub_xmldata
..... }
</parenttagname> <- list end
</grandtagname>
$xmldata = data string to be parsed
$sub_xmldata = xml subschema to be inserted
$startgrandtagname (optional) = name of the grand xml tag of parent xml tag where (article)
$startcondtag (optional) = xml tag inside the parent xml tags where condition will be set
$condvalue (optional) = value of the condition
$startparenttagname (optional) = name of the parent xml tag where the xml subschema
should be added (list)

```

\$starttagname (optional) = name of the tag (child)

\$contentnew (optional) = the content that will be inserted between the child tags

Syntax

addcontent (\$xmldata, \$sub_xmldata, \$startgrandtagname, \$startcondtag, \$condvalue, \$startparenttagname, \$starttagname, \$contentnew)

Input parameters

- \$xmldata ... XML content container [string]
- \$sub_xmldata ... xml node to be inserted [string]
- \$startgrandtagname ... grandparent tag name [string]
- \$startcondtag ... tag holding the conditional value inside the given starttagname [string]
- \$condvalue ... conditional value [string]
- \$startparenttagname ... parent tag name [string]
- \$starttagname ... tag name of XML node for the new content [string]
- \$contentnew ... new XML node to be inserted [string]

Output

- XML content container / false on error

7.13 Report API Functions

7.13.1 createreport

Description

This function creates a new report

Syntax

createreport (\$report_name)

Input parameters

- \$report_name ... report name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.13.2 editreport

Description

This function saves the configuration of a report.

Syntax

editreport (\$report_name, \$config)

Input parameters

- \$report_name ... report name [string]
- \$config ... report configuration [array]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.13.3 loadreport

Description

This function loads the report configuration file and provides the data as array.

Syntax

loadreport (\$report_name)

Input parameters

- \$report_name ... report name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array / false

7.13.4 deletereport

Description

This function deletes a report

Syntax

deletereport (\$report_name)

Input parameters

- \$report_name ... report name [string]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.13.5 analyzeSQLselect

Description

This function analyzes an SQL Select statement and return its parts in an array

Syntax

analyzeSQLselect (\$sql)

Input parameters

- \$sql ... SQL statement [string]

Output

- result array

7.13.6 showpiechart

Description

This function creates the Google Chart Code for a pie chart. The Google Chart API need to be loaded first!

Syntax

showpiechart (\$title="", \$x_title, \$x_value, \$y_title, \$y_value, \$data_array, \$width="100%", \$height="100%", \$id="hcmsPieChart", \$suffix="", \$loadAPI=true)

Input parameters

- \$title ... chart title [string]
- \$x_title ... chart x-axis title [string]
- \$x_value ... chart x-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$y_title ... chart y-axis title [string]
- \$y_value ... chart y-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$data_array ... assoz. data array [array]
- \$width ... chart width [string] (optional)
- \$height ... chart height [string] (optional)

- \$id ... ID of chart [string] (optional)
- \$suffix ... function name suffix [string] (optional)
- \$loadAPI ... load Google Chart API [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$user

Output

- Google Chart code / false

7.13.7 showcolumnchart

Description

This function creates the Google Chart Code for a column chart. The Google Chart API need to be loaded first!

Syntax

```
showcolumnchart ($title="", $x_title, $x_value, $y1_title, $y1_value, $y2_title="",
$y2_value="", $y3_title="", $y3_value="", $data_array, $width="100%", $height="100%",
$id="hcmsColumnChart", $suffix="", $loadAPI=true)
```

Input parameters

- \$title ... chart title [string]
- \$x_title ... chart x-axis title [string]
- \$x_value ... chart x-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$y1_title ... chart y1-axis title [string]
- \$y1_value ... chart y1-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$y2_title ... chart y2-axis title [string]
- \$y2_value ... chart y2-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$y3_title ... chart y3-axis title
- \$y3_value ... chart y3-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$data_array ... assoz. data array [array]
- \$width ... chart width [string] (optional)
- \$height ... chart height [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of chart [string] (optional)
- \$suffix ... function name suffix [string] (optional)
- \$loadAPI

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$user

Output

- Google Chart code / false

7.13.8 showareachart

Description

This function creates the Google Chart Code for an area chart. The Google Chart API need to be loaded first!

Syntax

```
showareachart ($title="", $x_title, $x_value, $y1_title, $y1_value, $y2_title="",
$y2_value="", $y3_title="", $y3_value="", $data_array, $width="100%", $height="100%",
$id="hcmsAreaChart", $suffix="", $loadAPI=true)
```

Input parameters

- \$title ... chart title [string]
- \$x_title ... chart x-axis title [string]
- \$x_value ... chart x-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$y1_title ... chart y1-axis title [string]
- \$y1_value ... chart y1-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$y2_title ... chart y2-axis title [string]
- \$y2_value ... chart y2-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$y3_title ... chart y3-axis title
- \$y3_value ... chart y3-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$data_array ... assoz. data array [array]
- \$width ... chart width [string] (optional)
- \$height ... chart height [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of chart [string] (optional)
- \$suffix ... function name suffix [string] (optional)
- \$loadAPI

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$user

Output

- Google Chart code / false

7.13.9 showtimelinechart

Description

This function creates the Google Chart Code for a timeline chart. The Google Chart API need to be loaded first!

Syntax

```
showtimelinechart ($title="", $y_title, $y_value, $x1_title, $x1_value, $x2_title="",
$x2_value="", $data_array, $width="100%", $height="100%", $id="hcmsTimelineChart",
$suffix="", $loadAPI=true)
```

Input parameters

- \$title ... chart title [string]
- \$y_title ... chart y-axis title [string]
- \$y_value ... chart y-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$x1_title ... chart x1-axis title
- \$x1_value ... chart x1-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$x2_title ... chart x2-axis title [string]
- \$x2_value ... chart x2-axis array key name holding the values [string]
- \$data_array ... assoz. data array [array]
- \$width ... chart width [string] (optional)
- \$height ... chart height [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of chart [string] (optional)
- \$suffix ... function name suffix [string] (optional)
- \$loadAPI ... load Google Chart API [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$user

Output

- Google Chart code / false

7.13.10 showgeolocationchart

Description

This function creates the Google Maps Code for a geolocation chart. The Google Maps API need to be loaded first!

Syntax

showgeolocationchart (\$title="", \$marker_value, \$lat_value, \$lng_value, \$link_value, \$data_array, \$width="100%", \$height="100%", \$id="hcmsGeolocationChart", \$suffix="", \$loadAPI=true)

Input parameters

- \$title ... chart title [string]
- \$marker_value ... array key name holding the value for the marker title [string]
- \$lat_value ... array key name holding the value for the latitude of the marker [string]
- \$lng_value ... array key name holding the value for the longitude of the marker [string]
- \$link_value ... array key name holding the value for the marker link [string]
- \$data_array ... assoz. data array [array]
- \$width ... chart width [string] (optional)
- \$height ... chart height [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of chart [string] (optional)
- \$suffix ... function name suffix [string] (optional)
- \$loadAPI ... load Google Maps API [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$user

Output

- Google Chart code / false

7.14 Project API Functions

7.14.1 createproject

Description

This function creates a new project.

Syntax

createproject (\$subproject_id=0, \$object_id="", \$user, \$projectname, \$description="")

Input parameters

- \$subproject_id ... ID of main project (only if the project is a subproject) [integer]
- \$object_id ... object ID or path to object [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name of sub/project owner [string]
- \$projectname ... project name [string]
- \$description ... project description [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.14.2 editproject

Description

This function saves data of an existing project.

Syntax

editproject (\$project_id, \$subproject_id=0, \$object_id="", \$user="", \$projectname="", \$description="")

Input parameters

- \$project_id ... project ID [integer]
- \$subproject_id ... ID of main project (only if project is a subproject) [integer]
- \$object_id ... object ID or path to object [string] (optional)
- \$user ... user name of sub/project owner [string] (optional)
- \$projectname ... project name [string] (optional)

- \$description ... project description [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.14.3 deleteproject

Description

This function removes projects.

Syntax

deleteproject (\$project_id)

Input parameters

- \$project_id ... project ID or array of project IDs to be deleted [string or array]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.14.4 getprojectstructure

Description

This function creates an associative array presenting the project structure (project -> subprojects -> tasks).

Syntax

getprojectstructure (\$project_id, \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$project_id ... project ID [integer]
- \$user ... projects for specific user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- associative result array / false

7.14.5 showprojectrecord

Description

This function creates a table row for the projects presentation.

Syntax

showprojectrecord (\$project_record, \$masterproject_id)

Input parameters

- \$project_record ... project record as array (project/subproject/task) [array]
- \$masterproject_id ... ID of master project [integer]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang
- \$siteaccess
- \$user_array

Output

- html presentation of the record / false

7.14.6 showganttchart

Description

This function creates the Google Chart Code for a Gantt chart. The Google Chart API need to be loaded first.

Syntax

showganttchart (\$title="", \$task_title, \$task_value, \$resource_title="", \$resource_value="", \$start_title, \$start_value, \$end_title="", \$end_value="", \$status_title="", \$status_value="", \$data_array, \$width="100%", \$height="100%", \$id="hcmsTimelineChart", \$suffix="", \$loadAPI=true)

Input parameters

- \$title ... chart title [string]
- \$task_title ... task title [string]
- \$task_value ... task array key name holding the values [array]
- \$resource_title ... resource title [string] (optional)
- \$resource_value ... resource array key name holding the values [string] (optional)
- \$start_title ... task start date title [string]
- \$start_value ... task start date array key name holding the values [string]
- \$end_title ... task finish date title [string]

- \$end_value ... task finish date array key name holding the values [string]
- \$status_title ... work status title [string] (optional)
- \$status_value ... work status array key name holding the values [string] (optional)
- \$data_array ... assoz. data array [array]
- \$width ... chart width [string] (optional)
- \$height ... chart height [string] (optional)
- \$id ... ID of chart [string] (optional)
- \$suffix ... function name suffix [string] (optional)
- \$loadAPI ... load Google Chart API [boolean] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- Google Chart code / false

7.15 Task API Functions

7.15.1 createtask

Description

Creates a new user task and send optional e-mail to user.

Since version 5.8.4 the data will be stored in RDBMS instead of XML files.

Syntax

createtask (\$site="", \$from_user, \$from_email="", \$to_user, \$to_email="", \$startdate="", \$finishdate="", \$category="", \$object_id="", \$taskname, \$message="", \$sendmail=true, \$priority="low", \$project_id=0, \$planned="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string] (optional)
- \$from_user ... from_user name [string]
- \$from_email ... from_email [email-address] (optional)
- \$to_user ... to_user name [string]
- \$to_email ... to_email [email-address] (optional)
- \$startdate ... start date [yyyy-mm-dd] (optional)
- \$finishdate ... finish date [yyyy-mm-dd] (optional)
- \$category ... category [link, user, workflow] (optional)
- \$object_id ... object ID or object path [string]
- \$taskname ... task name [string]
- \$message ... message [string] (optional)
- \$sendmail ... sendmail [boolean]
- \$priority ... priority [high, medium, low] (optional)
- \$project_id ... project/subproject ID if the task should be assigned to a project [integer] (optional)
- \$planned ... planned effort in taskunit [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.15.2 edittask

Description

Saves data of a user task and send optional e-mail to user.

Since version 5.8.4 the data will be stored in RDBMS instead of XML files.

Syntax

```
edittask ($task_id, $object_id="", $to_user="", $startdate="", $finishdate="",
$taskname="", $message="", $sendmail=true, $priority="", $status="", $planned="",
$actual="", $project_id=0)
```

Input parameters

- \$task_id ... task ID [integer]
- \$object_id ... object ID pr path to object [string] (optional)
- \$to_user ... to_user name [string] (optional)
- \$startdate ... start date [yyyy-mm-dd] (optional)
- \$finishdate ... finish date [yyyy-mm-dd] (optional)
- \$taskname ... name of task [string] (optional)
- \$message ... task message/description [string] (optional)
- \$sendmail ... sendmail [true/false]
- \$priority ... priority [high, medium, low] (optional)
- \$status ... status in percent [0-100] (optional)
- \$planned ... planned effort in taskunit [integer] (optional)
- \$actual ... actual effort in taskunit [integer] (optional)
- \$project_id ... project/subproject ID the task belongs to [integer] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.15.3 deletetask

Description

Deletes user tasks.

Syntax

```
deletetask ($task_id)
```

Input parameters

- \$task_id ... task ID or array of task IDs to be deleted [integer]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.15.4 tasknotification

Description

Sends e-mail notifications to users if a task starts or ends on the given date.

Syntax

tasknotification (\$date)

Input parameters

- \$date ... date [yyyy-mm-dd]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- true/false

7.16 Workflow API Functions

7.16.1 deleteworkflow

Description

This function deletes a workflow.

Syntax

deleteworkflow (\$site, \$wf_name, \$cat)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$wf_name ... workflow name [string]

- \$cat ... category [man, script]

global input parameters

- \$user
- \$eventsystem
- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.16.2 buildworkflow

Syntax

buildworkflow (\$workflow_data)

Input parameters

- \$workflow_data ... workflow [XML]

Output

- workflow items as array

7.16.3 workflowaccept

Syntax

workflowaccept (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$workflow, \$item_id, \$user, \$task_message="", \$sendmail=true, \$task_priority="medium", \$task_start="", \$task_end="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location name [string]
- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$workflow ... workflow [XML-string]
- \$item_id ... item id [string]
- \$user ... user name of executing user [string]
- \$task_message ... task message [string] (optional)
- \$sendmail ... sendmail [boolean] (optional)
- \$task_priority ... task priority [high, medium, low] (optional)
- \$task_start ... task start date [date] (optional)
- \$task_end ... task end date [date] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang

- \$lang

Output

- workflow [XML-string] / false

7.16.4 acceptobject

Description

Accepts an object that is managed by a workflow.

Syntax

acceptobject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$item_id, \$user, \$task_message="", \$sendmail=true, \$task_priority="medium", \$task_start="", \$task_end="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location name [string]
- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$item_id ... workflow item id [string]
- \$user ... user name of executing user [string]
- \$task_message ... task message [string] (optional)
- \$sendmail ... sendmail [boolean] (optional)
- \$task_priority ... task priority [high, medium, low] (optional)
- \$task_start ... task start date [date] (optional)
- \$task_end ... task end date [date] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$contentfile
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.16.5 workflowreject

Description

Rejects an object that is managed by a workflow.

Syntax

workflowreject (\$site, \$location, \$object, \$workflow, \$item_id, \$user, \$task_message="", \$sendmail=true, \$task_priority="medium", \$task_start="", \$task_end="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location name [string]

- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$workflow ... workflow [XML-string]
- \$item_id ... workflow item id [string]
- \$user ... user name of executing user [string]
- \$task_message ... task message [string] (optional)
- \$sendmail ... send mail [boolean] (optional)
- \$task_priority ... task priority [high, medium, low] (optional)
- \$task_start ... task start date [date] (optional)
- \$task_end ... task end date [date] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- workflow [XML-string] / false

7.16.6 rejectobject

Description

Rejects an object that is managed by a workflow.

Syntax

`rejectobject ($site, $location, $object, $item_id, $user, $task_message="", $sendmail=true, $task_priority="medium", $task_start="", $task_end="")`

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... location name [string]
- \$object ... object name [string]
- \$item_id ... workflow item id [string]
- \$user ... user name of executing user [string]
- \$task_message ... task message [string] (optional)
- \$sendmail ... send mail [boolean] (optional)
- \$task_priority ... task priority [high, medium, low]
- \$task_start ... task start date [date] (optional)
- \$task_end ... task end date [date] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$contentfile
- \$hcms_lang_codepage
- \$hcms_lang
- \$lang

Output

- result array

7.17 Cloud Storage API Functions

7.17.1 loadcloudobject

Description

This functions load/streams an object/file from the cloud storage and saves it the local media repository on request

Syntax

loadcloudobject (\$site, \$location, \$file, \$user="", \$save=true, \$directoutput=false)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... media file location [string]
- \$file ... media file name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)
- \$save ... save file in local media repository or return content as result [true, false] (optional)
- \$directoutput ... direct output of the streamed content [true, false] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- data / false on error

7.17.2 savecloudobject

Description

This function saves an object/file in the cloud storage if no daily cloud snyc has been defined, see main configuration setting \$mgmt_config['storage_dailycloudsnyc']. The file must have a valid container ID identifier in the file name.

Syntax

savecloudobject (\$site, \$location, \$file, \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... media file location [string]
- \$file ... media file name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.17.3 copycloudobject

Description

This functions renames an object/file in the cloud storage

Syntax

copycloudobject (\$site, \$location, \$file_old, \$file_new, \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... media file location [string]
- \$file_old ... source media file name [string]
- \$file_new ... destination media file name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.17.4 renamecloudobject

Description

This functions renames an object/file in the cloud storage

Syntax

renamecloudobject (\$site, \$location, \$file_old, \$file_new, \$user="")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... media file location [string]
- \$file_old ... old media file name [string]
- \$file_new ... new media file name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.17.5 deletecloudobject

Description

This function deletes an object/file and its data from the cloud storage

Syntax

```
deletecloudobject ($site, $location, $file, $user="")
```

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$location ... media file location [string]
- \$file ... media file name [string]
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.17.6 synccloudobjects

Description

This function synchronizes all local objects/files with the cloud storage.
See also main configuration settings \$mgmt_config['storage_dailycloudsnyc'] and \$mgmt_config['storage_type'].

Syntax

```
synccloudobjects ($user="")
```

Input parameters

- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false on error

7.17.7 GCanalyzevideo

Description

Analyzes a video and finds labels, based on Google Video Intelligence.

Syntax

```
GCanalyzevideo ($site, $path)
```

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$path ... path or URI to a video file [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false on error

7.17.8 GCanalyzeimage

Description

Analyzes an image and finds labels, based on Google Vision.

Syntax

GCanalyzeimage (\$site, \$path)

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$path ... path or URI to a video file [string]

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- result array / false on error

7.17.9 GCspeech2text

Description

Analyzes a video or audio and extracts the text from the audio stream, based on Google Cloud Speech.

Google Speech supports the following language codes:

af-ZA, am-ET, hy-AM, az-AZ, id-ID, ms-MY, bn-BD, bn-IN, ca-ES, cs-CZ, da-DK, de-DE, en-AU, en-CA, en-GH, en-GB, en-IN, en-IE, en-KE, en-NZ, en-NG, en-PH, en-ZA, en-TZ, en-US, es-AR, es-BO, es-CL, es-CO, es-CR, es-EC, es-SV, es-ES, es-US, es-GT, es-HN, es-MX, es-NI, es-PA, es-PY, es-PE, es-PR, es-DO, es-UY, es-VE, eu-ES, fil-PH, fr-CA, fr-FR, gl-ES, ka-GE, gu-IN, hr-HR, zu-ZA, is-IS, it-IT, jv-ID, kn-IN, km-KH, lo-LA, lv-LV, lt-LT, hu-HU, ml-IN, mr-IN, nl-NL, ne-NP, nb-NO, pl-PL, pt-BR, pt-PT, ro-RO, si-LK, sk-SK, sl-SI, su-ID, sw-TZ, sw-KE, fi-FI, sv-SE, ta-IN, ta-SG, ta-LK, ta-MY, te-IN, vi-VN, tr-TR, ur-PK, ur-IN, el-GR, bg-BG, ru-RU, sr-RS, uk-UA, he-IL, ar-IL, ar-JO, ar-AE, ar-BH, ar-DZ, ar-SA, ar-IQ, ar-KW, ar-MA, ar-TN, ar-OM, ar-PS, ar-QA, ar-LB,

ar-EG, fa-IR, hi-IN, th-TH, ko-KR, cmn-Hant-TW, yue-Hant-HK, ja-JP, cmn-Hans-HK, cmn-Hans-CN

Syntax

GCspeech2text (\$site, \$path, \$langcode="en-US")

Input parameters

- \$site ... publication name [string]
- \$path ... path or URI to a video file [string]
- \$langcode ... language code [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config
- \$mgmt_imagepreview
- \$mgmt_mediapreview
- \$mgmt_mediaoptions
- \$mgmt_imageoptions
- \$mgmt_maxsizepreview
- \$mgmt_mediametadata
- \$mgmt_compress
- \$hcms_ext

Output

- result array / false on error

7.18 Import/Export API Functions

7.18.1 exportobjects

Description

Executes the export job.

Syntax

exportobjects ()

Input parameters

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.18.2 importobjects

Description

Executes the import job.

Syntax

importobjects ()

Input parameters**global input parameters**

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.18.3 importmediafiles

Description

This function imports all directories and files from import directory to location.

Syntax

importmediafiles (\$importdir, \$location, \$createfolders=false, \$leavefiles=false, \$deletefiles=false, \$report=true, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$importdir ...
- \$location
- \$createfolders
- \$leavefiles
- \$deletefiles
- \$report
- \$user

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true/false

7.18.4 importxmlfiles

Description

Import of content and media files based on the XML import schema.

Syntax

importxmlfiles (\$importdir, \$createfolders=false, \$ignoremissinglinks=false, \$leavefiles=false, \$deletefiles=false, \$report=true, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$importdir ... path of the import directory [string]
- \$createfolders ... create folder [boolean] (optional)

- \$ignoremissinglinks ... ignore or keep links to missing objects [boolean] (optional)
- \$leavefiles ... leave the files in the import directory and create symbolic link to the file [boolean] (optional)
- \$deletefiles ... delete files after successful import [boolean] (optional)
- \$report ... print report [boolean] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

7.18.5 calculatedate

Syntax

calculatedate (\$days)

Input parameters

- \$days ... number of days [integer]

Output

- date based on number of days in the past from today

7.18.6 exportxmlfiles

Description

Export of content and media files based on the XMLexport schema.

Syntax

exportxmlfiles (\$location, \$object="", \$exportdir, \$recursive=false, \$preserve=false, \$symlink=false, \$delete=false, \$createdays=0, \$editdays=0, \$accessdays=0, \$filesize=0, \$contentrules="", \$report=true, \$user="sys")

Input parameters

- \$location ... location [string]
- \$object ... object name [string] (optional)
- \$exportdir ... path of the export directory or FTP server path [string]
- \$recursive ... export all items in subfolders recursively [boolean] (optional)
- \$preserve ... preserve container ID [boolean] (optional)
- \$symlink ... export only the media files and use a symbolic link to the file [boolean] (optional)
- \$delete ... delete files after successful export [boolean] (optional)
- \$createdays ... age in days after creation of the object [integer] (optional)
- \$editdays ... age in days after last modification of the object [integer] (optional)
- \$accessdays ... age in days after last access of the object [integer] (optional)
- \$filesize ... minimum file size of the asset in MB [integer] (optional)

- \$contentrules ... content rules/conditions for text content based on SQL Syntax [string]
- \$report ... print report [boolean] (optional)
- \$user ... user name [string] (optional)

global input parameters

- \$mgmt_config

Output

- true / false

8 Rechtliche Hinweise / Impressum

8.1 Fragen und Anregungen

Sollten Sie weitergehende Fragen oder Anregungen zum Produkt haben, so wenden Sie sich bitte an den Support. Wir stehen Ihnen auch gerne für Fragen bezüglich unseres Reseller-Programms und Partner-Programms zur Verfügung. Zugriff auf die erweiterte Online-Demo des hyper Content & Digital Asset Management Servers können sie ebenfalls über den Support beantragen.

hyperCMS Support:

support@hypercms.com

<http://www.hypercms.com>

8.2 Impressum

Verantwortlich für den Inhalt:

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office@hypercms.com
<http://www.hypercms.com>

8.3 Rechtliche Hinweise

Vorliegendes Benutzerhandbuch basiert auf der zum Zeitpunkt der Verfassung des Dokumentes verfügbaren Programmversion.

Der Hersteller behält sich Programmänderungen und –Verbesserungen vor.

Fehler und Irrtümer vorbehalten.

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