CoGrammar

Welcome to this session:

Skills Bootcamp - How to Think About

Website Design

The session will start shortly...

Questions? Drop them in the chat. We'll have dedicated moderators answering questions.



Safeguarding & Welfare

We are committed to all our students and staff feeling safe and happy; we want to make sure there is always someone you can turn to if you are worried about anything.

If you are feeling upset or unsafe, are worried about a friend, student or family member, or you feel like something isn't right, speak to our safeguarding team:



Ian Wyles Designated Safeguarding Lead



Simone Botes



Nurhaan Snyman



Ronald Munodawafa



Rafig Manan

Scan to report a safeguarding concern



or email the Designated Safeguarding Lead: Ian Wyles safeguarding@hyperiondev.com





Skills Bootcamp Cloud Web Development

- The use of disrespectful language is prohibited in the questions, this is a supportive, learning environment for all - please engage accordingly. (Fundamental British Values: Mutual Respect and Tolerance)
- No question is daft or silly ask them!
- There are Q&A sessions midway and at the end of the session, should you wish to ask
 any follow-up questions. Moderators are going to be answering questions as the
 session progresses as well.
- If you have any questions outside of this lecture, or that are not answered during this lecture, please do submit these for upcoming Academic Sessions. You can submit these questions here: <u>Questions</u>



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- For all non-academic questions, please submit a query:
 <u>www.hyperiondev.com/support</u>
- Report a safeguarding incident: <u>www.hyperiondev.com/safeguardreporting</u>
- We would love your feedback on lectures: <u>Feedback on Lectures.</u>
- Find all the lecture content in your <u>Lecture Backpack</u> on GitHub.
- If you are hearing impaired, please kindly use your computer's function through Google chrome to enable captions.



Learning Outcomes

- Analyse the foundational elements that make a website effective and visually appealing.
- Apply design principles such as balance, contrast, and alignment in web projects.
- ♦ Consider user expectations and behaviour when planning the structure and layout of a website.
- Utilise basic tools and methods for brainstorming and sketching initial design concepts.



Have you designed a website or created layouts before?

A. Yes

B. No





How familiar are you with user-centric design principles?

- A. Beginner
- B. Intermediate
- C. Advanced





What does the term "wireframe" mean in web design?

- A. A static draft layout of a webpage
- B. A fully designed webpage
- C. A tool for coding
- D. An outline for user testing



Question

What frustrates you the most when navigating poorly designed websites?



Question

What are the characteristics of a well-designed website?



Lecture Overview

- → Exploring Core Design Principles
- → Applying User-Centric and Accessibility Practices
- → Wireframing



What Makes a Website Great?

- Why Good Design Matters:
 - Poorly designed websites frustrate users, reduce engagement, and fail to communicate effectively. In contrast, great design creates a seamless, enjoyable experience that meets user needs and drives desired actions.
- Define a Landing Page:
 - A landing page is often the first impression of a website. It serves as a gateway to deeper content or specific actions (e.g., signing up, purchasing). Effective landing pages are clear, compelling, and action-oriented.



What Makes a Website Great?

- Common Frustrations with Poor Design:
 - > Cluttered layouts
 - Slow loading times
 - Lack of mobile responsiveness
 - > Hard-to-find navigation options.



The Building Blocks of Great Design

Clarity:

Every element should have a purpose. Avoid visual noise by using white space effectively.

Consistency:

Use a cohesive design system with consistent fonts, colors, and navigation patterns.

Visual Hierarchy:

Guide users' attention using size, color, and placement. Ensure that the most important elements stand out.

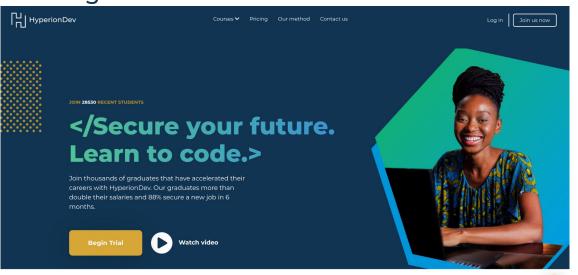
Responsiveness:

Adapt the design for different screen sizes and devices to ensure usability for all users.



The Building Blocks of Great Design

A consistent color palette builds brand identity, and large call-to-action buttons make navigation intuitive.





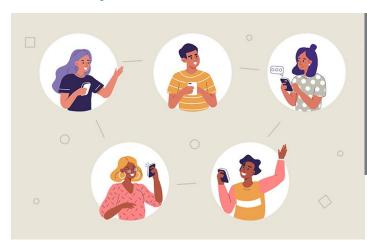
Design with Your Users in Mind

- Understanding User Behavior:
 - Users typically scan web pages in an "F" or "Z" pattern. It is import to place key elements like headlines and CTAs in these areas.
- Tools to Enhance User Focus:
 - User Personas: Create fictional profiles to represent target users.
 - Heatmaps: Analyze where users click or hover the most on your website.
- Why It Matters:
 - > Focusing on user needs ensures higher engagement and satisfaction, leading to better outcomes for the website.



Design with Your Users in Mind

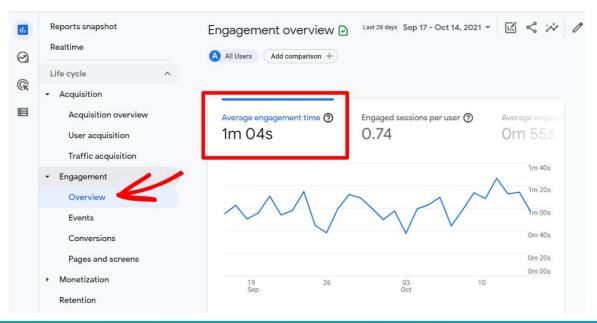
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Design with Your Users in Mind

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Let's take a break





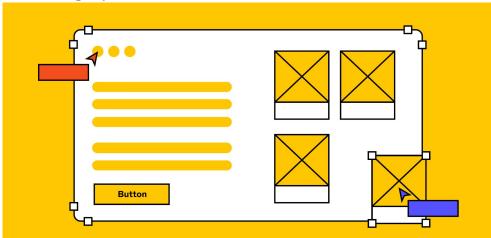
Quick Brainstorm

- Task:
 - > Reflect on a website you admire.
 - > Why is it easy to use?
 - What design choices stand out?



Start with a Sketch

- What is Wireframing?
 - A wireframe is a low-fidelity blueprint for a webpage. It focuses on layout and functionality without distracting details like colors or fonts.
- Why Wireframe First?
 - > It saves time and effort by solving structural issues early in the design process.





Start with a Sketch

- Wireframing tools:
 - Figma
 - Miro
 - Pen and paper are also effective for initial drafts.



Figma





miro

Design for Everyone

- What is Accessibility?
 - Accessibility ensures that people with disabilities can interact with your website effectively. It's not just ethical, it's essential.

Design for Everyone

- Key Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG):
 - Ensure sufficient color contrast for text and backgrounds.
 - Provide alt text for all images.
 - Enable keyboard navigation for all interactive elements.
- Common Pitfalls:
 - Hard-to-read text, missing alt text, and inaccessible forms.



Design for Everyone

High contrast

colour contrast ratio 21:1

High contrast

colour contrast ratio 17.6:1

Low controst

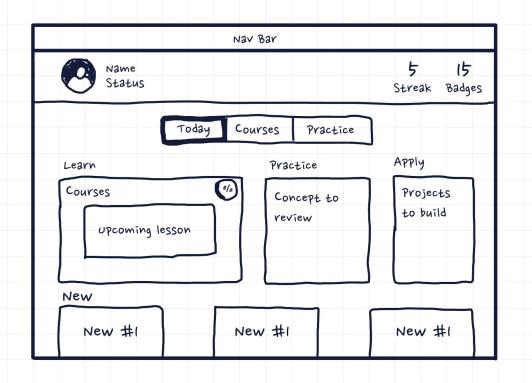
colour contrast ratio 1.5:1

Low contrast

colour contrast ratio 1.9:1



Let's Design Together





Which principle helps guide users' focus on important elements?

- A. Visual Hierarchy
- B. Consistency
- C. Clarity



Which tool is primarily used for wireframing?

- A. Figma
- B. Photoshop
- C. Dreamweaver



Questions and Answers





Thank you for attending







