

LAB-3 REPORT

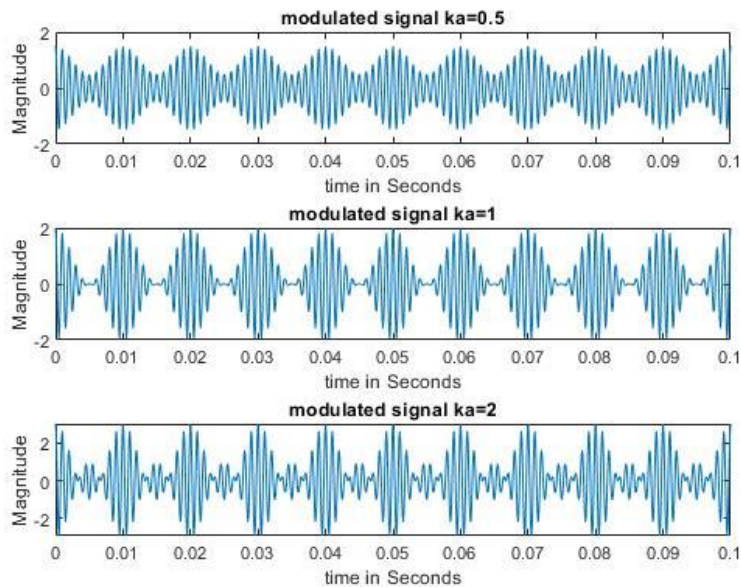


Figure 1:3.2.d

(3.2.c) The first subplot shows us a under modulated signal because the $K_a < 1$. This affects the magnitude of the modulated signal (1.5). The second subplot shows us fully modulated signal there is no envelope distortion at this point and magnitude becomes 2 ($1+1$). The third subplot shows us the overmodulated signal which has some distortions and phase reversal, and its amplitude becomes $3(1+2)$.

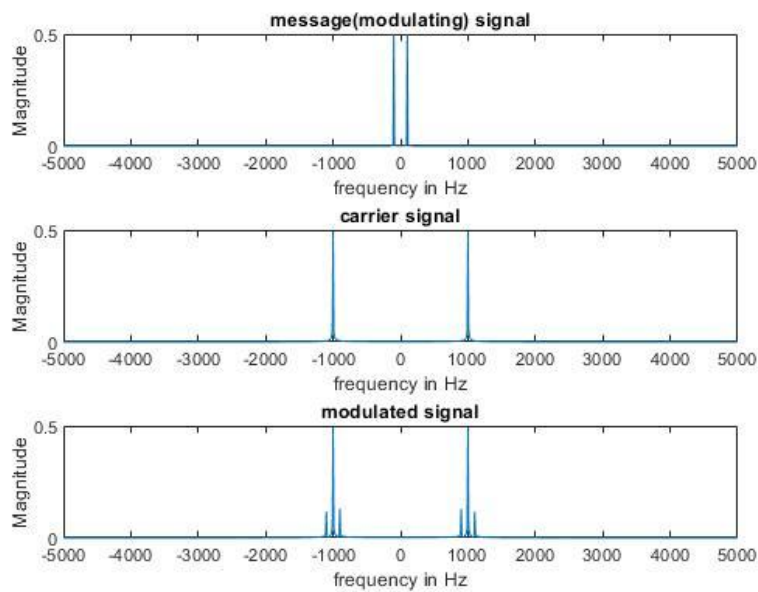


Figure 2:3.2.f

Our message signal has -100hz and 100hz components in frequency domain and magnitude halved due to fourier transform. Carrier signal has -1kHz +1kHz components. Magnitude also halved due to fourier transform. Our modulated signal components has been doubled as like 2 of them at 900Hz and 1100Hz and exact copy of that at negative frequencies as expected because of the shifting property. And magnitude of the modulated signal has been reduced by 4 (0.125) because of the formula.

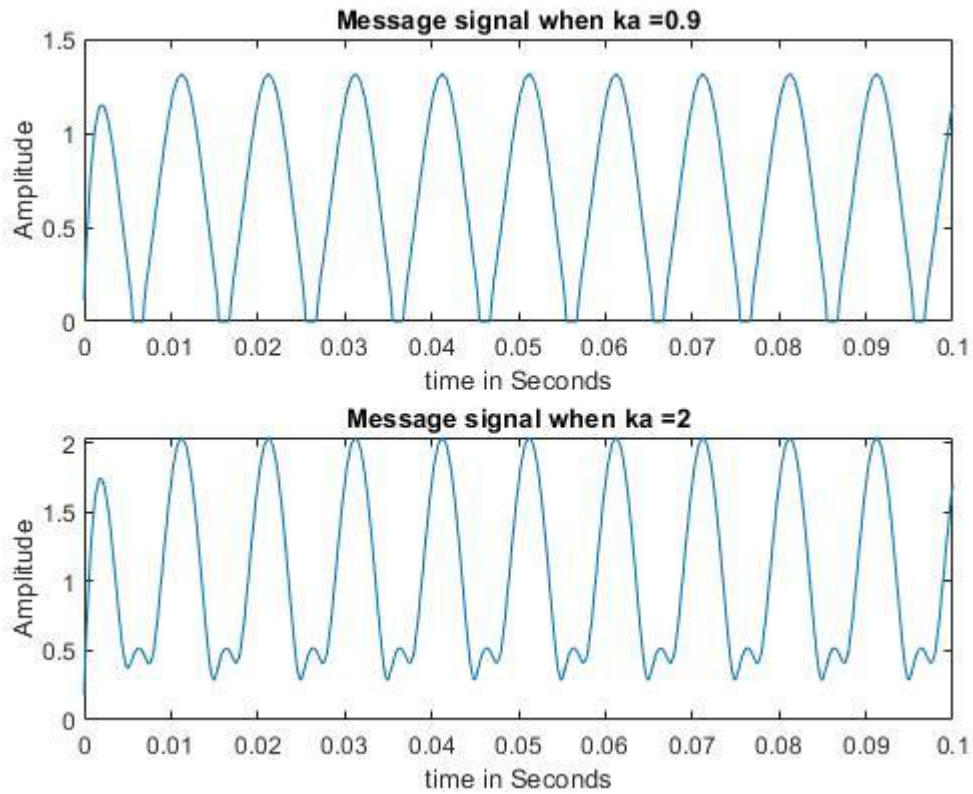


Figure 3:3.3.c

I choose filter order as 6 because its sufficient to filter the signal as I increase the order the filtered signal has been vanished and I choose 2 times message frequency + 50 Hz as my cutoff frequency of low pass butter filter and the reason is getting the message signal at the output with minimized noise/distortions and filter out high frequency components around carrier frequency(Bandwidth becomes $2W$). Both graphs have some errors at first cycle (aperiodicity). But then we got message signal with offset the offsets change with modulation factor as expected at the square rooter output.