

9548

9.1

$$\psi_{nlm} = R_{nl} Y_l^m$$

$$\psi_{100} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi a^3}} e^{-r/a}$$

$$\psi_{200} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8\pi a^3}} e^{-r/(2a)}$$

$$\psi_{210} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{32\pi a^3}} \frac{r}{a} e^{-r/(2a)} \cos[\theta]$$

or

$$\psi_{210} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{32\pi a^3}} \frac{1}{a} e^{-r/(2a)} z$$

$$\psi_{21\pm 1} = \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{64\pi a^3}} \frac{r}{a} e^{r/(2a)} \sin[\theta] e^{\pm i\phi}$$

or

$$\psi_{21\pm 1} = \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{64\pi a^3}} \frac{1}{a} e^{r/(2a)} (x \pm iy)$$

$H'_{ii} = 0$ because any combination will yield zero within the integral

$$\int z |\psi|^2 dx dy dz$$

$H'_{ij} = 0$ for all except

$$H'_{100,210} = -eE \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi a^3}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{32\pi a^3}} \frac{1}{a} \int e^{-r/a} e^{-r/(2a)} r^2 \cos[\theta]^2 r^2 \sin[\theta] dr d\theta d\phi$$

$$H'_{100,210} = -eE \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi a^3}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{32\pi a^3}} \frac{1}{a} \int_0^\infty r^4 e^{-r/a} e^{-r/(2a)} dr \int_0^\pi \cos[\theta]^2 \sin[\theta] d\theta \int_0^{2\pi} d\phi$$

$$\int_0^\infty r^4 e^{-r/a} e^{-r/(2a)} dr$$

$$\text{ConditionalExpression}\left[\frac{256 a^5}{81}, \text{Re}[a] > 0\right]$$

$$\int_0^\pi \cos[\theta]^2 \sin[\theta] d\theta$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$H'_{100,210} = -e E \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \frac{1}{\pi a^3} \frac{1}{a} \frac{256 a^5}{81} \frac{2}{3} \times 2 \pi$$

$$H'_{100,210} = -e E a \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \frac{256}{81} \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{32}} \frac{256}{81} \frac{4}{3} // N$$

$$0.744936$$

$$H'_{100,210} = -0.7449 e E a$$

9.2

$$\dot{c}_a = -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ab} e^{-i \omega_0 t} c_b$$

$$\dot{c}_b = -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ba} e^{i \omega_0 t} c_a$$

$$\ddot{c}_b = -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ba} \left(i \omega_0 e^{i \omega_0 t} c_a + \dot{c}_a e^{i \omega_0 t} \right)$$

$$\ddot{c}_b = -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ba} \left(i \omega_0 e^{i \omega_0 t} c_a + \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ab} e^{-i \omega_0 t} c_b \right) e^{i \omega_0 t} \right)$$

$$\ddot{c}_b = \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ba} i \omega_0 e^{i \omega_0 t} c_a + \left(\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ba} \frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ab} e^{-i \omega_0 t} c_b \right) e^{i \omega_0 t} \right)$$

$$\ddot{c}_b = i \omega_0 \dot{c}_b - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} |H'_{ab}|^2 c_b$$

$$\ddot{c}_b - i \omega_0 \dot{c}_b + \alpha^2 c_b = 0$$

$$\text{DSolve}[c b''[t] - i \omega_0 c b'[t] + \alpha^2 c b[t] == 0, c b[t], t]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ c b[t] \rightarrow e^{\frac{1}{2} t \left(i \omega_0 - \sqrt{-4 \alpha^2 - \omega_0^2} \right)} C[1] + e^{\frac{1}{2} t \left(i \omega_0 + \sqrt{-4 \alpha^2 - \omega_0^2} \right)} C[2] \right\} \right\}$$

or

$$c_b[t] = e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \left(A e^{i \omega t/2} + B e^{-i \omega t/2} \right)$$

$$c_b[t] = e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \left(C \cos[\omega t/2] + D \sin[\omega t/2] \right)$$

$$\text{Since } c_b[0] = 0, C = 0$$

$$c_b[t] = D e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \sin[\omega t/2]$$

$$\dot{c}_b[t] = D \left(\frac{i \omega_0}{2} e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \sin[\omega t/2] + \frac{\omega}{2} e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \cos[\omega t/2] \right)$$

$$\dot{c}_b[t] = \frac{\omega}{2} D e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \left(\cos[\omega t/2] + \frac{i \omega_0}{\omega} \sin[\omega t/2] \right) = -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ba} e^{i \omega_0 t} c_a$$

$$c_a[t] = \frac{i \hbar \omega}{H'_{ba} 2} D e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \left(\cos[\omega t/2] + \frac{i \omega_0}{\omega} \sin[\omega t/2] \right)$$

$$c_a[0] = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{i \hbar \omega}{H'_{ba} 2} D = 1 \Rightarrow D = \frac{2 H'_{ba}}{i \hbar \omega}$$

$$c_a[t] = e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \left(\cos[\omega t/2] + \frac{i \omega_0}{\omega} \sin[\omega t/2] \right)$$

$$c_b[t] = \frac{2 H'_{ba}}{i \hbar \omega} e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \sin[\omega t/2]$$

$$\text{where } \omega = \sqrt{\omega_0^2 + \frac{4 H'_{ab}{}^2}{\hbar^2}}$$

$$ca = e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \left(\cos[\omega t/2] + \frac{i \omega_0}{\omega} \sin[\omega t/2] \right);$$

$$cb = \frac{2 H_{ab}}{i \hbar \omega} e^{i \omega_0 t/2} \sin[\omega t/2];$$

\$Assumptions = {ω0 ∈ Reals, t ∈ Reals, ω ∈ Reals, ħ ∈ Reals};

ca * ca* + cb * cb* // FullSimplify

$$\cos\left[\frac{t \omega}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{(\omega_0^2 \hbar^2 + 4 H_{ab} \text{Conjugate}[H_{ab}]) \sin\left[\frac{t \omega}{2}\right]^2}{\omega^2 \hbar^2}$$

$$\text{which simplifies to 1 when } \omega = \sqrt{\omega_0^2 + \frac{4 H'_{ab}{}^2}{\hbar^2}}$$

9.5

$$c_a^{(0)}[t] = a$$

$$c_b^{(0)}[t] = b$$

$$\left(\begin{aligned} \dot{c}_a &= -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ab} e^{-i \omega_0 t} b \Rightarrow c_a^{(1)}[t] = a - \frac{i b}{\hbar} \int_0^t H'_{ab}[t'] e^{-i \omega_0 t'} dt' \\ \dot{c}_b &= -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ba} e^{i \omega_0 t} a \Rightarrow c_b^{(1)}[t] = b - \frac{i a}{\hbar} \int_0^t H'_{ba}[t'] e^{i \omega_0 t'} dt' \end{aligned} \right)$$

$$\dot{c}_a = -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ab} e^{-i \omega_0 t} \left(b - \frac{i a}{\hbar} \int_0^t H'_{ba}[t'] e^{i \omega_0 t'} dt' \right)$$

$$c_a^{(2)}[t] =$$

$$a - \frac{i b}{\hbar} \int_0^t H'_{ab}[t'] e^{-i \omega_0 t'} dt' - \frac{a}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t H'_{ab}[t'] e^{-i \omega_0 t'} \left(\int_0^{t'} H'_{ba}[t''] e^{i \omega_0 t''} dt'' \right) dt'$$

Switch all of the a ' s and b ' s and change ω_0 to $-\omega_0$

$$c_b^{(2)}[t] =$$

$$b - \frac{i a}{\hbar} \int_0^t H'_{ba}[t'] e^{i \omega_0 t'} dt' - \frac{b}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t H'_{ba}[t'] e^{i \omega_0 t'} \left(\int_0^{t'} H'_{ab}[t''] e^{-i \omega_0 t''} dt'' \right) dt'$$

9.6

When H' is independent of t ,

$$c_b^{(2)}[t] = c_b^{(1)}[t] = -\frac{i}{\hbar} H'_{ba} \int_0^t e^{i \omega_0 t'} dt'$$

$$\int_0^t e^{i\omega_0 \tau} d\tau$$

$$= \frac{i(-1 + e^{i t \omega_0})}{\omega_0}$$

$$c_b^{(2)}[t] = c_b^{(1)}[t] = -\frac{H'_{ba}}{\hbar \omega_0} (e^{i\omega_0 t} - 1)$$

(from 9.18)

$$c_a^{(2)}[t] = 1 - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^t H'_{ab} e^{-i\omega_0 \tau} \left(\int_0^{\tau} H'_{ab} e^{i\omega_0 \tau'} d\tau' \right) d\tau$$

$$\int_0^t H_{ab} e^{-i\omega_0 \tau} \left(\int_0^{\tau} H_{ab} e^{i\omega_0 \tau'} d\tau' \right) d\tau$$

$$\frac{H_{ab}^2 (1 - e^{-i t \omega_0} - i t \omega_0)}{\omega_0^2}$$

$$c_a^{(2)}[t] = 1 - \frac{H_{ab}^2}{\hbar^2 \omega_0^2} (1 - i t \omega_0 - e^{-i\omega_0 t})$$