FIT1047 Tutorial 11

Topics

- TLS, HTTP, HTTPS
- Certificates for HTTPS

Instructions

• The tasks are supposed to be done in groups.

Task 1: TLS, HTTP, HTTPS

For this task you need to use *Wireshark* again in order to look at three different examples of recorded network traffic. All three examples show parts of the communication between a client and a webserver.

Before you start, get files Example1.pcap, Example2.pcap and Example3.pcap from Moodle.

- 1.a Start Wireshark and open Example1.pcap.
 - Can you identify the domain name of the server?
 - Which protocols are used on application layer?
 - Can you get information on the location of destination and source?
 - Now open Chrome and type in the address that you have identified, using the protocol shown. Can you find any information on the security of the connection?
- 1.b Open Example2.pcap in Wireshark.
 - Can you identify the domain name of the server? It might be somewhere within the packet.
 - Which protocoals are used on application layer?
 - Identify which version of the security protocol is used. Is this considered to be a secure version?
 - Now open Chrome and type in the address that you have identified, using the protocol shown. Can you find any information on the security of the connection?
- 1.c Open Example3.pcap in Wireshark.
 - Can you identify the domain name of the server?
 - What is different to the other two examples?
 - Which protocols are used?
 - Now open Chrome and type in the address that you have identified, using the protocol shown. Can you find any information on the security of the connection?

Task 2: Certificates for HTTPS/TLS

- 2.a Use Chrome to open a webpage that supports TLS. For example https://combank.com.au/Click on the lock shown on the left from the address bar.
 - Who is the issuer of the certificate and how long is it valid?
 - Which cipher suite is used?
- 2.b Can you find the list of all certification authorities that are installed in Chrome? Can you find some revoked certificates? (Hint: Look in settings under advanced settings)
- 2.c Now, using Google Chrome, try two other sites that should be secure:
 - (a) First, the website of the Australian Government: https://www.australia.gov.au/ What happens? Does it work? Lets try http://www.australia.gov.au/
 - (b) Second, the website of the German Parliament (Bundestag): https://www.bundestag.de/en/Does this work? can you see the lock showing a secure connection? Id not, try to find out what happens. Is the certificate not valid? Is the certification authority untrusted? What else?