解

 $v = r\omega$: $\omega = \frac{30}{0.3} = 100 \text{ rad/s}$

(c) $a_r = r\omega^2 = 0.3 \times 100^2 = 3000 \text{ m/s}$

(a) $t = 10 \text{ } \text{?} \text{ } \text{?} \text{ } v = \frac{108 \text{ km}}{1 \text{ h}} = \frac{108,000 \text{ m}}{3600 \text{ s}} = 30 \text{ m/s}$

 $\omega = \omega_0 + \alpha t$ $100 = 0 + \alpha \times 10$. $\alpha = 10 \text{ rad/s}^2$

(b) $\theta = \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$ $\theta = 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10^2 = 500 \text{ rad} = 79.58 \text{ rev}$

(沒有滑動);(c) 當車速為 108 km/h 時輪邊之點對輪心的徑向加速度為何?

一輪半徑 30 cm 的車 10 秒內由靜止到 108 km/h。求:(a) 輪的角加速度為何?(b) 轉了幾圈?