Hyundam Je

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RESEARCH INTEREST

Behavioral Economics, Experimental Economics, and Decision Theory.

EDUCATION

PAPERS

Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas

2017-2023(expected)

Ph.D. Economics

B.A. Economics

Committee: Alexander L. Brown (chair), Huiyi Guo, Catherine Eckel, Hwagyun Kim

Sungkyunkwan University, Seoul, Korea M.A. Economics

2015-2017

Sungkyunkwan University, Seoul, Korea

2009-2015

WORKING

Does the Size of the Signal Space Matter? (Job Market Paper)

In the context of information acquisition, the size of the signal space denotes the number of possible signals. This paper provides the first experimental evidence that receivers consider not only the signal's informativeness but also the size of the signal space. When purchasing signals, the willingness to pay for the signal increases as the size of the signal space increases, even if the informativeness of the signal is fixed. The results also reveal the preference reversal phenomenon: when the signal is free, individuals no longer prefer larger signal space. Preference reversal suggests that the motivation for larger signal space is intrinsic, for instance, curiosity. The experimental findings of this paper have two main practical implications. First, information providers can make their services look more attractive by simply increasing the size of the signal space. Second, the preference for larger signal space challenges the commonly used assumption in the signaling environment of information economics, which is that signal space is equal to the action space. Leading theoretical frameworks cannot explain the experimental findings.

Preferences for the Resolution of Risk and Ambiguity (with Alexander L. Brown and Huiyi Guo) Revise & Resubmit, Journal of Economic Theory

Models of recursive utility are becoming increasingly common as alternatives to expected utility theory. These models have successfully explained many "anomalies" in the field data, but necessarily imply that agents have a preference over the resolution of uncertainty. The best evidence that this implication is reasonable comes from experimental data. While uncertainty includes both risk and ambiguity, by definition, all previous experimental studies investigating uncertainty resolution have only elicited preferences over uncertainty resolution in the domain of objective uncertainty, i.e., risk. Further, not all recursive models can accommodate preferences over both the resolution or risk and uncertainty. We provide the first experimental examination of uncertainty resolution with respect to subjective uncertainty, i.e., ambiguity, in addition to risk. We find that most subjects exhibit a preference for early resolution of both risk and ambiguity and these preferences are positively correlated. Also, being

ambiguity-seeking decreases the probability of preferring early resolution of ambiguity. Of six representative recursive utility models used in the macroeconomic and finance literature, only the generalized recursive smooth ambiguity model of Hayashi and Miao (2011) can plausibly explain these experimental findings.

Preferences over Ambiguity in Vaccination Decisions (with Alexander L. Brown, Ceyhun Eksin, and Martial Ndeffo Mbah)

Vaccine hesitancy presents one of the largest impediments to public health policy. Various explanations have been used to explain why certain individuals choose not to take vaccines when risks overwhelmingly favor vaccine use. We examine a novel explanation developed from economic theory: ambiguity aversion. Because the advent of new vaccines will always lag their corresponding disease, by the time a vaccine is available, the risks of the disease are well- known while the risks of the vaccine are uncertain. Using the Interactive Vaccination (I-Vax) Game from Bohm et al., we examine vaccine take-up in the standard game vs. a game where the risks of vaccine are ambiguous. We find that the vaccination take-up rate is lower in the ambiguity treatment even though the vaccination option stochastically dominates the vaccination option in the baseline treatment. Elicited subjects attitudes toward ambiguity are predictive of their vaccination decisions. Ambiguity averse (seeking) subjects are more (less) likely to take the vaccination in general, but differentially less (more) likely in the ambiguity treatment.

WORK IN PROGRESS

"Timing of Informativeness"

"Non-Optimal Behaviors in Bayesian Persuasion: Confusion, Kindness, or Altruism?"

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Instructor, Texas A&M University

Games and Economic Behavior

Spring 2021

Teaching Assistant, Texas A&M University

 $\begin{array}{lll} Principles \ of \ Microeconomics & Summer \ 2022 \\ Experimental \ Economics \ (PhD \ level) & Fall \ 2020 \\ Behavioral \ Financial \ Economics \ (Master \ level) & Fall \ 2019, \ Fall \ 2020, \\ Fall \ 2021, \ Fall \ 2021, \ Fall \ 2022 \\ Games \ and \ Economic \ Behavior & Fall \ 2019, \ Spring \ 2020 \\ Antitrust \ Economics & Spring \ 2019 \\ Microeconomic \ Theory \ I \ (PhD \ level) & Fall \ 2018 \\ \end{array}$

Teaching Assistant, Sungkyunkwan University

MacroeconomicsFall 2016MicroeconomicsSpring 2016Microeconomics 2 (Graduate level)Fall 2015, Fall 2016Mathematical EconomicsFall 2015, Fall 2016

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE Research Assistant for Dr. Danila Serra, Texas A&M University Spring 2020 Research Assistant for Dr. Alexander L. Brown, Texas A&M University PRESENTA-TIONS AND PARTICIPA-TIONS 2021: ESA Global Meetings; ESA North American Regional Meeting; European

Winter Meeting of the Econometric Society

2022: ESA World Meeting; Experimental Finance 2022 Bonn; The 2022 Foundations of Utility and Risk (FUR) Conference, Spring School in Behavioral Economics at UCSD, Texas Theory Camp (Expected), KAEA Job Market Conference (Expected),

ESA North American Meeting (Expected),

REFEREE Journal of Behavioral Public Administration

HONORS AND AWARDS

Texas A&M University

College Summer Graduate Research Grant
Graduate Assistantship
Dennis Jansen Scholarship
Spring 2018

Sungkyunkwan University

Spring 2016 Simsan Scholarship Masters and Doctors Connected Track Scholarship Spring 2015 - Spring 2016 Bachelors and Masters Connected Track Scholarship Fall 2014 Talented Students Scholarship Spring 2013 - Fall 2014 University Scholarship Fall 2013 Dean's List Award Spring 2013 Pursuit of Excellence Scholarship Spring 2010, Fall 2010 Outstanding Student Representative Scholarship Spring 2009

SKILLS STATA, z-Tree, oTree, Python, Qualtrics,I≱T_EX, Matlab

LANGUAGES English (fluent), Korean (native)

ACTIVITIES Military Service

KATUSA (Korean Augmentation To the United States Army) 2011-2013 served as a private-sergeant in the U.S. 2nd Infantry Division "Indianhead" (2ID).

REFERENCES Alexander L. Brown Huiyi Guo

Kirby Nielsen

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California Institute of Technology

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