CSC343 Worksheet 3 Solution

June 15, 2020

1. Exercise 6.1.1:

If there is a comma between A and B (i.e, $SELECT\ A$, B), we can conclude A and B are two different attributes.

If there are no commas between A and B, we can conclude B is an alias of A.

2. Exercise **6.1.2**:

- a) SELECT address FROM Studio WHERE name = 'MGM';
- b) SELECT birthdate FROM MovieStar WHERE name = 'Sandra Bullock';
- c) SELECT starName FROM StarsIn WHERE movieYear = 1980, movieTitle LIKE '%Love%';

Correct Solution:

SELECT starName FROM StarsIn WHERE movieYear = 1980 AND movieTitle LIKE '%Love%';

- d) SELECT name FROM MovieExec WHERE netWorth >= 10000000;
- e) SELECT name FROM MovieStar WHERE gender='male' OR address LIKE '%Malibu%';

3. Exercise 6.1.3:

- a) SELECT model, speed, hd FROM PC WHERE price < 1000;
- b) SELECT model, speed AS gigahertz, hd AS gigabytes FROM PC WHERE price < 1000;
- c) SELECT maker FROM Product WHERE type='printer';
- d) SELECT model, ram, screen FROM Laptops WHERE price > 1500;
- e) SELECT * FROM Printer WHERE color=TRUE;

f) SELECT model, hd FROM PC WHERE speed = 3.20 AND price < 2000;

4. Exercise 6.1.4:

- a) SELECT class, country FROM Classes where numGuns >= 10;
- b) SELECT name AS shipName FROM Ships WHERE launched < 1918;
- c) SELECT ship, battle FROM Outcomes WHERE result='sunk';
- d) SELECT name FROM Ships WHERE name = class;
- e) SELECT name FROM Ships WHERE name LIKE 'R%';
- f) SELECT name FROM ships WHERE name LIKE '% % %';

5. Exercise **6.1.5**:

a) Given a = 10, the sets of tuples that satisfy the condition is

$$(10, -MAX_INT), (10, -MAX_INT + 1), \cdots (10, 0), \cdots, (10, MAX_INT - 1), (10, MAX_INT), (10, NULL)$$

Given b = 20, the sets of tuples that satisfy the condition is

$$(-MAX_INT, 20), (-MAX_INT + 1, 20), \cdots (0, 20), \cdots, (MAX_INT - 1, 20), (MAX_INT, 20), (NULL, 20)$$

Given a = 10 and b = 20, the set of tuple that satisfy the condition is (10, 20)

- b) Given a = 10 AND b = 20, the only set of (a, b) tuple that satisfy the condition is (10, 20).
- c) There are three cases to consider

i.
$$a < 10$$

In this case, the set of (a, b) tuples that satisfy the condition is:

$$(9, -MAX_INT), (9, -MAX_INT + 1), \cdots (9, 0), \cdots, (9, MAX_INT - 1), (9, MAX_INT), (9, NULL)$$

$$(8, -MAX_INT), (8, -MAX_INT + 1), \cdots (8, 0), \cdots, (8, MAX_INT - 1), (8, MAX_INT), (8, NULL)$$

. . .

$$(-MAX_INT + 1, -MAX_INT), (-MAX_INT + 1, -MAX_INT + 1),$$

 $\cdots (-MAX_INT + 1, 0), \cdots, (-MAX_INT + 1, MAX_INT - 1),$
 $(-MAX_INT + 1, MAX_INT), (-MAX_INT + 1, NULL)$

$$(-MAX_INT+1, -MAX_INT), (-MAX_INT+1, -MAX_INT+1), \cdots (-MAX_INT+1, 0), \cdots, (-MAX_INT+1, MAX_INT-1), (-MAX_INT+1, MAX_INT), (-MAX_INT+1, NULL)$$

ii.
$$a >= 10$$

In this case, the set of (a, b) tuples that satisfy the condition is:

$$(10, -MAX_INT), (10, -MAX_INT + 1), \cdots (10, 0), \cdots, (10, MAX_INT - 1), (10, MAX_INT), (10, NULL)$$

$$(11, -MAX_INT), (11, -MAX_INT + 1), \cdots (11, 0), \cdots, (11, MAX_INT - 1), (11, MAX_INT), (11, NULL)$$

. . .

$$(MAX_INT-1, -MAX_INT), (MAX_INT-1, -MAX_INT+1), \\ \cdots (MAX_INT-1, 0), \cdots, (MAX_INT-1, MAX_INT-1), \\ (MAX_INT-1, MAX_INT), (MAX_INT-1, NULL)$$

$$(MAX_INT, -MAX_INT), (MAX_INT, -MAX_INT + 1), \\ \cdots (MAX_INT, 0), \cdots, (MAX_INT, MAX_INT - 1), \\ (MAX_INT, MAX_INT), (MAX_INT, NULL)$$

iii.
$$a < 10 \text{ AND } a > = 10$$

This case is not considered. No (a, b) tuples match this condition.

d) In this case the set of (a, b) tuples that satisfy this condition is

$$(-MAX_INT, -MAX_INT), (-MAX_INT + 1, -MAX_INT + 1), \cdots (0,0), \cdots, (MAX_INT - 1, MAX_INT - 1), (MAX_INT, MAX_INT)$$

Here, the case a = NULL and b = NULL is not considered, since $NULL \neq NULL$.

Notes:

- NULL = NULL is NULL.
- e) In this case, the set of (a, b) tuples that satisfy this condition is

$$(-MAX_INT, -MAX_INT), (-MAX_INT, -MAX_INT + 1),$$

 $\cdots, (-MAX_INT, MAX_INT - 1),$
 $(-MAX_INT, MAX_INT),$

$$(-MAX_INT + 1, -MAX_INT + 1), (-MAX_INT + 1, -MAX_INT + 2),$$

 $\cdots, (-MAX_INT + 1, MAX_INT - 1),$
 $(-MAX_INT + 1, MAX_INT),$

. . .

$$(MAX_INT - 1, MAX_INT - 1), (MAX_INT - 1, MAX_INT),$$
 (MAX_INT, MAX_INT)

Here, the case $a = NULL \text{ OR } b = NULL \text{ is not considered, since } a \nleq b.$

- 6. SELECT * FROM Movies WHERE length;
- 7. (a) SELECT StarsIn.starName FROM StarsIn, MovieStar WHERE StarsIn.starName = MovieStar.name AND MovieStar.gender = 'male';
 - (b) SELECT StarsIn.starName FROM Movies, StarsIn WHERE StarsIn.movieTitle = Movies.title AND Movies.studioName = 'MGM';