

# CSC343 Worksheet 8

June 24, 2020

1. **Exercise 9.5.1:** Repeat Exercise 9.3.1, but write the code using C with CLI calls.

a) Notes:

- Using Call-Level Interface
  - Uses host language to connect to and access a database
  - Replaces embedded SQL
- Standard SQL/CLI
  - Is database CLI for C
  - Included in file *sqlcli.h*
  - Creates deals with four kinds of records

1. Environment handle

- \* Prepares one or more connections to database server
- \* Is required
- \* **SQLHENV** does this job

```
1) #include sqlcli.h
2) SQLHENV myEnv;
3) SQLHDBC myCon; ← Is declared here :)
4) SQLHSTMT execStat;
5) SQLRETURN errorCode1, errorCode2, errorCode3;

6) errorCode1 = SQLAllocHandle(SQL_HANDLE_ENV,
    SQL_NULL_HANDLE, &myEnv); ← Connection is prepared here :)
    (Hey DB, can I connect with you?)
7) if(!errorCode1) {
8)     errorCode2 = SQLAllocHandle(SQL_HANDLE_DBC,
        myEnv, &myCon);
9)     if(!errorCode2)
10)        errorCode3 = SQLAllocHandle(SQL_HANDLE_STMT,
            myCon, &execStat); }
```

2. Connection handle

- \* Connects application program to database
- \* Is required
- \* Is declared after **SQLHENV**
- \* **SQLHDBC** does this job

```

1) #include sqlcli.h
2) SQLHENV myEnv;
3) SQLHDBC myCon; ← Is declared here :)
4) SQLHSTMT execStat;
5) SQLRETURN errorCode1, errorCode2, errorCode3;

6) errorCode1 = SQLAllocHandle(SQL_HANDLE_ENV,
    SQL_NULL_HANDLE, &myEnv);
7) if(!errorCode1) {
8)     errorCode2 = SQLAllocHandle(SQL_HANDLE_DBC,
    myEnv, &myCon); ← Connection established here :)
9)     if(!errorCode2)
10)         errorCode3 = SQLAllocHandle(SQL_HANDLE_STMT,
    myCon, &execStat); }

```

Sure you can

### 3. Statements

### 4. Descriptions

- Processing Statements
- Fetching Data From
- Passing Parameters to Queries

2. **Exercise 9.5.2:** Repeat Exercise 9.3.2, but write the code using C with CLI calls
3. **Exercise 9.6.1:** Repeat Exercise 9.3.1, but write the code using JAVA using JDBC.
4. **Exercise 9.6.2:** Repeat Exercise 9.3.2, but write the code using JAVA using JDBC.
5. **Exercise 9.7.1:** Repeat Exercise 9.3.1, but write the code using PHP.
6. **Exercise 9.7.2:** Repeat Exercise 9.3.2, but write the code using PHP.
7. **Exercise 9.7.3:** In Example 9.31 we exploited the feature of PHP that strings in double-quotes have variables expanded. How essential is this feature? Could we have done something analogous in JDBC? If so, how?