Worksheet 4 Review

March 22, 2020

Question 1

- a. $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, \ n > 3 \wedge n^2 1.5n \ge 5$
- b. The variable is existentially quantified
- c. When introduced, the variable's value should be a **concrete natural number**.
- d. Let n = 5.

Then n > 3, and

$$n^2 - 1.5n = 25 - 7.5 \tag{1}$$

$$=17.5 \ge 5 \tag{2}$$

Then, it follows from above that the statement $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, n > 3 \land n^2 - 1.5n \ge 5$ is true.

- e. $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, n > 3 \Rightarrow n^2 1.5n > 4$
 - \Rightarrow should be used, because it allows the scoping of the set \mathbb{N} .
- f. Universally Quantified
- g. The variable's value should be an arbitrary natural number.

- h. The assumption made is n > 3. It is determined by seeing the lhs of \Rightarrow .
- i. Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Assume n > 3.

Then,

$$n > 3 \tag{1}$$

$$(n - 0.75)^2 > (3 - 0.75)^2 \tag{2}$$

$$n^2 - 1.5n + 0.5625 > 5.0625 \tag{3}$$

$$n^2 - 1.5n > 4.5 \tag{4}$$

$$n^2 - 1.5n > 4 \tag{5}$$

Then, it follows from above that the statement $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, n > 3 \Rightarrow n^2 - 1.5n > 4$.

Question 2

- a. $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, \ n > 5 \Rightarrow 2 \mid n \wedge 3 \mid n$
- b. $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, (n > 5) \land (2 \nmid n \lor 3 \nmid n)$
- c. Let n=7.

Then, $2 \nmid n \vee 3 \nmid n$.

Then, it follows from the negation that the statement $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, n > 5 \Rightarrow 2 \mid n \wedge 3 \mid n$ is false.

Question 3

a. Let $x \in \mathbb{R}$, and y = -x + 165.

Then, the statement $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \exists y \in \mathbb{R}, x + y < 165$ is true.