Worksheet 4 Review 2

April 11, 2020

Question 1

- a. $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, \ n > 3 \wedge n^2 1.5n \ge 5$
- b. The variable is existentially quantified
- c. Because the variable is existentially quantified, the variable's value should be a *concrete* natural number
- d. Statement: $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, \ n > 3 \wedge n^2 1.5n \geq 5$

Proof. Let n = 5.

We will prove $n > 3 \wedge n^2 - 1.5n \ge 5$.

First, we need to prove n > 3.

The header tells us n = 5.

Using this fact, we can conclude n > 3.

Now, we need to show $n^2 - 1.5n \ge 5$.

Using the fact n = 5, we can calculate

$$n^2 - 1.5n = 25 - 7.5 \tag{1}$$

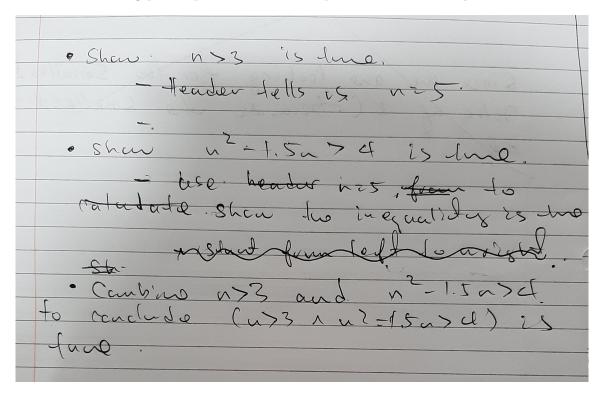
$$= 17.5 \tag{2}$$

$$\geq 5$$
 (3)

Finally, since n>3 and $n^2-1.5n\geq 5$ are true, we can conclude $n>3 \wedge n^2-1.5n\geq 5$ are true.

Notes:

• Used the following pseudoproof used for this problem. Proof really feels smoother.



e. $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, \ n \ge 3 \Rightarrow n^2 - 1.5n > 4$

Question 2

Question 3