## Worksheet 4 Solution

## March 13, 2020

## Question 1

- a.  $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, (n > 3) \land (n^2 1.5n \ge 5)$
- b. The variable is existentially quantified
- c. Concrete natural number
- d. Let n = 5.

Then,

$$(5)^2 - 1.5(5) \tag{1}$$

Then,

$$25 - 7.5$$
 (2)

Then,

$$17.5 \tag{3}$$

which is greater than 5. So, the statement is True

e.  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, n > 3 \Rightarrow n^2 - 1.5n > 4$ 

Here  $\Rightarrow$  should be used because n>3 is a given, and we are using it to show that the statement  $n^2-1.5n>4$  is True

- f. The variable is universally quantified
- g. In this proof the variable must be **arbitrary** natural number
- h. The assumption made is that the any number greater than 3 satisfies the statement  $n^2-1.5n>4.$

This assumption is made since the predicate logic is the proof of an implication