Worksheet 6 Solution

March 16, 2020

Question 1

- a. $P(123) \land (\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, P(n) \Rightarrow n \leq 123)$
- b. isCD(x,y,d): $\exists x,y,d \in \mathbb{Z},\ d\mid x \wedge d\mid y$ $isGCD(x,y,d) \colon \exists x,y,d \in \mathbb{Z},\ (x=0 \wedge y=0 \wedge d=0) \vee ((x \neq 0 \vee y \neq 0) \wedge isCD(x,y,d) \wedge \forall e \in \mathbb{Z},\ e>d \Rightarrow \neg isCD(x,y,e))$
- c. Statement: $\forall x \in \mathbb{Z}^+, IsGCD(x, 0, x)$

For the value x, because we know $x \mid x$, and $\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ and $\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}, d \mid n \Rightarrow d \leq n$, x is the biggest divisor of x

For the value 0, because we know anything that divides 0 is 0, and $\exists k \in \mathbb{Z}$, $0 = k \times 0$, k can be chosen to be x.

Then, it follows from the definition of GCD that the statement IsGCD(x, 0, x) is true.

d.
$$\forall a,b \in \mathbb{Z}, (a \neq 0 \lor b \neq 0) \Rightarrow \exists p,q \in \mathbb{Z}, gcd(a,b) = ap + qb \land \forall m \in \mathbb{Z}, m < gcd(a,b) \land m \neq ap + qb$$

Question 2

a. Let $n \in \mathbb{Z}$. Assume $\exists l \in \mathbb{Z}, n = 2l$.

Then,

$$n^{2} - 3n = (2l)^{2} = 3(2l)$$

$$= 4l^{2} - 6l$$
(1)
(2)

$$=4l^2-6l\tag{2}$$

$$= 2(2l^2 - 3l) (3)$$

Since $2l^2-3l\in\mathbb{Z},$ it follows from the definition of even number that n^2-3n is even

Question 3