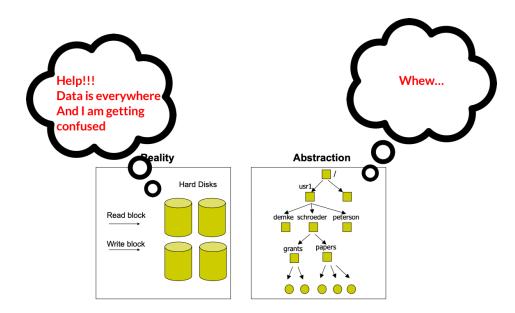
CSC369 Week 8 Notes

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• File Systems

- Is the part of operating system dealing with files ^[2]
- Controls how data is stored and retrieved. [1]
 - * Without a file system, data placed in a storage medium is one large body of data with no way to tell where it stops and the next begins



Refernces:

- 1) Wikipedia: File Systems, link
- 2) Tanebaum AS, Boss H. 2015. Modern Operating Systems. 4th Edition. New Jersy: Pearson Education, Inc.
- File Concept
 - Files

- * Are logical units of information created by processes [1]
- * Is named collection of data with some attributes
 - 1. Name
 - 2. Owner
 - 3. Location
 - 4. Size
 - 5. Protection
 - 6. Creation Time
 - 7. Time of Last Access

Refernces:

1) Tanebaum AS, Boss H. 2015. Modern Operating Systems. 4th Edition. New Jersy: Pearson Education, Inc.

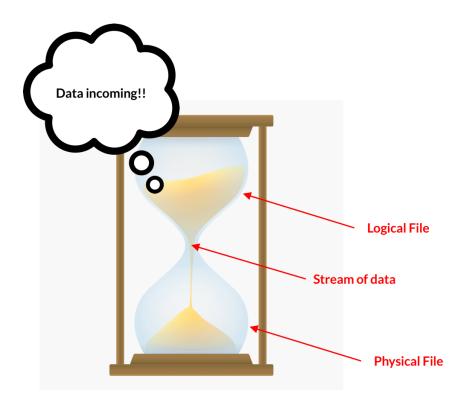
• Directories

- Are file system files for maintaining the structure of the file system [1]
- Serves multiple purposes
 - * $All \rightarrow Stores$ information about files (owner, permission, etc)
 - * $Users \rightarrow provides a structured way to organize files$
 - * $File\ System \to provides\ a\ convinent\ naming\ interface\ that\ allows\ the\ implementation$ to separate **logical file** organization from **physical file** placement on the disk
 - · **Logical files:** Is a channel that connects the program to the physical file (Stream) [2]
 - · Physical files: A collection of bits stored in the secondary storage [2]

Example:

```
FILE* output;
output = fopen("sample.txt", "w");
```

Here, output is the logical file and sample.txt is the physical file



Refernces:

- 1) Tanebaum AS, Boss H. 2015. Modern Operating Systems. 4th Edition. New Jersy: Pearson Education, Inc.
- 2) Kumar, S. (2010). File structures [PowerPoint Slides]. Slide Share link
- Symbolic vs Hard Links
 - Inode
 - * Is a database structure in a UNIX-style file system that describes a file system object such as a file or a directory [1]
 - $\ast\,$ Contains disk block location of the object's data $^{[1]}$
 - $\ast\,$ Is a numerical equivalent of a full address $^{[2]}$
 - Symbolic Link
 - Hard Link

*

Refernces:

- 1) Wikipedia: inode, link
- 2) Kumar, S. (2010). File structures [PowerPoint Slides]. Slide Share link

- \bullet Protection
- Unix Inodes and Path Search
- File Buffer Cache