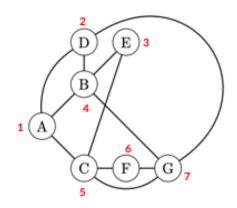
Worksheet 19 Solution

Hyungmo Gu

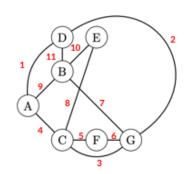
April 7, 2020

Question 1

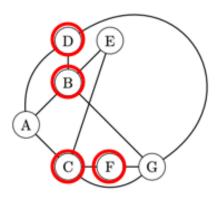
a. By the figure below, we can conclude there are 7 vertices.



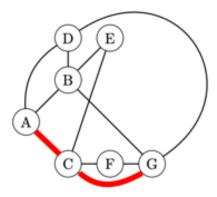
b. By the figure below, we can conclude there are 11 edges.



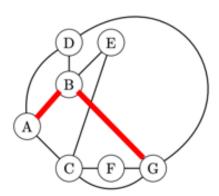
c. By the figure below, we can conclude there are 4 vertices adjacent to G.



d. By the figure below, we can conclude the distance between A ang G is 2.

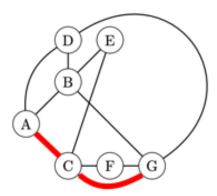


There are 2 shortest paths between A and G. One is the path from A to C to G as shown above, and the other is the path from A to B to G

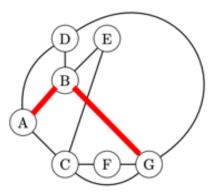


Correct Solution:

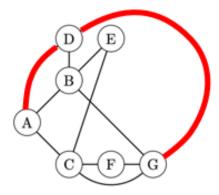
By the figure below, we can conclude the distance between A ang G is 2.



There are 3 shortest paths between A and G. One is the path from A to C to G as shown above, and the other is the path from A to B to G

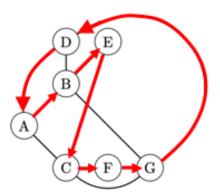


and the last one is from A to D to G



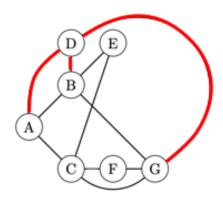
Notes:

- **Distance** is the number of edges in a shortest path.
- e. Path [C,F,G,D,A,B,E] is one example that goes through all vertices of the graph.



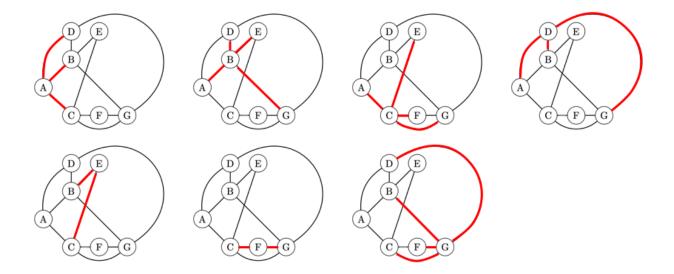
Question 2

a. By the figure below, we can conclude the degree of vertex D is 3.



- b. By the figure below, we can see
 - vertex A has degree of 3
 - vertex B has degree of 4
 - ullet vertex C has degree of 4
 - $\bullet\,$ vertex D has degree of 3
 - ullet vertex E has degree of 2
 - $\bullet\,$ vertex F has degree of 2
 - vertex G has degree of 4

Using this fact, we can conclude the vertices with the largest degree are B,C and G.



c. Statement: $\forall G = (V, E), \ (\forall v \in V, \ d(v) \le 5) \Rightarrow |E| \le \frac{5}{2}|V|$

Proof. Let G=(V,E) be a graph. Assume $v\in V$ and $d(v)\leq 5$.

We need to show $|E| \leq \frac{5}{2}|V|$.

Because we know the number of edges is half of the summation of all degrees of v in V, we can write

$$|E| = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{v \in V} d(v) \tag{1}$$

Then, using the assumption $d(v) \leq 5$, we can conclude

$$|E| \le \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{v \in V} 5 \tag{2}$$

$$=\frac{5}{2}|V|\tag{3}$$

Notes:

• I should work on improving this proof in future iterations. I feel the beginning has been jumped too quick.

Question 3