1 Process

Vocabularies

1. Process

• Is a program in execution

2. Running Program

• Is a collection of coded software instructions that can be executed by a computer to perform a specific task

3. Time Sharing

- Is a basic technique used by an OS to share a resource
- Allows an entity to use the resource for a little while, and then a little while by another, and so forth

Example

CPU

4. Space Sharing

• Is where a resource (space) is divided among those who wishes to use it

Example

Disk, and Memory

5. Mechanism

• Is a low-level method or protocol that implement a needed piece of functionality.

Example

Context Switching

6. Policy

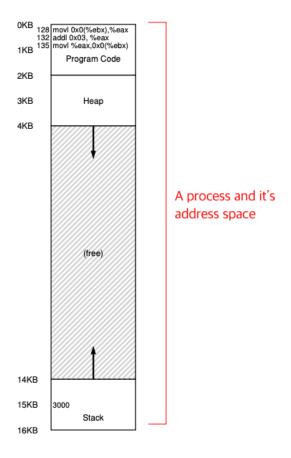
• Is an algorithm for making some kinds of decision within the OS

Example

Scheduling Policy. That is, what kind of program should the OS run?

7. Address Space

• Is a range of discrete addresses where each corresponds to a memory cell

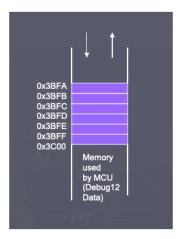


8. Program Counter

- Is also called **Instruction Pointer**
- Is a process register that tells which instruction of the program is currently being executed

9. Stack Pointer

• Is a resgister that points to the location of last item placed in memory block



10. Frame Pointer

• Is a reference pointer allowing a debugger to know where local variable or an argument is at with a single constant offset

11. Eager Loading Process

• Is the process that loads all code and data before running the program

12. Lazy Loading Process

• Is the process that loads piece of code or data only as they are needed during program execution

13. Stack

- Is also called runtime stack, automatic memory
- Is a special region in computer's memory that temporarily stores local variables, function parameters, and return addresses
- Is managed by compiler

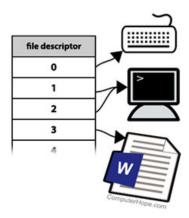
14. Heap

- Is a user-managed region in computer memory
- Is used for dynamically-allocated data structures such as linked list, hash-tables, and trees

• Is allocated using malloc, calloc, and realloc

15. File Descriptors

• Is a number that uniquely identifies an open file in a computer's operating system



16. Process States

- Is also called **kernel state**
- Is the state field in a process control block.

Example

Ready, Running, Blocked

17. Process List

- Is also called **task list**
- Contains information about all the processes running in the system
- Contains **process control block** in each entry

18. Context Switch

• is the process of storing the state of a process or thread, so that it can be restored and resume execution at a later point

19. Register Context

• Is the data structure where contents of registers are saved before a process switches into blocked state

20. Process Control Block

- Is also called **process descriptor**
- Is a data structure used by computer operating systems to store all the information about a process

21. Zombie State

• Is a process that has completed execution but still has an entry in the process table

1.1 Process

- Is named by process ID or PID
- Is comprised of
 - Address Space
 - CPU Registers
 - Program Counter
 - Stack Pointer
 - Frame Pointer
 - I/O Information

1.2 Process API

• has the following methods in any operating systems

- Create

- * Is a method for creating a new process
- * Invoked to OS when
 - · A command is typed into shell
 - · An application icon is double-clicked

- Destroy

* Is a method for forcefully destroying a process

Example

kill

- Wait

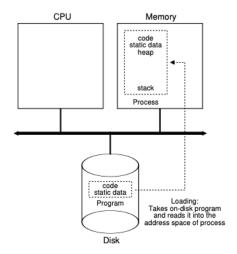
- * Is a method that causes a process stop running until a signal is given
- Miscellaneous Control
- Status
 - * Is a method for getting information about a process

Example

How long it has run for, what state it is in

1.3 Process Creation: A little more detail

- \bullet Steps
 - 1. Type a command into commandline / Double click an application
 - 2. Load program code and static data (e.g. initialized variables) into memory, into the address space of the process
 - 3. Allocate stack memory
 - 4. Allocate heap memory (if applicable)
 - 5. Setup I/O
 - Each process has 3 open **file descriptors** by default: input, output and error
 - Allows easy reading of input from the terminal and output to screen



- Eagerly loading process in early days
- Lazy loading process today

1.4 Process States

1.5 Data Structures