CSC373 Worksheet 1 Solution

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1. The cpu utilization is 100%.

   The CPU utilization formula is given as

   $$\text{CPU Utilization} = 1 - \prod_i \text{I/O blocked time of ith process} \tag{1}$$

   Since the processes do no I/O, we can write there is no I/O blocked time.

   Thus, we can conclude

   $$\text{CPU Utilization} = 1 - 0 \tag{2}$$
   $$= 1 \tag{3}$$

   which is 100%.

   <u>Notes</u>

   - **CPU Utilization**
     - Means % of time CPU is in use
     - Formula is

     $$\text{CPU Utilization} = 1 - \prod_i \text{I/O blocked time of ith process} \tag{4}$$

   - **Process**
     - Means a program in execution

- **PID**
  - Is a short hand form for 'process identifier'

- **Process States**
  - in simplified view, process can be in one of the three states
    1. **Running:**
       * Is running on a processor
       * Means 'Is executing instructions'
    2. **Ready:**
       * Is ready to run
       * But, OS chosen to not to run it at the moment
    3. **Blocked:**
       * Is not ready to run until some other event takes place

       Example
       Running an I/O request to disk $\rightarrow$ process blocked $\rightarrow$ other process can do their job while waiting

2. It takes total of 10 seconds to run.

   The first task only uses CPU, and takes 4 seconds.

   But, for the second task, on top of 4 seconds used for I/O, 1 second is used for preparing and initiating I/O, and the other 1 second is used for signaling that I/O is done.

   So in total, we have $4 + 4 + 1 + 1 = 10$ seconds.

Time	PID: 0	PID: 1	CPU	IOs
1	RUN:cpu	READY	1	
2	RUN:cpu	READY	1	
3	RUN:cpu	READY	1	
4	RUN:cpu	READY	1	
5	DONE	RUN:io	1	
6	DONE	WAITING		1
7	DONE	WAITING		1
8	DONE	WAITING		1
9	DONE	WAITING		1
10*	DONE	DONE		