# Midterm 1 Version 1 Solution

#### March 19, 2020

# Question 1

a.  $S_1 = \{aa, bb, cc, aaa, aab, aac, bba, bbb, bbc, cca, ccb, ccc, \dots \}$ So,  $S_1 \cap S_2 = \{aaa, aab, aac, bba, bbb, bbc, cca, ccb, ccc\}$ 

| b. See below |                |   |               |          |              |                                 |
|--------------|----------------|---|---------------|----------|--------------|---------------------------------|
|              | p              | q | $\mid r \mid$ | $\neg r$ | $(p \lor q)$ | $(p \lor q) \Rightarrow \neg r$ |
|              | Т              | Τ | Т             | F        | Т            | F                               |
|              | $\overline{T}$ | F | F             | Т        | Т            | Т                               |
|              | F              | Т | F             | Т        | Т            | Т                               |
|              | F              | F | Т             | F        | F            | Т                               |
|              | T              | Т | F             | Τ        | Т            | T                               |
|              | Т              | F | Т             | F        | Т            | Т                               |
|              | F              | Т | Т             | F        | Т            | Т                               |
|              | F              | F | F             | Τ        | F            | F                               |

c. Negation:  $\exists x \in \mathbb{N}, \forall y \in \mathbb{N}, \neg P(x, y) \land \neg Q(x, y)$ .

Let 
$$x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
, and  $y \in \mathbb{N}$ .

We will prove that predicate P and Q are not true.

### Question 2

- a.  $\exists x \in P, Student(x) \land Attends(x)$
- b.  $\forall x \in P, \exists y \in P, Student(y) \land Attends(y) \land Loves(x, y)$
- c.  $\forall x \in P$ ,  $Student(x) \wedge Attends(x) \Rightarrow Loves(x, x)$
- d.  $\forall x_1, x_2 \in P, \ x_1 \neq x_2 \land Loves(x_1, x_2) \Rightarrow (Attends(x_1) \land \neg Attends(x_2)) \lor (\neg Attends(x_2) \land Attends(x_1))$

#### **Correct Solution:**

 $\forall x_1, x_2 \in P, \ x_1 \neq x_2 \land Loves(x_1, x_2) \land Loves(x_1, x_2) \Rightarrow \neg Attends(x_1) \lor \neg Attends(x_2)$ 

#### Question 3

a.  $\forall a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}, \exists k, l \in \mathbb{Z}, b = ka \land c = lb \Rightarrow \exists m \in \mathbb{Z}, c = ma$ 

## Question 4