

Lab 2 Task 3 Solution

3) Become familiar with function *main*

1. Where is a *NumberGame* constructed?

- By observation, we can conclude a *NumberGame* constructed inside function *main*

```
1      def main() -> None:
2          ...
3          while True:
4              g = NumberGame(goal, minimum, maximum, (p1, p2)) #<-
Here!!
5              winner = g.play()
6              print(f'And {winner} is the winner!!!')
7              print(p1)
8              print(p2)
9              again = input('Again? (y/n) ')
10             if again != 'y':
11                 return
12
13
```

2. This function calls *g.play* repeatedly in a loop. What about the game can change each time *g.play* is called: the goal, the min or max move, the players, the moves?

- By observation, we can conclude that
 1. the goal doesn't change
 2. the min or max move don't change
 3. the current player change as a result of whose_turn method.

```
1      def play(self) -> str:
2          ...
3          while self.current < self.goal:
4              self.play_one_turn() # <- In here
5          ...
6          winner = self.whose_turn(self.turn - 1)
7          return winner.namePlayers
8
9      def play_one_turn(self) -> None:
10         ...
```

```

11         next_player = self.whose_turn(self.turn) # <-
    Here!!
12         amount = next_player.move(
13             self.current,
14             self.min_step,
15             self.max_step,
16             self.goal
17         )
18         self.current += amount
19         self.turn += 1
20
21         print(f'{next_player.name} moves {amount}.')
22         print(f'Total is now {self.current}.')
23
24
25     def whose_turn(self, turn: int) -> Player:
26         ...
27         if turn % 2 == 0:
28             return self.players[0]
29         else:
30             return self.players[1]
31
32

```

4. the move changes by the *move* method in *play_one_turn*.

```

1     def play(self) -> str:
2         ...
3         while self.current < self.goal:
4             self.play_one_turn()
5         ...
6         winner = self.whose_turn(self.turn - 1)
7         return winner.namePlayers
8
9     def play_one_turn(self) -> None:
10        ...
11        next_player = self.whose_turn(self.turn)
12        amount = next_player.move( # <- Here!!
13            self.current,
14            self.min_step,
15            self.max_step,
16            self.goal
17        )
18        self.current += amount
19        self.turn += 1
20
21        print(f'{next_player.name} moves {amount}.')
22        print(f'Total is now {self.current}.')
23
24

```

3. List all the places in this function where a *Player* is stored, an instance attribute of *Player* is accessed or set, or a method is called on a *Player*.