CSC343 Worksheet 9 Solution

June 27, 2020

1. Exercise 11.1.1:



Notes:

- Semistructured data
 - serves as a model suitable for **databases integration**, that is, for describing the data contained in two or more databases that contain similar data with different schemas
 - It serves as the underlying model for notations such as XML, to be taken up in Section 2, that are being used to share information on the web.
- Semistructured Data Representation
 - is a collection of nodes















4. The difference is that UML must fit data into its schema, where as the semi structured data allows whatever schema information that is appropriate to be attached to data

$\underline{\mathbf{Notees:}}$

- Semi-structured Data
 - Is schemaless

- Is motivated primarily by its flexibility
- One could enter data at will, and attach to the data whatever schema information you felt was appropriate for that data.
- Makes query processing harder

• Structured Data

- Is rigid framework into which data is placed.
- Data must fit into schema
- Fixed schema allows data to be organized with data structures that support efficient answering of queries
- e.g. UML, E/R, Relational, ODL

```
5. a)
         <? xml version = "1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone = "yes">
         <StarMovieData>
              <Star starID="cf" starredIn="sw">
    3
                  <Name>Carrie Fisher</Name>
                  <Address>
                      <Street>123 Maple St.</Street>
    6
                      <City>Hollywood</City>
                  </Address>
                  <Address>
   9
                      <Street>5 Locust Ln.</Street>
                      <City>Malibu</City>
                  </Address>
              </Star>
              <Star starID="mh" starredIn="sw">
   14
                  <Name>Mark Hamill</Name>
                  <Street>456 Oak Rd.</Street>
                  <City>Brentwood</City>
              </Star>
   18
              <Movie movieID="sw" starsOf="cf", "mh">
   19
                  <Title>Star Wars</Title>
   20
                  <Year>1977</Year>
   21
              </Movie>
              <MovieExec movieExecID="gl" execsIn="sw">
   23
                  <Name>George Lucas</Name>
   24
                  <Position>Director</Position>
   25
              </MovieExec>
   26
              <MovieExec movieExecID="gk" execsIn="sw">
   27
                  <Name>Gru Kurtz</Name>
                  <Position>Produced By</Position>
   29
              </MovieExec>
   30
          </StarMovieData>
   31
```

• XML

- is called Extensible Markup Language
- is an example of semistructured data
- XML with and without a Schema

- has two different types
 - 1. Well-formed XML
 - * allows to invent your own tags
 - * corresponds very-similarly to semi-structured data

Example:

```
<? xml version = "1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone = "yes</pre>
      <StarMovieData>
           <Star>
               <Name>Carrie Fisher</Name>
               <Address>
                   <Street>123 Maple St.</Street>
                   <City>Hollywood</City>
               </Address>
               <Address>
9
                   <Street>5 Locust Ln.</Street>
                   <City>Malibu</City>
11
               </Address>
12
          </Star>
13
           <Star>
14
               <Name>Mark Hamill</Name>
               <Street>456 Oak Rd.</Street>
               <City>Brentwood</City>
17
          </Star>
18
           <Movie>
               <Title>Star Wars</Title>
20
               <Year>1977</Year>
           </Movie>
      </StarMovieData>
```

2. Valid XML

- * Involes "Document Type Definition"
- * specifies allowable tags and gives a grammar for how they may be nested

Attributes

- is used to represent connections in a semistructured data graph

Example:

```
</Address>
               <Address>
9
                   <Street>5 Locust Ln.</Street>
11
                   <City>Malibu</City>
               </Address>
12
           </Star>
          <Star starID="mh" starredIn="sw">
14
               <Name>Mark Hamill</Name>
               <Street>456 Oak Rd.</Street>
               <City>Brentwood</City>
          </Star>
18
           <Movie starID="sw" starOf="cf", "mh">
19
               <Title>Star Wars</Title>
               <Year>1977</Year>
21
           </Movie>
22
      </StarMovieData>
23
```

Namespaces

- **Syntax:** xmlns:name:URI
- Is similar to import numpy as np in python
- Is used to distinguish tags coming from different sources, i.e. HTML

Example:

Retireving element *StarMovieData* from document **infolab.stanford.edu/movies**. Set md as the name of import

```
<md:StarMovieData xmlns:md="http://infolab.stanford.edu/
movies">
```

```
b)
       <? xml version = "1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone = "yes">
       <StarMovieData>
 2
           <Star starID="cf" starredIn="sw">
               <Name>Carrie Fisher</Name>
 4
               <Address>
                    <Street>123 Maple St.</Street>
 6
                    <City>Hollywood</City>
               </Address>
 8
               <Address>
 9
                    <Street>5 Locust Ln.</Street>
                    <City>Malibu</City>
               </Address>
13
           </Star>
           <Star starID="mh" starredIn="sw">
14
               <Name>Mark Hamill</Name>
               <Street>456 Oak Rd.</Street>
16
               <City>Brentwood</City>
17
18
           </Star>
           <Movie movieID="sw" starsOf="cf", "mh">
19
               <Title>Star Wars</Title>
20
               <Year>1977</Year>
21
```

```
</Movie>
           <Movie movieID="esb" starOf="cf", "mh">
23
               <Title>Empire Strikes Back</Title>
24
               <Year>1980</Year>
25
           </Movie>
26
           <Movie movieID="roj" starOf="cf", "mh">
27
               <Title>Return of Jedi</Title>
28
               <Year>1983</Year>
29
           </Movie>
30
31
       </StarMovieData>
32
c)
       <? xml version = "1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone = "yes">
       <StarMovieData>
 2
           <Star starID="cf" starredIn="sw">
 3
               <Name>Carrie Fisher</Name>
               <Address>
                    <Street>123 Maple St.</Street>
 6
                    <City>Hollywood</City>
               </Address>
 8
               <Address>
 9
                    <Street>5 Locust Ln.</Street>
                    <City>Malibu</City>
               </Address>
           </Star>
           <Star starID="mh" starredIn="sw">
14
               <Name>Mark Hamill</Name>
15
               <Street>456 Oak Rd.</Street>
16
               <City>Brentwood</City>
           </Star>
18
           <Movie movieID="sw" starsOf="cf", "mh" movieIn="fx">
19
               <Title>Star Wars</Title>
20
               <Year>1977</Year>
21
           </Movie>
22
           <Movie movieID="esb" starOf="cf", "mh" movieIn="fx">
23
               <Title>Empire Strikes Back</Title>
24
               <Year>1980</Year>
25
           </Movie>
26
           <Movie movieID="roj" starOf="cf", "mh" movieIn="fx">
27
               <Title>Return of Jedi</Title>
28
               <Year>1983</Year>
29
           </Movie>
30
           <Studio studioID="fx" movieOf="esb", "roj", "sw">
31
               <Name>Fox</Name>
               <Address>Hollywood</Address>
34
           </Studio>
       </StarMovieData>
35
```

6. Consider the following relation Classes:

class	type	country	numGuns	bore	displacement
Bismarck	bb	Germany	8	15	42000
Iowa	ъъ	USA	9	16	46000
Kongo	Ъc	Japan	8	14	32000
North Carolina	bb	USA	9	16	37000
Renown	bc	Gt. Britain	6	15	32000
Revenge	bb	Gt. Britain	8	15	29000
Tennessee	bь	USA	12	14	32000
Yamato	bb	Japan	9	18	650CO

(a) Sample data for relation Classes

```
<? xml version = "1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone = "yes">
2
      <shipsData>
          <Classes>
               <Class>Bismarck</Class>
               <Type>bb</Type>
               <Country>Germany</Country>
               <NumGuns>8</NumGuns>
               <Bore>15</Bore>
               <Displacement>42000
          </Classes>
          <Classes>
              <Class>Iowa</Class>
               <Type>bb</Type>
13
               <Country>USA</Country>
14
               <NumGuns>9</NumGuns>
               <Bore>16</Bore>
16
               <Displacement>46000</Displacement>
17
          </Classes>
          <Classes>
19
              <Class>Kongo</Class>
20
               <Type>bc</Type>
21
               <Country>Japan</Country>
               <NumGuns>8</NumGuns>
23
               <Bore>14</Bore>
24
               <Displacement>32000/Displacement>
25
          </Classes>
26
          <Classes>
27
28
               <Class>North Carolina</Class>
               <Type>bb</Type>
29
               <Country>USA</Country>
30
               <NumGuns>9</NumGuns>
31
               <Bore>16</Bore>
32
               <Displacement>37000</Displacement>
33
          </Classes>
34
          <Classes>
35
               <Class>Renown</Class>
36
```

```
<Type>bc</Type>
37
               <Country>Gt. Britain</Country>
               <NumGuns>6</NumGuns>
39
               <Bore>15</Bore>
40
               <Displacement>32000/Displacement>
41
           </Classes>
42
           <Classes>
43
               <Class>Revenge</Class>
44
               <Type>bb</Type>
45
46
               <Country>Gt. Britain</Country>
               <NumGuns>8</NumGuns>
47
               <Bore>15</Bore>
48
               <Displacement>29000
49
           </Classes>
           <Classes>
51
               <Class>Tennessee</Class>
52
               <Type>bb</Type>
53
               <Country>USA</Country>
               <NumGuns>12</NumGuns>
55
               <Bore>14</Bore>
56
               <Displacement>32000</Displacement>
57
          </Classes>
58
           <Classes>
59
               <Class>Yamato</Class>
60
               <Type>bb</Type>
61
               <Country>Japan</Country>
62
               <NumGuns>9</NumGuns>
63
               <Bore>18</Bore>
64
               <Displacement>65000</Displacement>
65
          </Classes>
66
      </shipsData>
67
```

7. • DocRoot

SubElement

```
Subelement parentID="" childID="" position="" />
```

• ElementAttribute

```
<ElementAttribute elementID="" name="" value="" />
```

• ElementValue

```
<ElementValue elementID="" name="" value="" />
```

Notes:

• Empty element

- is an element that is complete by itself
- rather than being composed of a start tag, data and an end tag, the empty element is a combined start and end tag.

Example:

- * Phone is not an empty element
- * extension is an empty element

```
8_1
      <? xml version = "1.0" encoding="utf-8" standalone = "yes">
      <DocRoot docID="root" rootElementID="">
2
           <Subelement parentID="" childID="" position="">
 3
               <ElementAttribute elementID="" name="" value="">
               </ElementAttribute>
 6
               <ElementValue elementID="" name="" value="">
9
               </ElementValue>
           </Subelement>
10
      </DocRoot>
11
12
```