CSC236 Worksheet 7 Solution

Hyungmo Gu

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Question 1

• First, I need to find the value of k.

The definition tells us k is the non-recursive cost.

Since the non-recursive part of call occurs when len(s) < 2 and it returns the input as output, it has cost of 1.

Second, I need to find the value of b.

The definition tells us b is the number of almost-equal parts the input is divided into.

Since the input s is divided into three roughly equal parts, we can conclude b = 3.

Third, I need to find the value of a.

The definition tells us a is the number of recursive calls.

Since the recursive calls in this problem are $r(s_1)$, $r(s_2)$ and $r(s_3)$, there are three of them, so a = 3.

Fourth, I need to find the value of f.

The definition tells us f is the cost of splitting and recombining

Since the cost of splitting and recombining is $len(s_3) + len(s_2) + len(s_1) = n$, the value of f is n.

Fifth, I need to evaluate asymptotic time complexity of function r using master's theorem.

Since $f \in \Theta(n^d)$ where d = 1 and $a = 3 = 3^d = b^d$, the master's theorem tells us $r(s) \in \Theta(\operatorname{len}(s) \log_3 \operatorname{len}(s))$.

Finally, I need to compare its time complexity to copying the string elements in reverse order, using loop.

In comparison to $\Theta(\operatorname{len}(s) \operatorname{log}_3 \operatorname{len}(s))$ by divide and conquer method, copying the string elements has cost of $\Theta(n)$.

Notes:

• <u>Divide and Conquer:</u> Partitions problem into *b* roughly equal subproblems, solve, and recombine:

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} k & \text{if } n \leq B\\ a_1 T(\lceil n/b \rceil) + a_2 T(\lfloor n/b \rfloor) + f(n) & \text{if } n > B \end{cases}$$
 (1)

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} k & \text{if } n \le B\\ aT(n/b) + f(n) & \text{if } n > B \end{cases}$$
 (2)

where b, k > 0, $a_1, a_2 \ge 0$, and $a = a_1 + a_2 > 0$. f(n) is the cost of slptting and recombining.

Note:

k: non-recursive cost, when n < b

b: number of almost-equal parts we divide problem into

 a_1 : number of recursive calls to ceiling

 a_2 : number of recursive calls to floor

a: number of recursive calls

f: cost of splittig and later recombining (should be n^d for master theorem)

• Divide and Conquer Master Theorem:

If $f \in \Theta(n^d)$, then

$$T(n) \in \begin{cases} \Theta(n^d) & \text{if } a \le b^d \\ \Theta(n^d \log_b n) & \text{if } a = b^d \\ \Theta(n^{\log_b a}) & \text{if } a > b^d \end{cases}$$

$$(3)$$

- The master theorem is for master method.
- The master method provides a cookbook method for solving recurrences of the form

$$T(n) = aT(n/b) + f(n)$$
(4)

where $a \ge 1$ and b > 1.