Reporting with SQL Part 4 Notes

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1 Differences Between Databases

2 Creating Up-to-the-minute Reports

```
• Writing Today's date
```

```
- SQLite
```

- * Syntax (Current Date): DATE("now")
- * Syntax (Current Time): TIME("now")
- * Syntax (Current Date Time): DATETIME("NOW")
- MySQL
- * Syntax (Current Date): CURDATE()
 - * Syntax (Current Time): CURTIME()
 - * Syntax (Current Date Time): NOW()
- Oracle and PostgreSQL
- * Syntax (Current Date): CURRENT_DATE
 - * Syntax (Current Time): CURRENT_TIME
 - * Syntax (Current Date Time): CURRENT_TIMESTAMP

Exmaple:

```
SELECT * FROM orders WHERE status = "placed" AND ordered_on = DATE
("now");
```

3 Exercise 1

• Solution included in exercise_1.sql

4 Calculating Dates

- Syntax 1: DATE(time string)
 - NOTE: the only recognized time string format is 'YYYY-MM-DD'
- Syntax 2: DATE(time string, modifier, ...)

Example:

```
DATE("2016-02-01", "-7 days") # 2016-01-25

DATE("2016-02-01", "+7 days") # 2016-02-08

DATE("2016-02-01", "+7 months") # 2016-09-01

DATE("2016-02-01", "+7 years") # 2023-02-01

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM orders WHERE ordered_on
BETWEEN DATE("now", "-7 days")
AND DATE("now", "-1 day");
```

5 Exercise 2

• Solution included in exercise_2.sql

6 Formatting Dates For Reporting

- From datetime string to date string
 - Syntax: DATE($datetime\ string$) $\rightarrow\ date\ string$
- From datetime string to time string
 - Syntax: TIME($datetime\ string$) $\rightarrow\ date\ string$

Example:

```
DATE("2015-04-01 23:12:01") # "2015-04-01"

TIME("2015-04-01 23:12:01") # "23:12:01"
```

- STRFTIME()
 - Formats date string / time string / datetime string into human readible format
 - Syntax: STRFTIME(format string, time string, modifier)

Example:

```
STRFTIME("%d/%m/%Y", "2015-04-01 23:12:01") # 01/04/2015

STRFTIME("%d/%m/%Y", "2015-04-01 23:12:01", "+1 year") # 01/04/2016

SELECT *, STRFTIME("%d/%m/%Y", ordered_on) AS UK_date FROM orders;
```

7 Exercise 3

• Solution included in exercise_3.sql