## Lab 3 Task 3 Solution

## 3) Become familiar with function main

- 1. Where is a *NumberGame* constructed?
  - By observation, we can conclude a NumberGame constructed inside function main

- 2. This function calls g.play repeatedly in a loop. What about the game can change each time g.play is called: the goal, the min or max move, the players, the moves?
  - By observation, we can conclude that
    - 1. the goal doesn't change
    - 2. the min or max move don't change
    - 3. the current player change as a result of whose\_turn method.

```
def play(self) -> str:
    ...

while self.current < self.goal:
    self.play_one_turn() # <- In here
    ...

winner = self.whose_turn(self.turn - 1)
return winner.namePlayers

def play_one_turn(self) -> None:
    ...
```

```
next_player = self.whose_turn(self.turn) # <-</pre>
     Here!!
                    amount = next_player.move(
12
                        self.current,
13
                        self.min_step,
14
                        self.max_step,
15
                        self.goal
16
17
                    self.current += amount
                    self.turn += 1
                    print(f'{next_player.name} moves {amount}.')
21
                    print(f'Total is now {self.current}.')
22
24
               def whose_turn(self, turn: int) -> Player:
25
26
                    if turn % 2 == 0:
27
                        return self.players[0]
28
                    else:
29
                        return self.players[1]
30
31
32
```

4. the move changes by the move method in play\_one\_turn.

```
def play(self) -> str:
                        while self.current < self.goal:</pre>
3
                            self.play_one_turn()
                        winner = self.whose_turn(self.turn - 1)
                        return winner.namePlayers
                    def play_one_turn(self) -> None:
9
10
                        next_player = self.whose_turn(self.turn)
11
                        amount = next_player.move( # <- Here!!</pre>
12
                            self.current,
                            self.min_step,
14
                            self.max_step,
15
                             self.goal
16
                        )
                        self.current += amount
18
                        self.turn += 1
19
20
                        print(f'{next_player.name} moves {amount}.')
21
                        print(f'Total is now {self.current}.')
22
23
24
```

3. List all the places in this function where a *Player* is stored, an instance attribute of *Player* is accessed or set, or a method is called on a *Player*.

• We need to find all places in this function where *Player* is stored, where an instance attribute of *Player* is accessed or set, or where a method is called on a *Player*.

First, we need to find where *Player* is stored in this function.

The code tells us the type of third argument in NumberGame is Tuple, and each element in the tuple is taken by the variables p1 and p2.

Because we know each element in the tuple is of type Player, we can conclude Player is stored inside variables p1 and p2

Second, we need to find where the instance instance attribute of *Player* is accessed or set in this function.

By observation, no instance attribute of *Player* is accessed or set.

Finally, we need to find where a method of *Player* is called in this function.

By observation, no method of *Player* is accessed or set inside this function.