CSC236 Worksheet 4 Review

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Question 1

• Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Assume that $\exists k \in \mathbb{N}, n = 3^k$, so $k = \log_3 n$.

Then,

$$T(n) = 2n + T(\lceil n/3 \rceil) \qquad [By def.] \qquad (1)$$

$$= 2n + T(n/3) \qquad [Since 3 \mid n, \text{ and } \lceil n/3 \rceil = n/3] \qquad (2)$$

$$= 2n + (2(n/3) + T(n/3^2)) \qquad [By \text{ subtituting } n/3 \text{ for } n \text{ in def.}] \qquad (3)$$

$$\vdots \qquad \qquad (4)$$

$$= 2n \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} \frac{1}{3^i} + T(n/3^k) \qquad [After k \text{ steps}] \qquad (5)$$

$$= 2n \left(\frac{1 - (1/3^k)}{1 - (1/3)}\right) + T(n/3^k) \qquad [By \text{ geometric series}] \qquad (6)$$

$$= 2 \cdot 3^k \left(\frac{1 - (1/3^k)}{1 - (1/3)}\right) + T(3^k/3^k) \qquad [By \text{ replacing } 3^k \text{ for } n] \qquad (7)$$

$$= 3(3^k - 1) + 2 \qquad (8)$$

$$= 3^{k+1} - 1 \qquad (9)$$

$$= 3^{\log_3 n+1} - 1 \qquad [By \text{ replacing } \log_3 n \text{ for } k] \qquad (10)$$

$$= 3^{\log_3 n+\log_3 3} - 1 \qquad (11)$$

$$= 3^{\log_3 n} - 1 \qquad (12)$$

$$= 3n - 1 \qquad (13)$$

Attempt 2:

Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Assume that $\exists k \in \mathbb{N}, \ n = 3^k$, so $k = \log_3 n$.

Then, $T(n) = 2n + T(\lceil n/3 \rceil)$ [By def.] (14)= 2n + T(n/3)[Since $3 \mid n$, and $\lceil n/3 \rceil = n/3$] (15) $= 2n + (2(n/3) + T(n/3^2))$ [By replacing n/3 for n in def.] (16)(17) $=2n\sum_{i=0}^{k-1}\frac{1}{3^i}+T(n/3^k)$ [After k steps] (18) $=2n\left(\frac{1-(1/3^k)}{1-(1/3)}\right)+T(n/3^k)$ [By geometric series] (19) $= 2 \cdot 3^k \left(\frac{1 - (1/3^k)}{1 - (1/3)} \right) + T(3^k/3^k)$ [By replacing 3^k for n] (20) $= 3(3^k - 1) + 2$ (21) $=3^{k+1}-1$ (22) $=3^{\log_3 n+1}-1$ [By replacing $\log_3 n$ for k] (23) $= 3^{\log_3 n + \log_3 3} - 1$ (24) $=3^{\log_3 3n}-1$ (25)=3n-1(26)