

CSC 369 Worksheet 7 Solution

August 23, 2020

1. First, I need to run the program with seeds 1,2, and 3, and compute whether each virtual address generated by the process is in or out of bounds.

By running the following commands, we see the corresponding base bounds register information (see images under each command).

- `./relocation.py -s 1`

```
moegu@MacBook-Pro-5 worksheet_7 % ./relocation.py -s 1

ARG seed 1
ARG address space size 1k
ARG phys mem size 16k

Base-and-Bounds register information:

Base   : 0x0000363c (decimal 13884)
Limit  : 290

Virtual Address Trace
VA 0: 0x0000030e (decimal: 782) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 1: 0x00000105 (decimal: 261) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 2: 0x000001fb (decimal: 507) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 3: 0x000001cc (decimal: 460) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 4: 0x0000029b (decimal: 667) --> PA or segmentation violation?

For each virtual address, either write down the physical address it translates to
OR write down that it is an out-of-bounds address (a segmentation violation). For
this problem, you should assume a simple virtual address space of a given size.
```

Here, the following is inbound:

- VA 1: 0x00000105 (decimal: 261) → PA 0x00003741 (decimal 14145)

and the following is out of bound:

- VA 0: 0x0000030e (decimal: 782)
- VA 2: 0x000001fb (decimal: 507)
- VA 3: 0x000001cc (decimal: 460)

- VA 4: 0x0000029b (decimal: 667)
- `./relocation.py -s 2`

```
moegu@MacBook-Pro-5 worksheet_7 % ./relocation.py -s 2

ARG seed 2
ARG address space size 1k
ARG phys mem size 16k

Base-and-Bounds register information:

Base   : 0x00003ca9 (decimal 15529)
Limit  : 500

Virtual Address Trace
VA 0: 0x00000039 (decimal: 57) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 1: 0x00000056 (decimal: 86) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 2: 0x00000357 (decimal: 855) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 3: 0x000002f1 (decimal: 753) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 4: 0x000002ad (decimal: 685) --> PA or segmentation violation?

For each virtual address, either write down the physical address it translates to
OR write down that it is an out-of-bounds address (a segmentation violation). For
this problem, you should assume a simple virtual address space of a given size.
```

Here, the following is inbound:

- VA 0: 0x00000039 (decimal: 57) → PA 0x00003CE2 (decimal 15586)
- VA 1: 0x00000056 (decimal: 86) → PA 0x00003CFF (decimal 15615)

and the following is out of bound:

- VA 2: 0x00000357 (decimal: 855)
- VA 3: 0x000002f1 (decimal: 753)
- VA 4: 0x000002ad (decimal: 685)

- `./relocation.py -s 3`

```
moegu@MacBook-Pro-5 worksheet_7 % ./relocation.py -s 3

ARG seed 3
ARG address space size 1k
ARG phys mem size 16k

Base-and-Bounds register information:

Base   : 0x000022d4 (decimal 8916)
Limit  : 316

Virtual Address Trace
VA 0: 0x0000017a (decimal: 378) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 1: 0x0000026a (decimal: 618) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 2: 0x00000280 (decimal: 640) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 3: 0x00000043 (decimal: 67) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 4: 0x0000000d (decimal: 13) --> PA or segmentation violation?

For each virtual address, either write down the physical address it translates to
OR write down that it is an out-of-bounds address (a segmentation violation). For
this problem, you should assume a simple virtual address space of a given size.
```

Here, the following is inbound:

- VA 3: 0x00000043 (decimal: 67) → PA 0x00002317 (decimal 8983)
- VA 4: 0x0000000d (decimal: 13) → PA 0x000022E1 (decimal 8929)

and the following is out of bound:

- VA 0: 0x0000017a (decimal: 378)
- VA 1: 0x0000026a (decimal: 618)
- VA 2: 0x00000280 (decimal: 640)

Second, for the ones that are in bounds, I need to calculate the translation.

Notes

1. Decimal to hexadecimal link [here](#)
 2. The prefix 0x in 0x00003ca9 is to indicate that the number is written in hex
 3. Simulation is run with command
 4. Reality → many programs share memory at the same time
 5. Virtualization → creates illusion that program has its own private memory, where its own code and data inside
 6. Virtualization allows us turn into something useful, powerful and easy to use
2. I need to run the command `./relocation.py -s 0 -n 10`, and determine which value of `-l` covers all the generated virtual addresses

Running the command, I see

```
moegu@MacBook-Pro-5 worksheet_7 % ./relocation.py -s 0 -n 10

ARG seed 0
ARG address space size 1k
ARG phys mem size 16k

Base-and-Bounds register information:

  Base   : 0x00003082 (decimal 12418)
  Limit  : 472

Virtual Address Trace
VA 0: 0x000001ae (decimal: 430) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 1: 0x00000109 (decimal: 265) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 2: 0x0000020b (decimal: 523) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 3: 0x0000019e (decimal: 414) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 4: 0x00000322 (decimal: 802) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 5: 0x00000136 (decimal: 310) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 6: 0x000001e8 (decimal: 488) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 7: 0x00000255 (decimal: 597) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 8: 0x000003a1 (decimal: 929) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 9: 0x00000204 (decimal: 516) --> PA or segmentation violation?

For each virtual address, either write down the physical address it translates to
OR write down that it is an out-of-bounds address (a segmentation violation). For
this problem, you should assume a simple virtual address space of a given size.
```

And the minimum value that covers all generated virtual addresses are: 930.

3. I need to run the command `./relocation.py -s 1 -n 10 -l 100` and write the maximum value of base such that all the address space fits into physical memory.

Running the command, I see that

```
moegu@MacBook-Pro-5 worksheet_7 % ./relocation.py -s 1 -n 10 -l 100

ARG seed 1
ARG address space size 1k
ARG phys mem size 16k

Base-and-Bounds register information:

Base   : 0x00000899 (decimal 2201)
Limit  : 100

Virtual Address Trace
VA 0: 0x00000363 (decimal: 867) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 1: 0x0000030e (decimal: 782) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 2: 0x00000105 (decimal: 261) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 3: 0x000001fb (decimal: 507) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 4: 0x000001cc (decimal: 460) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 5: 0x0000029b (decimal: 667) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 6: 0x00000327 (decimal: 807) --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 7: 0x00000060 (decimal: 96)  --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 8: 0x0000001d (decimal: 29)  --> PA or segmentation violation?
VA 9: 0x00000357 (decimal: 855) --> PA or segmentation violation?

For each virtual address, either write down the physical address it translates to
OR write down that it is an out-of-bounds address (a segmentation violation). For
this problem, you should assume a simple virtual address space of a given size.
```

And the maximum value of base is: