

# Worksheet 5 Review

March 23, 2020

## Question 1

- **Predicate Logic:**  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{Odd}(x) \wedge \text{Odd}(y) \Rightarrow \text{Odd}(xy)$

Let  $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Assume  $\text{Odd}(x)$  and  $\text{Odd}(y)$ .

Then,  $\exists k, m \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,

$$x = 2k - 1 \tag{1}$$

$$y = 2m - 1 \tag{2}$$

Then,

$$xy = (2k - 1)(2m - 1) \tag{3}$$

$$xy = (4km - 2k - 2m + 2) - 1 \tag{4}$$

$$xy = 2(2km - k - m + 1) - 1 \tag{5}$$

$$xy = 2o - 1 \tag{6}$$

by setting  $o = 2km - k - m + 1$ .

Since,  $o \in \mathbb{Z}$ , it follows from the definition of odd that the statement  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{Odd}(x) \wedge \text{Odd}(y) \Rightarrow \text{Odd}(xy)$  is true.

## Question 2

- a.  $\forall n, m \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{Even}(n) \wedge \text{Odd}(m) \Rightarrow m^2 - n^2 = m + n$
- b. The flaw is that the value  $k$  in  $n = 2k$  and  $m = 2k + 1$  cannot be the same.

## Question 3

- a.  $\text{Dom}(f, g) : \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}, g(n) \leq f(n)$ , where  $f, g : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$
- b. Let  $f(n) = 3n$ ,  $g(n) = n$ , and  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

Then,

$$g(n) = n \leq n + n + n \quad (1)$$

$$\leq 3n \quad (2)$$

$$\leq f(n) \quad (3)$$

Then, it follows from the definition of '**is dominated by**' that  $g$  is dominated by  $f$ .

- c. **Negation:**  $\neg \text{Dom}(f, g) : \exists n \in \mathbb{Z}, g(n) > f(n)$ , where  $f, g : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$

Let  $n = 1$ ,  $f(n) = 3n$ , and  $g(n) = n$ .

Then,

$$n + 165 = (1) + 165 \quad (1)$$

$$= 166 \quad (2)$$

$$> 1 \quad (3)$$

$$> (1)^2 \quad (4)$$

$$> n^2 \quad (5)$$

Then it follows from the negation of  $\text{Dom}(f, g)$  that  $g$  is not dominated by  $f$ .

## Question 4