### Midterm 1 Version 3 Solution

### March 19, 2020

### Question 1

a. Since  $S_1 = \{ab, ba, aab, bba, baa, \dots\}$  and  $S_2 = \{aaa, aab, aba, baa, abb, bab, bba\}$ ,  $S_2 \setminus S_1 = \{aaa, aab, aba, bab\}$ 

#### **Correct Solution:**

Since  $S_1 = \{ab, ba, aab, abb, bba, baa, \dots\}$  and  $S_2 = \{aaa, aab, aba, baa, abb, bab, bba, bbb\}$ ,  $S_2 \setminus S_1 = \{aaa, aba, bab, bbb\}$ 

p	q	r	$\neg r$	$p \Rightarrow q$	$(p \Rightarrow q) \Leftrightarrow \neg r$
Т	Т	Т	F	Т	F
Т	Т	F	Т	Т	Т
Т	F	Т	F	F	T
$\overline{F}$	Т	Т	F	Т	F
Т	F	F	Т	F	F
$\overline{F}$	Т	F	Т	Т	T
$\overline{F}$	F	Т	F	Т	F
$\overline{F}$	F	F	Т	Т	Т

c. Let  $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ , and  $y \in \mathbb{N}$ .

We will prove that P(x) is true and Q(x,y) or Q(x,y+1) is false.

#### **Correct Solution:**

Negation:  $\exists x \in \mathbb{N}, \forall y \in \mathbb{N}, P(x) \land (\neg Q(x, y) \land \neg Q(x, y + 1))$ 

Let  $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  and  $y \in \mathbb{N}$ .

We will prove that P(x) is true, and both Q(x,y) and Q(x,y+1) are false.

## Question 2

## Question 3

# Question 4