

# Worksheet 11 Solution

March 21, 2020

## Question 1

- a.  $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{R}^+, a \leq b \Rightarrow \exists c, n_0 \in \mathbb{R}^+, \forall n \in \mathbb{N}, n \geq n_0 \Rightarrow n^a \leq cn^b$
- b. Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}^+, n \in \mathbb{N}, c = 1, n_0 = 1$ , and  $k = \frac{b}{a}$ . Assume  $a \leq b$ , and  $n \geq n_0$ .

Then,

$$n^a \leq [n^a]^k \tag{1}$$

$$\leq n^{ak} \tag{2}$$

$$\leq n^b \tag{3}$$

Then, it follows from above that the statement  $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{R}^+, a \leq b \Rightarrow n^a \in \mathcal{O}(n^b)$  is true.

## Question 2

## Question 3