

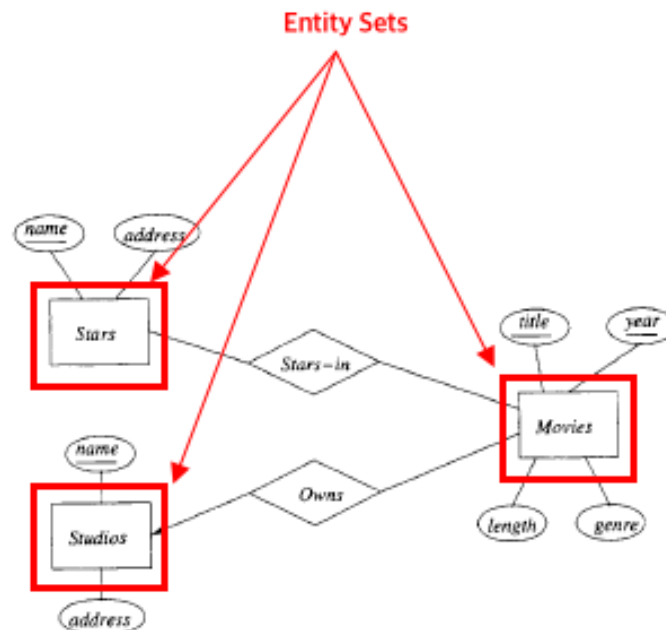
CSC343 Worksheet 14 Solution

July 7, 2020

1. Notes:

- E/R Model

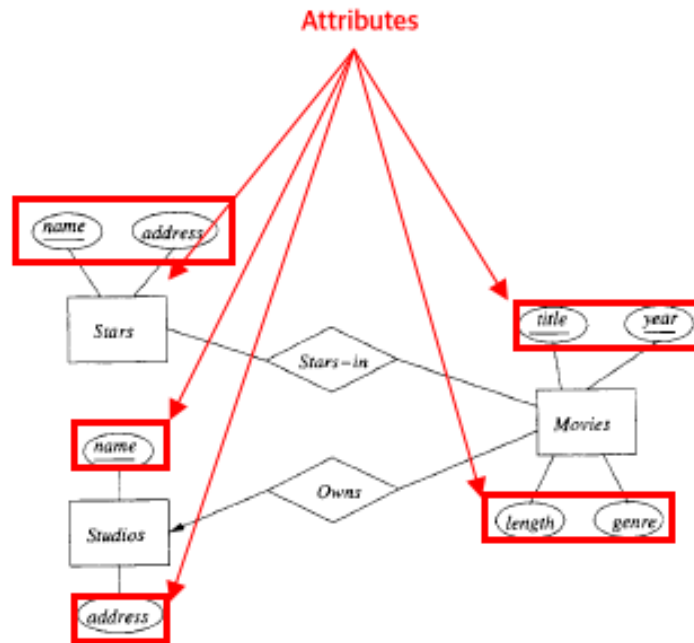
- Means **Entity Relationship Model**
- Entity Relationship Model(ER Modeling) is a graphical approach to database design.
- Is comparable to class diagram in UML
- Uses three principle element types:
 1. Entity sets
 - * Is an abstract object of some sort (i.e. entity)
 - * Is not used to represent class
 - * Is represented by rectangles



2. Attributes

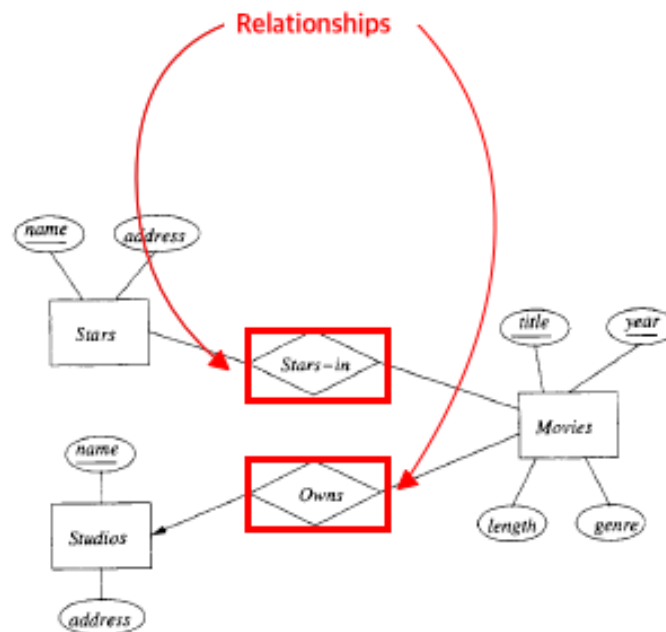
- * Are properties of entities in a set (i.e. column name)

- * Each has its own primitive data types (e.g. String, integers, Reals)
- * Is represented by ovals

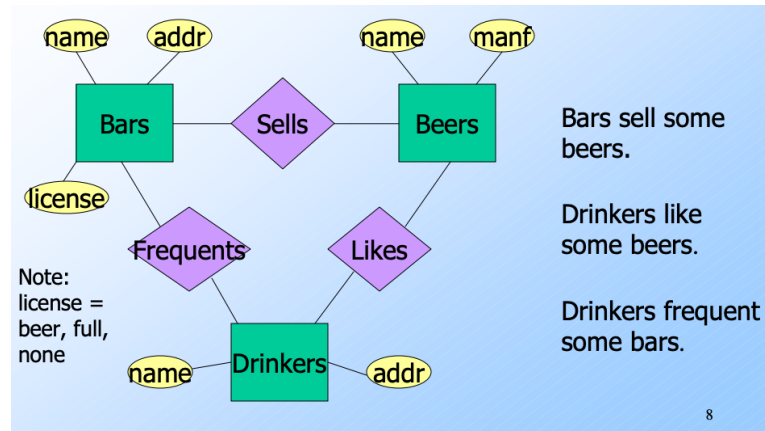


3. Relationships

- * Are connections among two or more entity sets (e.g. intermediary Relations like Stars In)
- * Is represented by diamond

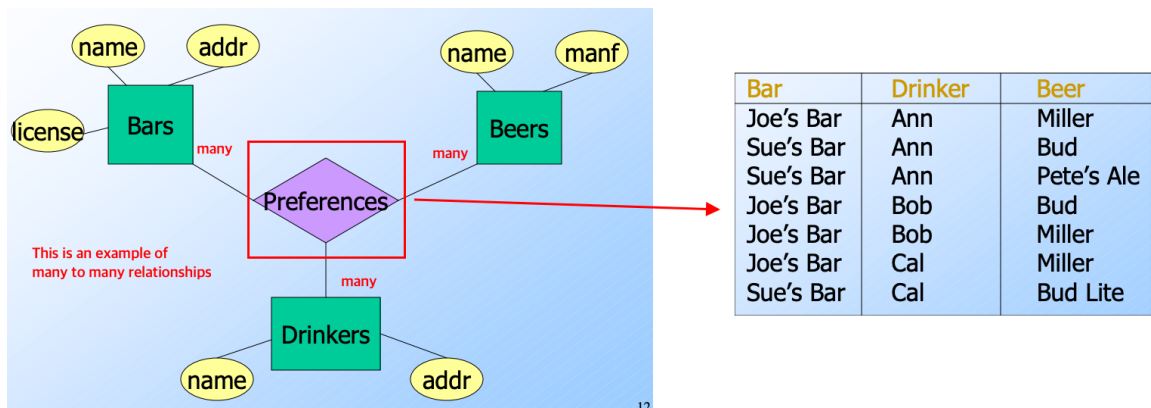


Example:



- Multiway Relationships
 - Connects more than two relationship sets
 - Enables to represent relationships that otherwise is difficult in binary relationship
 - Arrow → 'one'
 - No arrow → 'many'

Example:



Example 2:

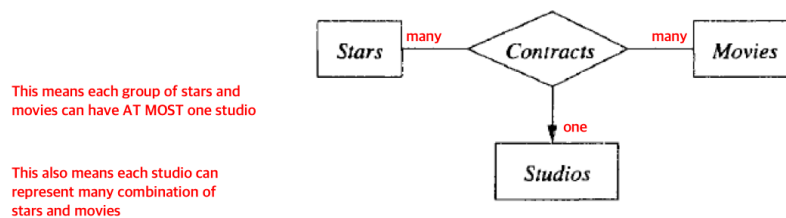


Figure 4.4: A three-way relationship

- Roles in Relationships
 - Is the label of edges between the entity set and relationship
 - Are used to clarify the semantics of relationship

Example:

Means for each sequel, there is only one original

And for each movies, there are many sequels

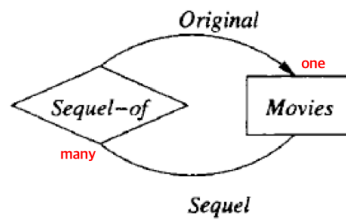


Figure 4.5: A relationship with roles

Example 2:

This means for each combination of stars and movies, there can be ; one studio for star, and one studio for movie

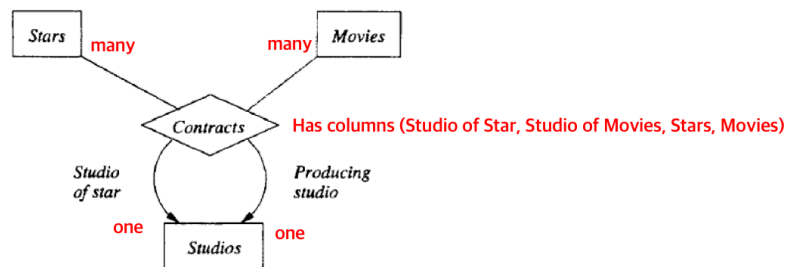
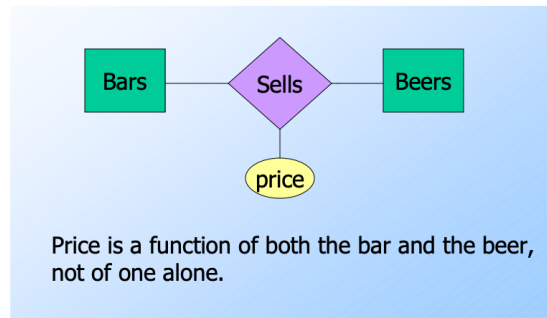


Figure 4.6: A four-way relationship

- Attributes on Relationships
 - can be thought as a property of tuples in the relationship set (i.e. String, Integer, Float, Boolean)

Example:



Bar	Beers	Price

- Can be removed by creating an entity set with the attribute