CSC343 Worksheet 14

July 6, 2020

- 1. Exercise 4.1.1: Design a database for a bank, including information about customers and their accounts. Information about a customer includes their name, address, phone, and Social Security number. Accounts have numbers, types (e.g., savings, checking) and balances. Also record the customer(s) who own an account. Draw the E/R diagram for this database. Be sure to include arrows where appropriate, to indicate the multiplicity of a relationship.
- 2. Exercise 4.1.2: Modify your solution to Exercise 4.1.1 as follows:
 - a) Change your diagram so an account can have only one customer.
 - b) Further change your diagram so a customer can have only one account.
 - c) Change your original diagram of Exercise 4.1.1 so that a customer can have a set of addresses (which are street-city-state triples) and a set of phones. Remember that we do not allow attributes to have nonprimitive types, such as sets, in the E/R model.
 - d) Further modify your diagram so that customers can have a set of addresses, and at each address there is a set of phones.
- 3. **Exercise 4.1.3:** Give an E/R diagram for a database recording information about teams, players, and their fans, including:
 - 1. For each team, its name, its players, its team captain (one of its players), and the colors of its uniform.
 - 2. For each player, his/her name.
 - 3. For each fan, his/her name, favorite teams, favorite players, and favorite color.

Remember that a set of colors is not a suitable attribute type for teams. How can you get around this restriction?

4. Exercise 4.1.4: Suppose we wish to add to the schema of Exercise 4.1.3 a relationship Led-by among two players and a team. The intention is that this relationship set consists of triples (player1, player2, team) such that player 1 played on the team at a time when some other player 2 was the team captain.

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- a) Draw the modification to the E/R diagram.
- b) Replace your ternary relationship with a new entity set and binary relationships.
- c) Are your new binary relationships the same as any of the previously existing relationships? Note that we assume the two players are different, i.e., the team captain is not self-led.
- 5. **Exercise 4.1.5:** Modify Exercise 4.1.3 to record for each player the history of teams on which they have played, including the start date and ending date (if they were traded) for each such team.
- 6. **Exercise 4.1.6:** Design a genealogy database with one entity set: People. The information to record about persons includes their name (an attribute), their mother, father, and children.
- 7. Exercise 4.1.7: Modify your "people" database design of Exercise 4.1.6 to include the following special types of people:
 - 1. Females.
 - 2. Males.
 - 3. People who are parents

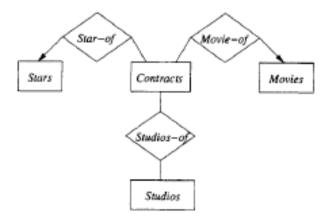
You may wish to distinguish certain other kinds of people as well, so relationships connect appropriate subclasses of people.

- 8. Exercise 4.1.8: An alternative way to represent the information of Exercise 4.1.6 is to have a ternary relationship Family with the intent that in tht' relationship set for Family, triple (person, mother, father) is a person, their mother, and their father; all three are in the People entity set, of course.
 - a) Draw this diagram, placing arrows on edges where appropriate.
 - b) Replace the ternary relationship Family by an entity set and binary relationships. Again place arrows to indicate the multiplicity of relationships.
- 9. Exercise 4.1.9: Design a database suitable for a university registrar. This database should include information about students, departments, professor, courses, which students are enrolled in which courses, which professors are teaching which courses, student grades, TA's for a course (TA's are students), which courses a department offers, and any other information you deem appropriate. Note that this question is more free-form than the questions above, and you need to make some decisions about multiplicities of relationships, appropriate types, and even what information needs to be represented.

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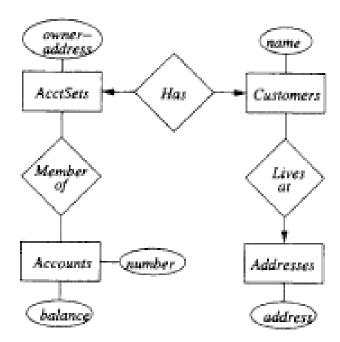
10. Exercise 4.1.10: Informally, we can say that two E/R diagrams "have the same information" if, given a real-world situation, the instances of these two diagrams that reflect this situation can be computed from one another. Consider the E/R diagram of Fig. 4.6. This four-way relationship can be decomposed into a three-way relationship and a binary relationship by taking advantage of the fact that for each movie, there is a unique studio that produces that movie. Give an E/R diagram without a four-way relationship that has the same information as Fig. 4.6.

11. **Exercise 4.2.1:** In Fig. 4.14 is an E/R diagram for a bank database involving customers and accounts. Since customers may have several accounts, and



accounts may be held jointly by several customers, we associate with each customer an "account set," and accounts are members of one or more account sets. Assuming the meaning of the various relationships and attributes are as expected given their names, criticize the design. What design rules are violated? Why? What modifications would you suggest?

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- 12. **Exercise 4.2.2:** Under what circumstances (regarding the unseen attributes of Studios and Presidents) would you recommend combining the two entity sets and relationship in Fig. 4.3 into a single entity set and attributes?
- 13. **Exercise 4.2.3:** Suppose we delete the attribute address from Studios in Fig. 4.7. Show how we could then replace an entity set by an attribute. Where would that attribute appear?
- 14. **Exercise 4.2.4:** Give choices of attributes for the following entity sets in Fig. 4.13 that will allow the entity set to be replaced by an attribute: