## CSC148 Worksheet 17 Solution

Hyungmo Gu

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### Question 1

• We need to implement the base case for this function.

The docstring tells us the function does nothing if <obj >is an int.

Using this fact, we can write that

```
def add_one(obj: Union[int, List]) -> None:
          """Add one to every number stored in <obj>. Do nothing if <obj
     > is an int.
          If <obj > is a list, *mutate* it to change the numbers stored.
3
          >>> lst0 = 1
          >>> add_one(lst0)
          >>> lst0
          >>> lst1 = []
          >>> add_one(lst1)
9
          >>> lst1
10
11
          >>> lst2 = [1, [2, 3], [[[5]]]]
          >>> add_one(1st2)
13
          >>> 1st2
          [2, [3, 4], [[[6]]]]
15
16
17
          if isinstance(obj, int):
18
              return obj
19
```

Listing 1: worksheet\_17\_q1\_solution.py

#### **Correct Solution:**

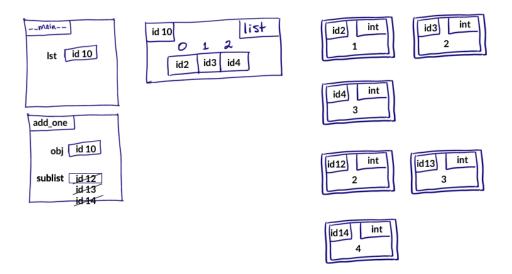
We need to implement the base case for this function.

The docstring tells us the function does nothing if <obj >is an int.

```
Using this fact, we can write that
        from typing import Union, List, Optional
        def add_one(obj: Union[int, List]) -> None:
            """Add one to every number stored in <obj>. Do nothing
    if <obj> is an int.
            If <obj> is a list, *mutate* it to change the numbers
   stored.
            >>> 1st0 = 1
            >>> add_one(lst0)
            >>> lst0
            >>> lst1 = []
            >>> add_one(lst1)
            >>> lst1
            >>> lst2 = [1, [2, 3], [[[5]]]]
            >>> add_one(lst2)
            >>> 1st2
            [2, [3, 4], [[[6]]]]
            if isinstance(obj, int):
        # ======= Correction =======
                pass
        if __name__ == '__main__':
            import doctest
            doctest.testmod()
                  Listing 2: worksheet_17_q1_solution.py
```

## Question 2

• No values in *obj* would change.



# Question 3