# HW<sub>1</sub>

You do not need to consider exceptions that are not mentioned in this document.

You have to print exactly same as sample outputs.

#### 1. Phone Book

#### 1-1. constraints

- Always show prompt CP-2017-12345> (your student ID) before each task.
- Initial state: A state that can enter commands(1. Add person/2. Remove person/3. Print phone book)
- In the initial state, when the user inputs empty line(just \n), it shows information about choices.
- In the initial state, when the user inputs exit, end the program.
- When each menu is finished, it returns to the initial state to wait another input of the user.

#### 1-2. sample input & output

CP-2017-12345>(input enter)
Phone Book
1. Add person
2. Remove person
3. Print phone book
CP-2017-12345>

## 2. Add person

### 2-1. constraints

- User can add person from the Add person menu.
- In the initial state, when the user inputs 1, it enters the Add person menu and shows information about choices.
- Each person stores his/her first, last name and phone number.
- There must be a space between the first and last names.
- User inputs only 02-xxxx-xxxx or 010-xxxx-xxxx format as phone number.
- Person who is categorized in Work stores his/her team.
- Person who is categorized in Family stores his/her birthday.
- User inputs only YYMMDD format as birthday.
- Person who is categorized in Friend stores his/her age.
- After the task is done, print Successfully added new person .

### 2-2. sample input & output

CP-2017-12345>1 Select Type 1. Person 2. Work 3. Family 4. Friend CP-2017-12345>1 Name: Hello World Phone\_number: 010-9646-9228 Successfully added new person. CP-2017-12345>1 Select Type 1. Person 2. Work 3. Family 4. Friend CP-2017-12345>2 Name: Hello World Phone\_number: 010-9646-9228 Team: DCSLAB Successfully added new person. CP-2017-12345>1 Select Type 1. Person 2. Work 3. Family 4. Friend CP-2017-12345>3 Name: Hello World Phone\_number: 010-9646-9228 Birthday: 940125 Successfully added new person. CP-2017-12345>1 Select Type 1. Person 2. Work 3. Family 4. Friend CP-2017-12345>4 Name: Hello World Phone\_number: 010-9646-9228 Age: 24 Successfully added new person. CP-2017-12345>

## 3. Remove person

### 3-1. constraints

- User removes information of person from the Remove person menu.
- In the initial state, when the user inputs 2, it enters the Remove person menu and asks index of person to remove.
- example of index policy
  - o In the phone book with only one person, if user remove a person whose index is 1 and adds another person, the index of new person becomes 1.

### 3-2. sample input & output

//If the index is available
CP-2017-12345-2
Enter index of person: 10
A person is successfully deleted from the Phone Book!
CP-2017-12345>

//If not
CP-2017-12345-2
Enter Index of person: 10

## 4. Print person

Person does not exist! CP-2017-12345>

#### 4-1. constraints

- User can print all the stored people and their information.
- In the initial state, when the user inputs 3, it prints information of all persons.
- People who have been removed should not print.
- · Output format is
  - o Person class

{first name} {last name}\_{phone number}

o Work, Friend

{first name} {last name}\_{phone number}\_{an addtional attribute}

o Family

 $\{first\ name\} \{last\ name\} \_ \{phone\ number\} \_ \{birthday\} \_ \{D\text{-}day\}$ 

## 4-2. sample input & output

#### 5. Exit

### 5-1. Example

CP-2017-12345>exit

## 6. Report

#### 6-1. What your report should contain

- Implementation Environment
- Specific explanation about the code
- Troubleshooting points while implementing your code
- · Screenshot of the program working

### 7. FAQ

- exit must work on 'initial state' only. Otherwise, it is treated as an string 'exit'.
  - o For example, when you enter exit while entering the first & last name of person(ex: exit exit), that person's first name will be exit exit.
  - Also, you can expect no exit will be entered while entering phone number, as it is an int type.
- At Initial state, any commands(add person, remove person, print phonebook) should work, regardless of printing command list.
- For Birthday, we do not consider a leap year. A year is same as 365 days.
- For Dday, you must calculate the number of days remaining from the present to the nearest birthday.
  - o example) birthday: 940322, today: 3/23 -> D-day: 364 (regardless of leap year)
  - o example2) birthday: 940322, today: 3/21 -> D-day: 1 (regardless of leap year)