Data Jujutsu II – PhD Trends*

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Description of the data

Every year, the National Science Foundation sponsors a very large survey (with almost complete sampling) of the PhD graduates, the *Survey of Earned Doctorates* (SED). They publish statistics on the number of PhD, and report PhD completion by gender, field, ethnic background, etc. In particular, table 16 reports the number of PhD awarded in total and divided by sex for each field of study. We are going to attempt reading the table directly from the xlsx files that are published by NSF.

The challenge

1. Read the data The file urls_and_skip_NSF_SED.csv reports the location (url) of the excel files for the years 2013-1018, as well as the number of lines to skip (skip) and the number of lines to read (read) for best results. Read the documentation of read_xlsx from the library readxl to see how to read the file while skipping a few lines and capping the total number of lines to be read.

```
library(tidyverse)
library(readxl)
read_csv("urls_and_skip_NSF_SED.csv")
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
     year url
                                                                          skip read
##
     <dbl> <chr>
                                                                         <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 2018 https://ncses.nsf.gov/pubs/nsf20301/assets/data-tables/tabl~
                                                                             3
                                                                                 274
## 2 2017 https://ncses.nsf.gov/pubs/nsf19301/assets/data/tables/sed1~
                                                                             3
                                                                                 271
     2016 https://nsf.gov/statistics/2018/nsf18304/data/tab16.xlsx
                                                                             1
                                                                                 270
## 4 2015 https://nsf.gov/statistics/2017/nsf17306/data/tab16.xlsx
                                                                             1
                                                                                 264
## 5 2014 https://nsf.gov/statistics/2016/nsf16300/data/tab16.xlsx
                                                                                 293
     2013 https://nsf.gov/statistics/sed/2013/data/tab16.xlsx
                                                                                 284
```

Read all the files, building the tibble sed retaining only the field and the total for each year:

```
source("solution_PhD_trends.R") # this is the code you have to write!
sed
```

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```
## 2 Life sciences
                                                                       12780 2018
                                                                        1445 2018
## 3 Agricultural sciences and natural resources
## 4 Agricultural sciences
                                                                         875 2018
## 5 Agricultural economics
                                                                         108 2018
## 6 Agronomy, horticulture science, plant breeding, plant pathology,~
                                                                         349 2018
## 7 Animal nutrition, poultry science
                                                                          68 2018
## 8 Animal sciences, other
                                                                         121 2018
## 9 Food science, food technology-other
                                                                         163 2018
## 10 Soil chemistry and microbiology, soil sciences-other
                                                                          66 2018
## # ... with 1,573 more rows
```

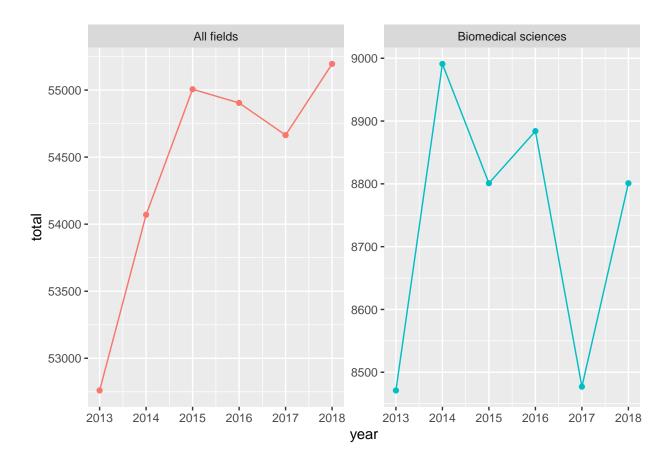
2. Standardize names and filter Notice that there are very many fields, and that the names of some fields have changed through the years (e.g., Neurosciences, neurobiology, Neurosciences and neurobiology). The file lookup_fields_filter.csv contains two columns: retain all the records for the fields specified in the table, and use the column name_to_use to standardize the names of the fields. You should end up with 18 fields (all well-represented at U of C) as well as the data for All fields and Biomedical sciences.

sed

```
## # A tibble: 120 x 4
     field
##
                                           total year name_to_use
##
     <chr>
                                           <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1 All fields
                                           55195 2018 All fields
## 2 Biological and biomedical sciences
                                            8801 2018 Biomedical sciences
## 3 Anatomy, developmental biology
                                             158 2018 Developmental biology
## 4 Biochemistry (biological sciences)
                                             811 2018 Biochemistry
## 5 Bioinformatics
                                             203 2018 Bioinformatics
## 6 Biometrics and biostatistics
                                             233 2018 Biostatistics
## 7 Biophysics (biological sciences)
                                             152 2018 Biophysics
## 8 Cancer biology
                                                  2018 Cancer biology
                                             355
## 9 Cell, cellular biology, and histology
                                             218 2018 Cell biology
## 10 Computational biology
                                             146 2018 Computational biology
## # ... with 110 more rows
```

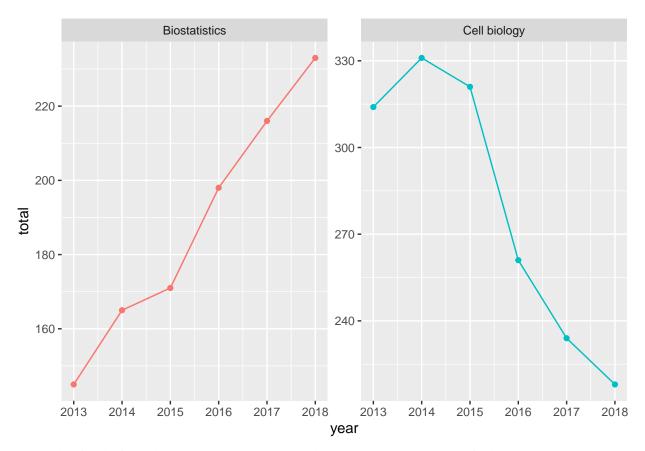
3. Plot the time series Write a generic function for plotting the number of PhDs awarded for all the fields in a tibble. For example, here are the trends for all PhDs and all PhDs in biomedical sciences:

```
sed %>%
filter(name_to_use %in% c("All fields", "Biomedical sciences")) %>%
plot_PhD_in_time()
```



4. *Fields that have changed the most* Some fields have grown considerably in the past 6 years, while some have shrunk. For example:

```
sed %>%
filter(name_to_use %in% c("Cell biology", "Biostatistics")) %>%
plot_PhD_in_time()
```



Find the fields for which the ratio between the maximum number of PhDs and the minimum number of PhDs for the period considered is the largest.

- 5. Correlation between time series [Optional] Compute the correlation between the time series of any two fields. Which fields have changed in synchrony? Plot the matrix of correlations using geom_tile.
- 6. Order the matrix [Optional, requires some math] Find a good ordering for the matrix by plotting the field according the eigenvector of the correlation matrix corresponding to the largest eigenvalue.

Hints & Nifty tricks

- If you don't want to store the downloaded zip file, use a temporary file (it will be deleted by R automatically once you call unlink())
- Some lines are empty: use something like filter(!is.na(field)) to get rid of them.
- For each year, you only need to store the number of PhD awarded.