# Homework 0

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## Q1

Given the following predicates and their meanings

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1. P(x,y): x > y
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- 2.  $Q(x,y) : x \le y$
- 3. R(x): x-7=2
- 4. S(x): x > 9

If the universe of discourse is the real numbers, give the truth value (true or false) of each of the following propositions:

- 1.  $(\exists x)R(x) = \mathbf{True}$
- 2.  $(\forall y)[\neg S(y)] =$ False
- 3.  $(\forall x)(\exists y)P(x,y) = \mathbf{True}$
- 4.  $(\exists y)(\forall x)Q(x,y) =$ **True**
- 5.  $(\forall x)(\forall y)[P(x,y) \lor Q(x,y)] =$ False
- 6.  $(\exists x)S(x) \land \neg(\forall x)R(x) = \mathbf{True}$
- 7.  $(\exists y)(\forall x)[S(y) \land Q(x,y)] =$ **True**
- 8.  $(\forall x)(\forall y)[R(x) \land S(y) \rightarrow Q(x,y)] =$ False

## Q2

Which of the following sentences has the logical form  $(p \land q) \rightarrow r$ 

Option 3

- 1. If you don't attend the wedding, then Sam will be angry with you
- 2. Matt is happy and so are Sam and Fae
- 3. If it rains and it snows then flooding will result
- 4. Students will play football or students will play soccer; but they will not attend classes
- 5. Gene is smart and strong, additionally he is a good swimmer

## Q3

Which of the following formulas represents the sentence, "If there are no fruit in the market then the farmers didn't plant fruit trees or the farmers didn't water the trees"

p means There are no fruit in the market

q means Farmers didn't plant fruit trees

r means Farmers didn't water the trees

## Option 2

- 1.  $\neg p \rightarrow q$
- $2.\ p\to q\vee r$
- 3.  $(p \rightarrow q) \lor \neg r$
- $4. \ p \to q \vee \neg r$
- 5.  $p \lor q \to \neg r$

# $\mathbf{Q4}$

Show  $[p \land (p \rightarrow q)] \rightarrow q$  is a tautology

				$[p \wedge$
			$p \wedge$	$(p \rightarrow$
		$p \rightarrow$	$(p \rightarrow$	$q)] \rightarrow$
p	q	q	q)	q
$\overline{T}$	Т	Т	Т	Т
${ m T}$	$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$
$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$	${ m T}$	$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$
$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$	$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$

Since the final column with all operations is true  $[p \land (p \rightarrow q)] \rightarrow q$  is a tautology

# $Q_5$

Argue that set A and set A' (the compliment of A) are disjoint

The complement of set A is defined as the set resulting from removing the set A from the Universe U. Let's say that we are looking at the example of the male sex and female sex of a class. Given the assumption that a class consists of male and female students, let us say that set A denotes all the male students. The complement of set A (A') is all the females in the class. There can be no overlaps between the sets thus proves our point that the set A (males) and set A' (females) are disjoint.

## Q6

Which of the following is a one-to-one function?

Option 5

- 1.  $\{ (1,2), (2,3), (3,4), (4,5), (3,7), (2,2) \}$
- 2. x = 5
- 3. x=5, 10 < y < 25
- 4.  $\{ (1,2), (2,3), (3,4), (2,5), (3,7) \}$
- 5.  $\{ (1,2), (2,4), (3,6), (4,8) \}$

# $\mathbf{Q7}$

Let U = x : x is an integer and 2x10

In each of the following cases, determine whether  $A\subseteq B$  ,  $B\subseteq A$  , both or neither:

(i)	$A = \{x : x \text{ is odd}\}$	$B = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of 3}\}$	Neither
(ii)	$A = \{x : x \text{ is even}\}$	$B = \{x : x^2 \text{ is even}\}$	$A \subseteq B$
(iii)	$A = \{x : x \text{ is even}\}$	$B = \{x : x \text{ is a power of 2}\}$	Neither
(iv)	$A = \{x : 2x + 1 > 7\}$	$B = \{x : x^2 > 20\}$	$A \subseteq B$
(v)	$A = \{x : \sqrt{x} \in \mathbb{Z}\}$	$B = \{x : x \text{ is a power of 2 or 3}\}$	$A \subseteq B$
(vi)	$A = \{x : \sqrt{x} \le 2\}$	$B = \{x : x \text{ is a perfect square}\}$	Neither
(vii)	$A = \{x : x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0\}$	$B = \{x : x + 7 \text{ is a perfect square}\}$	$B \subseteq A$

 $\mathbf{Note}:\,\mathbb{Z}$  denotes the set of all integers