# Would

## A

We use **would ('d)** / **wouldn't** when we *imagine* a situation or action (= we think of something that is not real): 실제로 일어나지 않은 일에 대해 상상할때 would / 'd / woudn't 씁니다.

- It **would be** nice to buy a new car, but we can't afford it.
- I**'d love** to live by the sea.
- A: Shall I tell Chris what happened?
  B: No, I **wouldn't say** anything.
  (= I wouldn't say anything in your situation)

나는 네 상황 안에서 아무것도 말하지 않았을 것이다. (= 내가 너라면 아무말도 안할거야.)

We use **would have (done)** when we imagine situations or actions in the past (= things that didn't happen):

- They helped us a lot. I don't know what we**'d have done** (= we **would have done**) without their help. 나는 알지 않는다. / 우리가 무엇을 해 올지 / 그들의 도움 없이 //
- I didn't tell Sam what happened. He **wouldn't have been** pleased.

Compare **would (do)** and **would have (done)**: would vs would have

- I **would call** Lisa, but I don't have her number. *(now)* 나는 L에게 연락할 것이다.(텐데...) / 하지만 난 그녀의 번호를 가지고 있지 않다.
  I **would have called** Lisa, but I didn't have her number. *(past)*
- I'm not going to invite them to the party. They **wouldn't come** anyway. 나는 L에게 연락했을 것이다.(텐데) / 하지만 난 그녀의 번호를 가지고 있지 않았다.
  I didn't invite them to the party. They **wouldn't have come** anyway. 아무튼(간에), 어쨌든지

We often use **would** in sentences with **if** (see Units 38–40): if(만약)와 함께 쓰이는 would

- I **would call** Lisa **if** I had her number. 만약 내가 그녀의 번호를 가지고 있었다면
- I **would have called** Lisa **if** I'd had her number. I'd had = I had had // 과거 완료 // 나는 가져 왔어 왔다.

## B

Compare **will ('ll)** and **would ('d)**:

- I**'ll stay** a little longer. I've got plenty of time.
  I**'d stay** a little longer, but I really have to go now. (so I can't stay longer)
- I**'ll call** Lisa. I have her number. 나는 L에게 연락할거야. 나는 그녀의 번호를 가지고 있다.
  I**'d call** Lisa, but I don't have her number. (so I can't call her)

나는 L에게 연락했을 거다.(텐데) / 하지만 나는 그녀의 번호를 가지고 있지 않다. (그래서 나는 그녀에게 연락할 수 없다.)

Sometimes **would/wouldn't** is the past of **will/won't**. Compare:

일상대화

| *present* | | *past* |
|---|---|---|
| TOM: I**'ll call** you on Sunday. | → | Tom said he**'d call** me on Sunday. |
| AMY: I promise I **won't be** late. | → | Amy promised that she **wouldn't be** late. |
| LISA: Damn! The car **won't start**. | → | Lisa was annoyed because her car **wouldn't start**. |

Somebody **wouldn't do** something = he/she refused to do it: wouldn't do (= 그것을 하는 것을 거부했다. (는 의미))

- I tried to warn him, but he **wouldn't listen** to me. (= he refused to listen)
- The car **wouldn't start**. (= it 'refused' to start)

## C

You can also use **would** to talk about things that happened regularly in the past: 과거에 일반적으로 일어났던 것

- When we were children, we lived by the sea. In summer, if the weather was fine, we **would** all get up early and go for a swim. (= we did this regularly)
- Whenever Richard was angry, he **would** walk out of the room.

With this meaning, **would** is similar to **used to** (see Unit 18):

- Whenever Richard was angry, he **used to walk** out of the room.