Unit 48 Reported speech 2

A	It is not always necessary to change the verb in reported speech. If the situation is still the same, you do not need to change the verb to the past. For example: Output Ou
	 direct Helen said 'I want to go to Canada next year.' reported Helen told me that she wants to go to Canada next year. (Helen still wants to go to Canada next year.)
	You can also change the verb to the past: Paul said that his new job was boring. Helen told me that she wanted to go to Canada next year.
	But if the situation has changed or finished, you <i>must</i> use a past verb: Paul left the room suddenly. He said he had to go. (not has to go)
В	You need to use a past form when there is a difference between what was said and what is really true. For example: SONIA Have you heard? Joe is in hospital.
	You met Sonia a few days ago. She said: Joe is in hospital.
	Later that day you meet Joe in the street. You say: Hi, Joe. I didn't expect to see you. Sonia said you were in hospital. (not 'Sonia said you are in hospital', because clearly he is not) Hi, Joe. Sonia said you were in hospital. JOE
C	Say and tell
	If you say who somebody is talking to, use tell : Sonia told me that you were in hospital. (not Sonia said me) What did you tell the police ? (not say the police) TELL SOMEBODY
	Otherwise use say: Sonia said that you were in hospital. (not Sonia told that) What did you say?
	But you can 'say something to somebody': Ann said goodbye to me and left. (not Ann said me goodbye) What did you say to the police?
D	Tell/ask somebody to do something
	We also use the infinitive (to do / to be etc.) in reported speech, especially with tell and ask (for orders and requests): direct
	You can also say 'Somebody said (not) to do something': Paul said not to worry about him. (<i>but not</i> Paul said me)