15

Robert is travelling in North America. He sends an email to a friend in Winnipeg (Canada). Put the verb into the most suitable form.



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Subject: To:		
Hi (1) I've just arrived (I / just / arrive) in Minne (I / travel) for more than a month now, and (3) think about coming home. Everything (4) (5) (be) really interesting some really kind people.	(I / begin) to (I / see) so far	
(I / leave) Kansas City a week ago. (8) (I / stay) there with Emily, the aunt of a friend from college. She was really helpful and hospitable and although (9) (I / plan) to stay only a couple of days, (10) (I / end up) staying more than a week.		
(11) (I / enjoy) th (12) (I / take) the Greyhour some really interesting people – everybody was r	d bus and (13) (meet)	
So now I'm here, and (14) (15) (16) (1 / continue) (17) (1 / get) to W (17) (1 / be) here. But (17) know as soon as (19) (1 / be)	up to Canada. I'm not sure exactly when innipeg – it depends what happens while [I / let] you	
(20) (I / stay) with people I know at home. Tomorrow (21) they know who (22) finished yet, but (23) Anyway, that's all for now. (24)	(we / visit) some people (build) a house in the mountains. It isn't (it / be) interesting to see what it's like.	
Robert (24)	(1 / be) in touch again soon.	

Modal verbs (can/must/would etc.)

Units 26-36, Appendix 4

Which alternatives are correct? Sometimes only one alternative is correct, and sometimes two of the alternatives are possible.		
	1 'What time will you be home tonight?' 'I'm not sure. I la la (A) may be (B) might be (C) can be (both A and B are correct)	ite.'
2 I can't find the theatre tickets. Theyout of my pocket. A must have fallen B should have fallen C had to fall		
	3 Somebody ran in front of the car as I was driving. Fortunately I just in time. A could stop B could have stopped C managed to stop	
	4 We've got plenty of time. Weyet. A mustn't leave B needn't leave C don't need to leave	