Report for Mancala project

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Introduction

This documentation describes the program Mancala developed as a project work for System Modelling. The game was developed using a system modelling tool plug-in for Eclipse called Fujaba. Some screenshots of the plug-in are included in this documentation.

Mancala

In this document Mancala is a *player vs. player* board in which players compete for getting seeds. Seeds are distributed in the beginning of the game to 2*n houses. Player can choose a house to play each turn and the seeds in the house are distributed to the next house and possibly to the players store. Each player may have multiple turns, depending on how the seeds get distributed.

Exact rules for the game developed in this project are the following:

- the board has 12 houses. 6 on each side.
- player 1 plays the first move
- player can play one of his own houses that contain more than 0 seeds.
- turn is changed if the last seed to be distributed from the played house doesn't end in the players store.
- the player captures opponent seeds if his last seed played goes to an empty house and the opponent has seeds in the respective house. In this case the opponents respective house gets emptied to the players store and also the played seed is put into the player's store.
- game ends when any of the players doesn't have any seeds in his houses.
- the winner is the player who has the most seeds in the end of the game.

Guide to the repository

The repository is located at https://github.com/hyyrynen/mancala/tree/master/project/
There are five subfolders:

- Project
- documentation
- object diagrams
- presentation
- user_stories

The Java project with the Fujaba files is located in the Project folder.

Documentation is in the documentation folder and presentation files in the presentation folder. Object diagrams folder contains both the *dia* source files and *png* diagram files. Each file contains two diagrams, one for start situation and one for result situation. There are 20 picture files and 20 source files, both containing 2 diagrams, making 40 diagrams in total. User stories folder contains the user stories and the user story to object diagram file, which

describes, which user stories were used for creating the object diagrams. The user story file, which is named 30 User Stories contains the initial user interface plan and the final user interface plan. Also it contains 35 user stories.

The Mancala program

The program developed for this project is a java project created mainly with a graphical modelling tool plug-in Fujaba. The modelling involves creation of classes, associations between classes, attributes and methods describing the classes. In this section of the project documentation we will describe the classes we decided to implement and use.

We started the development of the program by thinking of user story titles and writing them in a separate file. This was similar to thinking of use cases. When that was finished, based on the user story title file, we created 30 user stories that contains events that can take place when playing the game. Based on these user stories we drew object diagrams that described these situations more graphically. The choice for classes to be modelled was based on nouns that occurred in the previously written user stories and object diagrams. These classes contained the house, store and the player and in the beginning also the seed.

The seed class was soon removed because it wasn't seen to contain enough information and it made the object diagrams look messy. Modelling the seeds as attributes of houses felt like a more natural way to implement it and made the model easier to perceive. Also due to the similarity of the house and the store, we combined these two so that the house implements a store.

In addition to the visible elements in the physical game we also modelled the classes application and turn. Turn was a also seen as a no information containing, small element, but since it was a singleton and didn't interfere with the modelling view, we decided to implement it as a class. This way it is also much easier to perceive the turn changing. The application was a way to model things happening in the screen before the actual playing is started.

Class House

The House class contains the information about houses, their relations, their seed counts and the relations to the players. The house class implements the store with the added attribute index. The house class contains the methods and attributes

• getOpposite(): return the respective opposite house

• getPlayer(): return the owner of the house

• index : index of the house

Class Store

The store contains the count of seeds the player has captured.

accept(): for visitor pattern

• seeds : count of seeds in the store

Class Player

Player class stores the players name, given before playing, and a first player-tag, which is set to 1 for the player who started the game.

- capture(i): captures the seeds from house with the index = i
- checkEnd(): check if the player can play
- getHouse(i): return the house with index = i
- getOpponent(): return opponent player
- initStoreAndHouse(): initialize the stores and the house
- playHouse(i): playes the house with index = i
- name : name of the playerfirstPlayer : firstplayer tag

Class Turn

Doesn't contain any information but it's association to the players indicate the current turns player.

• instance : the instance of the turn as the singleton pattern requires

Class Application

The Application class is a parent class for the game. It is used to control the higher level events in the game: starting a game, getting player turns, checking if the game has ended, etc.

- firstPlayerStarts: tag indicating that the first player starts the game.
- gameEnd : tag indicating if the game has ended
- topTen: an attribute of type ArrayList, which contains Entries. Used for the highscore.
- changeTurn(): changes the turn to the other player
- getFirstPlayer(): get the first player : the player with the first player tag
- getSecondPlayer(): get the second player
- startGame(rematch):start a new game. Starts a rematch if rematch tag is true
- updateTopTen(): method for updating the topTen ArrayList after the end of the game.

Class Entry

The Entry class is used for creating the TopTen highscore list. Each item in the highscore list is of the type Entry. The class contains the attributes for keeping the name of the player and the score of the player. The class implements Java's compareTo() method for comparing if a new entry should be added into the highscore list.

- name: A String attribute for keeping the name of the Entry.
- score: An integer attribute for keeping the score of the Entry.
- Entry(name:String, score:Integer): constructor, which gives values to name and score.
- compareTo(obj:Object): method for comparing the Entries.

Distribute visitor pattern

Distributing seeds to stores and houses was best seen to be achieved with the visitor pattern.

- lastVisitedPlace : the last visited place that the visitor has visited
- player: player side the visitor is distributing
- seeds : seeds to distribute

visit(p): visit a place. Place can be a store or a house.

Model-view controller for GUI

We used a model-view-controller approach for linking the modeled classes with GUI. The GUI itself is only capable of displaying the menus, the houses and stores. The controller updates the GUI after each move and connects the seed counts of houses and stores with GUI elements. Also, all relevant user actions are transferred to the Mancala model by the the controller. This way we were effectively able to separate the logic and the visual representation of the game.

Development plan, task division

At the beginning of the project we decided to meet once a week in Skype to discuss problems and the progress of the project. This was needed because not all of our team members lived in the same town. Usually we also met once a week after the class. We decided to use Google Docs for creating and sharing the project files and this is the reason why we didn't add files to the repository at the beginning of the project. Before starting the project we also made a timetable with deadlines for subtasks, which should have helped us to finish the project in time.

The development started with thinking of use cases for creating the user stories. For that we all had a meeting and as a result of that we had about 30 use cases or user story titles. At first we didn't have names in the user story titles as the use cases were abstract. In order to make it easier to write the user stories we added names to the titles. This title file is available in github user story folder. Next we chose to divide the work with the user stories and object diagrams and thought about the class diagram and design pattern usage. Timo, Lasse and Kristjan wrote the most of the user stories and David did almost all of the object diagrams. Next task was to create (modify) the class diagram. In the beginning of the project we had made a simple class diagram but this one didn't use design patterns and was not easily implementable so we chose to start a new one. We all of us had a meeting with the team in the classroom, where we created the backbone for the class diagram. In this version we didn't have the visitor pattern for distributing seeds. Then we created the class diagram with the design patterns. Later Kristjan and Timo thought that a visitor pattern is needed and this was added by Timo. At the same time they added the method titles for the classes. By the next day Timo had implemented most of the methods. Later Kristjan and Lasse also added a little to the methods as some modification was required. As Timo had the most knowledge about Java at that time, he also created the basic user interface. Later some functionalities to the user interface were added by Kristjan. By that time Timo had done much of the work and others insisted that they would do the rest. Lasse and Kristjan finished the storyboard tests, while David was in charge of reviewing the work and doing the presentation as he is a native english speaker.

Development history

By Kristjan and Lasse

October: Previous work:-by Timo, Lasse, David, Kristjan

- learning the rules of Mancala
- finding out the strengths of team members
- a simple idea about work division
- setting preliminary deadlines for subtasks
- we setup the git repository at github for the project
 - http://github.com/hyyrynen/mancala/tree/master/project/
- 26. October: Real work starts on the project. -by Timo, Lasse, David, Kristjan
 - We meet in the class and start to work on the user story titles (think of it as use cases)
 - We continue the work after the class
 - Results:
 - Generated 28 user story titles
 - Fixed deadlines for subtasks of the project
 - A simple class diagram
 - A plan for using design patterns -> in a separate file "design decisions"
- 29. October: by Kristjan
 - Corrected user story titles, highlighted the ones with the same idea / unrelated ones
 - Wrote 11 user stories, 12/31 done
 - Wrote a simple Menu / UI plan
- 7. November: by Kristjan
 - added file with Mancala rules
 - added 9 new user story titles
- 9. November: Lasse, Timo
 - some user stories
 - cleaning up the file
- 10. November: Kristjan
 - Finished the empty user stories
 - 29/31 should be done
 - user stories 11,12, 20 have to be added/reviewed/changed
 - set deadlines for the rest of the project
- 11. November: Kristjan, Lasse, Timo
 - Object diagram templates
 - First object diagrams for user stories: 2, 5, 6, 11
- 14. November: David
 - Some object diagrams for user stories: 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 24, 27, 28, 30, 31
- 20. November: Timo, Kristjan

- Finished Class diagram design
- Added method titles, constructors, design patterns
- 22. November: Timo
 - Fujaba modelling -> see github for logs
- 23. November: Timo
 - Fujaba modelling -> see github for logs
 - Most of Gui
- 23. November: Kristjan
 - Fujaba modelling -> see github for logs'
 - A little of Gui
- 25. November: Kristjan, Lasse, Timo
 - Fujaba modelling -> see github for logs'
 - Documentation
- 26. November: Kristjan, Lasse, Timo
 - Fujaba modelling -> see github for logs'
 - Documentation
- 27. November: David
 - More object diagrams
 - Review of Documentation
 - Review and enhancement of User Manual
 - Consideration of Presentation
- 28. November: Kristjan, Lasse
 - Creating SB-s
 - Modifying documentation
 - See github for logs
- 29. November: Kristjan, Lasse, David
 - Creating SB-s
 - Modifying documentation
 - Adding documentation
 - Modifying a checkEnd function in class diagram
 - Starting work on presentation
 - See github for logs
- 30. November: Lasse, David
 - Finished the SB-s
 - Modifying documentation

- Creating presentation slidesSee github for logs