# **High-speed switching diode**



## **Features**

- 1. Small surface mounting type
- 2. High reliability
- 3. High speed (t<sub>rr</sub>≤4 ns)

# **Applications**

Extreme fast switches

### Construction

Silicon epitaxial planar

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

T<sub>j</sub>=25℃

Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Repetitive peak reverse voltage			$V_{RRM}$	100	V	
Reverse voltage			$V_R$	75	V	
Peak forward surge current	t <sub>p</sub> =1 µ s		I <sub>FSM</sub>	2	Α	
Repetitive peak forward current			I <sub>FRM</sub>	500	mA	
Forward current			I <sub>F</sub>	300	mA	
Average forward current	$V_R=0$		I <sub>FAV</sub>	150	mA	
Power dissipation			$P_{V}$	500	mW	
Junction temperature			T <sub>j</sub>	175	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	
Storage temperature range			T <sub>stg</sub>	-65~+175	$^{\circ}$	

### **Maximum Thermal Resistance**

T<sub>i</sub>=25℃

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction ambient	on PC board 50mm×50mm×1.6mm	$R_{thJA}$	500	K/W

### **Electrical Characteristics**

T<sub>i</sub>=25℃

Parameter	Test Conditions	Туре	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA	LL4148	$V_{F}$	0.62		0.72	V
	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	LL4148	$V_{F}$		0.86	1	V
	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA	LL4448	$V_{F}$		0.93	1	V
Reverse current	V <sub>R</sub> =20V		I <sub>R</sub>			25	nA
	V <sub>R</sub> =20V, T <sub>j</sub> =150℃		I <sub>R</sub>			50	μА
	V <sub>R</sub> =75V		I <sub>R</sub>			5	μА
Breakdown current	$I_R=100 \mu A,t_p/T=0.01,t_p=0.3ms$		$V_{(BR)}$	100			V
Diode capacitance	$V_R=0$ , f=1MHz, $V_{HF}=50$ mV		C <sub>D</sub>			4	pF
Rectification efficiency	V <sub>HF</sub> =2V, f=100MHz		ηR	45			%
Reverse recovery time	$I_F = I_R = 10 \text{mA}, i_R = 1 \text{mA}$		t <sub>rr</sub>			8	ns
	$I_F=10mA$ , $V_R=6V$ , $I_R=0.1\times I_R$ ,		t <sub>rr</sub>			4	ns
	R <sub>L</sub> =100 Ω						

# **Characteristics** (T<sub>i</sub>=25 °C unless otherwise specified)

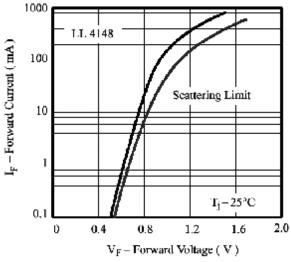


Figure 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

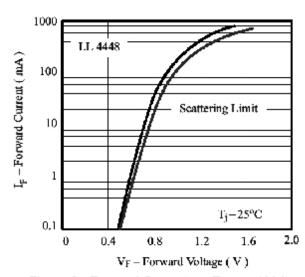


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

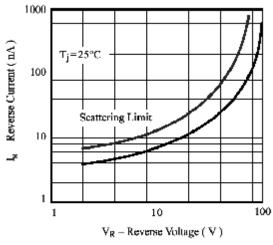


Figure 3. Reverse Current vs. Reverse Voltage

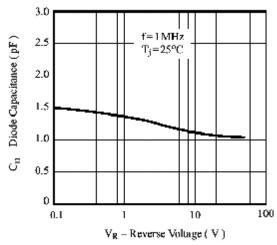


Figure 4. Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

## **Dimensions in mm**

