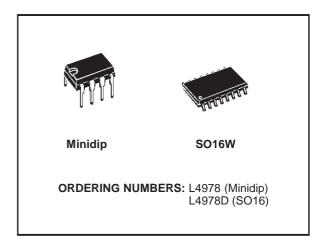


2A STEP DOWN SWITCHING REGULATOR

- UP TO 2A STEP DOWN CONVERTER
- OPERATING INPUT VOLTAGE FROM 8V TO 55V
- PRECISE 3.3V (±1%) INTERNAL REFER-ENCE VOLTAGE
- OUTPUT VOLTAGE ADJUSTABLE FROM 3.3V TO 50V
- SWITCHING FREQUENCY ADJUSTABLE UP TO 300KHz
- VOLTAGE FEEDFORWARD
- ZERO LOAD CURRENT OPERATION
- INTERNAL CURRENT LIMITING (PULSE-BY-PULSE AND HICCUP MODE)
- INHIBIT FOR ZERO CURRENT CONSUMP-TION
- PROTECTION AGAINST FEEDBACK DIS-CONNECTION
- THERMAL SHUTDOWN
- SOFT START FUNCTION

DESCRIPTION

The L4978 is a step down monolithic power switching regulator delivering 2A at a voltage between 3.3V and 50V (selected by a simple external divider). Realized in BCD mixed technology, the device uses an internal power D-MOS transistor (with a typical Rdson of 0.25 Ω) to obtain very high efficency and high switching speed.



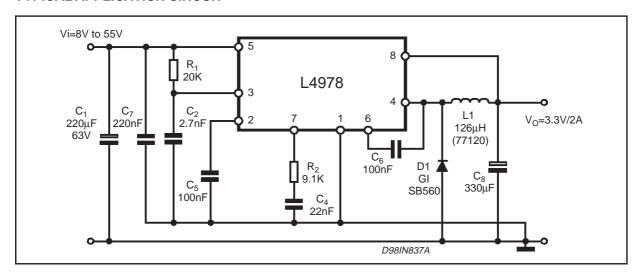
A switching frequency up to 300KHz is achievable (the maximum power dissipation of the packages must be observed).

A wide input voltage range between 8V to 55V and output voltages regulated from 3.3V to 50V cover the majority of today's applications.

Features of this new generations of DC-DC converter include pulse-by-pulse current limit, hiccup mode for short circuit protection, voltage feedforward regulation, soft-start, protection against feedback loop disconnection, inhibit for zero current consumption and thermal shutdown.

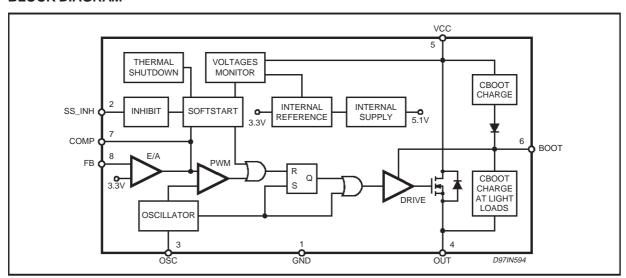
The device is available in plastic dual in line, MINIDIP 8 for standard assembly, and SO16W for SMD assembly.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

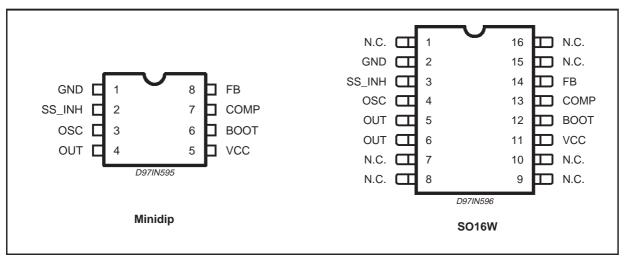


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BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONNECTIONS



PIN FUNCTIONS

| DIP | SO (*) | Name | Function |
|-----|--------|--------|---|
| 1 | 2 | GND | Ground |
| 2 | 3 | SS_INH | A logic signal (active low) disables the device (sleep mode operation). A capacitor connected between this pin and ground determines the soft start time. When this pin is grounded disables the device (driven by open collector/drain). |
| 3 | 4 | OSC | An external resistor connected between the unregulated input voltage and this pin and a capacitor connected from this pin to ground fix the switching frequency. (Line feed forward is automatically obtained) |
| 4 | 5, 6 | OUT | Stepdown regulator output |
| 5 | 11 | Vcc | Unregulated DC input voltage |
| 6 | 12 | воот | A capacitor connected between this pin and OUT allows to drive the internal DMOS Transistors |
| 7 | 13 | COMP | E/A output to be used for frequency compensation |
| 8 | 14 | FB | Stepdown feedback input. Connecting directly to this pin results in an output voltage of 3.3V. An external resistive divider is required for higher output voltages. |

(*) Pins 1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15 and 16 are not internally, electrically connected to the die.

THERMAL DATA

| Symbol | Parameter | Minidip | SO16 | Unit |
|------------------------|---|---------|---------|------|
| R _{th(j-amb)} | Thermal Resistance Junction to ambient Max. | 90 (*) | 110 (*) | °C/W |

^(*) Package mounted on board.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | | Parameter | Value | Unit | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------|-------------|----|
| Minidip | S016 | r al ameter | value | Offic | |
| V_5 | V ₁₁ | Input voltage | 58 | V | |
| V ₄ | V ₅ ,V ₆ | Output DC voltage Output peak voltage at t = 0.1µs f=200KHz | | -1 -5 | V |
| 14 | I ₅ ,I ₆ | Maximum output current | | int. limit. | |
| V ₆ -V ₅ | V12-V ₁₁ | | 14 | V | |
| V ₆ | V ₁₂ | Bootstrap voltage | 70 | V | |
| V ₇ | V ₁₃ | Analogs input voltage (V _{CC} = 24V) | 12 | V | |
| V ₂ | V3 | Analogs input voltage (V _{CC} = 24V) | | 13 | V |
| V ₈ | V ₁₄ | (V _{CC} = 20V) | 6 -0.3 | V V | |
| Р | tot | Power dissipation a T _{amb} ≤ 60°C | Minidip | 1 | W |
| | | | SO16 | 0.8 | W |
| T_{j}, T_{stg} | | Junction and storage temperature | | -40 to 150 | °C |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_j = 25$ °C, $C_{osc} = 2.7nF$, $Rosc = 20k\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 24V$, unless otherwise specified.) * Specification Refered to T_j from 0 to 125°C

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|---|---|---|-------|------|-------|------|
| Dynamic C | Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Vı | Operating input voltage range | $V_0 = 3.3 \text{ to } 50V; I_0 = 2A$ | • | 8 | | 55 | V |
| Vo | Output voltage | I _o = 0.5A | | 3.33 | 3.36 | 3.39 | V |
| | | I _o = 0.2 to 2A | | 3.292 | 3.36 | 3.427 | V |
| | | Vcc = 8 to 55V | • | 3.22 | 3.36 | 3.5 | V |
| Vd | Dropout voltage | Vcc = 10V; Io = 2A | | | 0.58 | 0.733 | V |
| | | | • | | | 1.173 | V |
| lı | Maximum limiting current | Vcc = 8 to 55V | • | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | Α |
| | Efficiency | $V_0 = 3.3V$; $I_0 = 2A$ | | | 87 | | % |
| fs | Switching frequency | | • | 90 | 100 | 110 | KHz |
| SVRR | Supply voltage ripple rejection | $V_i = V_{cc}+2V_{RMS}; V_o = V_{ref};$ $I_0 = 2.5A; f_{ripple} = 100Hz$ | | 60 | | | dB |
| | Switching Frequency Stability vs. V _{cc} | Vcc = 8 to 55V | | | 3 | 6 | % |
| | Temp. stability of switching frequency | T _j = 0 to 125°C | | | 4 | | % |
| Soft Start | | | | | | | |
| | Soft start charge current | | | 30 | 40 | 50 | μΑ |
| | Soft start discharge current | | | 6 | 10 | 14 | μА |
| Inhibit | | | | | | | |
| VLL | Low level voltage | | • | | | 0.9 | V |
| lsLL | Isource Low level | | • | | 5 | 15 | μΑ |



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|------|------|------|-------|
| DC Charac | cteristics | | | | | | |
| Iqop | Total operating quiescent current | | | | 4 | 6 | mA |
| Iq | Quiescent current | Duty Cycle = 0; V _{FB} = 3.8V | | | 2.5 | 3.5 | mA |
| I _{qst-by} | Total stand-by quiescent | V _{inh} <0.9V | | | 100 | 200 | μА |
| | current | $Vcc = 55V; V_{inh} < 0.9V$ | | | 150 | 300 | μА |
| Error Amp | lifier | | | | | | |
| V_{FB} | Voltage Feedback Input | | | 3.33 | 3.36 | 3.39 | V |
| RL | Line regulation | Vcc = 8 to 55V | | | 5 | 10 | mV |
| | Ref. voltage stability vs temperature | | • | | 0.4 | | mV/°C |
| VoH | High level output voltage | V _{FB} = 2.5V | | 10.3 | | | V |
| VoL | Low level output voltage | $V_{FB} = 3.8V$ | | | | 0.65 | V |
| lo source | Source output current | $V_{comp} = 6V; V_{FB} = 2.5V$ | | 180 | 220 | | μА |
| lo sink | Sink output current | $V_{comp} = 6V; V_{FB} = 3.8V$ | | 200 | 300 | | μΑ |
| lb | Source bias current | | | | 2 | 3 | μА |
| SVRR E/A | Supply voltage ripple rejection | $V_{comp} = V_{fb}$; $Vcc = 8 \text{ to } 55V$ | | 60 | 80 | | dB |
| | DC open loop gain | R _L = ∞ | | 50 | 57 | | dB |
| gm | Transconductance | $I_{comp} = -0.1 \text{ to } 0.1 \text{mA}$ $V_{comp} = 6V$ | | | 2.5 | | mS |
| Oscillator | Section | | | | | | |
| | Ramp Valley | | | 0.78 | 0.85 | 0.92 | V |
| | Ramp peak | Vcc = 8V | | 2 | 2.15 | 2.3 | V |
| | | Vcc = 55V | | 9 | 9.6 | 10.2 | V |
| | Maximum duty cycle | | | 95 | 97 | | % |
| | Maximum Frequency | Duty Cycle = 0% R _{osc} = $13k\Omega$, C _{osc} = $820pF$ | | | | 300 | kHz |

Figure 1. Test and evaluation board circuit.

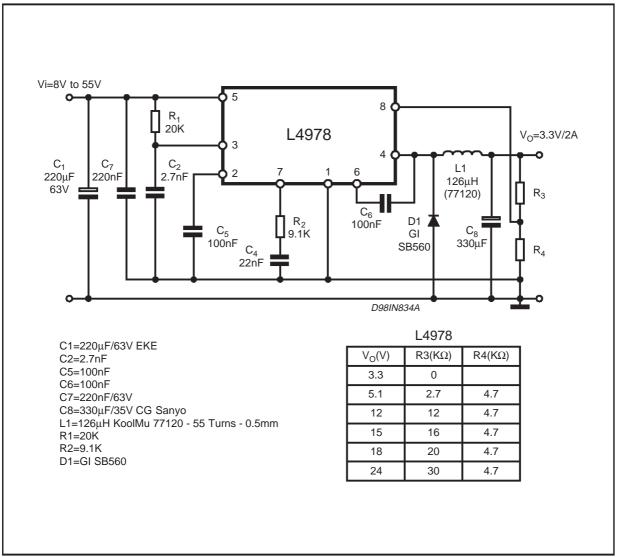


Figure 2. PCB and component layout of the figure 1.

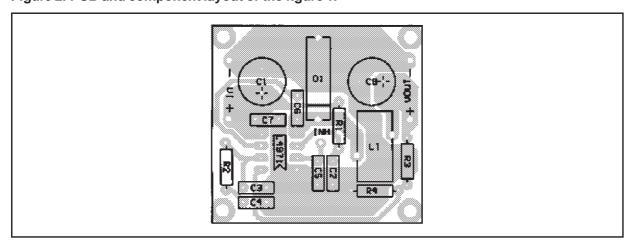


Figure 3. Quiescent drain current vs. input voltage.

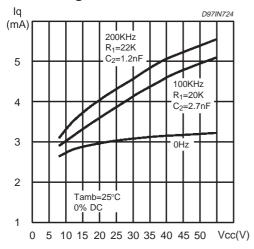


Figure 5. Stand by drain current vs. input voltage

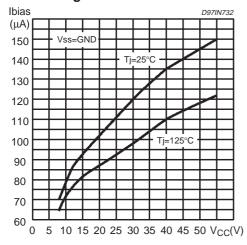


Figure 7. Load regulation

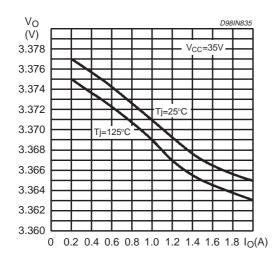


Figure 4. Quiescent current vs. junction temperature

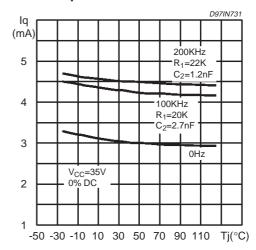


Figure 6. Line Regulation

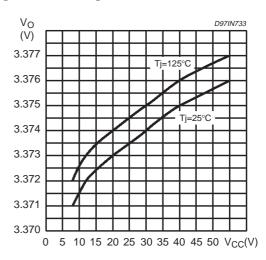
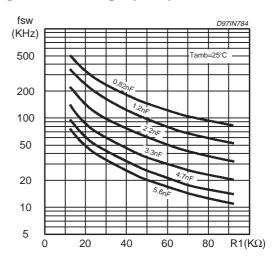


Figure 8. Switching frquency vs. R1 and C2



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Figure 9. Switching Frequency vs. input voltage.

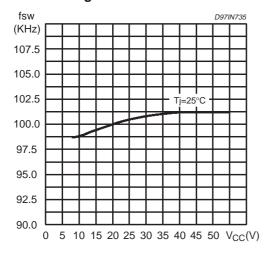


Figure 11. Dropout voltage between pin 5 and 4.

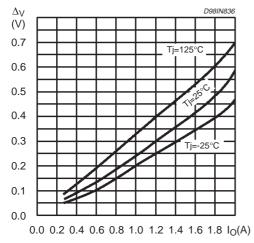


Figure 13. Efficiency vs. output current.

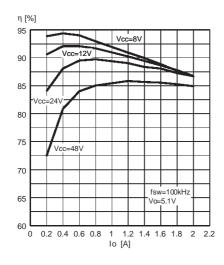


Figure 10. Switching frequency vs. junction temperature.

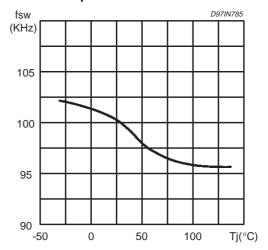


Figure 12. Efficiency vs output voltage.

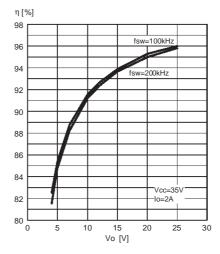


Figure 14. Efficiency vs. output current.

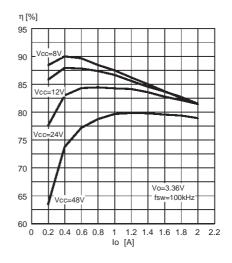


Figure 15. Efficiency vs. output current.

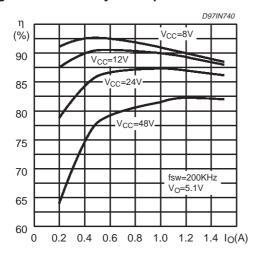


Figure 17. Efficiency vs. Vcc.

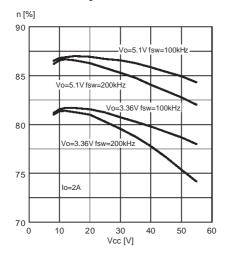


Figure 19. Device Power dissipation vs. Vo

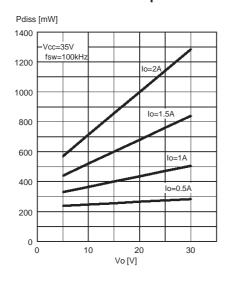


Figure 16. Efficiency vs. output current.

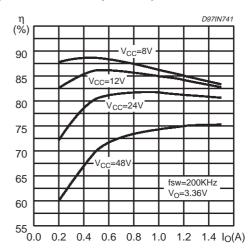


Figure 18. Power dissipation vs. Vcc.

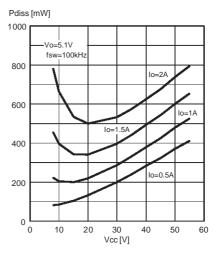


Figure 20. Pulse by pulse limiting current vs. junction temperature.

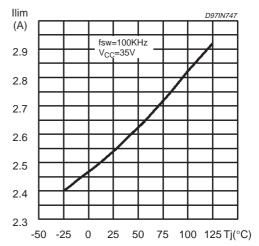


Figure 21. Load transient.

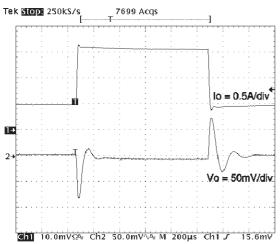


Figure 23. Soft start capacitor selection Vs inductor and Vccmax.

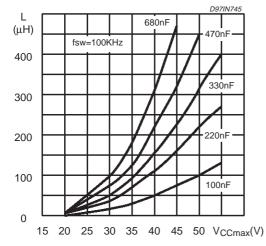


Figure 25. Open loop frequency and phase of error amplifier

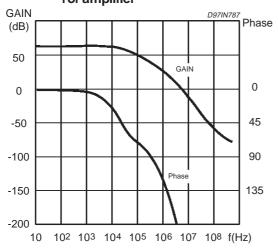


Figure 22. Line transient.

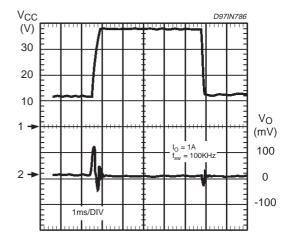
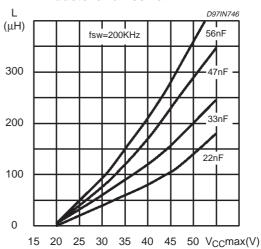
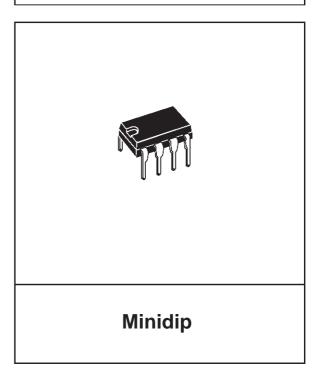


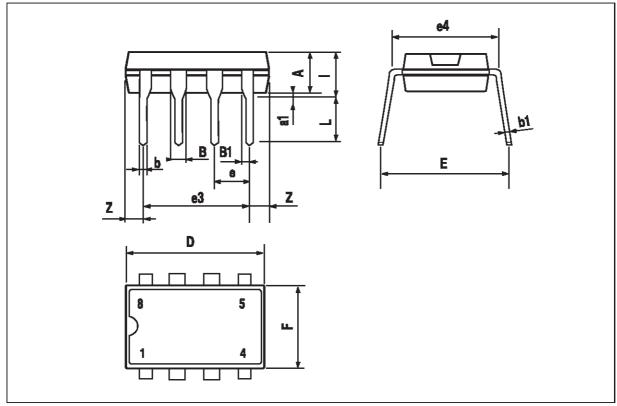
Figure 24. Soft start capacitor selection vs. Inductor and Vccmax.



| DIM. | mm | | | inch | | | |
|--------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| DIIVI. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | |
| А | | 3.32 | | | 0.131 | | |
| a1 | 0.51 | | | 0.020 | | | |
| В | 1.15 | | 1.65 | 0.045 | | 0.065 | |
| b | 0.356 | | 0.55 | 0.014 | | 0.022 | |
| b1 | 0.204 | | 0.304 | 0.008 | | 0.012 | |
| D | | | 10.92 | | | 0.430 | |
| E | 7.95 | | 9.75 | 0.313 | | 0.384 | |
| е | | 2.54 | | | 0.100 | | |
| e3 | | 7.62 | | | 0.300 | | |
| e4 | | 7.62 | | | 0.300 | | |
| F | | | 6.6 | | | 0.260 | |
| I | | | 5.08 | | | 0.200 | |
| L | 3.18 | | 3.81 | 0.125 | | 0.150 | |
| Z | | | 1.52 | | | 0.060 | |

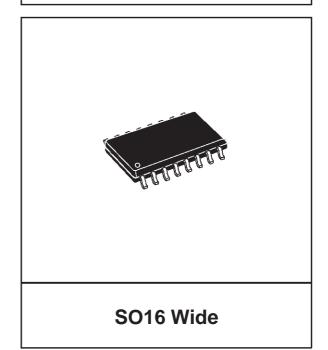
OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA

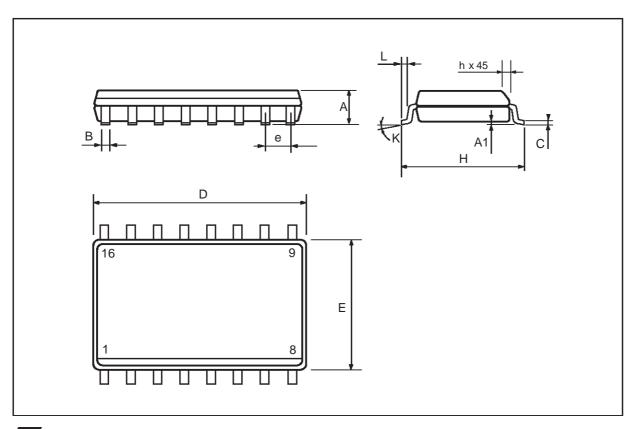




| DIM. | mm | | | inch | | | |
|------|--------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | |
| А | 2.35 | | 2.65 | 0.093 | | 0.104 | |
| A1 | 0.1 | | 0.3 | 0.004 | | 0.012 | |
| В | 0.33 | | 0.51 | 0.013 | | 0.020 | |
| С | 0.23 | | 0.32 | 0.009 | | 0.013 | |
| D | 10.1 | | 10.5 | 0.398 | | 0.413 | |
| Е | 7.4 | | 7.6 | 0.291 | | 0.299 | |
| е | | 1.27 | | | 0.050 | | |
| Н | 10 | | 10.65 | 0.394 | | 0.419 | |
| h | 0.25 | | 0.75 | 0.010 | | 0.030 | |
| L | 0.4 | | 1.27 | 0.016 | | 0.050 | |
| K | 0° (min.)8° (max.) | | | | | | |

OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA





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