
150mA LDO REGULATOR

NO.EA-147-070315

OUTLINE

The R1183Z Series are CMOS-based voltage regulator ICs with extremely low supply current, and low dropout voltage realized with the built-in low ON-resistance $r_{DS(on)}$.

150mA output current is guaranteed, and the supply current of IC itself is Typ. 1 μ A at no load.

The R1183Z series have almost same characteristics as R1180x Series. Only difference is ultra small chip size package (WLCSP4-P2: 0.79mm \times 0.79mm) and built-in auto discharge function is available with D version, and output voltage accuracy improved to $\pm 1.2\%$.

Since the package for these ICs is WLCSP-4-P2, the mount area size is less than 1/4 of R1180D Series (SON1612-6).

FEATURES

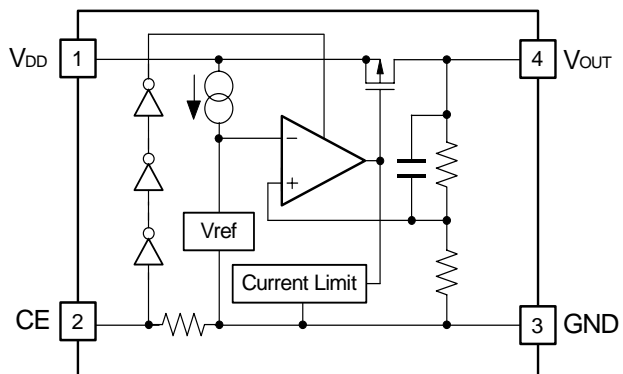
- Supply Current Typ. 1 μ A (Except the current through CE pull-down circuit)
- Standby Mode Typ. 0.1 μ A
- Dropout Voltage Typ. 0.25V ($I_{OUT}=150\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT}=3.0\text{V}$)
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Output Voltage Typ. $\pm 100\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
- Line Regulation Typ. 0.05%/V
- Output Voltage Accuracy $\pm 1.2\%$
- Output Voltage Range 1.2V to 3.6V
- Input Voltage Range 1.7V to 6.0V
- Package WLCSP-4-P2
- Built-in Fold Back Protection Circuit Typ. 40mA
- Built-in Auto Discharge Function D Version
- Ceramic capacitors are recommended to be used with this IC (0.1 μ F or more)

APPLICATIONS

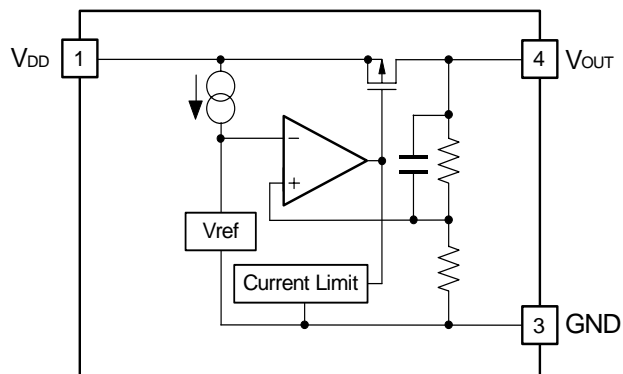
- Stable voltage reference.
- Power source for electrical appliances such as cameras, VCRs and camcorders.
- Power source for battery-powered equipment.

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

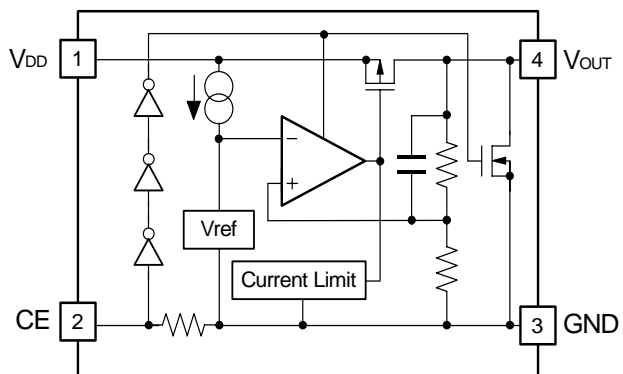
R1183Zxx1B



R1183Zxx1C



R1183Zxx1D



SELECTION GUIDE

The output voltage, version, and the taping type for the ICs can be selected at the user's request.

The selection can be made with designating the part number as shown below:

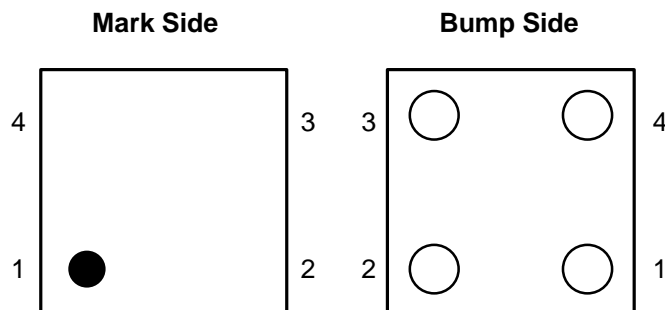
R1183Zxx1x-TR-x ← Part Number

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
 a b c d e

Code	Contents
a	Designation of Package Type : Z: WLCSP-4-P2
b	Setting Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) : Stepwise setting with a step of 0.1V in the range of 1.2V to 3.6V is possible. Exceptions: 1.25V=R1183Z121X5, 1.85V=R1183Z181X5, 2.85V=R1183Z281X5
c	Designation of Function and with/without chip enable: B: active "H" type, without the auto-discharge function C: without chip enable circuit and auto-discharge D: active "H" type, with the auto-discharge function
d	Designation of Taping Type : Ex. TR (refer to Taping Specifications; TR type is the standard direction.)
e	Designation of composition of pin plating: -F: Lead free plating

PIN CONFIGURATION

• WLCSP-4-P2



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

• R1183Zxx1B/D

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DD}	Input Pin
2	CE	Chip Enable Pin
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	V_{OUT}	Output Pin

• R1183Zxx1D

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DD}	Input Pin
2	NC	No Connection
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	V_{OUT}	Output Pin

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V_{IN}	Input Voltage	6.5	V
V_{CE}	Input Voltage(CE Pin)	-0.3 to 6.5	V
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	-0.3 to $V_{IN}+0.3$	V
I_{OUT}	Output Current	200	mA
P_D	Power Dissipation (WLCSP-4-P2) *1	530	mW
T_{opt}	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +125	°C

*1) For Power Dissipation, please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION to be described.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Absolute Maximum ratings are threshold limit values that must not be exceeded ever for an instant under any conditions. Moreover, such values for any two items must not be reached simultaneously. Operation above these absolute maximum ratings may cause degradation or permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and do not necessarily imply functional operation below these limits.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

• R1183Zxx1B/D

T_{opt}=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage* ¹	V _{IN} =Set V _{OUT} +1V I _{OUT} =1mA	×0.988 −18mV		×1.012 +18mV	V
I _{OUT}	Output Current	V _{IN} −V _{OUT} =1.0V (V _{OUT} ≥ 1.5V) If V _{OUT} <1.5V, V _{IN} =2.4V	150			mA
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔI _{OUT}	Load Regulation	V _{IN} =Set V _{OUT} +1V 1μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 150mA		20	40	mV
V _{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	Refer to the ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS by OUTPUT VOLTAGE				
I _{SS}	Supply Current* ²	V _{IN} =Set V _{OUT} +1V, I _{OUT} =0mA		1.0	1.5	μA
I _{standby}	Supply Current (Standby)	V _{IN} =Set V _{OUT} +1V V _{CE} =GND (B/D Version)		0.1	1.0	μA
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN}	Line Regulation	Set V _{OUT} +0.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6.0V (V _{OUT} ≥ 1.5V) If V _{OUT} <1.5V, 2.0V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6.0V I _{OUT} =30mA		0.05	0.20	%/V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage		1.7		6.0	V
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔT _{opt}	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I _{OUT} =30mA −40°C ≤ T _{opt} ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C
I _{lim}	Short Current Limit	V _{OUT} =0V		40		mA
I _{PD}	CE Pull-down Constant Current			0.35	0.80	μA
V _{CEH}	CE Input Voltage "H"		1.2		6.0	V
V _{CEL}	CE Input Voltage "L"		0.0		0.3	V
R _{LOW}	ON Resistance of Nch.Tr. for Auto discharge (of D version)	V _{CE} =0V		90		Ω

*1 If V_{OUT} ≤ 1.5V, then tolerance is ±18mV

*2 Except the pull-down constant current through CE pin.

R1183Z

• R1183Zxx1C

T_{opt}=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage* ¹	V _{IN} =Set V _{OUT} +1V I _{OUT} =1mA	×0.988 −18mV		×1.012 +18mV	V
I _{OUT}	Output Current	V _{IN} −V _{OUT} =1.0V (V _{OUT} ≥ 1.5V) If V _{OUT} <1.5V, V _{IN} =2.4V	150			mA
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔI _{OUT}	Load Regulation	V _{IN} =Set V _{OUT} +1V 1μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 150mA		20	40	mV
V _{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	Refer to the ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS by OUTPUT VOLTAGE				
I _{SS}	Supply Current* ²	V _{IN} =Set V _{OUT} +1V, I _{OUT} =0mA		1.0	1.5	μA
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN}	Line Regulation	Set V _{OUT} +0.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6.0V (V _{OUT} ≥ 1.5V) If V _{OUT} <1.5V, 2.0V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6.0V I _{OUT} =30mA		0.05	0.20	%/V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage		1.7		6.0	V
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔT _{opt}	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I _{OUT} =30mA −40°C ≤ T _{opt} ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C
I _{lim}	Short Current Limit	V _{OUT} =0V		40		mA

*1 If V_{OUT} ≤ 1.5V, then tolerance is ±18mV

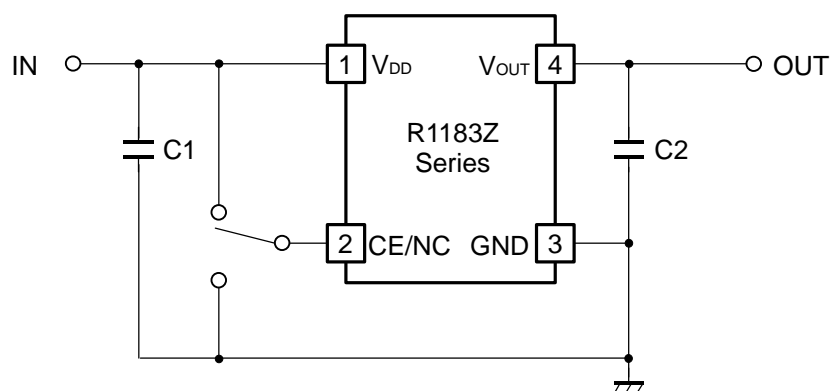
*2 Except the pull-down constant current through CE pin.

• ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS by OUTPUT VOLTAGE

T_{opt}=25°C

Output Voltage V _{OUT} (V)	Dropout Voltage V _{DIF} (V)		
	Condition	Typ.	Max.
1.2 ≤ V _{OUT} < 1.3	I _{OUT} =150mA	0.85	1.20
1.3 ≤ V _{OUT} < 1.4		0.75	1.10
1.4 ≤ V _{OUT} < 1.5		0.65	1.00
1.5 ≤ V _{OUT} < 1.7		0.60	0.90
1.7 ≤ V _{OUT} < 1.9		0.50	0.75
1.9 ≤ V _{OUT} < 2.1		0.40	0.65
2.1 ≤ V _{OUT} < 2.8		0.35	0.55
2.8 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 3.6		0.25	0.40

TYPICAL APPLICATION



(External Components)

Output Capacitor

Ceramic Capacitor	0.1 μ F	murata	GRM155B31C104KA87B
		kyocera	CM05X5R104K16AB

TECHNICAL NOTES

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

Phase Compensation

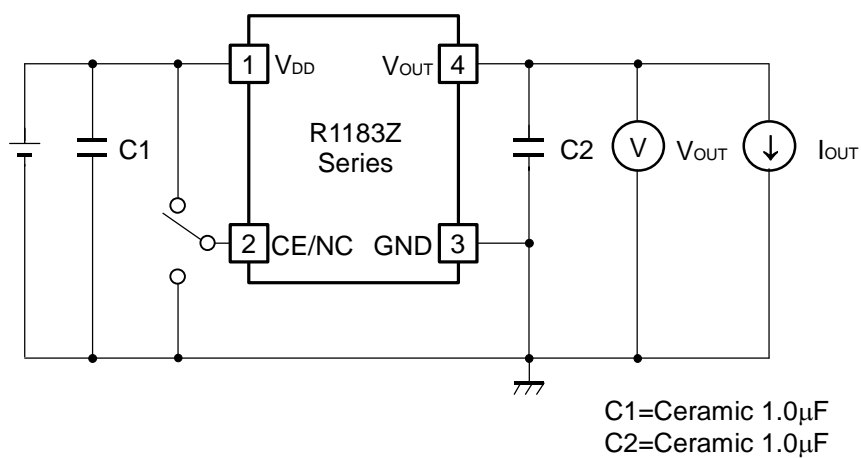
In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, use a capacitor C_2 with good frequency characteristics and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance). (Note: If additional ceramic capacitors are connected with parallel to the output pin with an output capacitor for phase compensation, the operation might be unstable. Because of this, test these ICs with as same external components as ones to be used on the PCB.)

PCB Layout

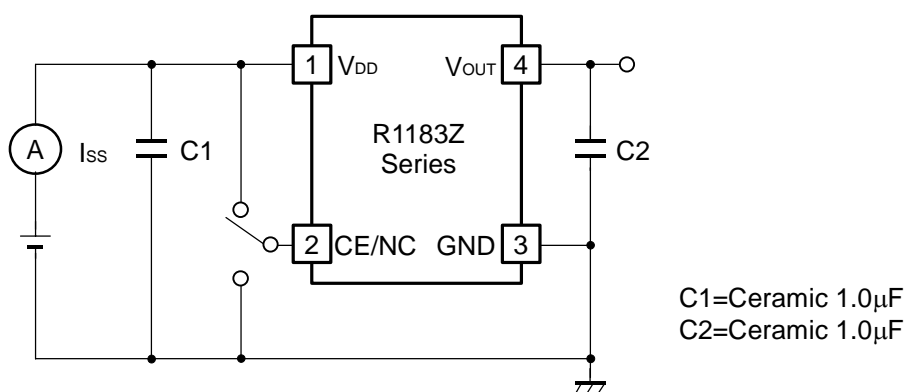
Make V_{DD} and GND lines sufficient. If their impedance is high, noise pickup or unstable operation may result. Connect a capacitor C_1 with a capacitance value as much as 1.0 μ F or more between V_{DD} and GND pin, and as close as possible to the pins.

Set external components, especially the output capacitor C_2 , as close as possible to the ICs, and make wiring as short as possible.

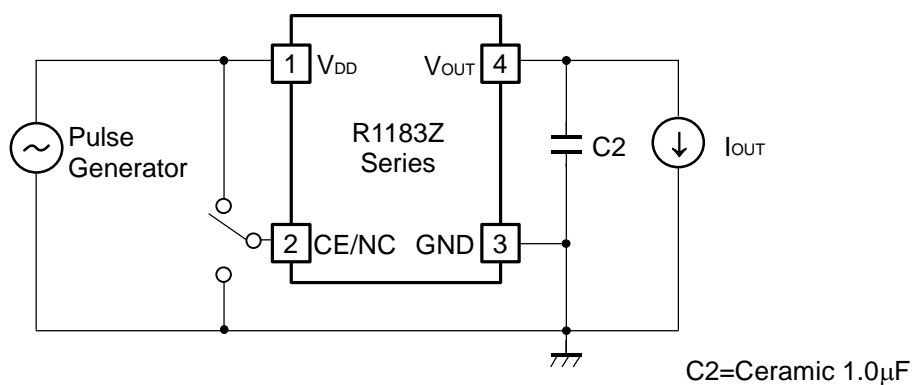
TEST CIRCUITS



Standard test Circuit



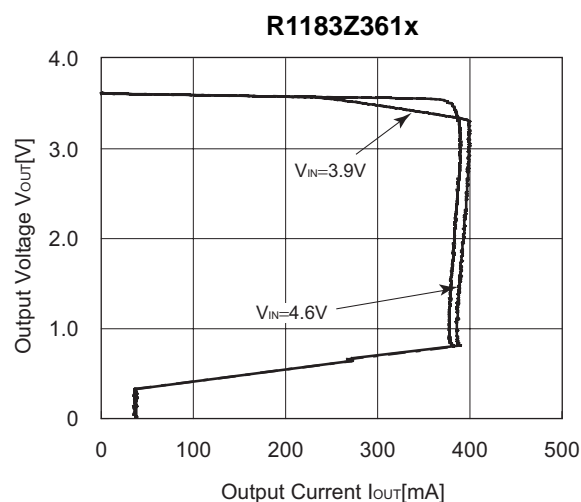
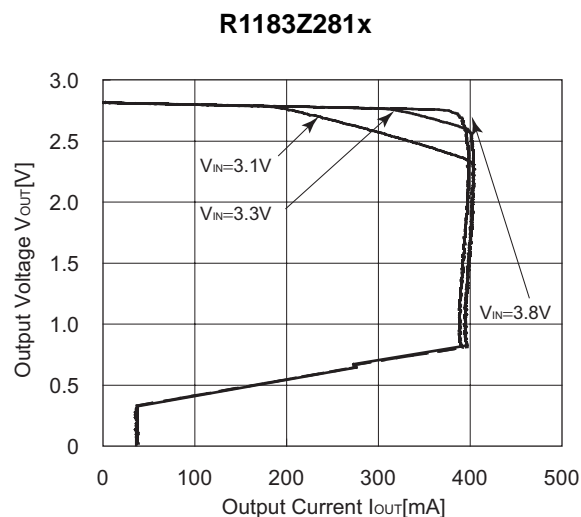
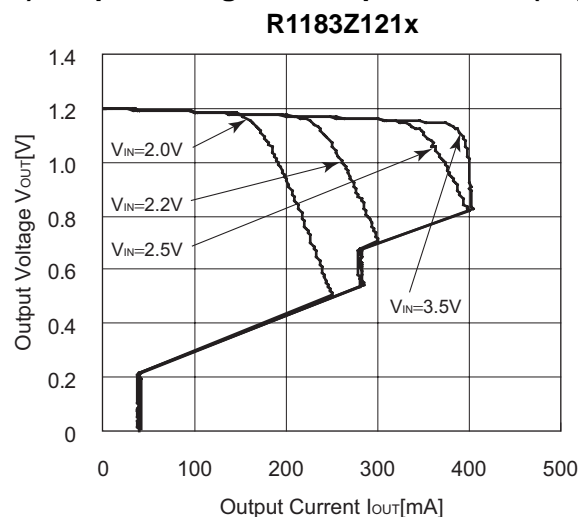
Supply Current Test Circuit



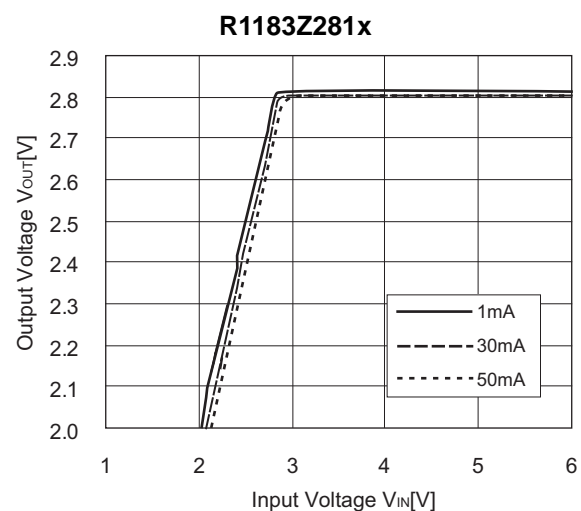
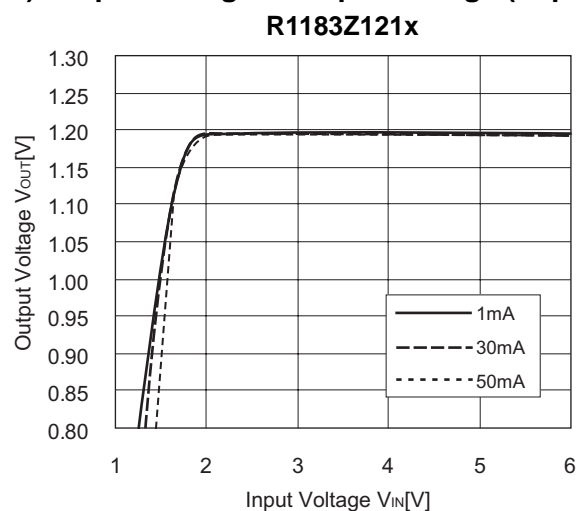
Ripple Rejection, Line Transient Response Test Circuit

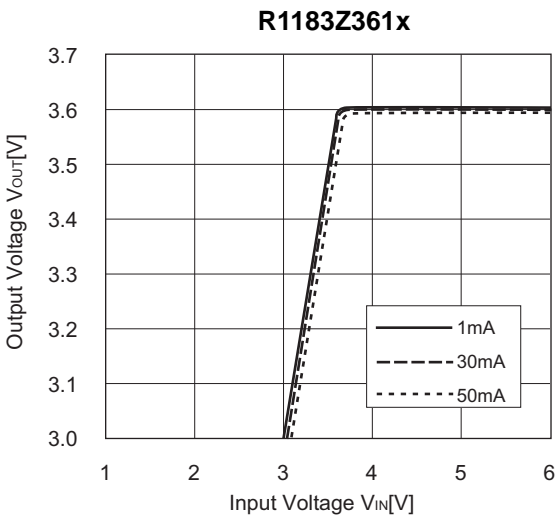
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current (T_{opt}=25°C)

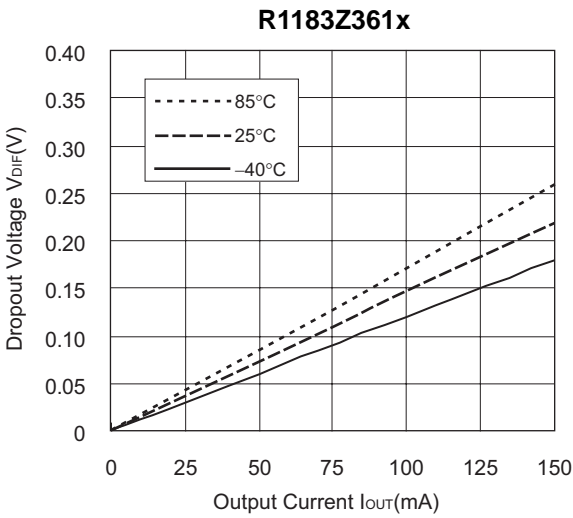
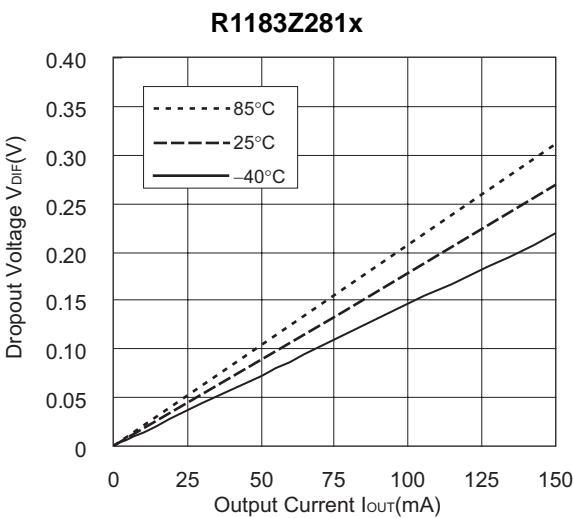
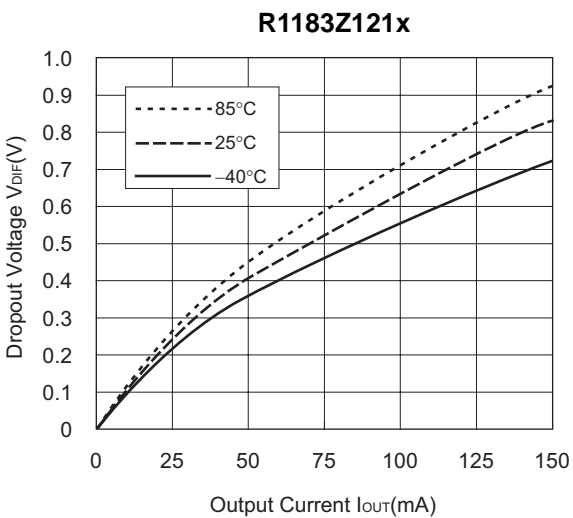


2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (T_{opt}=25°C)



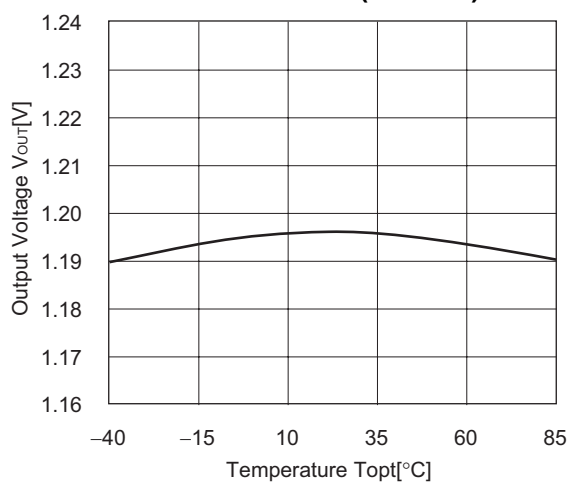


3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

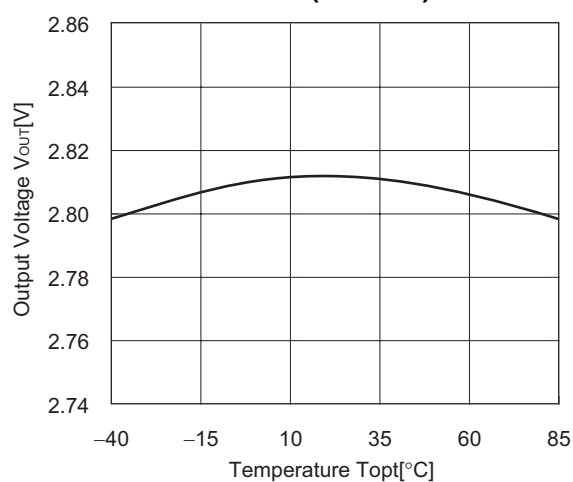


4) Output Voltage vs. Temperature ($I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$)

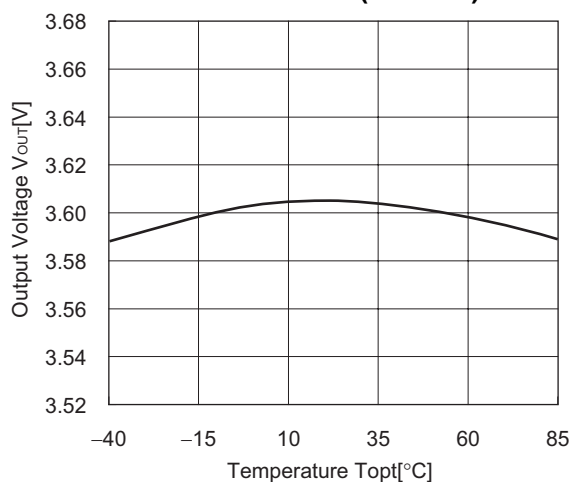
R1183Z121x ($V_{IN}=2.2\text{V}$)



R1183Z281x ($V_{IN}=3.8\text{V}$)

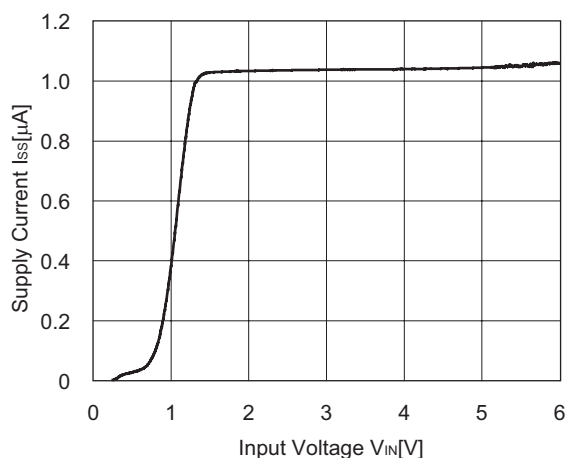


R1183Z361x ($V_{IN}=4.6\text{V}$)

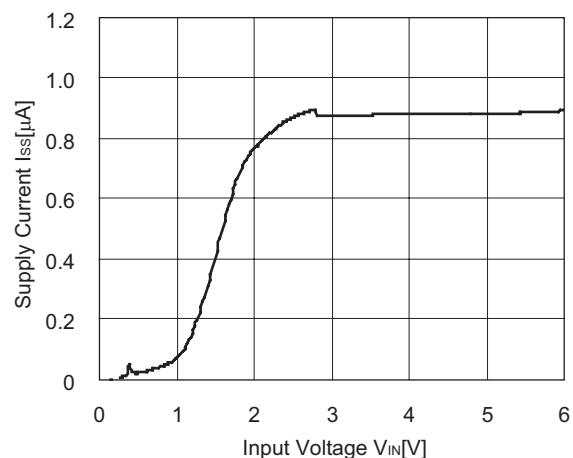


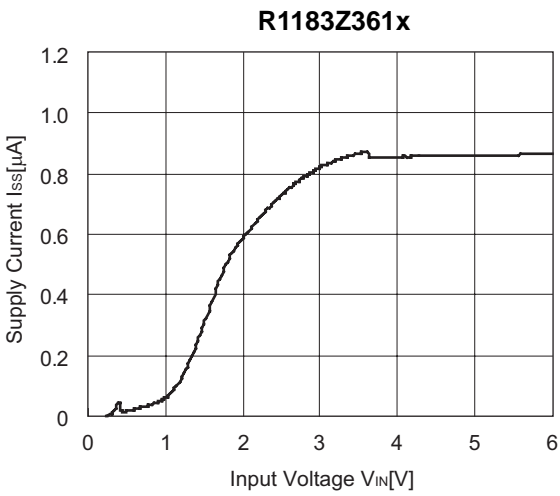
5) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage ($T_{opt}=25^\circ\text{C}$)

R1183Z121x

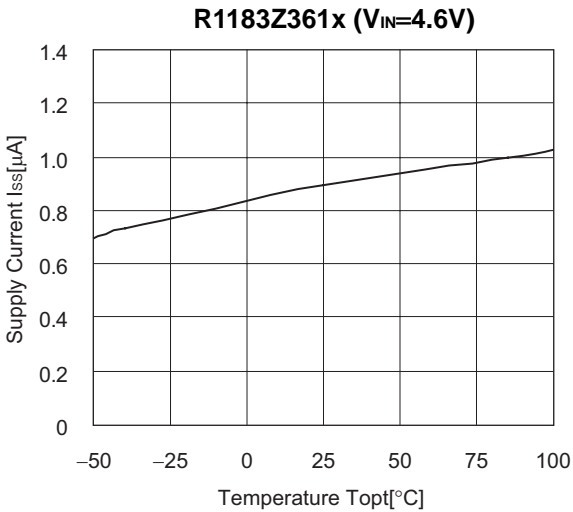
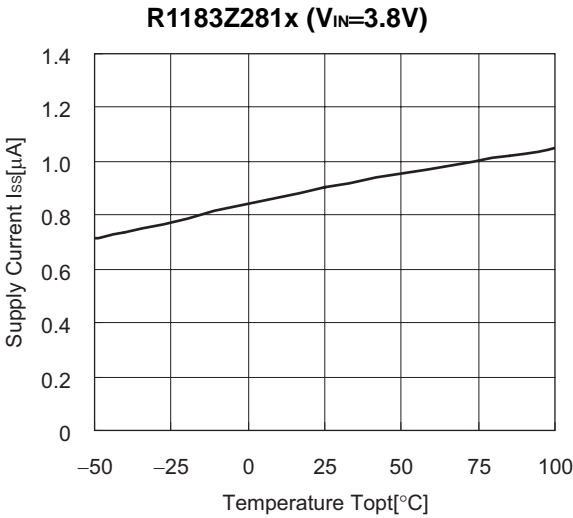
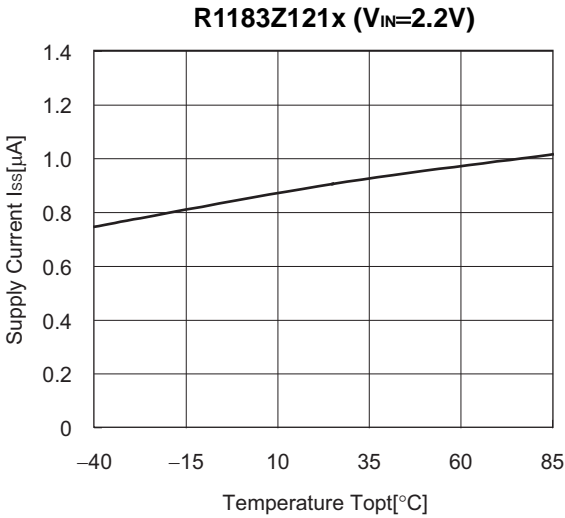


R1183Z281x

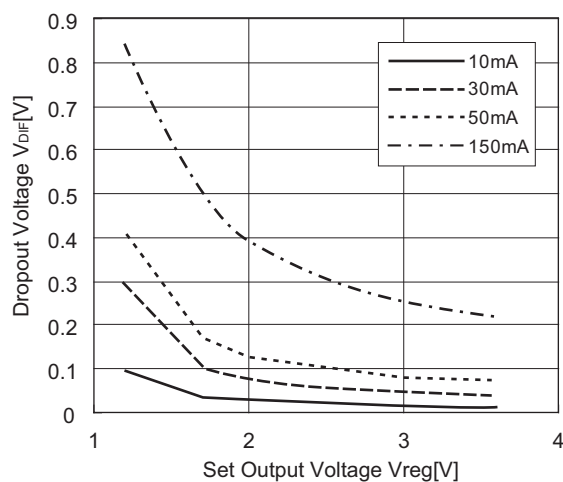




6) Supply Current vs. Temperature

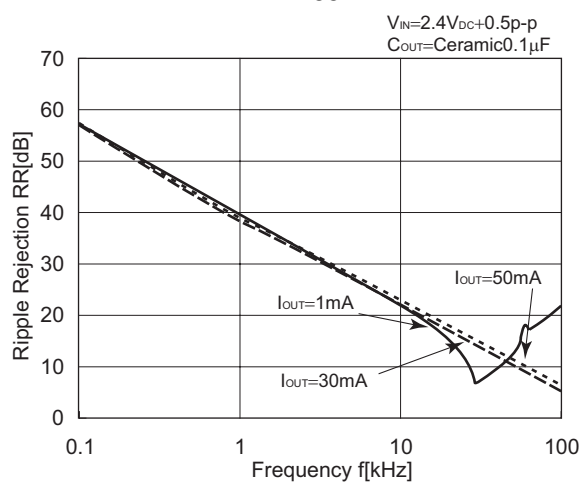


7) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage ($T_{opt}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

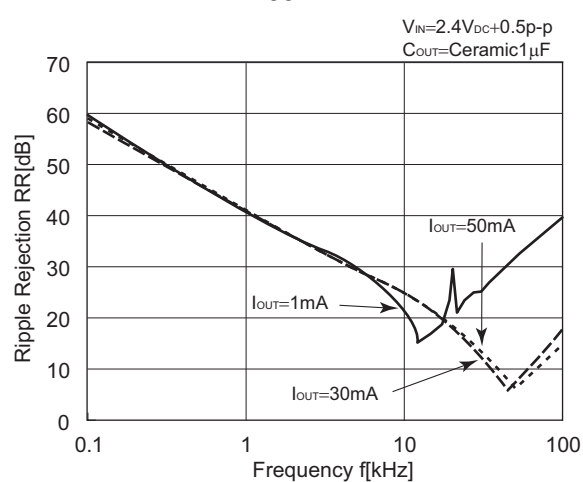


8) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency ($C_{IN}=\text{none}$)

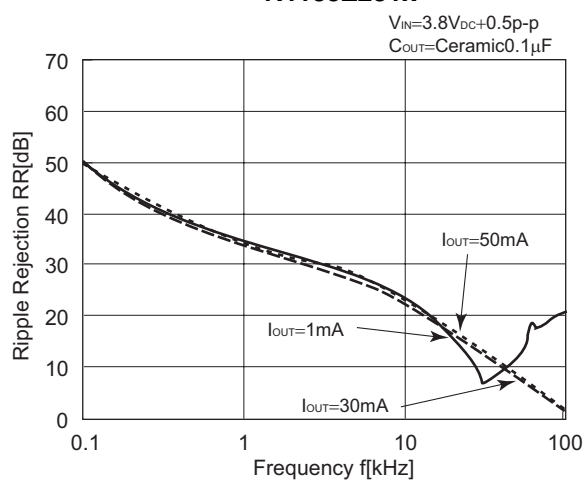
R1183Z121x



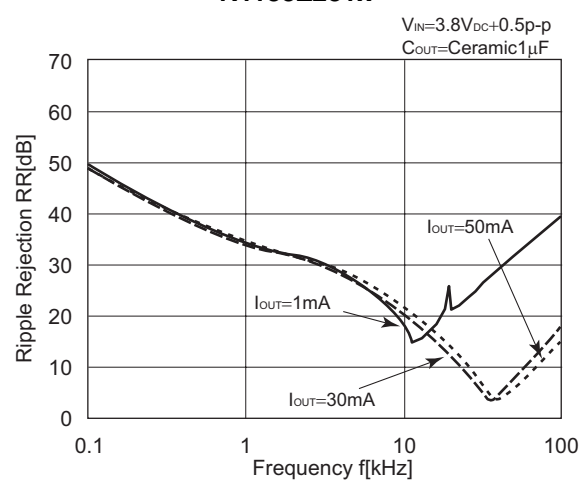
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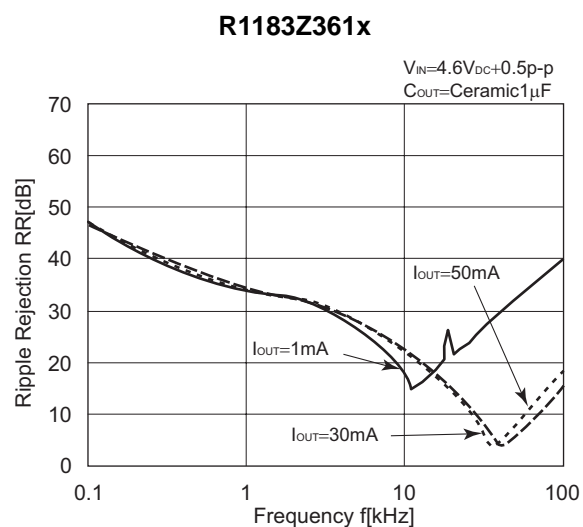
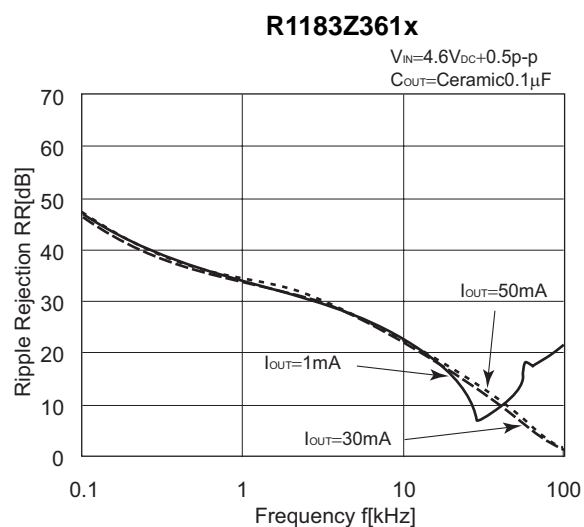


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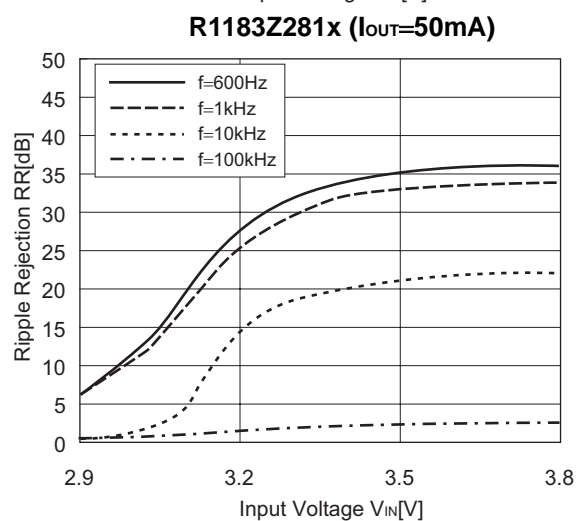
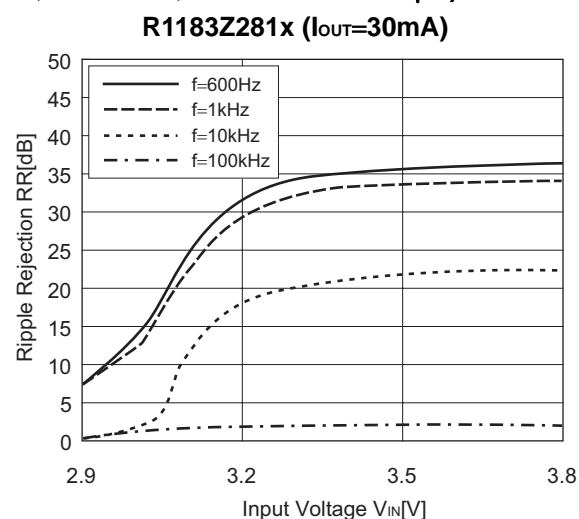
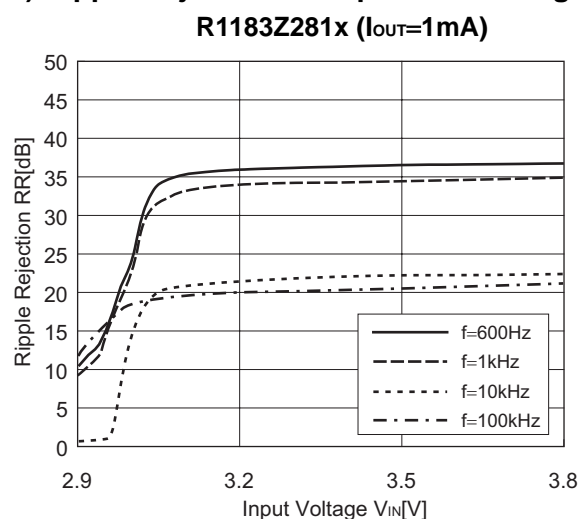


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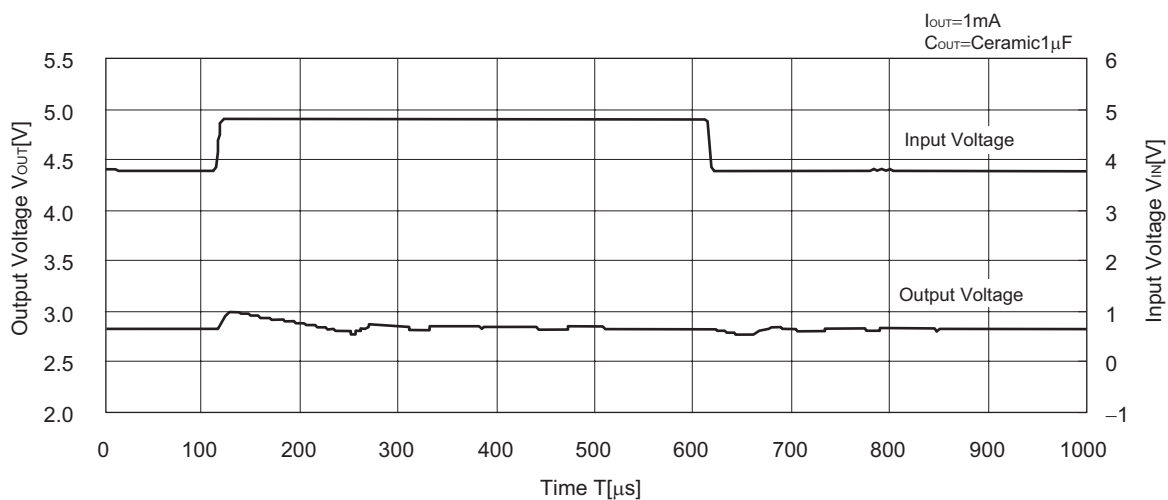


9) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Bias Voltage ($T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$, $C_{IN}=none$, $C_{OUT}=ceramic0.1\mu F$)

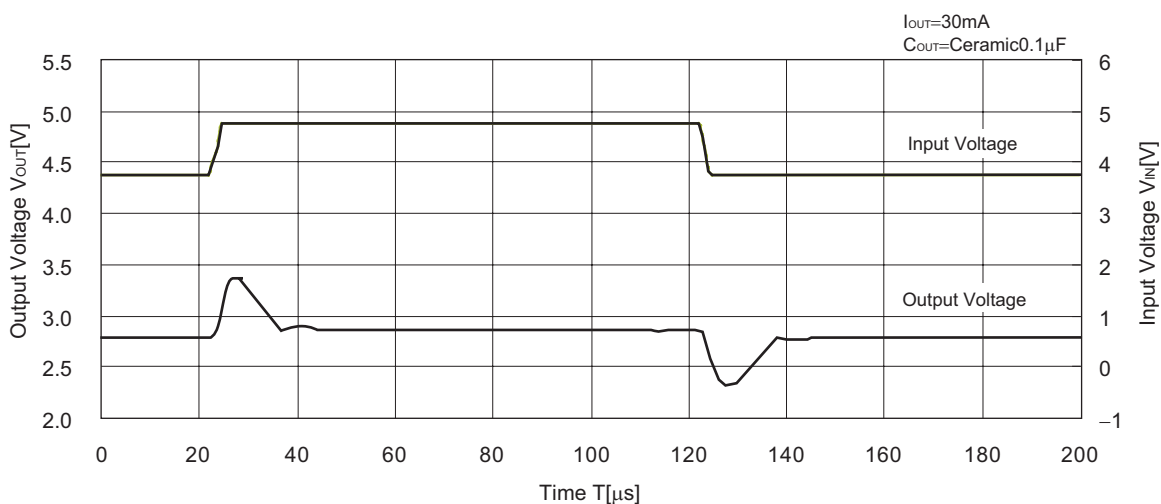


10) Input Transient Response ($C_{IN}=none$, $t_r=t_f=5\mu s$)

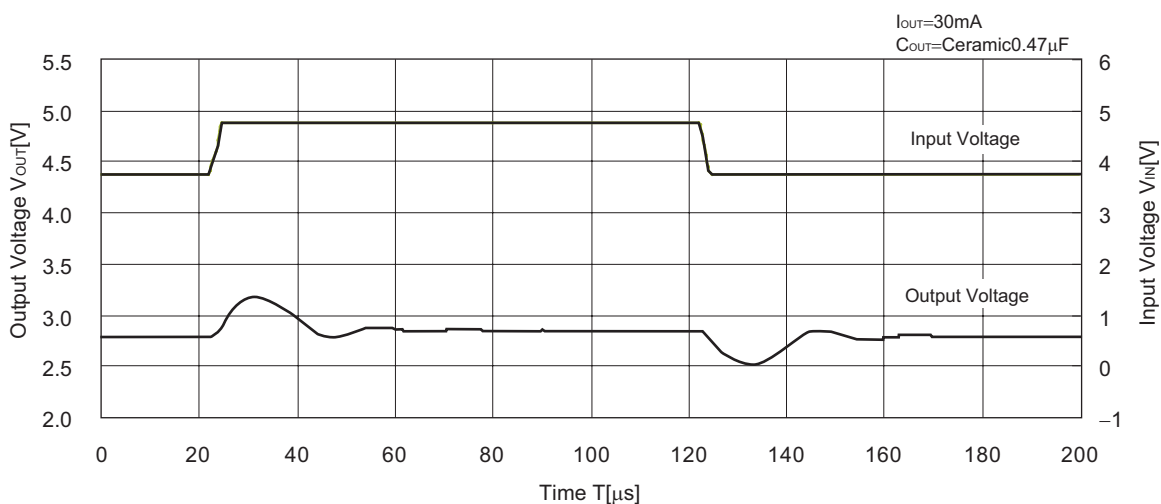
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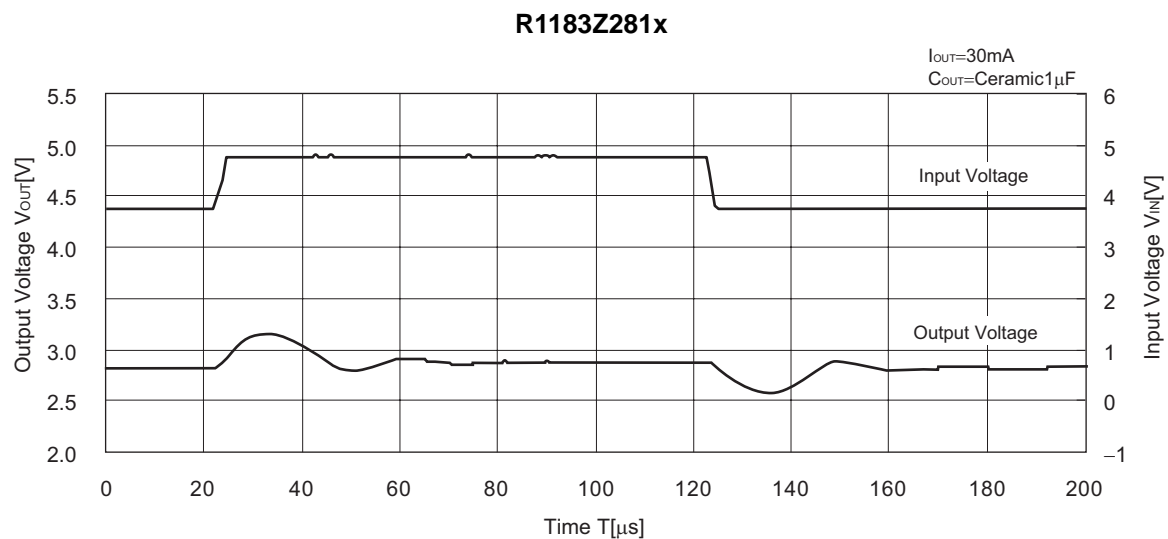


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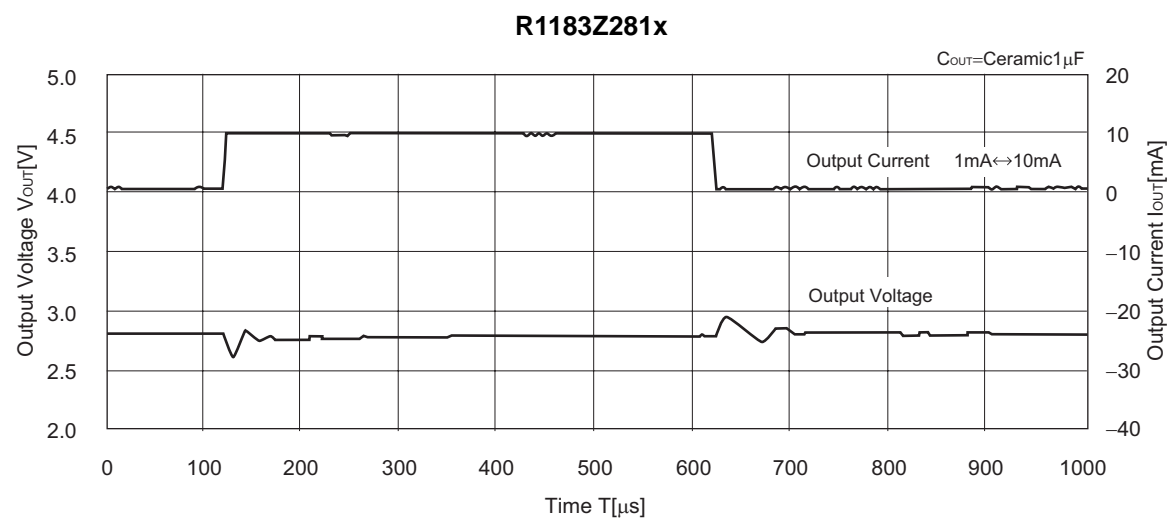
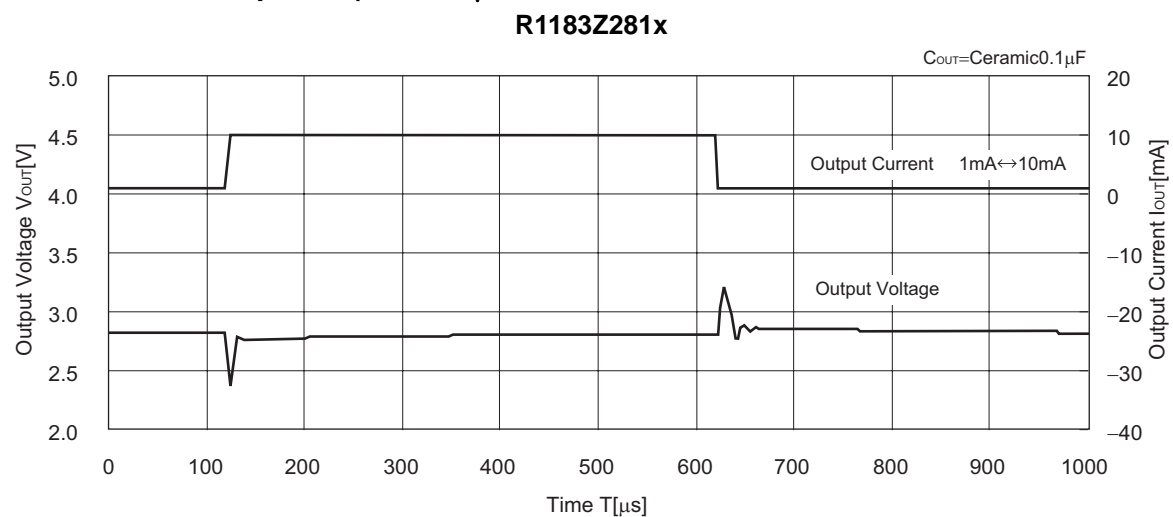


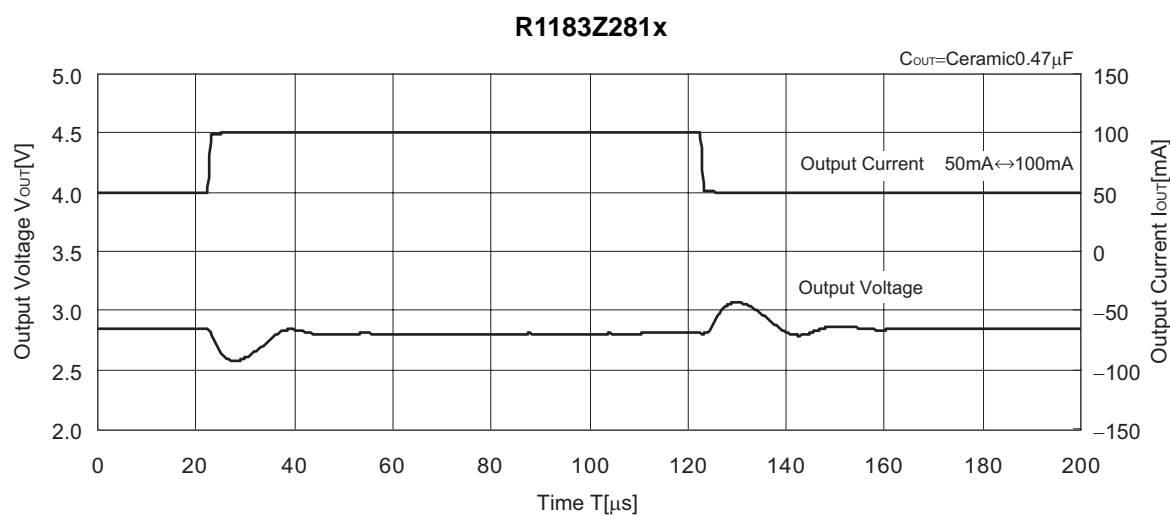
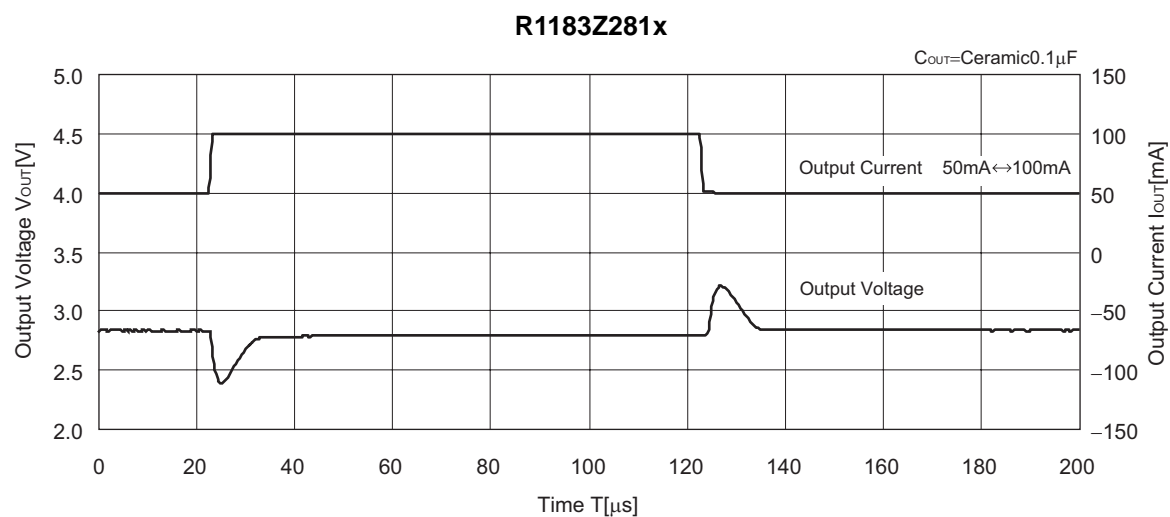
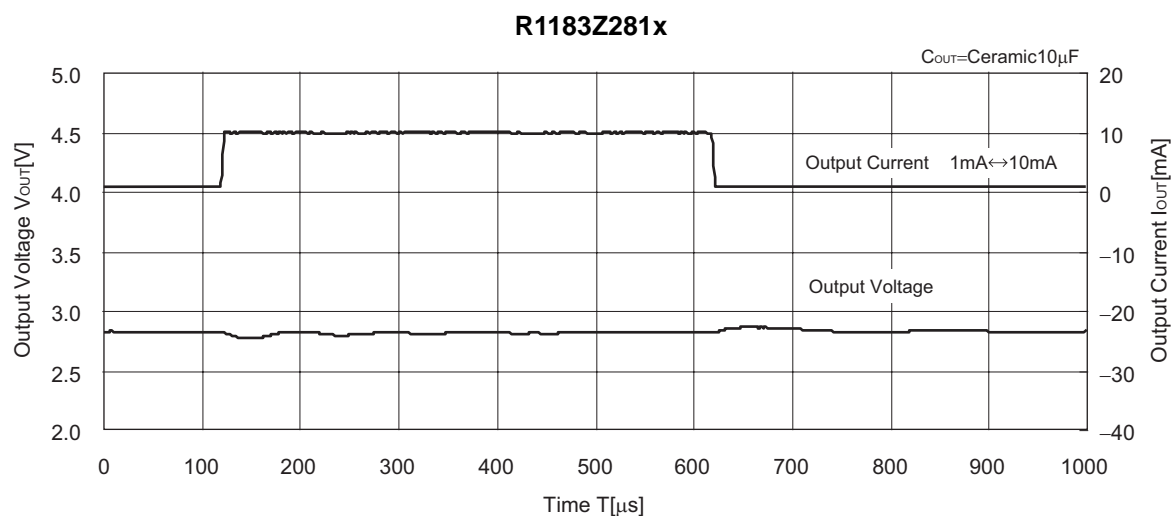
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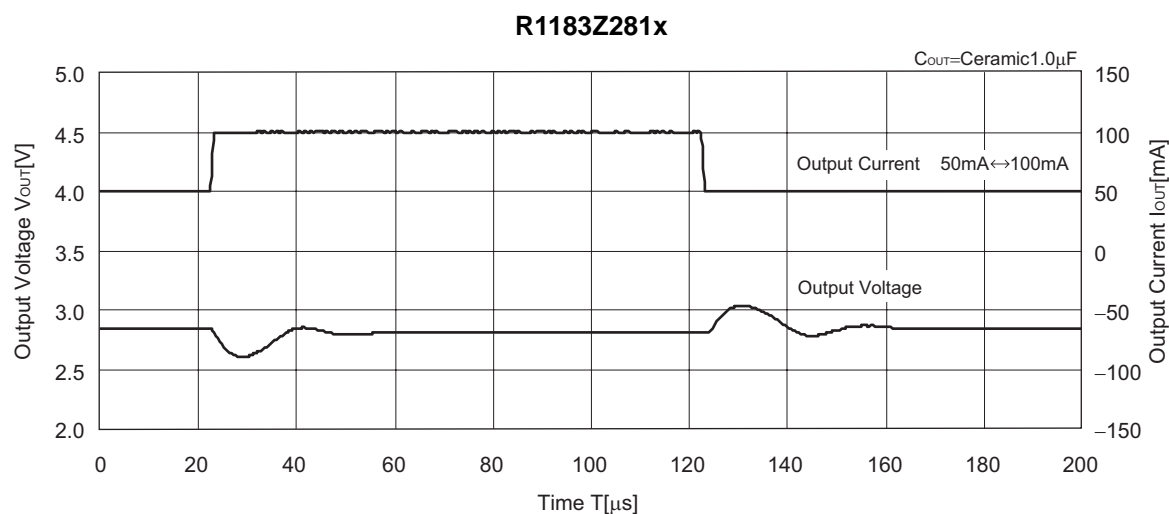




11) Load Transient Response ($t_r=t_f=0.5\mu s$ $V_{IN}=3.8V$)

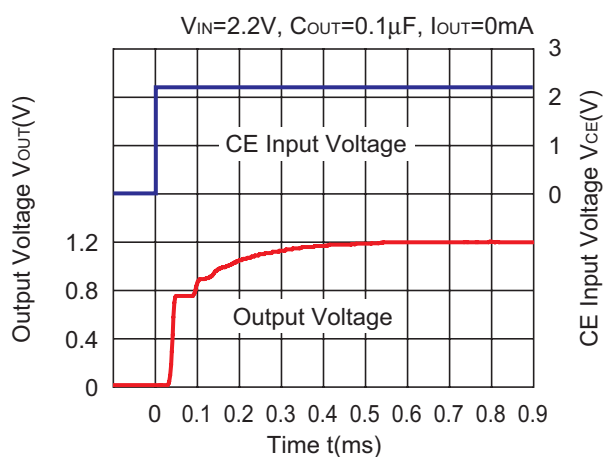




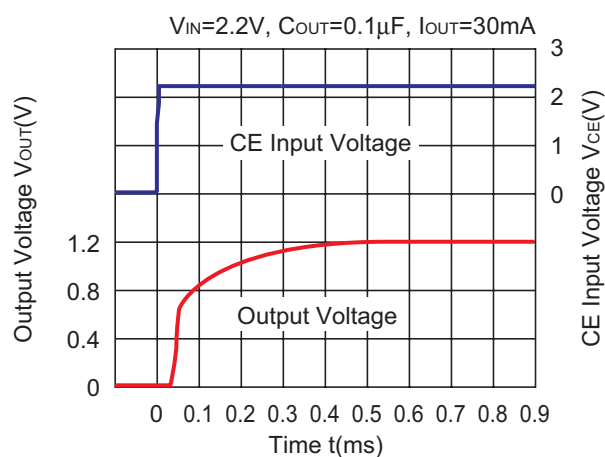


12) Turn-on speed with CE pin signal

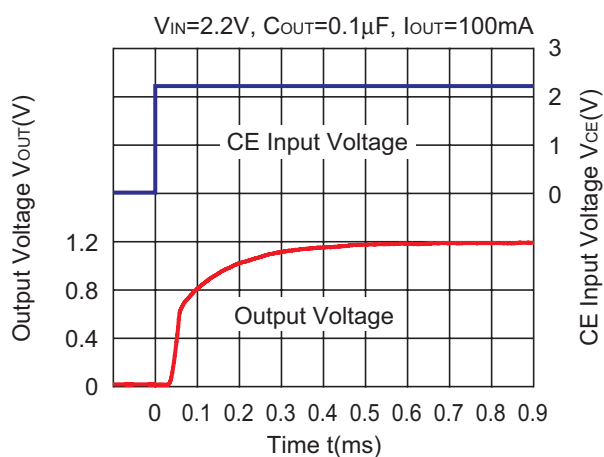
R1183Z121x



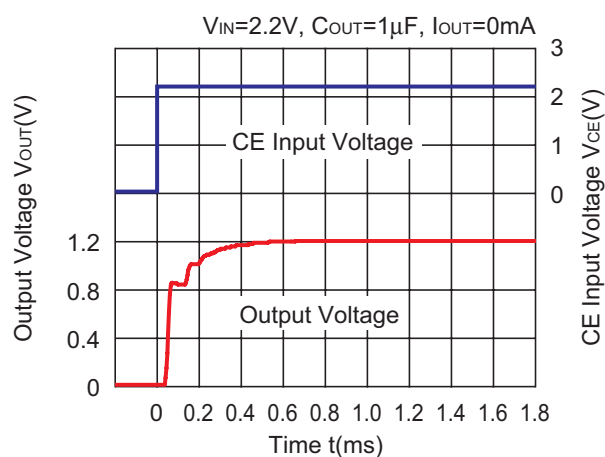
R1183Z121x

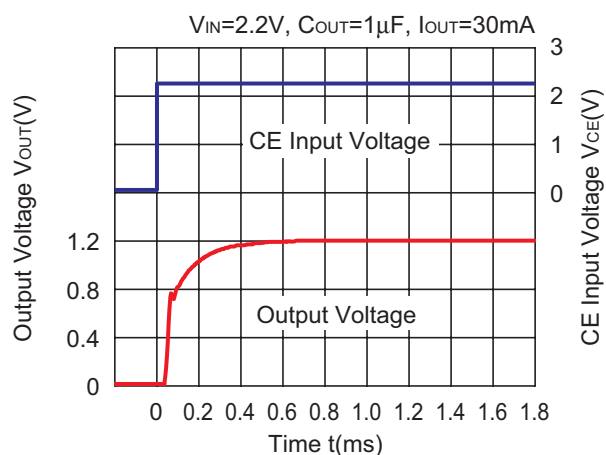
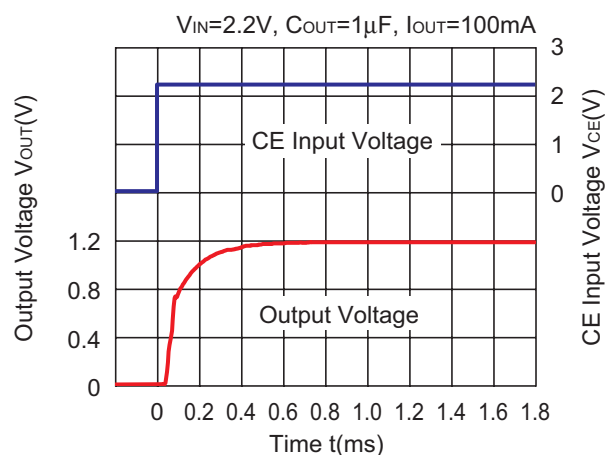
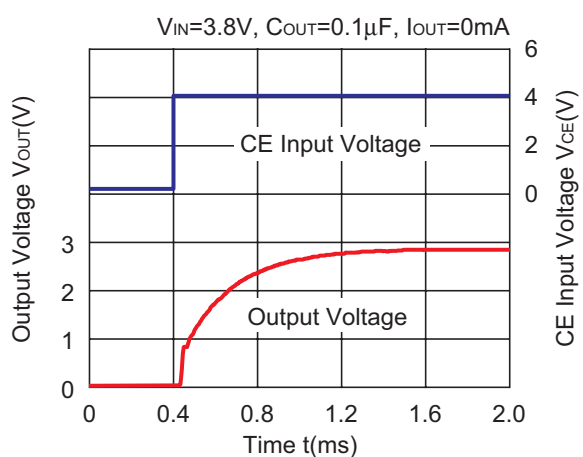
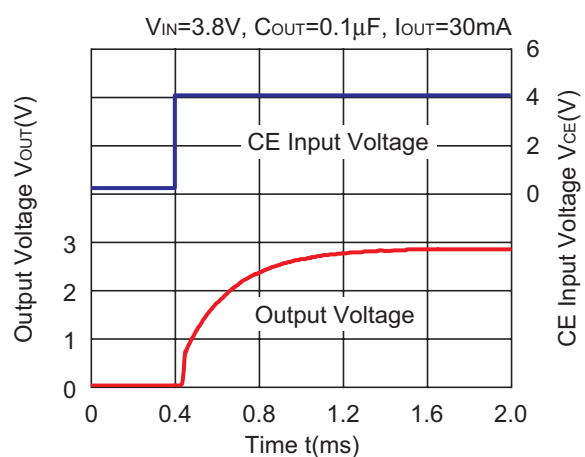
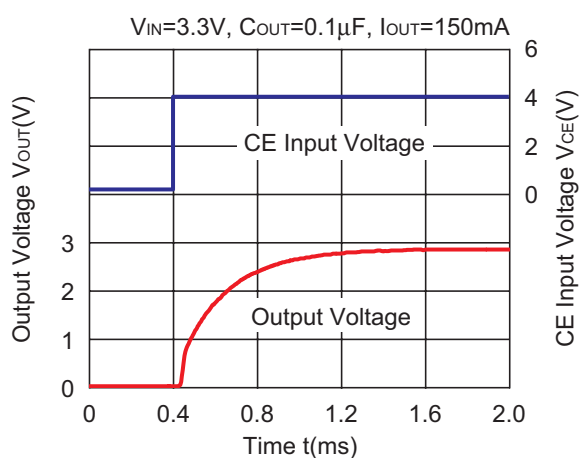
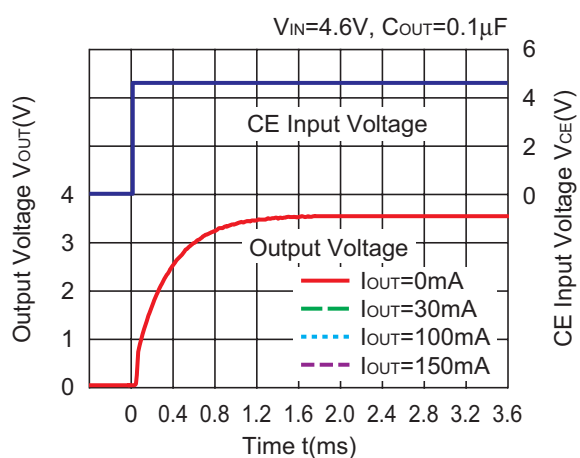


R1183Z121x

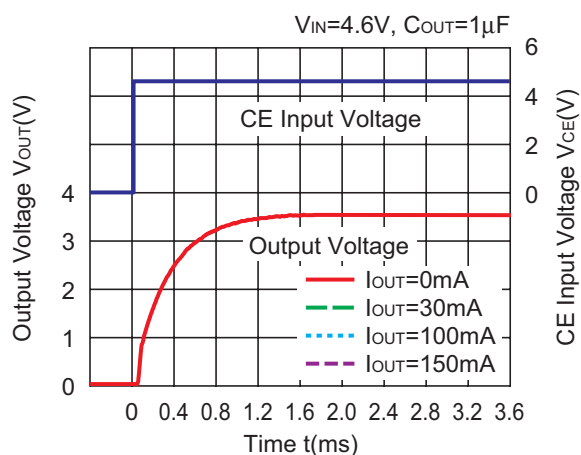


R1183Z121x



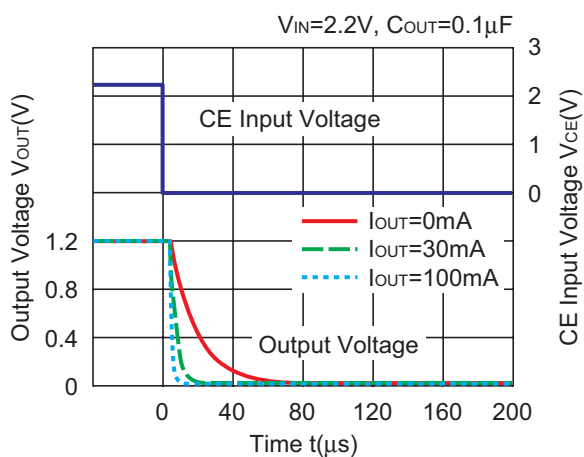
R1183Z121x**R1183Z121x****R1183Z281x****R1183Z281x****R1183Z281x****R1183Z361x**

R1183Z361x

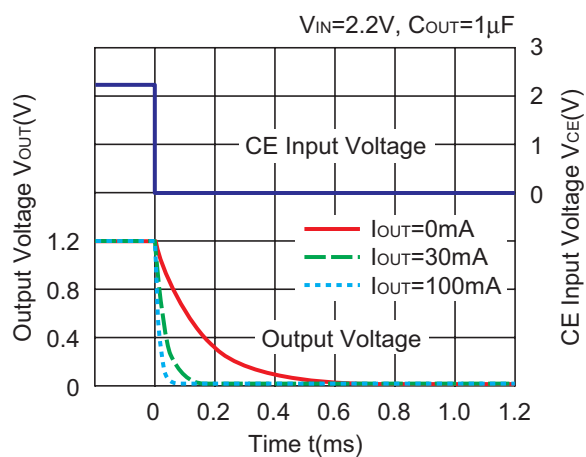


13) Turn off speed with CE pin signal

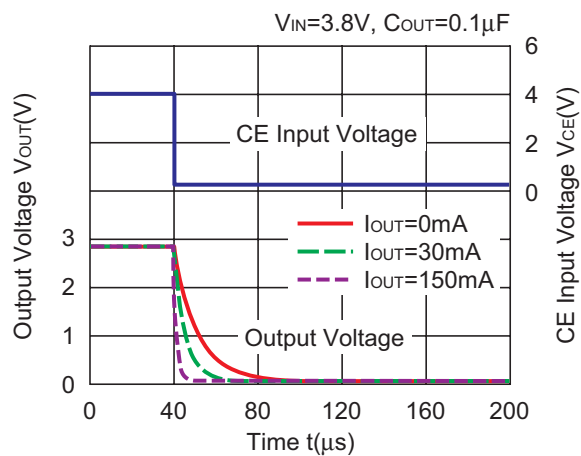
R1183Z121D



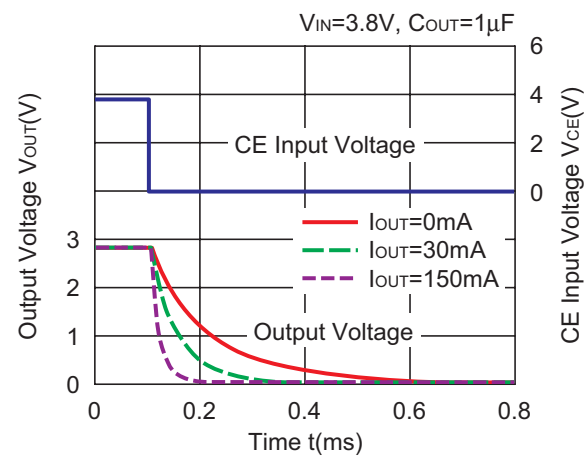
R1183Z121D

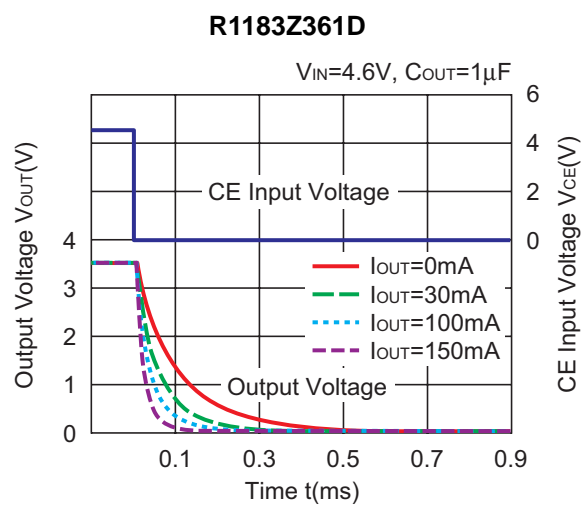
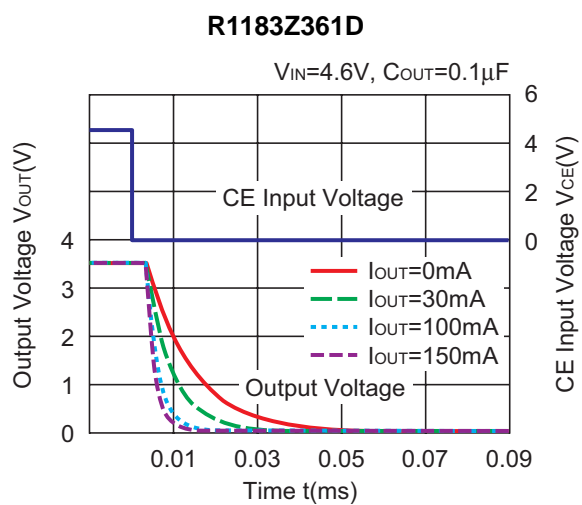


R1183Z281D



R1183Z281D





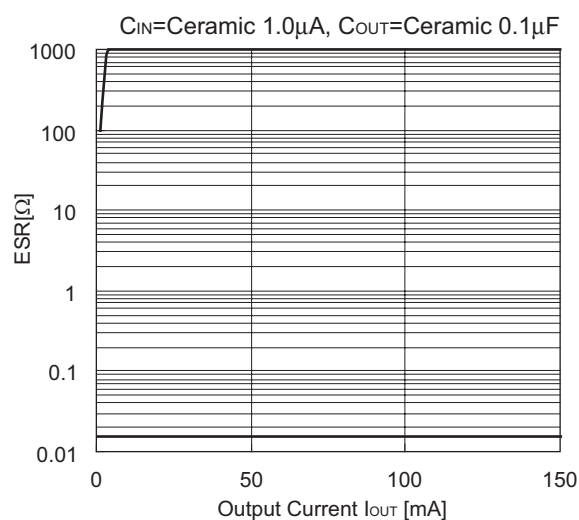
ESR vs. Output Current

The relations between I_{OUT} (Output Current) and ESR of an output capacitor are shown above. The conditions when the white noise level is under $40\mu V$ (Avg.) are marked as the hatched area in the graph.

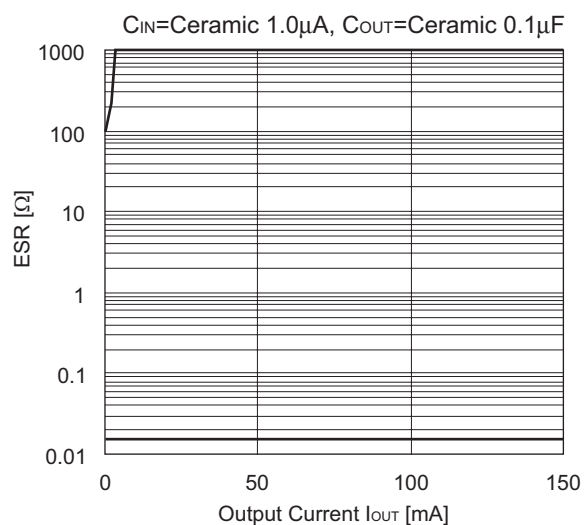
<Measurement conditions>

- (1) $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$
- (2) Frequency Band: 10Hz to 2MHz (BW=30Hz)
- (3) Temperature: $-40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

R1183Z121x

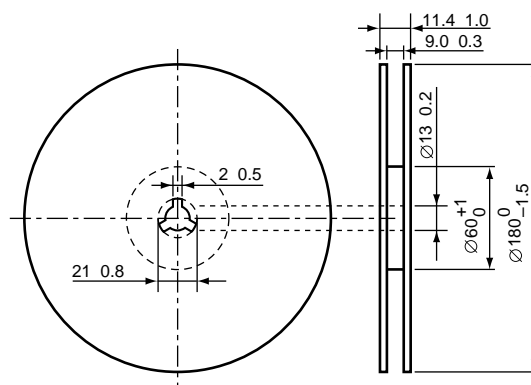


R1183Z281x



Unit: mm

(R3115Z : 1reel=3000pcs)



POWER DISSIPATION (WLCSP-4-P2)

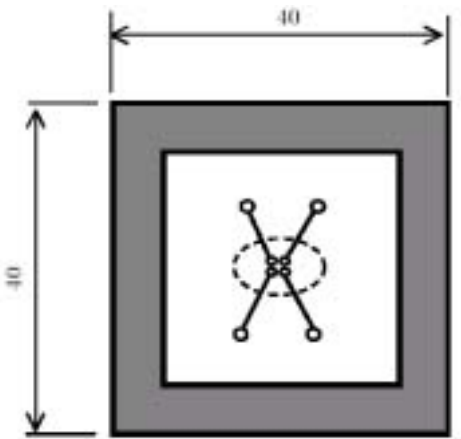
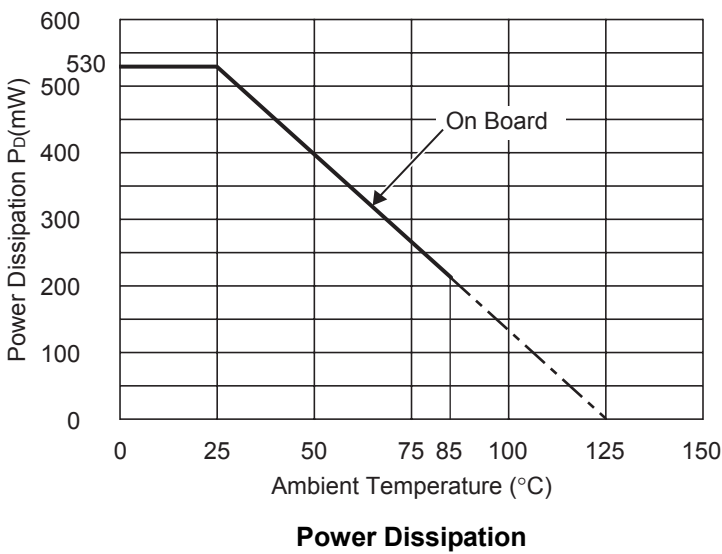
This specification is at mounted on board. Power Dissipation (P_D) depends on conditions of mounting on board. This specification is based on the measurement at the condition below:

Measurement Conditions

	Standard Land Pattern
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind velocity=0m/s)
Board Material	Glass cloth epoxy plactic (Double sided)
Board Dimensions	40mm × 40mm × 1.6mm
Copper Ratio	Top side : Approx. 50% , Back side : Approx. 50%
Through-hole	—

Measurement Result

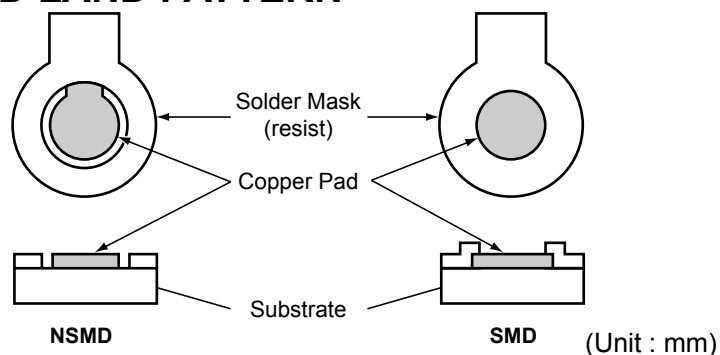
	(T _{opt} =25°C,T _{jmax} =125°C)
	Standard Land Pattern
Power Dissipation	530mW
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{ja}=(125-25^{\circ}\text{C})/0.53\text{W}=189^{\circ}\text{C/W}$



Measurement Board Pattern

○ IC Mount Area (Unit : mm)

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



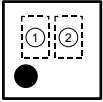
NSMD and SMD Pad Definition

Pad definition	Copper Pad	Solder Mask Opening
NSMD (Non-Solder Mask defined)	0.20mm	Min. 0.30mm
SMD (Solder Mask defined)	Min. 0.30mm	0.20mm

- * Pad layout and size can be modified by customers material, equipment, method.
- * Please adjust pad layout according to your conditions.
- * Recommended Stencil Aperture Size....ø0.3mm
- * Since lead free WL-CSP components are not compatible with the tin/lead solder process, you shall not mount lead free WL-CSP components using the tin/lead solder paste.

R1183Z SERIES MARK SPECIFICATION

- **WLCSP-4-P2**



①, ② : Lot Number

(A part number is discriminable from a lot number)