

## AO8814

# Common-Drain Dual N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

# **General Description**

The AO8814 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{\rm DS(ON)},$  low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 1.8V while retaining a 12V  $V_{\rm GS(MAX)}$  rating. It is ESD protected. This device is suitable for use as a uni-directional or bi-directional load switch, facilitated by its commondrain configuration.

#### **Features**

 $V_{DS}(V) = 20V$ 

 $I_D = 8 A$ 

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 16m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 18m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 4.5V)

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 23.5m $\Omega$  (V<sub>GS</sub> = 2.5V)

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 34m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 1.8V)

ESD Rating: 2500V HBM



Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unless otherwise noted								
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units				
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	20	V				
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±12	V				
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		8					
Current <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	I <sub>D</sub>	6.4	A				
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	30					
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	1.5	W				
Power Dissipation A	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C		1.08	¬				
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C				

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	$R_{\theta JA}$	64	83	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	Steady-State	K <sub>θ</sub> JA	89	120	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	Steady-State	$R_{ heta JL}$	53	70	°C/W			

## Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC F	PARAMETERS						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		20			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =16V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V				10	μА
	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current					25	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±10V	•			10	μА
$BV_GSO$	Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, I <sub>G</sub> =±250uA		±12			V
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS} I_{D}=250\mu A$		0.5	0.71	1	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =5V		30			Α
, ,		V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =8A			13	16	mΩ
			T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		18	22	
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =7.5A			15	18	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =6.6A			19	23.5	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =1.8V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.4A		26	34	mΩ	
<b>g</b> FS	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =8A			30		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.74	0.8	V
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current					2.5	Α
DYNAMIC	CPARAMETERS						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, f=1MHz			1390		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance				190		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				150		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz			1.5		Ω
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =8A			15.4		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				1.4		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				4		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				6.2		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =5V, $V_{DS}$ =10V, $R_L$ =1.3 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			11		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				40.5		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				10		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =8A, dI/dt=100A/μs			15		ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	l <sub>F</sub> =8A, dI/dt=100A/μs			5.1		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta,JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25°C. The value in any a given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the t≤ 10s thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R  $_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead R $_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using  $80\,\mu s$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in  $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$ =25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.