

## Project 8

MGMTMFE 405

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You will need to write codes for all the parts of the project. Make sure the codes work properly and understand the ideas behind each problem below. You may be asked to demonstrate how the codes work, by running them, and interpret the results. Code clarity and accuracy will determine the grades.

**Submit your codes and a PDF file of your answers to questions (including graphs, histograms, but no codes, in this PDF file) by 11PM PDT on Next Wednesday.**

1. Assume the dynamics of the short-term interest rate, under the risk-neutral measure, are given by the following SDE (**Vasicek model**):

$$dr_t = \kappa(\bar{r} - r_t)dt + \sigma dW_t$$

with  $r_0 = 5\%$ ,  $\sigma = 10\%$ ,  $\kappa = 0.82$ ,  $\bar{r} = 5\%$ .

- (a) Use Monte Carlo Simulation (assume each time step is a day) to find the price of a pure discount bond, with Face Value of \$1,000, maturing in  $T = 0.5$  years (at time  $t = 0$ ):

$$P(t, T) = \mathbb{E}_t^* \left[ \$1,000 * \exp \left( - \int_t^T r(s) ds \right) \right]$$

- (b) Use Monte Carlo Simulation to find the price of a coupon paying bond, with Face Value of \$1,000, paying semiannual coupons of \$30, maturing in  $T = 4$  years:

$$P(0, C, T) = \mathbb{E}_0^* \left[ \sum_{i=1}^8 C_i * \exp \left( - \int_0^{T_i} r(s) ds \right) \right]$$

where  $C = \{C_i = \$30 \text{ for } i = 1, 2, \dots, 7; \text{ and } C_8 = \$1,030\}$ ,

$T = \{T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4, T_5, T_6, T_7, T_8\} = \{0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4\}$ .

- (c) Use Monte Carlo Simulation to find the price of a European Call option on the pure discount bond in part (a). The option matures in 3 months and has a strike price of  $K = \$980$ . Use the explicit formula for the underlying bond price (only for the bond price).
  - (d) Use Monte Carlo Simulation to find the price of a European Call option on the coupon paying bond in part (b). The option matures in 3 months and has a strike price of  $K = \$980$ . Use Monte Carlo simulation for pricing the underlying bond.
  - (e) Find the price of a European Call option of part (d) by using the explicit formula for the underlying bond price, and reconcile the findings with the ones of part (d).
2. Assume the dynamics of the short-term interest rate, under the risk-neutral measure, are given by the following SDE (**CIR model**):

$$dr_t = \kappa(\bar{r} - r_t)dt + \sigma\sqrt{r_t}dW_t$$

with  $r_0 = 5\%$ ,  $\sigma = 12\%$ ,  $\kappa = 0.92$ ,  $\bar{r} = 5.5\%$ .

- (a) Use Monte Carlo Simulation to find at time  $t = 0$  the price  $c(t, T, S)$  of a European Call option, with strike price of  $K = \$980$ , maturity of  $T = 0.5$  years on a Pure Discount Bond with Face Value of \$1,000, that matures in  $S = 1$  year:

$$c(t, T, S) = \mathbb{E}_t^* \left[ \exp \left( - \int_t^T r(u) du \right) * \max(P(T, S) - K, 0) \right]$$

- (b) Use the *Implicit Finite-Difference Method* to find at time  $t = 0$  the price  $c(t, T, S)$  of a European Call option, with strike price of  $K = \$980$ , maturity of  $T = 0.5$  years on a Pure Discount Bond with Face Value of \$1,000, that matures in  $S = 1$  year. The PDE is given as

$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2} \sigma^2 r \frac{\partial^2 c}{\partial r^2} + \kappa(\bar{r} - r) \frac{\partial c}{\partial r} - rc = 0$$

with  $c(T, T, S) = \max(P(T, S) - K, 0)$ , and  $P(T, S)$  is computed explicitly.

- (c) Compute the price  $c(t, T, S)$  of the European Call option above using the explicit formula, and compare it to your findings in parts (a) and (b) and comment on your findings.
3. Assume the dynamics of the short-term interest rate, under the risk-neutral measure, are given by the following system of SDE (**G2++ model**):

$$\begin{cases} dx_t = -ax_t dt + \sigma dW_t^1 \\ dy_t = -by_t dt + \eta dW_t^2 \\ r_t = x_t + y_t + \phi_t \end{cases}$$

$x_0 = y_0 = 0$ ,  $\phi_0 = r_0 = 3\%$ ,  $dW_t^1 dW_t^2 = \rho dt$ ,  $\rho = 0.7$ ,  $a = 0.1$ ,  $b = 0.3$ ,  $\sigma = 3\%$ ,  $\eta = 8\%$ . Assume  $\phi_t = \text{const} = 3\%$  for any  $t \geq 0$ .

Use Monte Carlo Simulation to find at time  $t = 0$  the price  $p(t, T, S)$  of a European Put option, with strike price of  $K = \$950$ , maturity of  $T = 0.5$  years on a Pure Discount Bond with Face value of \$1,000, that matures in  $S = 1$  year. Compare it with the price found by the explicit formula and comment on it.

#### 4. [Optional Not for grading]

Consider a European Put option, with strike price of  $K = \$970$ , maturity of  $T = 0.5$  years on a Pure Discount Bond with Face Value of \$1,000, that matures in  $S = 1.5$  years.

Which of the two models below would result in a more expensive price for the option?

- (a) The Vasicek model  $dr_t = \kappa(\bar{r} - r_t)dt + \sigma dW_t$  with  $r_0 = 5\%$ ,  $\sigma = 12\%$ ,  $\kappa = 0.82$ ,  $\bar{r} = 5\%$ .
- (b) The CIR model  $dr_t = \kappa(\bar{r} - r_t)dt + \sigma\sqrt{r_t}dW_t$  with  $r_0 = 5\%$ ,  $\sigma = 54\%$ ,  $\kappa = 0.82$ ,  $\bar{r} = 5\%$ .

Answer by using explicit formulas or by Monte Carlo simulations.  
Is the answer consistent with your intuition?