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# **FORMATION AND ROLE OF AIML IN THE PAKISTAN MOVEMENT**

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# INTRODUCTION

- The All-India Muslim League (AIML) was **the first political platform of Muslims** in British India.
- It was **established in 1906 at Dacca (Dhaka)** in the background of the partition of Bengal (1905) and rising Hindu-Muslim tensions.
- Muslims feared **underrepresentation**.
- Need for a **separate Muslim political organization**.
- Played a pivotal role in safeguarding Muslim interests and ultimately in the creation of Pakistan in 1947.



# BACKGROUND

- **Historical Background**
- **The Indian National Congress** emerged in 1885 as a platform dominated by Hindus.
- **Muslim concerns:**
  - **Hindu Community dominance in politics.**
  - Lack of adequate Muslim **representation in government jobs and education.**
  - Hindi-Urdu **Controversy** (1867).
  - **Partition of Bengal** (1905) opposed by Hindus.
- Muslim leaders felt the need for a **separate political organization.**



# FORMATION OF AIML (1906)

- **Date:**
  - It was established on **30th December 1906 at Dhaka.**
  - **Nawab Khwaja Sir Salimullah Bahadur proposed** the name
- **Presided by:** Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk.
- **Leading Figures:**
  - Nawab Salimullah of Dhaka,
  - Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk,
  - Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk,
  - Aga Khan, etc.
- **Objectives:**
  - Protect and advance the **political rights** of Muslims in India.
  - Promote **loyalty to the British Crown.**
  - **Prevent hostility** between Muslims and other communities.





# EARLY ROLE (1906– 1930)

- It **supported the Simla** Deputation (1906).
- **It helped secure Separate Electorates** (Minto-Morley Reforms 1909).
- It acted as a **moderate political** body.
- Initially **loyal to the British** government.



# ROLE OF AIML UNDER JINNAH

- **Muhammad Ali Jinna**
  - He joined the **League in 1913.**
- **Lucknow Pact:**
  - Initially known as an **ambassador of Hindu-Muslim unity** (Lucknow Pact, 1916).
- **Jinnah's 14 Points:**
  - **After the Nehru Report (1928)** and the failure of Hindu-Muslim unity, Jinnah reoriented AIML toward Muslim nationalism.
- **Rejection** of Congress policies
  - **“one nation, one culture.”**
- **1940: Lahore Resolution:**
  - demand for Pakistan.
- **1945–46 Elections:**
  - **AIML won almost all Muslim seats.**



# CONCLUSION

- AIML evolved from elite group to mass movement.
- Central role in creation of Pakistan.
- Organized Muslims politically and constitutionally.



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**Thank you for your time and attention!**

**Hopefully, I will see you in the next class. Until then, take care, & have a great day!**

