# Reactive Messaging RedisStream

## **Table of Contents**

1. Modules	2
2. Connector overview.	2
2.1. Consuming Messages	2
2.1.1. Consumer Group Setup	2
2.1.2. Incoming Message	2
2.1.3. Message Processing	3
2.2. Producing Messages	3
2.2.1. Outgoing Message	3
2.2.2. Stream Trimming	4
2.3. Graceful Shutdown	4
3. Configuration	5
4. Examples	6
4.1. Consuming Messages	6
4.1.1. Pre-requisites:	6
4.1.2. Set up quarkus	6
4.1.3. Configure the connector	6
4.1.4. Implement the consumer	7
4.2. Producing Messages	8
4.2.1. Pre-requisites:	8
4.2.2. Set up quarkus	8
4.2.3. Configure the connector	8
4.2.4. Implement the Producer	9
5. Migration Description	10
5.1. 1.0.0 → 1.1.0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10
5.1.1. quarkus-reactive-messaging-redisstream-additional-fields module	10
5.1.2. Changes	10

This project provides a **Redis Stream**-based **SmallRye Reactive Messaging** connector that enables the use of the **MicroProfile Reactive Messaging API** over Redis Stream. The implementation allows seamless integration of asynchronous data streams into WildFly and Quarkus-based applications.

For more details on MicroProfile Reactive Messaging, check:

MicroProfile Reactive Messaging Specification

For information on SmallRye Reactive Messaging, visit:

## 1. Modules

The project consists of the following modules:

- quarkus-reactive-messaging-redisstream-extension-sample: A sample application demonstrating the usage of the Redis Streams extension.
- quarkus-reactive-messaging-redisstream-extension-parent: A custom Quarkus extension that integrates Redis Streams as a reactive messaging connector, utilizing the core Quarkus Redis extension for managing Redis connections.
- reactive-messaging-redisstream-connector: Provides the core connector logic to integrate Redis Streams API with Reactive Messaging Specification. It does not directly build on any specific Redis library, but rather provides an interface that conforms to the Redis Streams commands.

## 2. Connector overview

The connector core module aims to integrate the Redis Streams API with the Reactive Messaging Specification without depending on a specific Redis SDK.

# 2.1. Consuming Messages

The inbound connector reads messages from a Redis Stream as a consumer group using the XREADGROUP command.

## 2.1.1. Consumer Group Setup

- If the specified consumer group does not exist, it is automatically created.
- Each connector instance uses a unique consumer ID (UUID) to track message processing.

### 2.1.2. Incoming Message

Incoming stream entries are converted to org.eclipse.microprofile.reactive.messaging.Message instances with a String payload and IncomingRedisStreamMetadata metadata.

- The payload is extracted from the stream entries' message field by default.
  - The field can be configured via the payload-field configuration property (Optional).
- IncomingRedisStreamMetadata consists of:
  - The stream key from which the message was read.
  - Stream entry ID (as generated on Redis).
  - All additional fields (excluding the payload-field) in a map.

#### 2.1.3. Message Processing

- Stream entries are acknowledged on Redis using (XACK) if the org.eclipse.microprofile.reactive.messaging.Message has been acked as per the Microprofile Reactive Messaging specification. You can use the @Acknowledgment annotation to control the acknowledgment behavior.
- Expired messages (based on the ttl field) are automatically acknowledged and skipped.
- XREADGROUP commands are retried with exponential backoff (1s to 30s) on processing failures.

#### **Example Configuration**

```
mp.messaging.incoming.my-channel.connector=reactive-messaging-redis-streams 1
mp.messaging.incoming.my-channel.stream-key=mystream 2
mp.messaging.incoming.my-channel.group=mygroup 3
mp.messaging.incoming.my-channel.payload-field=message 4
mp.messaging.incoming.my-channel.xread-count=10 5
mp.messaging.incoming.my-channel.xread-block-ms=10000 6
mp.messaging.incoming.in-reactive.xread-noack=false 7
```

- ① Activate the redis stream connector for the incoming channel called my-channel.
- 2 The stream key on redis to read messages from.
- 3 The consumer group name.
- 4 The field name to extract the payload from the stream entry.
- ⑤ The number of messages to read in a single XREADGROUP call. The COUNT parameter of the XREADGROUP command.
- © The milliseconds to block during XREADGROUP calls. The BLOCK parameter of the XREADGROUP command.
- 7 Include NOACK option in the XREADGROUP calls.

## 2.2. Producing Messages

The outbound connector publishes messages to a Redis Stream using XADD.

## 2.2.1. Outgoing Message

Outgoing org.eclipse.microprofile.reactive.messaging.Message instances with a String payload are converted to stream entries.

- The payload is sent as the stream entries' message field by default.
  - The field can be configured via the payload-field configuration property (Optional).
- Additional fields can be added via RedisStreamMetadata.

```
@Outgoing("out-channel")
public Message<String> produce() {
```

```
return Message.of("Hello World!")
        .addMetadata(new RedisStreamMetadata()
                             .withAdditionalField("additionalKey", "additional value")
        );
      The produced stream entry will be like:
//
        1) 1) "out-stream"
//
           2) 1) 1) "1739262584638-0"
//
              2) 1) "message"
//
//
                 2) "Hello World!"
                 3) "additionalKey"
//
                 4) "Test-additional value"
//
}
```

#### 2.2.2. Stream Trimming

- Use xadd-maxlen to trim by entry count (MAXLEN parameter of the XADD command).
  - Exact trimming can be enabled by setting xadd-exact-maxlen to true (defaults to false since almost exact is more efficient).
- Use xadd-ttl-ms to compute an expiration timestamp
  - Adds a ttl field with a value of (current epoch time + TTL), in order to consumers be able to skip expired messages.
  - It also sets a minimum ID for stream trimming (MINID parameter of the XADD command).
- If both are set, xadd-maxlen takes precedence.

#### **Example Configuration**

```
mp.messaging.outgoing.out-channel.connector=reactive-messaging-redis-streams 1
mp.messaging.outgoing.out-channel.stream-key=mystream 2
mp.messaging.incoming.out-channel.payload-field=message 3
mp.messaging.outgoing.out-channel.xadd-maxlen=1000 4
mp.messaging.outgoing.out-channel.xadd-exact-maxlen=true 5
#mp.messaging.outgoing.out-channel.xadd-ttl-ms=1000 6
```

- ① Activate the redis stream connector for the incoming channel called my-channel.
- 2 The stream key on redis to read messages from.
- 3 The field name to use as the payload in the stream entry.
- 4 The maximum number of entries to keep in the stream.
- **(5)** Enable exact trimming by entry count.
- 6 Possible trimming based on milliseconds to set the TTL for the stream entry.

## 2.3. Graceful Shutdown

On shutdown:

- New message consumption stops immediately.
- In-flight messages are given up to graceful-timeout-ms (default: 60000ms) to complete.
- Redis connections are closed after timeout or all messages are processed.

Configure the timeout via:

mp.messaging.connector.reactive-messaging-redis-streams.graceful-timeout-ms=30000

# 3. Configuration

The connector is identified by reactive-messaging-redis-streams. Below are the configuration attributes available for both inbound and outbound channels.

Attribute	Description	Default	Mandat ory	Directio n
connection-key	The Redis connection key to use. Can be implementation specific in case of the quarkus extension it is the key used to define the redis connection according to the quarkus redis client. For example if you use quarkus.redis.my-redis.hosts configuration then you can use my-redis as connection key.	default	No	INCOMI NG_AND _OUTGO ING
stream-key	The Redis key holding the stream items.	-	Yes	INCOMI NG_AND _OUTGO ING
payload-field	The stream entry field name containing the message payload.	message	No	INCOMI NG_AND _OUTGO ING
group	The consumer group of the Redis stream to read from.	-	Yes	INCOMI NG
xread-count	The maximum number of entries to receive per XREADGROUP call.	1	No	INCOMI NG
xread-block-ms	The milliseconds to block during XREADGROUP calls.	5000	No	INCOMI NG
xread-noack	Include the NOACK parameter in the XREADGROUP call	true	No	INCOMI NG
xadd-maxlen	The maximum number of entries to keep in the stream (trims old entries).	-	No	OUTGOI NG
xadd-exact-maxlen	Use exact trimming for MAXLEN (requires Redis 6.2+).	false	No	OUTGOI NG

Attribute	Description	Default	Mandat ory	Directio n
xadd-ttl-ms	Milliseconds to keep an entry in the stream (uses minid trimming).	-	No	OUTGOI NG
graceful-timeout- ms	Milliseconds to wait for the consumed messages to finish processing before closing the consumer group.	60000	No	CONNEC TOR

# 4. Examples

# 4.1. Consuming Messages

Example usage of the Redis Streams connector for consuming messages from a Redis Stream.

## 4.1.1. Pre-requisites:

• Redis server running on localhost:6379 or dev-container from Redis extension.

### 4.1.2. Set up quarkus

Add the following dependency to your project:

pom xml

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>hu.icellmobilsoft.quarkus.extension</groupId>
    <artifactId>quarkus-redisstream-extension</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

## 4.1.3. Configure the connector

MicroProfile configuration

```
mp:
    messaging:
    in-channel: ①
        connector: reactive-messaging-redis-streams ②
        stream-key: mystream ③
        group: mygroup ④
        connection-key: my-redis-connection ⑤
        payload-field: message #optional defaults to 'message'
        xread-count: 10 #optional defaults to '1'
        xread-block-ms: 10000 #optional defaults to '5000'
        xread-noack: false #optional defaults to 'true'
        connector:
        reactive-messaging-redis-streams:
```

```
graceful-timeout-ms: 10000 #optional defaults to '60000' ⑥
quarkus:
redis:
my-redis-connection: ⑤
hosts: redis://localhost:6379
```

- 1 The incoming MP channel name.
- 2 Specify the connector to use.
- 3 The Redis stream key to read messages from.
- 4 The consumer group name.
- (5) The Redis connection reference to use.
- **6** Connector specific config to set the graceful timeout.

#### 4.1.4. Implement the consumer

#### **Blocking implementation**

Blocking consumer method

```
@Incoming("in-channel") ①
//@Blocking(ordered = false, value = "incoming-pool") ②
//@Retry(maxRetries = 2) ③
public void process(String message) {
// Process the message
}
```

- 1 The incoming MP channel name.
- ② Optional: Use the <code>@Blocking</code> annotation to specify parallel processing with a custom thread pool. Pool size can be set via the <code>smallrye.messaging.worker.incoming-pool.max-concurrency</code> configuration key.
- 3 Optional: Use the @Retry annotation from MP Fault Tolerance to control method retry behavior.

#### Reactive implementation

Reactive consumer method

- 1 The incoming MP channel name.
- 2 Process the message reactively.
- 3 Example on how to process the metadata.
- 4 Acknowledge the message manually.

# 4.2. Producing Messages

Example usage of the Redis Streams connector for producing messages to a Redis Stream.

### 4.2.1. Pre-requisites:

• Redis server running on localhost:6379 or dev-container from Redis extension.

### 4.2.2. Set up quarkus

Add the following dependency to your project:

pom xml

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>hu.icellmobilsoft.quarkus.extension</groupId>
    <artifactId>quarkus-redisstream-extension</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

## 4.2.3. Configure the connector

MicroProfile configuration

```
mp:
    messaging:
    outgoing:
    out-channel: ①
        connector: reactive-messaging-redis-streams ②
        stream-key: mystream ③
        connection-key: my-redis-connection ④
        payload-field: message #optional defaults to 'message'
        xadd-maxlen: 10 #optional
# xadd-exact-maxlen: true #optional defaults to 'false'
        xadd-ttl-ms: 10000 #optional
```

```
quarkus:
   redis:
   my-redis-connection: 4
   hosts: redis://localhost:6379
```

- 1 The outgoing MP channel name.
- 2 Specify the connector to use.
- 3 The Redis stream key to read messages from.
- 4 The Redis connection reference to use.

## 4.2.4. Implement the Producer

#### Simple producer

Emitter based producer with metadata

```
@Inject
@Channel("out-channel") ①
Emitter<String> emitter;

public void produceWithMetadata() {
    emitter.send("Hello"); ②
}
```

- 1 The incoming MP channel name.
- 2 The message payload

The resulting message will be like:

```
1) 1) "mystream"
2) 1) 1) "1739262584638-0"
2) 1) "message"
2) "Hello"
3) "ttl"
4) "1739262594638"
```

#### With custom metadata

Emitter based producer with metadata

```
@Inject
@Channel("out-channel") ①
Emitter<String> emitter;

public void produceWithMetadata() {
```

- 1 The incoming MP channel name.
- 2 The message payload
- 3 Additional fields

The resulting message will be like:

```
1) 1) "mystream"
2) 1) 1) "1739262584638-0"
2) 1) "message"
2) "Hello"
3) "otherKey"
4) "Other value"
5) "ttl"
6) "1739262594638"
```

# 5. Migration Description

Next section describes the changes between releases.

## $5.1.\ 1.0.0 \rightarrow 1.1.0$

## 5.1.1. quarkus-reactive-messaging-redisstream-additional-fields module

• Introduced the new quarkus-reactive-messaging-redisstream-additional-fields module for MDC support (i.e. extSessionId) in the redis stream additional fields with overridable methods.

#### **Migration**

Changes are backwards compatible doesn't need any migration.

## 5.1.2. Changes

• OSS Sonatype → Maven Central repository migration

#### **Migration**

Changes are backwards compatible doesn't need any migration.