started at any time within the previous fifteen (15) calendar years;

- (10) State the earliest date for which recall completion information is available, either on the search page or on the results page, and provide information for all owner notification campaigns after that date;
- (11) Instruct the user to contact the manufacturer if the user has questions or wishes to question the accuracy of information, and provide a hyperlink or other contact information for doing so:
- (12) Ensure, through adherence with technical specifications that NHTSA makes available through a secure area of its Web site http://www.safercar.gov/ Vehicle + Manufacturers/RecallsPortal, the secure electronic transfer of the recall information and data required to be made publicly available by this section, to NHTSA for its use in displaying that information and data on its Web sites or other public portals.

[78 FR 51421, Aug. 20, 2013, as amended at 79 FR 43677, July 28, 2014]

§573.16 Reporting bankruptcy peti-

Each manufacturer that files a bankruptcy petition, or is the subject of an involuntary petition for which relief has been ordered, pursuant to Title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. 101 et seg., shall provide NHTSA a report as specified below.

- (a) The name of the court, the docket number, and the name, address and telephone number of the manufacturer's legal representative:
- (b) A copy of the bankruptcy petition:
- (c) A list of the recalls for which the manufacturer filed a "Defect and noncompliance information report" with NHTSA pursuant to 49 CFR 573.6; and
- (d) The information specified in 49 CFR 573.7(b) for each recall listed pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section.
- (e) Each report pursuant to this section must be received by NHTSA not more than 5 working days after the date the petition is filed in the United States Bankruptcy Court. Reports shall be addressed to the Associate Administrator for Enforcement, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Attention: Recall Management

Division (NVS-215), 1200 New Jersey Ave. SE., Washington, DC 20590, or submitted as an attachment to an email message to RMD.ODI@dot.gov in a portable document format (.pdf).

[78 FR 51422, Aug. 20, 2013]

PART 574—TIRE IDENTIFICATION AND RECORDKEEPING

Sec.

574.1 Scope.

574.2 Purpose. 574.3 Definitions.

Applicability.

Tire identification requirements.

574.6 How to obtain a plant code.

- 574.7 Information requirements—new tire manufacturers, new tire brand name owners.
- 574.8 Information requirements—tire distributors and dealers.
- 574.9 Requirements for motor vehicle dealers.
- 574.10 Requirements for motor vehicle manufacturers

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 322, 30111, 30115, 30117, and 30166; delegation of authority at 49 CFR

EDITORIAL NOTE: An interpretation of manufacturer's designee issued by NHTSA and published at 36 FR 9780, May 28, 1971, provides as follows:

- "A request for an interpretation has been received from the Rubber Manufacturers Association asking that it be made clear that, under the Tire Identification and Recordkeeping Regulation (part 574), particularly §§ 574.7 and 574.8, only the tire manufacturer, brand name owner, or retreader may designate a third party to provide the necessary recording forms or to maintain the records required by the regulation.
- "Another person has requested an interpretation concerning the questions whether: (1) A tire manufacturer, brand name owner or retreader may designate one or more persons to be its designee for the purpose of maintaining the information, (2) an independent distributor or dealer may select a designee for the retention of the manufacturer's records, provided the manufacturer approves the designation, and (3) the independent distributor or dealer may seek administrative relief in the event he believes the information retained by the manufacturer is being used to his detriment.

"Under section 113(f) of the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 1402(f) and part 574, it is the tire manufacturer who has the ultimate responsibility for maintaining the records of first purchasers. Therefore, it is the tire manufacturer or his