THE UNITED AT THE STATE OF THE

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY PUDUCHERRY

(An Institution of National Importance under MHRD, Govt. of India)

KARAIKAL — 609 609

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

Roll Number: CS19B1009 Name ARUN KUMAR R

Semester: II Class: B TECH - CSE

Subject Code: CS106 Subject Name: DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY

TRAVERSAL OF TREE

DATE:10/03/20

AIM:

To traverse the given tree using inorder, preorder, postorder traversal.

ALGORITHM:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Get the tree from the user.
- 3. Declare the recursive functions for inorder(left child, root, right child), postorder(left child, right child, root), preorder(root, left child, right child).
- 4. Get the input from the user.
- 5. Output the result.
- 6. End the program.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
{
```

```
int value;
  struct node *left, *right;
  int sub height;
};
NODE *create node(int value)
  NODE *temp = (NODE *)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
  temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
  temp->value = value;
  temp->sub height = 0;
  return temp;
int getInput(int *value, int arr[], int flag)
  if (flag == 0)
    printf("Enter the value\n");
  if (flag == 1)
    printf("\nEnter the operation to perform(help - 0)\n");
  if (flag == 2)
     int n;
    printf("Enter the no of elements:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the elements:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
     arr[n] = '\0';
    return 1;
  if (flag == 3)
    printf("your option :\n");
  scanf("%d", value);
  return 1;
int insert bst(NODE **root, int value)
```

```
if (*root == NULL)
     *root = create node(value);
    return 1;
  if ((*root)->value > value)
    if((*root)->left == NULL)
       (*root)->left = create node(value);
    else
       insert bst(&(*root)->left, value);
  else if ((*root)->value < value)
    if((*root)->right == NULL)
       (*root)->right = create node(value);
     else
       insert bst(&(*root)->right, value);
  return 1;
int *print(NODE **root)
  printf("%d\t", (*root)->value);
int in order(NODE **root, int *(*callback)(NODE **))
  if (*root == NULL)
    return 0;
  in order(&(*root)->left, callback);
  callback(root);
  in order(&(*root)->right, callback);
  return 1;
int pre order(NODE **root, int *(*callback)(NODE **))
```

```
if (*root == NULL)
    return 0;
  //Node count = callback(root);
  callback(root);
  pre order(&(*root)->left, callback);
  pre order(&(*root)->right, callback);
  return 1;
int post order(NODE **root, int *(*callback)(NODE **))
  if (*root == NULL)
    return 0;
  post order(&(*root)->left, callback);
  post order(&(*root)->right, callback);
  callback(root);
  return 1;
int traverse(NODE **root)
  if (*root == NULL)
    printf("ROOT IS NULL\n");
    return 0;
  int i;
  printf("Enter the traversal method: inorder: 1 preorder: 2 postorder: 3\n");
  while (1)
    scanf("%d", &i);
    printf("\n");
    switch (i)
     case 1:
       in order(root, print);
       return 1;
```

```
case 2:
       pre order(root, print);
       return 1;
    case 3:
       post order(root, print);
       return 1;
     default:
       printf("incorrect input, please try again.\n");
       break;
 }
int binary search tree(NODE **root) //BST DRIVER
  printf("\n\nBINARY SEARCH TREE\n\n");
  int input, value;
  NODE *result;
  help(1);
  while (1)
     printf("help -0, insert -1, traverse -2, exit -3");
    getInput(&input, NULL, 1);
    switch (input)
     case 0:
       printf("help -0, insert -1, traverse -2, exit -3");
       break;
     case 1:
       getInput(&value, NULL, 0);
       if (insert bst(root, value))
         printf("NODE WAS INSERTED\n");
```

else

```
printf("THE NODE WAS NOT INSERTED\n");
break;
case 2:
    traverse(root);
break;
case 3:
    printf("\nExited from BST\n\n");
help(0);
return 1;
```

OUTPUT:

```
insert: 1 delete: 2 search: 3 traverse: 4 exit: 5 max: 6 min: 7

Enter the operation to perform(help - 0)
4 1

Enter the traversal method: inorder: 1 preorder: 2 postorder: 3

7 9 34 56

Enter the operation to perform(help - 0)
4 2

Enter the traversal method: inorder: 1 preorder: 2 postorder: 3

56 34 7 9

Enter the operation to perform(help - 0)
4 3

Enter the traversal method: inorder: 1 preorder: 2 postorder: 3

9 7 34 56
```

RESULT:

The program was executed successfully.