



NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY PUDUCHERRY

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KARAIKAL – 609 609

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

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Semester: 2nd Semester

Class: Computer Science and Engineering

Subject Code: CS106

Subject Name: Data Structures Laboratory

Exercise Number – 3

Date: 18.12.19

1.MERGE_SORT

AIM:

To sort a given array using merge sort algorithm.

ALGORITHM:

1. Start the program .
2. declare the variable.
3. using divide and conquer method , divide the given array into basic elements.
4. from lower to higher sort the array, i.e merge the array.
5. output the result.
6. end the program.

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int merge(int a[], int low, int mid, int high)
{
    int b[100], i = low, j = mid+1, k = low;
    while(i <= mid && j <= high)
    {
        if(a[i] < a[j])
        {
            b[k++] = a[i++];
        }
        else
        {
            b[k++] = a[j++];
        }
    }
}
```

```

        while(i<=mid)
            b[k++] =a[i++];
        while(j<=high)
            b[k++] = a[j++];
        for(i = low; i <= high; i++)
        {
            a[i] = b[i];
        }
    }

void merge_sort(int a[], int low, int high)
{
    int mid;
    mid = (low+high)/2;
    if(low<high)
    {
        merge_sort(a, low, mid);
        merge_sort(a, mid+1, high);
        merge(a, low, mid, high);
    }
}

void main()
{
    int i, a[100], n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Enter the elements of the array\n");
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    }

    merge_sort(a,0,n-1);

    printf("The SORTED ARRAY IS\n");

    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t", a[i]);
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
5 Enter the number of elements
5
Enter the elements of the array
3 2 6 1 8
The SORTED ARRAY IS
1      2      3      6      8
-----
Process exited after 11.68 seconds with return value 5
Press any key to continue . . .
```

RESULT:

The program was executed successfully.

2.HEAP_SORT

DATE:18.12.19

AIM:

To sort a given array using heap sort algorithm.

ALGORITHM:

1. Start the program.
2. declare the variable.
3. construct a max heap using heapify algorithm.
4. construct a result array by getting the root elements of the heap.
5. output the result.
6. end the program.

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void swap(int* a, int* b)
{
    int t = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = t;
}
```

```
void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i)
{
    int largest = i;
    int l = 2*i + 1;
    int r = 2*i + 2;

    if (l < n && arr[l] > arr[largest])
        largest = l;

    if (r < n && arr[r] > arr[largest])
        largest = r;

    if (largest != i)
    {
        swap(&arr[i], &arr[largest]);
    }
}
```

```

        heapify(arr, n, largest);
    }
}

```

```

void heap_sort(int arr[], int n)
{
    int i;
    for ( i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        heapify(arr, n, i);

```

```

    for ( i=n-1; i>=0; i--)
    {

```

```

        swap(&arr[0], &arr[i]);

```

```

        heapify(arr, i, 0);
    }
}

```

```

void main()
{
    int i, a[100], n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Enter the elements of the array\n");
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    }

    heap_sort(a, n);

    printf("The SORTED ARRAY IS\n");

    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t", a[i]);
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the number of elements
5
Enter the elements of the array
5 4 3 2 1
The SORTED ARRAY IS
1      2      3      4      5
-----
Process exited after 6.64 seconds with return value 5
Press any key to continue . . .
```

RESULT:

The program was executed successfully.