

Formulas

Processing of data

$$\text{Absolute uncertainty of the mean } \Delta\bar{x} = \pm \frac{(x_{\max} - x_{\min})}{2}$$

$$\text{Percentage uncertainty (\%)} = \frac{\text{absolute uncertainty}}{\text{measurement}} \times \frac{100}{1}$$

$$\text{Percentage error (\%)} = \left| \frac{\text{measured value} - \text{true value}}{\text{true value}} \right| \times 100$$

Chemical reactions — reactants, products and energy change

$$\Delta H = H_{(\text{products})} - H_{(\text{reactants})}$$

$$\Delta H = \Sigma(\text{bonds broken}) - \Sigma(\text{bonds formed})$$

$$Q = mc\Delta T$$

$$\text{Percentage yield (\%)} = \frac{\text{experimental yield}}{\text{theoretical yield}} \times \frac{100}{1}$$

Aqueous solutions and acidity

$$\text{Molarity} = \frac{\text{moles of solute (n)}}{\text{volume of solution (V)}}$$

Chemical equilibrium systems

$$K_c = \frac{[C]^c [D]^d}{[A]^a [B]^b} \text{ for the reaction: } aA + bB \rightleftharpoons cC + dD$$

$$K_w = [H^+][OH^-]$$

$$pH = -\log_{10}[H^+]$$

$$pOH = -\log_{10}[OH^-]$$

$$K_w = K_a \times K_b$$

$$K_a = \frac{[H_3O^+][A^-]}{[HA]}$$

$$K_b = \frac{[BH^+][OH^-]}{[B]}$$

Physical constants and unit conversions

Physical constants and unit conversions	
Absolute zero	$0\text{ K} = -273\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
Atomic mass unit	$1\text{ amu} = 1.66 \times 10^{-27}\text{ kg}$
Avogadro's constant	$N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23}\text{ mol}^{-1}$
Ideal gas constant	$R = 8.31\text{ J mol}^{-1}\text{ K}^{-1}$
Ionic product constant for water (at 298 K)	$K_w = 1.00 \times 10^{-14}\text{ mol}^2\text{ dm}^{-6}$
Molar volume of an ideal gas (at STP)	$2.27 \times 10^{-2}\text{ m}^3\text{ mol}^{-1} = 22.7\text{ dm}^3\text{ mol}^{-1}$
Specific heat capacity of water (at 298 K)	$c_w = 4.18\text{ J g}^{-1}\text{ K}^{-1}$
Standard temperature and pressure (STP)	273 K and 100 kPa
Volume and capacity conversions	$1\text{ dm}^3 = 1 \times 10^{-3}\text{ m}^3 = 1 \times 10^3\text{ cm}^3 = 1\text{ L}$

List of elements

Name	Atomic no.	Symbol
Hydrogen	1	H
Helium	2	He
Lithium	3	Li
Beryllium	4	Be
Boron	5	B
Carbon	6	C
Nitrogen	7	N
Oxygen	8	O
Fluorine	9	F
Neon	10	Ne
Sodium	11	Na
Magnesium	12	Mg
Aluminium	13	Al
Silicon	14	Si
Phosphorus	15	P
Sulfur	16	S
Chlorine	17	Cl
Argon	18	Ar
Potassium	19	K
Calcium	20	Ca
Scandium	21	Sc
Titanium	22	Ti
Vanadium	23	V
Chromium	24	Cr
Manganese	25	Mn
Iron	26	Fe
Cobalt	27	Co
Nickel	28	Ni
Copper	29	Cu
Zinc	30	Zn

Name	Atomic no.	Symbol
Gallium	31	Ga
Germanium	32	Ge
Arsenic	33	As
Selenium	34	Se
Bromine	35	Br
Krypton	36	Kr
Rubidium	37	Rb
Strontium	38	Sr
Yttrium	39	Y
Zirconium	40	Zr
Niobium	41	Nb
Molybdenum	42	Mo
Technetium	43	Tc
Ruthenium	44	Ru
Rhodium	45	Rh
Palladium	46	Pd
Silver	47	Ag
Cadmium	48	Cd
Indium	49	In
Tin	50	Sn
Antimony	51	Sb
Tellurium	52	Te
Iodine	53	I
Xenon	54	Xe
Cesium	55	Cs
Barium	56	Ba
Lanthanum	57	La
Cerium	58	Ce
Praseodymium	59	Pr
Neodymium	60	Nd

Name	Atomic no.	Symbol
Promethium	61	Pm
Samarium	62	Sm
Europium	63	Eu
Gadolinium	64	Gd
Terbium	65	Tb
Dysprosium	66	Dy
Holmium	67	Ho
Erbium	68	Er
Thulium	69	Tm
Ytterbium	70	Yb
Lutetium	71	Lu
Hafnium	72	Hf
Tantalum	73	Ta
Tungsten	74	W
Rhenium	75	Re
Osmium	76	Os
Iridium	77	Ir
Platinum	78	Pt
Gold	79	Au
Mercury	80	Hg
Thallium	81	Tl
Lead	82	Pb
Bismuth	83	Bi
Polonium	84	Po
Astatine	85	At
Radon	86	Rn
Francium	87	Fr
Radium	88	Ra
Actinium	89	Ac
Thorium	90	Th

Name	Atomic no.	Symbol
Protactinium	91	Pa
Uranium	92	U
Neptunium	93	Np
Plutonium	94	Pu
Americium	95	Am
Curium	96	Cm
Berkelium	97	Bk
Californium	98	Cf
Einsteinium	99	Es
Fermium	100	Fm
Mendelevium	101	Md
Nobelium	102	No
Lawrencium	103	Lr
Rutherfordium	104	Rf
Dubnium	105	Db
Seaborgium	106	Sg
Bohrium	107	Bh
Hassium	108	Hs
Meitnerium	109	Mt
Darmstadtium	110	Ds
Roentgenium	111	Rg
Copernicium	112	Cn
Nihonium	113	Nh
Flerovium	114	Fl
Moscovium	115	Mc
Livermorium	116	Lv
Tennessine	117	Ts
Oganesson	118	Og

Periodic table of the elements

The diagram illustrates the periodic table with a detailed callout for Hydrogen (H). The callout box shows the atomic number (1), symbol (H), and relative atomic mass (1.01). Arrows point from the Lanthanoids (lanthanum to lutetium) and Actinoids (actinium to lawrencium) sections to a separate block containing these elements.

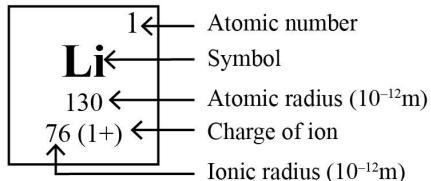
H 1 1.01	He 2 4.00																
Li 3 6.94	Be 4 9.01	B 5 10.81	C 6 12.01	N 7 14.01	O 8 16.00	F 9 19.00	Ne 10 20.18										
Na 11 22.99	Mg 12 24.31	Al 13 26.98	Si 14 28.09	P 15 30.97	S 16 32.06	Cl 17 35.45	Ar 18 39.95										
K 19 39.10	Ca 20 40.08	Sc 21 44.96	Ti 22 47.87	V 23 50.94	Cr 24 52.00	Mn 25 54.94	Fe 26 55.85	Co 27 58.93	Ni 28 58.69	Cu 29 63.55	Zn 30 65.38	Ga 31 69.72	Ge 32 72.63	As 33 74.92	Se 34 78.97	Br 35 79.90	Kr 36 83.80
Rb 37 85.47	Sr 38 87.62	Y 39 88.91	Zr 40 91.22	Nb 41 92.91	Mo 42 95.95	Tc (98.91)	Ru 43 101.07	Rh 44 102.91	Pd 45 106.42	Ag 46 107.87	Cd 47 112.41	In 48 114.82	Sn 49 118.71	Sb 50 121.76	Te 52 127.60	I 53 126.90	Xe 54 131.29
Cs 55 132.91	Ba 56 137.33	Lanthanoids 57–71	Hf 72 178.49	Ta 73 180.95	W 74 183.84	Re 75 186.21	Os 76 190.23	Ir 77 192.22	Pt 78 195.08	Au 79 196.97	Hg 80 200.59	Tl 81 204.38	Pb 82 207.2	Bi 83 208.98	Po 84 (210.0)	At 85 (210.0)	Rn 86 (222.0)
Fr 87 (223.0)	Ra 88 (226.1)	Actinoids 89–103	Rf 104 (261.1)	Db 105 (262.1)	Sg 106 (263.1)	Bh 107 (264.1)	Hs 108 (265.1)	Mt 109 (268)	Ds 110 (281)	Rg 111 (272)	Cn 112 (285)	Nh 113 (284)	Fl 114 (289)	Mc 115 (288)	Lv 116 (293)	Ts 117 (294)	Og 118 (294)
			La 57 138.91	Ce 58 140.12	Pr 59 140.91	Nd 60 144.24	Pm 61 (146.9)	Sm 62 150.36	Eu 63 151.96	Gd 64 157.25	Tb 65 158.93	Dy 66 162.50	Ho 67 164.93	Er 68 167.26	Tm 69 168.93	Yb 70 173.05	Lu 71 174.97
			Ac 89 (227.0)	Th 90 232.0	Pa 91 231.0	U 92 238.0	Np 93 (237.0)	Pu 94 (239.1)	Am 95 (241.1)	Cm 96 (244.1)	Bk 97 (249.1)	Cf 98 (252.1)	Es 99 (252.1)	Fm 100 (252.1)	Md 101 (258.1)	No 102 (259.1)	Lr 103 (262.1)

Groups are numbered according to IUPAC convention 1–18.

*Values in brackets are for the isotope with the longest half-life.

Atomic and ionic radii of selected elements

1																	18	
	H 1 32 208 (1-)																He 2 37	
2	Li 3 130 76 (1+)	Be 4 99 45 (2+)																
3	Na 11 160 102 (1+)	Mg 12 140 72 (2+)																
4			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12						
5	K 19 200 138 (1+)	Ca 20 174 100 (2+)	Sc 21 159 75 (3+)	Ti 22 148 86 (2+) 61 (4+)	V 23 144 79 (2+) 54 (5+)	Cr 24 130 62 (3+) 44 (6+)	Mn 25 129 83 (2+) 64 (3+)	Fe 26 124 78 (2+) 64 (3+)	Co 27 118 74 (2+) 61 (3+)	Ni 28 117 69 (2+) 60 (3+)	Cu 29 122 77 (1+) 73 (2+)	Zn 30 120 74 (2+)	Ga 31 123 62 (3+)	Ge 32 120 53 (4+) 272 (4-)	As 33 120 58 (3+) 46 (5+)	Se 34 118 198 (2-)	Br 35 117 196 (1-)	Kr 36 116
6																		
7	Rb 37 215 152 (1+)	Sr 38 190 118 (2+)	Y 39 176 90 (3+)	Zr 40 164 72 (4+)	Nb 41 156 64 (5+)	Mo 42 148 65 (4+)	Tc 43 138 65 (4+)	Ru 44 136 62 (4+)	Rh 45 134 67 (3+)	Pd 46 130 86 (2+)	Ag 47 136 115 (1+)	Cd 48 140 95 (2+)	In 49 142 80 (3+)	Sn 50 140 69 (4+)	Sb 51 140 76 (3+)	Te 52 137 221 (2-)	I 53 136 220 (1-)	Xe 54 136
8																		
9	Cs 55 238 167 (1+)	Ba 56 206 135 (2+)																



Groups are numbered according to IUPAC convention 1–18.

Electronegativities and first ionisation energies of selected elements

1																			18
	H 2.2 1318																	He 2379	
2																			
3	Li 1.0 526	4	Be 1.6 906																
11	Na 0.9 502	12	Mg 1.3 744	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12						
19	K 0.8 425	20	Ca 1.0 596	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	
37	Rb 0.8 409	38	Sr 1.0 556	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	
55	Cs 0.8 382	56	Ba 0.9 509															Xe 2.6 1177	

1 ← Atomic number
 H ← Symbol
 2.2 ← Electronegativity
 1310 ← First ionisation enthalpies (kJ mol⁻¹)

Groups are numbered according to IUPAC convention 1–18.

Solubility of selected compounds at 298 K

	bromide	carbonate	chloride	hydroxide	iodide	nitrate	oxide	phosphate	sulfate
aluminium	s	—	s	i	s	s	i	i	s
ammonium	s	s	s	s	s	s	—	s	s
barium	s	i	s	s	s	s	s	i	i
calcium	s	i	s	p	s	s	p	i	p
cobalt(II)	s	i	s	i	s	s	i	i	s
copper(II)	s	—	s	i	i	s	i	i	s
iron(II)	s	i	s	i	s	s	i	i	s
iron(III)	s	—	s	i	s	s	i	i	s
lead(II)	p	i	s	i	i	s	i	i	i
lithium	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	—	s
magnesium	s	i	s	i	s	s	i	p	s
manganese(II)	s	i	s	i	s	s	i	p	s
potassium	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
silver	i	i	i	i	i	s	i	i	p
sodium	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
zinc	s	i	s	i	s	s	i	i	s

Key:

Abbreviation	explanation
s	soluble in water (solubility greater than 10 g L ⁻¹)
p	partially soluble in water (solubility between 1 and 10 g L ⁻¹)
i	insoluble in water (solubility less than 1 g L ⁻¹)
—	no data

Average bond enthalpies at 298 K

Single bonds

	$\Delta H \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$								
	H	C	N	O	F	S	Cl	Br	I
H	436								
C	414	346							
N	391	286	158						
O	463	358	214	144					
F	567	492	278	191	159				
S	364	289			327	266			
Cl	431	324	192	206	255	271	242		
Br	366	285		201	249	218	219	193	
I	298	228		201	280		211	178	151

Multiple bonds

Bond	$\Delta H \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$
C=C	614
C≡C	839
C=N	615
C≡N	890
C=O	804
N=N	470
N≡N	945
O=O	498

Reactivity series of metals

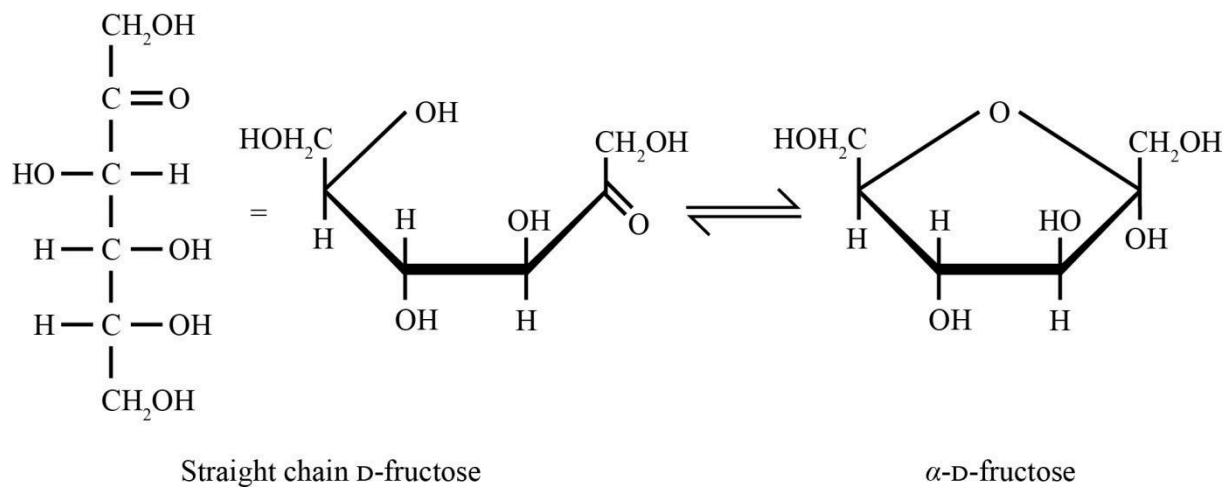
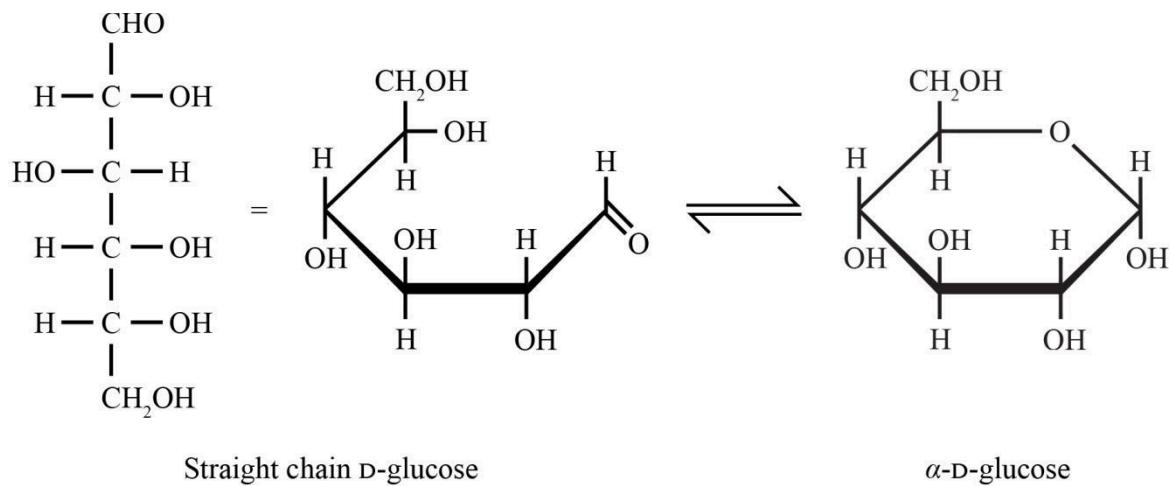
Element	Reactivity
K	most reactive
Na	
Li	
Ba	
Sr	
Ca	
Mg	
Al	
C*	
Mn	
Zn	
Cr	
Fe	
Cd	
Co	
Ni	
Sn	
Pb	
H ₂ *	
Sb	
Bi	
Cu	
Hg	
Ag	
Au	
Pt	least reactive

* Carbon (C) and hydrogen gas (H₂) added for comparison

Standard electrode potentials at 298 K

Oxidised species \rightleftharpoons Reduced species	E° (V)
$\text{Li}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Li(s)}$	-3.04
$\text{K}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{K(s)}$	-2.94
$\text{Ba}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ba(s)}$	-2.91
$\text{Ca}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ca(s)}$	-2.87
$\text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Na(s)}$	-2.71
$\text{Mg}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Mg(s)}$	-2.36
$\text{Al}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + 3\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Al(s)}$	-1.68
$\text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Mn(s)}$	-1.18
$2\text{H}_2\text{O(l)} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$	-0.83
$\text{Zn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Zn(s)}$	-0.76
$\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe(s)}$	-0.44
$\text{Ni}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ni(s)}$	-0.24
$\text{Sn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn(s)}$	-0.14
$\text{Pb}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb(s)}$	-0.13
$2\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2(\text{g})$	0.00
$\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}^+(\text{aq})$	+0.16
$\text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SO}_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O(l)}$	+0.16
$\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu(s)}$	+0.34
$\text{O}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O(l)} + 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 4\text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$	+0.40
$\text{Cu}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu(s)}$	+0.52
$\text{I}_2(\text{s}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{I}^-(\text{aq})$	+0.54
$\text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq})$	+0.77
$\text{Ag}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ag(s)}$	+0.80
$\text{Br}_2(\text{l}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Br}^-(\text{aq})$	+1.08
$\text{O}_2(\text{g}) + 4\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}_2\text{O(l)}$	+1.23
$\text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})$	+1.36
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 14\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + 6\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Cr}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + 7\text{H}_2\text{O(l)}$	+1.36
$\text{MnO}_4^-(\text{aq}) + 8\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + 5\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}_2\text{O(l)}$	+1.51
$\text{F}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{F}^-(\text{aq})$	+2.89

Glucose and fructose: straight chain and α -ring forms



Common amino acids

Common name (symbol)	Structural formula	pH of isoelectric point	Common name (symbol)	Structural formula	pH of isoelectric point
Alanine (Ala)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{O}}{\overset{ }{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{H} \end{array}$	6.1	Arginine (Arg)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{NH}}{\text{C}}=\text{NH}-\text{NH}_2 \\ \\ \text{H} \end{array}$	10.7
Asparagine (Asn)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{C=O}}{\overset{ }{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{NH}_2 \end{array}$	5.4	Aspartic acid (Asp)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{C=O}}{\overset{ }{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$	3.0
Cysteine (Cys)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{SH}}{\overset{ }{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{H} \end{array}$	5.1	Glutamic acid (Glu)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{C=O}}{\overset{ }{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$	3.2
Glutamine (Gln)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{C=O}}{\overset{ }{\text{C}}}-\text{NH}_2 \\ \\ \text{H} \end{array}$	5.7	Glycine (Gly)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{H}}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{O}}{\overset{ }{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{H} \end{array}$	6.1
Histidine (His)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{N}}{\overset{ }{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{NH} \end{array}$	7.6	Isoleucine (Ile)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{N}-\underset{\text{CHCH}_3}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{CH}_2}{\text{C}}-\underset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{C}}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{H} \end{array}$	6.0

Continued on next page.

Common name (symbol)	Structural formula	pH of isoelectric point	Common name (symbol)	Structural formula	pH of isoelectric point
Leucine (Leu)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{CHCH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$	6.0	Lysine (Lys)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{NH}_2 \end{array}$	9.7
Methionine (Met)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{S} \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$	5.7	Phenylalanine (Phe)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{C}_6\text{H}_5 \end{array}$	5.7
Proline (Pro)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \text{ } \\ \text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{HN} \\ \text{C}_3 \end{array}$	6.3	Serine (Ser)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$	5.7
Threonine (Thr)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CHOH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$	5.6	Tryptophan (Trp)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{C}_8\text{H}_7\text{N} \end{array}$	5.9
Tyrosine (Try)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \\ \text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{OH} \end{array}$	5.7	Valine (Val)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & \text{O} \\ & \text{ } \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OH} \\ \\ \text{CHCH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$	6.0

Acid-base indicators

Name	pKa	pH range of colour change	Colour change (acidic to basic)
Methyl orange	3.7	3.1–4.4	red to yellow
Bromophenol blue	4.2	3.0–4.6	yellow to blue
Bromocresol green	4.7	3.8–5.4	yellow to blue
Methyl red	5.1	4.4–6.2	pink to yellow
Bromothymol blue	7.0	6.0–7.6	yellow to blue
Phenol red	7.9	6.8–8.4	yellow to red
Phenolphthalein	9.6	8.3–10.0	colourless to pink

Infrared data

Characteristic range of infrared absorption due to stretching in organic molecules.

Bond	Organic molecules	Wavelength (cm ⁻¹)
C—I	iodoalkanes	490–620
C—Br	bromoalkanes	500–600
C—Cl	chloroalkanes	600–800
C—F	fluoroalkanes	1000–1400
C—O	alcohol, ester	1050–1410
C=C	alkenes	1620–1680
C=O	aldehydes, carboxylic acid, ester, ketones	1700–1750
C≡C	alkynes	2100–2260
O—H	carboxylic acids (hydrogen-bonded)	2500–3000
C—H	alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aldehydes, amides	2720–3100
O—H	alcohol (hydrogen-bonded)	3200–3600
N—H	amines	3300–3500

Formulas and charges for common polyatomic ions

Anions		Cations	
acetate (ethanoate)	CH_3COO^- or $\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2^-$	ammonium	NH_4^+
carbonate	CO_3^{2-}	hydronium	H_3O^+
chlorate	ClO_3^-		
chlorite	ClO_2^-		
chromate	CrO_4^{2-}		
citrate	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{O}_7^{3-}$		
cyanide	CN^-		
dichromate	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$		
dihydrogen phosphate	H_2PO_4^-		
hypochlorite	ClO^-		
hydrogen carbonate	HCO_3^-		
hydrogen sulfate	HSO_4^-		
hydrogen phosphate	HPO_4^{2-}		
hydroxide	OH^-		
nitrate	NO_3^-		
nitrite	NO_2^-		
perchlorate	ClO_4^-		
permanganate	MnO_4^-		
peroxide	O_2^{2-}		
phosphate	PO_4^{3-}		
sulfate	SO_4^{2-}		
sulfite	SO_3^{2-}		
thiosulfate	$\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$		