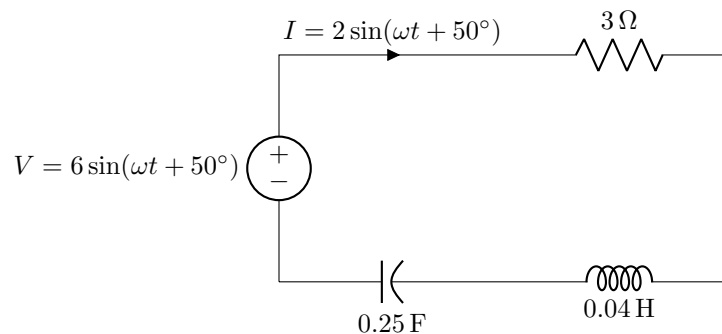


- ✓ No washroom breaks. **Camera must be turned on throughout the quiz.** Position your camera so that your face and exam script are clearly visible.
- ✓ **You are not allowed to type anything during the exam. It is recommended to use mouse if necessary.**
- ✓ All **3 questions** are compulsory. Marks allotted for each question are mentioned beside each question.
- ✓ Bonus questions are indicated as “**(bonus)**” along with allotted marks.
- ✓ Specify Name, ID, and Section on the first page.
- ✓ **Submission form will be inaccessible after the designated submission time.**
- ✓ Symbols have their usual meanings.

◇ **Question 1 of 3**

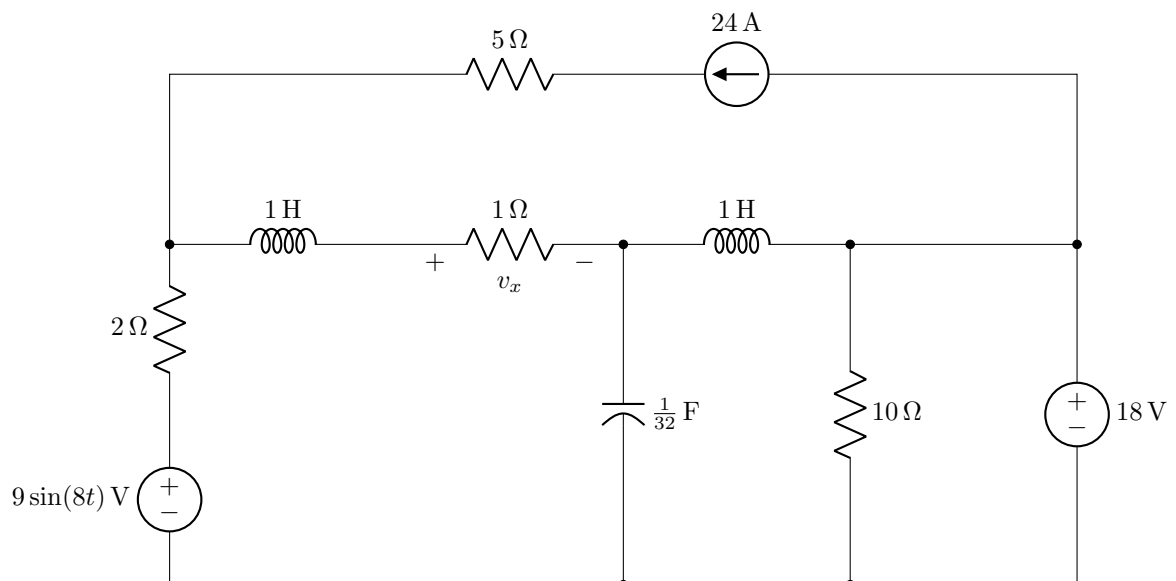
[CO3] [15 marks + 5 marks (bonus)]

(a) Answer the following questions for the following circuit:



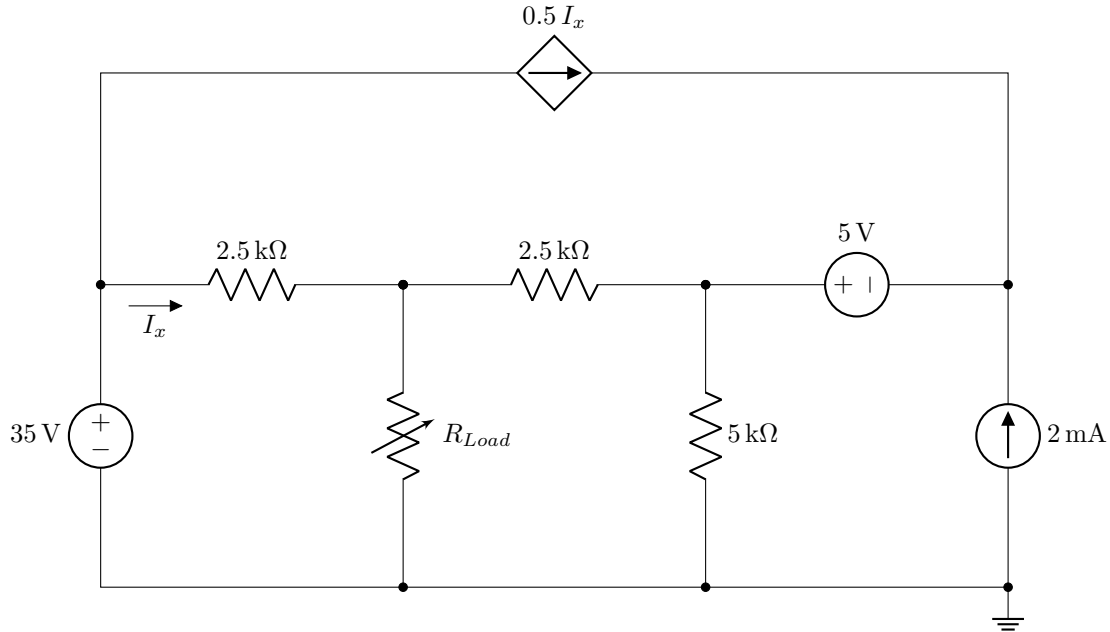
- (i) **[1 mark (bonus)]** What is the phase difference between V and I ? Is V leading/lagging or in-phase with I ?
- (ii) **[1 mark (bonus)]** What is the equivalent impedance of the circuit?
(Hint: It should be a numeric value, not in terms of ω .)
- (iii) **[3 marks (bonus)]** Based on your answer in (ii), what should be the value of ω ?

(b) **[15 marks]** Apply AC analysis to find the voltage difference $v_x(t)$ for the following circuit:



◇ Question 2 of 3

[CO2] [15 marks]



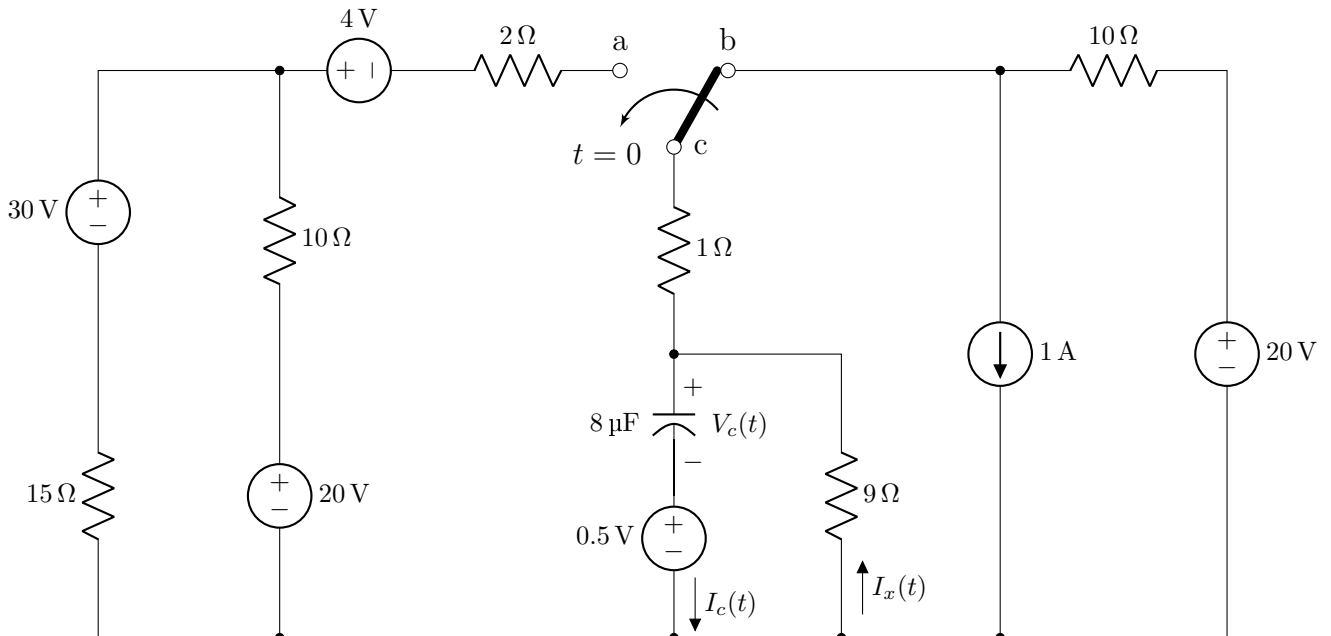
Apply Thevenin's/Norton's Theorem to answer the following queries–

- [8 marks] Determine the value of R_{Load} for which the circuit will deliver maximum power to it.
- [7 marks] Determine the value of the maximum power.

◇ Question 3 of 3

[CO3] [17 marks + 3 marks (bonus)]

The switch in the following circuit moves from position b to a at $t = 0$ where position c remains unchanged.



Analyze the Transient Behavior to answer the following questions–

- [12 marks] Determine the voltage $V_c(t)$, across the capacitor and the current $I_c(t)$, through it as a function of time for $t < 0$ and $t > 0$.
- [5 marks] Approximately draw, in separate plots, $V_c(t)$ and $I_c(t)$ found in (a) as a function of time for $t < 0$ and $t > 0$. For each of the plots, label the axes clearly, and indicate the following: time constant, transient and steady state segments, and fully charged/discharged point.
- [3 marks (bonus)] Determine the current $I_x(t)$ at $t = 0.02$ s.