

$$\text{set } (N-2)$$

$$\frac{1}{(a)}$$

$$(i) \text{ phase difference} = 0$$

$$(ii) \text{ Ekv impedance} = 3\Omega$$

$$(iii) \quad j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C} = 0$$

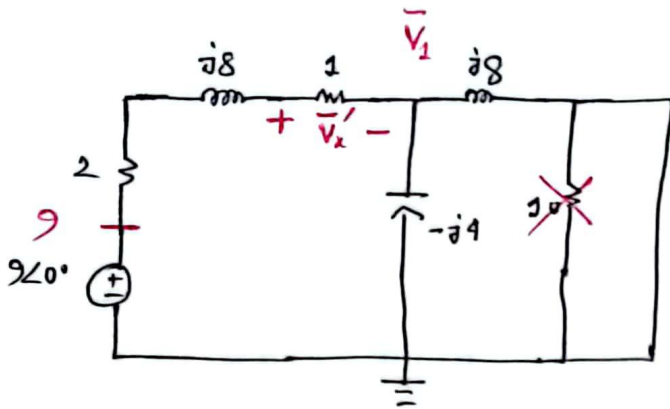
$$\Rightarrow 0.04\omega = \frac{1}{0.25\omega}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.01\omega^2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega = \sqrt{\frac{1}{0.01}} = 10 \text{ rad/s}$$

(b)

9 sin(8t) active only:



$$\omega = 8$$

$$1H \Leftrightarrow j\omega L = j \times 8 \times 1 = j8 \Omega$$

$$\frac{1}{32} F \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{j \times 8 \times \frac{1}{32}} = -j4 \Omega$$

$$\frac{\bar{V}_1}{-j4} + \frac{\bar{V}_1}{j8} + \frac{\bar{V}_1 - 9}{2 + j + j8} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{V}_1 \left( \frac{1}{-j4} + \frac{1}{j8} + \frac{1}{3 + j8} \right) = \frac{9}{3 + j8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{V}_1 \left( \frac{3}{73} + j \frac{9}{584} \right) = \frac{9}{3 + j8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{V}_1 = -j24 = 24 \angle -90^\circ$$

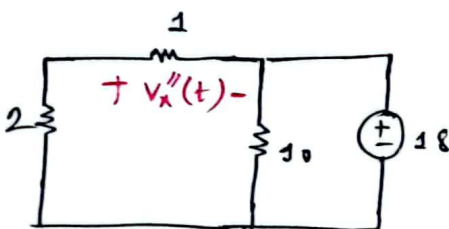
$$\bar{V}_x' = 1 \times \frac{9 - \bar{V}_1}{3 + j8}$$

$$= 1 \times \frac{9 + j24}{3 + j8}$$

$$= 3 \angle 0^\circ$$

$$V_x'(t) = 3 \sin(8t)$$

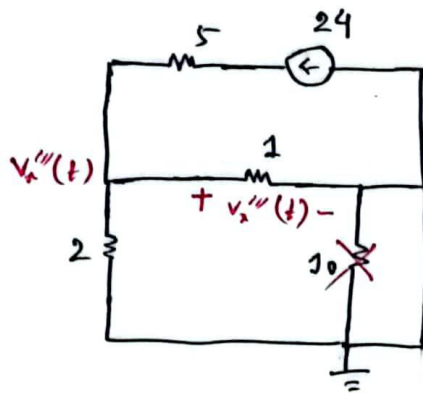
18V active only:



$$V_x''(t) = -18 \times \frac{1}{1+2}$$

$$= -6V$$

24 A active alone



$$\frac{v_x'''(t)}{1} + \frac{v_x'''(t)}{2} = 24$$

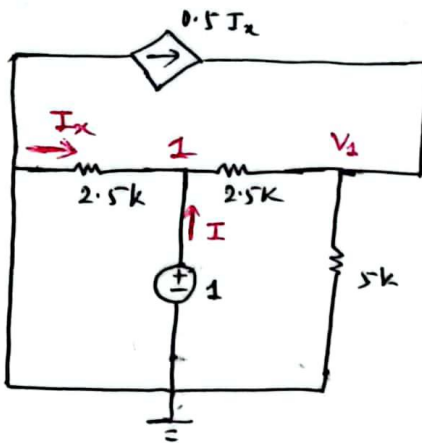
$$\Rightarrow v_x'''(t) \times \frac{3}{2} = 24$$

$$\Rightarrow v_x'''(t) = 24 \times \frac{2}{3} = 16 \text{ V}$$

$$v_x(t) = v_x'(t) + v_x''(t) + v_x'''(t)$$

$$= 3 \sin(8t) - 6 + 16 = 3 \sin(8t) + 10 \text{ V}$$

2  
(2)



$$I_x = \frac{0 - 1}{2.5} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$$

$$\frac{V_1}{5} + \frac{V_1 - 1}{2.5} = 0.5 I_x = 0.5 (-0.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3V_1}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

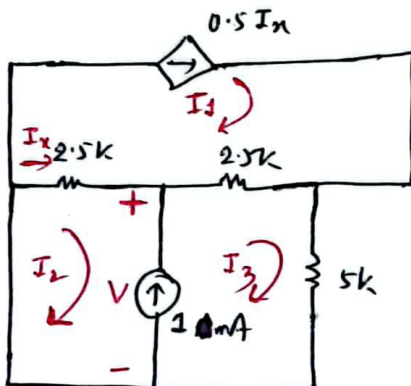
$$\Rightarrow V_1 = \frac{1}{3} \text{ V}$$

$$I + I_x = \frac{1 - V_1}{2.5}$$

$$\Rightarrow I = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{3}}{2.5} + 0.4 = \frac{2}{3} \text{ mA}$$

$$R_{TH} = R_L = \frac{1}{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{3}{2} \text{ k}\Omega = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

Mesh:



$$I_3 - I_2 = 1 \Rightarrow -I_2 + I_3 = 1 \dots (1)$$

$$I_1 = 0.5 I_x = 0.5 (I_2 - I_3)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.5 I_1 - 0.5 I_2 = 0 \dots (2)$$

$$\cancel{2.5 I_2 + 2.5 I_3 + 5 I_3 = 0}$$

$$2.5 (I_2 - I_3) + 2.5 (I_3 - I_3) + 5 I_3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -5 I_1 + 2.5 I_2 + 7.5 I_3 = 0 \dots (3)$$

$$I_1 = -0.3A, \quad I_2 = -0.9A, \quad I_3 = 0.1A$$

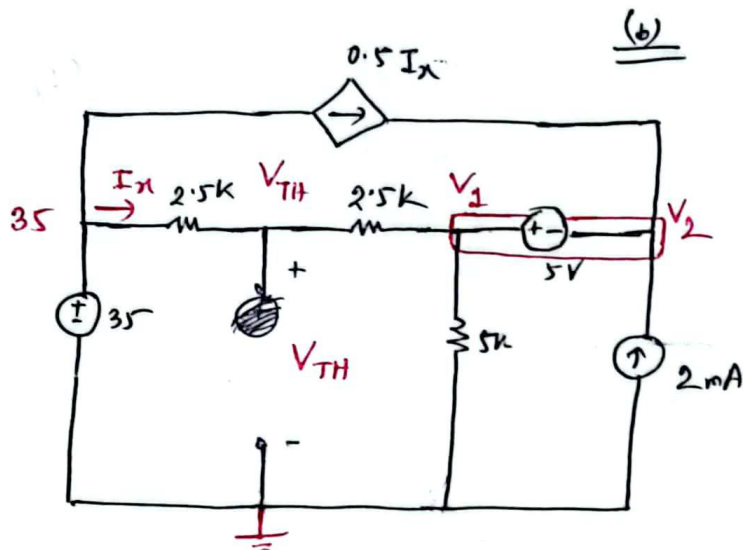
$$I_x = I_2 - I_1 = -0.6A$$

$$\text{Now, } 2.5 I_x + V = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V = 1.5V$$

$$R_{TH} = R_L = \frac{1.5}{1mA} = 1.5k\Omega$$

(Ans)



$$I_x = \frac{35 - V_{TH}}{2.5}$$

$V_{TH}$  Node-KCL

$$\frac{V_{TH} - 35}{2.5} + \frac{V_{TH} - V_1}{2.5} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{4V_{TH}}{5} - \frac{V_1}{2.5} = 14 \quad \dots (1)$$

Supernode

$$V_1 - V_2 = 5 \quad \dots (2)$$

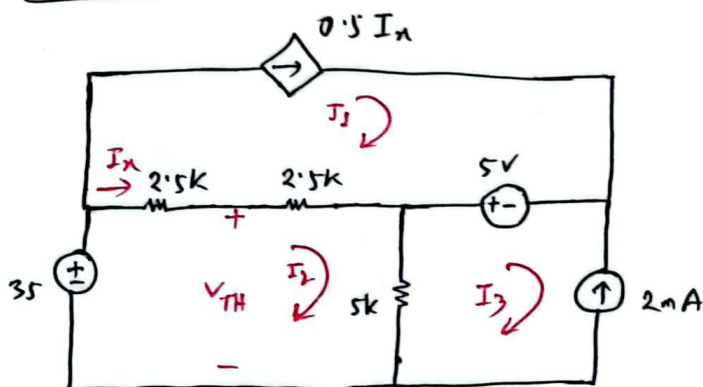
$$\frac{V_1 - V_{TH}}{2.5} + \frac{V_1}{5} = 2 + 0.5 I_x$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1 - V_{TH}}{2.5} + \frac{V_1}{5} = 2 + \frac{35 - V_{TH}}{5}$$

$$V_{TH} = 30V, \quad V_1 = 25V, \quad V_2 = 20V$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3V_1}{5} - \frac{V_{TH}}{5} = 9 \quad \dots (3)$$

Mesh:



$$I_x = I_2 - I_1$$

$$I_1 = 0.5 I_x = 0.5 (I_2 - I_1)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.5 I_1 - 0.5 I_2 = 0 \quad \dots (1)$$

$$I_3 = -2 \quad \dots (2)$$

$$2.5 (I_2 - I_1) + 2.5 (I_2 - I_1) + 5 (I_2 - I_3) = 35$$

$$\Rightarrow -5 I_1 + 10 I_2 - 5 I_3 = 35 \quad \dots (3)$$

$$I_1 = 1mA, \quad I_2 = 3mA, \quad I_3 = -2mA$$

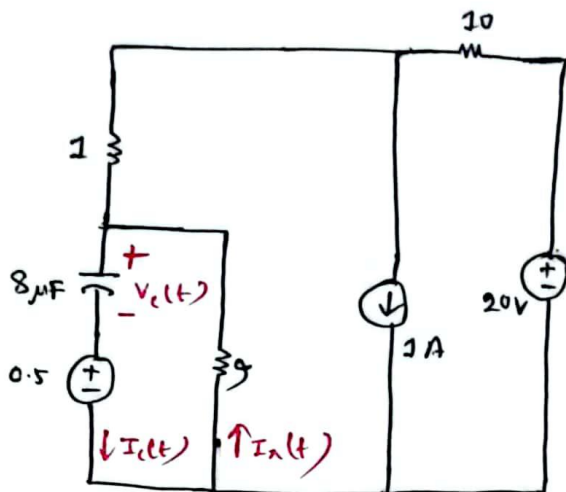
$$I_x = I_2 - I_1 = 2mA$$

$$2.5 I_x + V_{TH} = 35 \Rightarrow \boxed{V_{TH} = 30V}$$

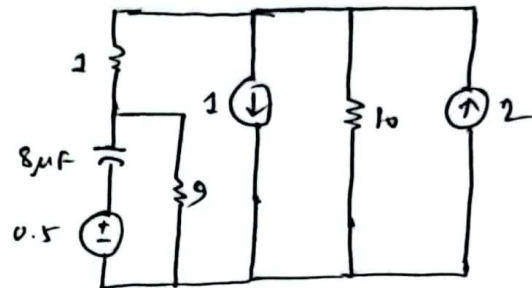
$$P_{max} = \frac{V_{TH}^2}{4R_{TH}} = \frac{30^2}{4 \times 1.5 \times 10^3} = 0.15 W = 150 mW$$

2

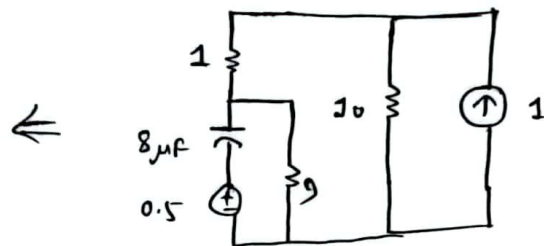
$t < 0$ :



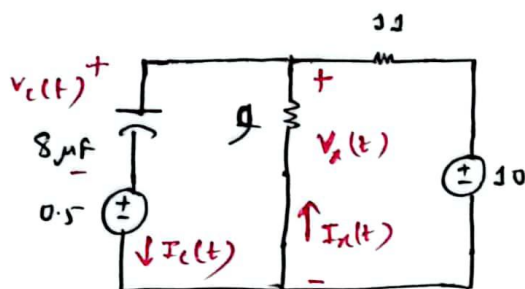
$\Rightarrow$



$\Downarrow$



$\Leftarrow$

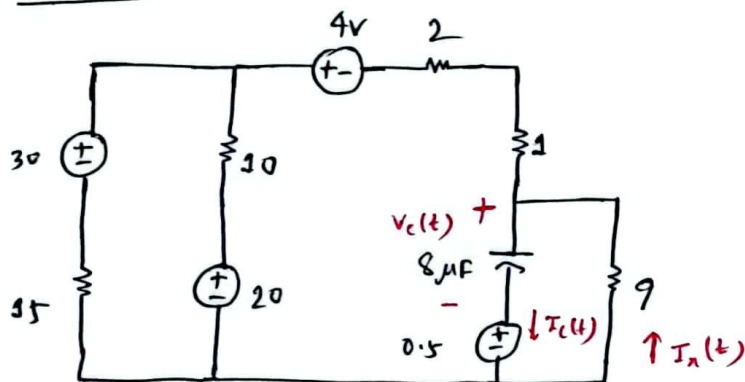


$$V_x(0^-) = \frac{9}{9+11} \times 10 = 4.5 V$$

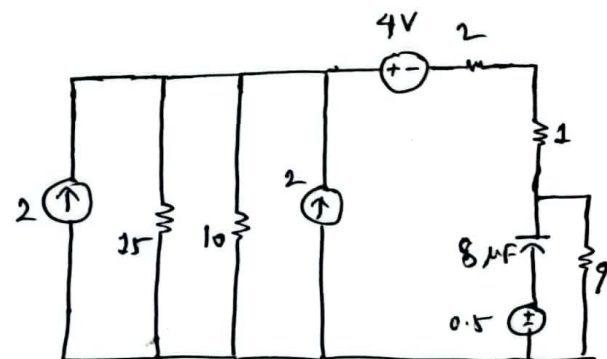
$$I_c(0) = 0 A$$

$$V_c(0^-) = V_x(0^-) - 0.5 = 4 V$$

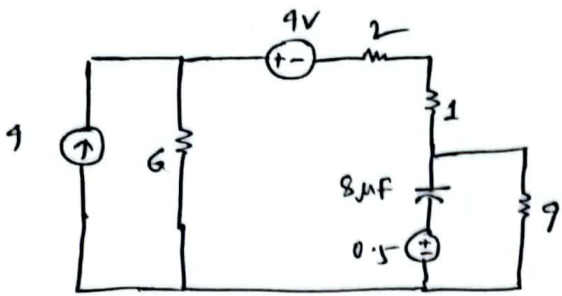
$t > 0$ :



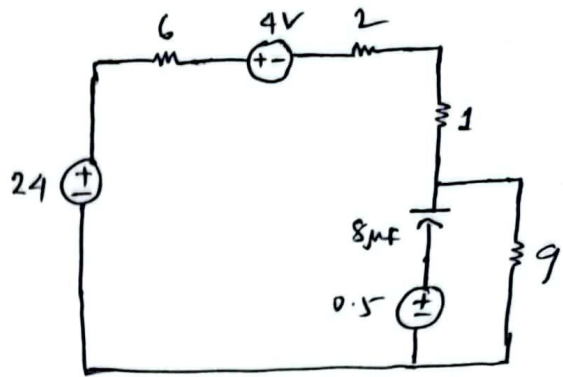
$\Rightarrow$



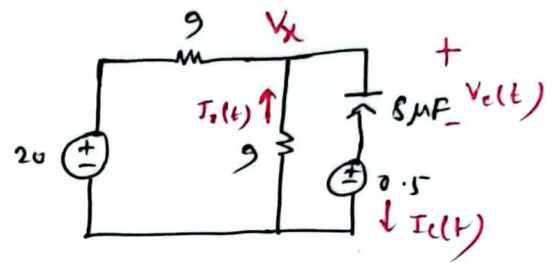
$\Downarrow$



$\Rightarrow$



$\Downarrow$



$$V_x(\infty) = \frac{9}{9+9} \times 20 = 10V$$

$$V_c(\infty) = 10 - 0.5 = 9.5V$$

$$V_c(t) = V_c(\infty) + [V_c(0) - V_c(\infty)] e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$= 9.5 + (4 - 9.5) e^{-\frac{t}{3.6 \times 10^{-5}}}$$

$$= 9.5 - 5.5 e^{-27777.78t}$$

$$I_c(t) = C \frac{dV_c(t)}{dt}$$

$$= 8 \times 10^{-6} \times 5.5 \times 27777.78 e^{-27777.78t}$$

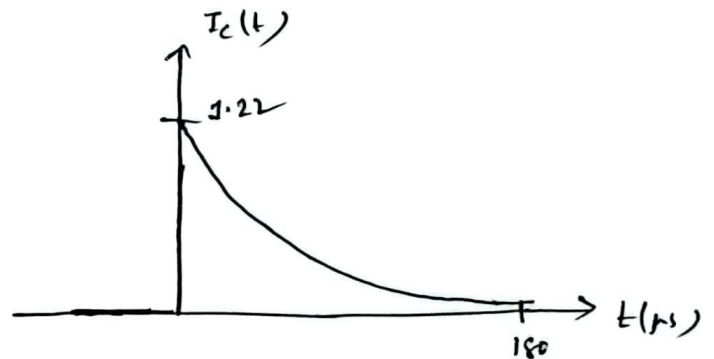
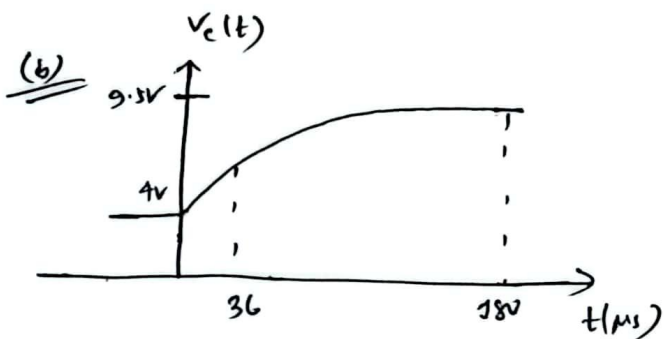
$$= 1.22 e^{-27777.78t}$$

$$R_{Th} = 9 \parallel 9 = 4.5 \Omega$$

$$\tau = R_{Th} C = 4.5 \times 8 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$= 3.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ sec}$$

$$= 36 \mu s$$



(c)  $V_x(t) = V_c(t) + 0.5 = 10 - 5.5 e^{-27777.78t} \text{ V}$

$$I_x(t) = -\frac{V_x(t)}{9}$$

$$I_x(0.02) = -\frac{10}{9} = -1.11 \text{ A}$$