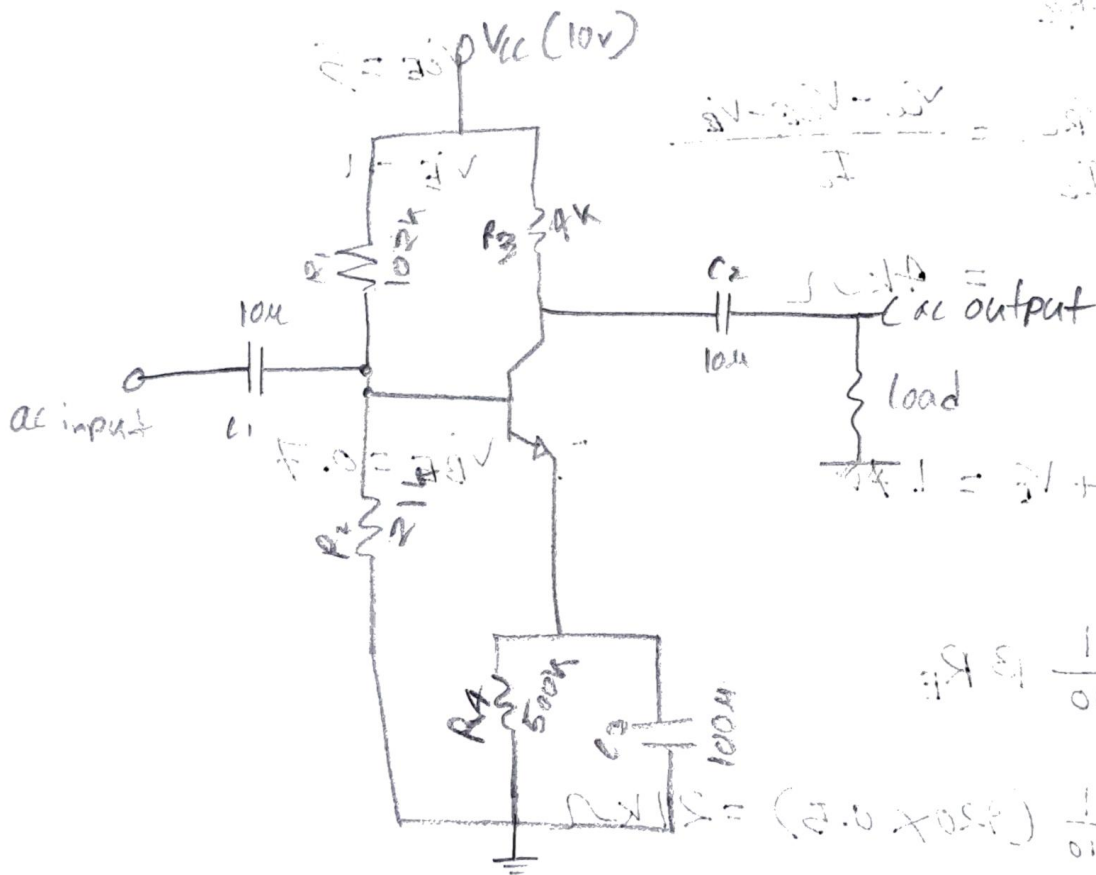


Calculation

Last 3 digit of ID is 327 = 12. That's why i use

BC547C.



From Datasheet $I_C = 2mA$, $V_{CE} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 10V$; $\beta = 920$

$$R_F = 200k\Omega$$

$$R_E = 4k\Omega$$

$$R_1 = 10k\Omega$$

$$R_2 = 51k\Omega$$

$$R_1 + R_2 = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{BE}}{I_B} = \frac{10V - 0.7V}{\frac{2mA}{\beta}} = \frac{9.3V}{\frac{2mA}{920}} = 430k\Omega$$

$$R_1 = 10k\Omega$$

$$V_E = \frac{1}{10} V_{CC} = 1V$$

where

$$R_E = \frac{V_E}{I_{E/C}} = 500\Omega$$

$$V_{CC} = 10V$$

$$V_{CE} = 5$$

$$R_C = \frac{V_{RC}}{I_C} = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{CE} - V_E}{I_C}$$

$$= 4k\Omega$$

$$V_E = 1$$

$$V_B = V_{BE} + V_E = 1.7V$$

$$\therefore V_{BE} = 0.7$$

$$R_2 = \frac{1}{10} \beta R_E$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} (920 \times 0.5) = 21k\Omega$$

$$V_B = \frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_1} V_{CC} \quad [\text{voltage divider rule}]$$

$$1.7V = \frac{(21k\Omega)}{R_1 + 21k\Omega} 10V$$

$$\therefore R_1 = 102k\Omega$$

$$\therefore R_E = 500k\Omega$$

$$R_C = 4k\Omega$$

$$R_1 = 102k\Omega$$

$$R_2 = 21k\Omega$$