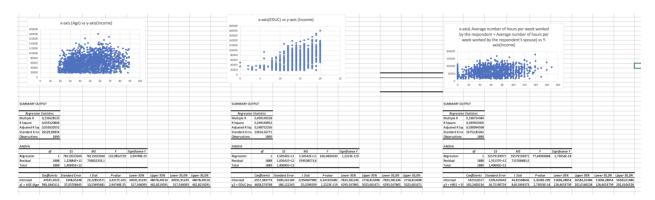
**4.** The 3 scatter plots of the 3 different regression models are as shown below



R square coefficient says the best fit of the model. Out of the above 3 models, **X** (**EDUC**) **vs Y** (**Income**) **model can explain the variation better** (24.9 %) compared to the other 2 models. Hence, using X(educ) as a dependent variable results in a better model.

Regression equation is y = b0 + b1(x)

Variable coefficient interpretation: If x is changed by 1 unit, y would change by b1 unit

## 1st scatter plot & model: Age vs Income

Y(Income) = b0 + b1(x = Age) = 44335.2 + (390.18) Age

Variable coefficient interpretation: If age changes by 1 year, income will change by 390.18 \$

## $2^{nd}$ scatter plot & model: Educ (number of years of school completed by respondent) vs Income

Y(Income) = b0 + b1(x = Educ) = -2557.8 + (4658.5) Educ

Variable coefficient interpretation: If educ (number of years of school completed by respondent) changes by 1 year, income will change by 390.18 \$

## $3^{rd}$ scatter plot & model: HRS1 + SPHRS1 (Avg hrs worked by respondent and spouse together) vs Income

Y(Income) = b0 + b1(x = Educ) = 54210.6 + (165.2) Avg hrs worked by respondent and spouse together

Variable coefficient interpretation: If HRS1 + SPHRS1 (Avg hrs worked by respondent and spouse together) changes by 1 year, income will change by 165.2 \$

5. Mean value of **Educ** ((number of years of school completed by respondent) column is 14,15 years. Predicted value is 63361,45  $\$ \pm$  46404,05916 for the annual income of a household with the mean value of the Educ independent variable of 14,15 years.

Predicting the average value for the annual income of a series of households is 63361,45  $\pm$  1066,832