

## СТАТИКА КОНСТРУКЦИЈА 1

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Модул: Конструкције

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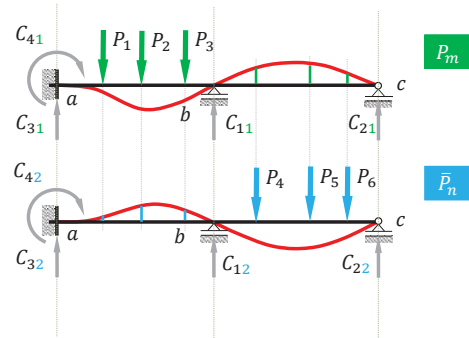
– материјал за вежбе –

2024.

## Теореме о узајамности

20 Betti – јева теорема

$$\sum P_m \delta_m + \sum C_i \bar{c}_i = \sum \bar{P}_n \delta_n + \sum \bar{C}_i c_i$$



Рад спољашњих сила  $P_m$  и  $C_i$  **првог** система при померањима која изазива **други** систем једнак је раду спољашњих сила  $\bar{P}_n$  и  $\bar{C}_i$  **другог** система при померањима који изазива **први** систем утицаја.

21 Maxwell – ова теорема

$$\sum P_m \delta_m + \sum C_i \bar{c}_i = \sum \bar{P}_n \delta_n + \sum \bar{C}_i c_i$$

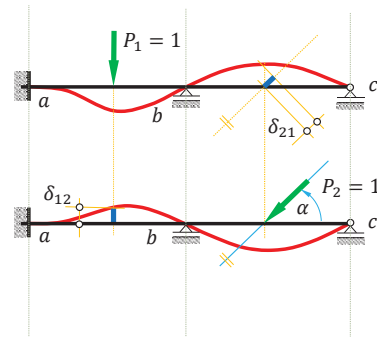
$$P_m \Rightarrow P_1 = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \delta_n = \delta_{21}$$

$$\bar{P}_n \Rightarrow P_2 = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \delta_m = \delta_{12}$$

$$\sum 1 \cdot \delta_{12} + \sum C_i \bar{c}_i = \sum 1 \cdot \delta_{21} + \sum \bar{C}_i c_i$$

$$1 \cdot \delta_{12} = 1 \cdot \delta_{21}$$

$$\delta_{12} = \delta_{21}$$



Померање нападне тачке силе  $P_1$  у правцу те силе услед силе  $P_2$  једнако је померању нападне тачке силе  $P_2$  у правцу силе  $P_2$  услед силе  $P_1$ .

22 прва Rayleigh – јева теорема

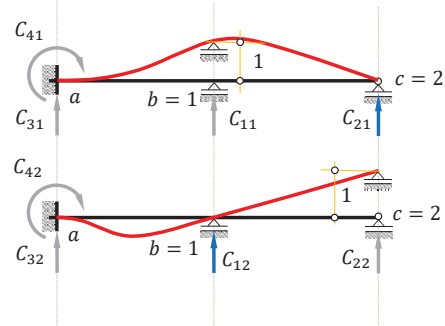
$$\sum P_m \delta_m + \sum C_i \bar{c}_i = \sum \bar{P}_n \delta_n + \sum \bar{C}_i c_i$$

$$P_m \Rightarrow P_1 = 0 \quad c_i = c_1 = 1 \quad \Rightarrow C_i = C_{12}$$

$$\bar{P}_n \Rightarrow P_2 = 0 \quad \bar{c}_i = c_2 = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \bar{C}_i = C_{21}$$

$$\sum 0 \cdot \delta_m + \sum C_i \bar{c}_i = \sum 0 \cdot \delta_n + \sum \bar{C}_i c_i$$

$$C_{12} \cdot 1 = C_{21} \cdot 1$$



Реакција ослонца 1 услед јединичног померања ослонца 2 једнака је реакцији ослонца 2 услед јединичног померања ослонца 1.

23 друга Rayleigh – јева теорема

$$\sum P_m \delta_m + \sum C_i \bar{c}_i = \sum \bar{P}_n \delta_n + \sum \bar{C}_i c_i$$

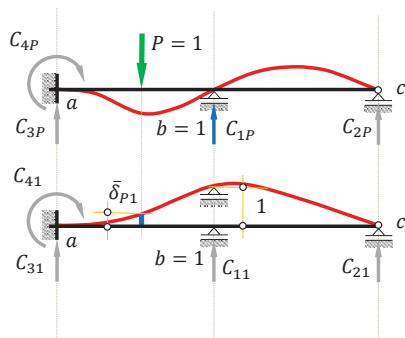
$$P_m \Rightarrow P = 1 \quad c_i = 0 \quad \Rightarrow C_{1P}$$

$$\bar{P}_n \Rightarrow P = 0 \quad \bar{c}_i = c_1 = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \bar{C}_i = \bar{C}_{P1}$$

$$\sum 1 \cdot \delta_{P1} + \sum C_{1P} \cdot 1 = \sum 0 \cdot \delta_n + \sum \bar{C}_{P1} \cdot 0$$

$$C_{1P} \cdot 1 = -\bar{C}_{P1} \cdot 1$$

$$C_{1P} = -\bar{C}_{P1}$$



Реакција ослонца 1 услед дејства јединичне силе  $P$  једнака је негативној вредности померања нападне тачке силе  $P$  у правцу те силе услед јединичног померања ослонца 1.

# DEFORMACIJA STATIČKI OPREĐENIH NOSAČA

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \varepsilon &= \frac{M}{EJ} + \alpha t \frac{\Delta t}{h} \\ \varepsilon &= \frac{N}{EF} + \nu_1 t \\ \varphi_T &= k \frac{T}{GF} \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \Delta u_i, \Delta t_i, \Delta \varphi_i \rightarrow C_{oi}, C_{ui} \Rightarrow u_i, v_i$$

## Princip virtualni radova

Princip: Algebarski zbir radova unutrašnjih i spoljasnih jednog mogućeg stanja jeste jednak nuli

$$\sum \bar{P} \delta + \sum \bar{Q} \alpha = \int_s (\bar{M} \varepsilon + \bar{N} \varepsilon + \bar{T} \varphi_T) ds$$

$$\bar{P}=1$$

$$\bar{M}=1$$

$$\delta = \int_s (\bar{M} \varepsilon + \bar{N} \varepsilon + \bar{T} \varphi_T) ds - \sum \bar{Q} \alpha$$

$$\delta = \int_s \left( \frac{M \bar{M}}{EJ} + \frac{N \bar{N}}{EF} + k \frac{T \bar{T}}{GF} + \bar{M} \alpha t \frac{\Delta t}{h} + \bar{N} \alpha t t \right) ds - \sum \bar{Q} \alpha$$

$$\delta_0 = \int_s \frac{M \bar{M}}{EJ} ds + \int_s \frac{N \bar{N}}{EF} ds + k \int_s \frac{T \bar{T}}{GF} ds$$

$$\delta_t = \int_s \bar{M} \alpha t \frac{\Delta t}{h} ds + \int_s \bar{N} \alpha t t ds$$

$$\delta_c = - \sum \bar{Q} \alpha$$

$$EJ \delta_0 = \int_s M \bar{M} \frac{J_c}{J} ds + \frac{J_c}{F_c} \int_s N \bar{N} \frac{F_c}{F} ds + (2+2) \frac{J_c}{F_c} \int_s T \bar{T} \frac{F_c}{F} ds$$

$$ds = \frac{J_c}{J} ds$$

$$ds'' = \frac{F_c}{F} ds$$

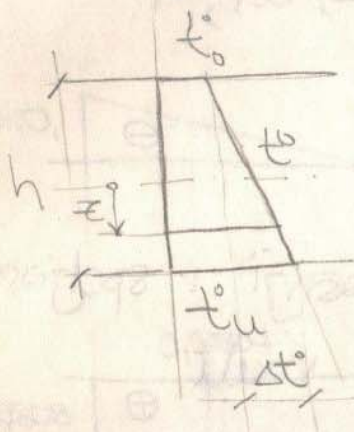
$$ds''' =$$

$$EJ_c \delta_0 = \int_s M \bar{M} \frac{J_c}{J} ds + \frac{J_c}{F_c} \int_s N \bar{N} \frac{F_c}{F} ds$$

usled spoljasnog opterećenja



$$FJc\delta c = -\sum C_i c_i$$



$$t(x) = t_0 + \Delta t \frac{x}{h}$$

$$\Delta t^o = t_u^o - t_o^o$$

$$t^{\circ} = \frac{t_u + t_o}{2}$$

had rasetti 3

$$\delta = \int_S \bar{N} \epsilon ds - \sum_i \bar{Q}_i c_i$$

$$\delta = \sum_i \int \bar{N} \epsilon_i d\sigma - \sum_i C_i a_i = \sum_s \bar{S} \Delta L - \sum_i \bar{Q} a_i = \sum_s \underbrace{\frac{\bar{S} \bar{\sigma}}{H}}_L + \sum_s \bar{S} \cdot \alpha + \bar{v} \cdot L - \sum_i \bar{Q} a_i$$

$$\int \vec{N} \cdot \vec{E} ds = \vec{N} \cdot \vec{E} \int ds = \vec{N} \cdot \underbrace{\vec{E} \cdot \vec{l}}_{\vec{S}} = \vec{S} \cdot \vec{A}$$

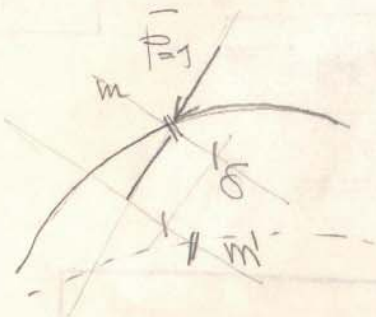
$$\delta_0 = \sum_s \frac{S \bar{S}}{EF} \cdot l / EF_c \rightarrow EF_c \cdot \delta_0 = \sum S \bar{S} \frac{F_c}{F} \cdot l$$

$$\delta t = \sum_s \bar{S} \delta t^s \cdot l / \#F_c \rightarrow \#F_c \cdot \delta t = \sum \bar{S} \delta t^s \cdot l \#F_c$$

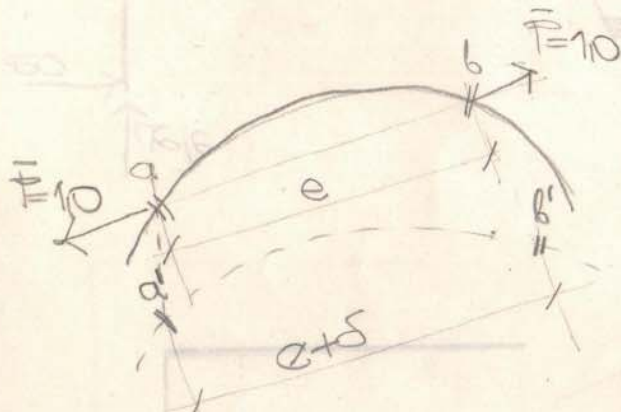
$$\delta c = \sum \bar{Q}_i c_i / E T_c \quad E T_c \delta c = - E T_c \sum \bar{Q}_i c_i$$



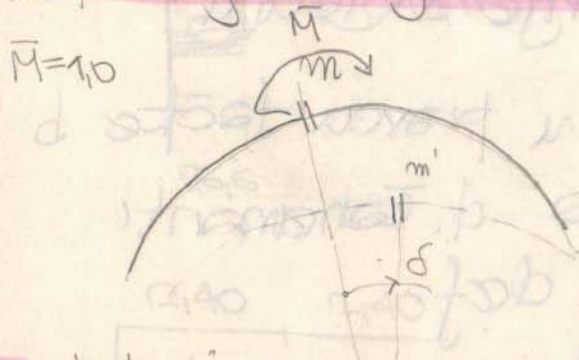
1. gen. pom. tačke u određenom pravcu



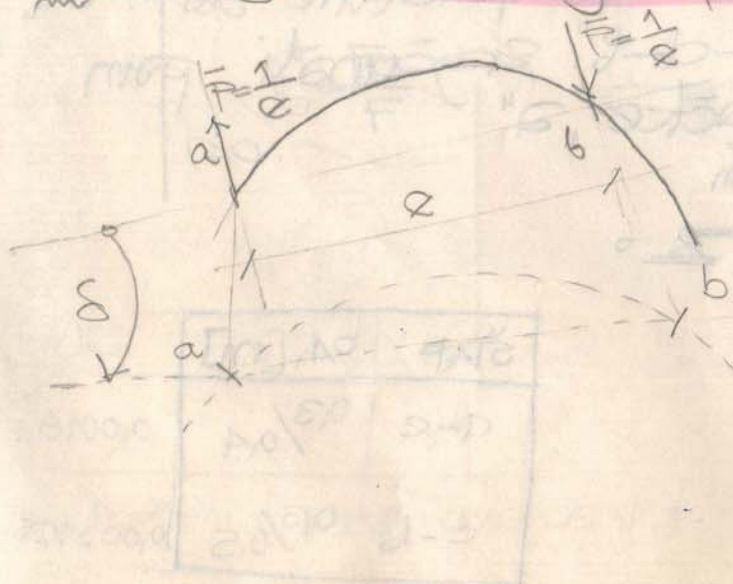
2. promjena odstojanja između dvije tačke



3. promjena ugla u presjeku

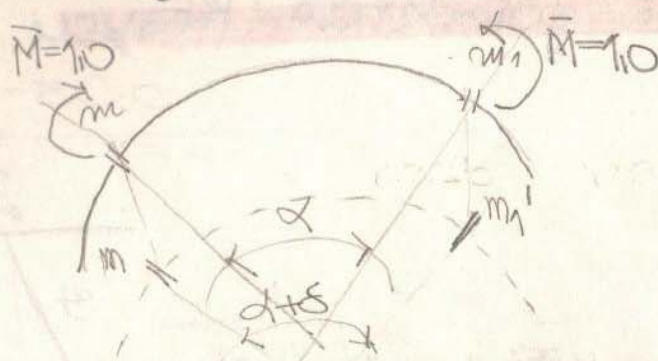


4. obrtanje prave koja prolazi kroz tačke A i B

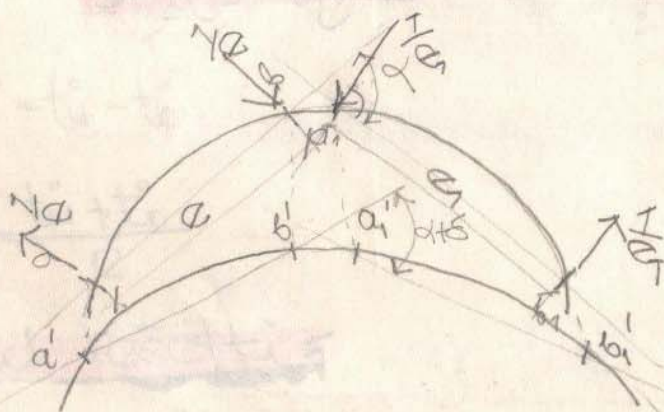




# 5. promjena ugla ravnosti prave $m$ i $m_1$

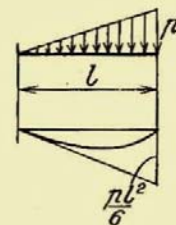
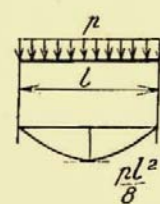
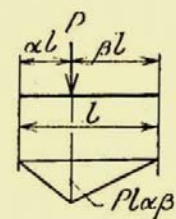


# 6. promjena ugla ravnosti duge prave



TABLICA 1

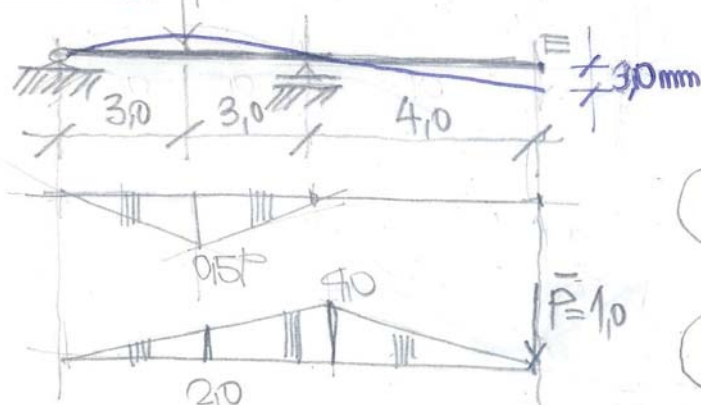
$\frac{1}{l} \int_0^l M \bar{M} ds$	$\bar{i}$		$\bar{i}$			
$i$	$i\bar{i}$	$\frac{1}{2} i\bar{k}$	$\frac{1}{2} i(\bar{i} + \bar{k})$	$\frac{1}{2} i\bar{m}$	$\frac{2}{3} i\bar{m}$	$\frac{1}{4} i\bar{k}$
	$\frac{1}{2} k\bar{i}$	$\frac{1}{3} k\bar{k}$	$\frac{1}{6} k(\bar{i} + 2\bar{k})$	$\frac{1}{6} k\bar{m}(1 + \alpha)$	$\frac{1}{3} k\bar{m}$	$\frac{2}{15} k\bar{k}$
$i$	$\frac{1}{2} i\bar{i}$	$\frac{1}{6} i\bar{k}$	$\frac{1}{6} i(2\bar{i} + \bar{k})$	$\frac{1}{6} i\bar{m}(1 + \beta)$	$\frac{1}{3} i\bar{m}$	$\frac{7}{60} i\bar{k}$
$i$	$\frac{1}{2} (i + k)\bar{i}$	$\frac{1}{6} (i + 2k)\bar{k}$	$\frac{1}{6} [i(2\bar{i} + \bar{k}) + k(\bar{i} + 2\bar{k})]$	$\frac{1}{6} [i(1 + \beta) + k(1 + \alpha)]\bar{m}$	$\frac{1}{3} (i + k)\bar{m}$	$\frac{1}{60} (7i + 8k)\bar{k}$
	$\frac{1}{2} m\bar{i}$	$\frac{1}{6} m\bar{k}(1 + \alpha)$	$\frac{1}{6} m[\bar{i}(1 + \beta) + \bar{k}(1 + \alpha)]$	$\frac{1}{3} m\bar{m}$	$\frac{1}{3} m\bar{m}(1 + \alpha\beta)$	$\frac{1}{20} m\bar{k}(1 + \alpha) \cdot (\frac{7}{3} - \alpha^2)$
	$\frac{2}{3} m\bar{i}$	$\frac{1}{3} m\bar{k}$	$\frac{1}{3} m(\bar{i} + \bar{k})$	$\frac{1}{3} m\bar{m}(1 + \alpha\beta)$	$\frac{8}{15} m\bar{m}$	$\frac{1}{5} m\bar{k}$
	$\frac{1}{4} k\bar{i}$	$\frac{2}{15} k\bar{k}$	$\frac{1}{60} k(7\bar{i} + 8\bar{k})$	$\frac{1}{20} k\bar{m}(1 + \alpha) \cdot (\frac{7}{3} - \alpha^2)$	$\frac{1}{5} k\bar{m}$	$\frac{8}{105} k\bar{k}$
$i$	$\frac{1}{4} i\bar{i}$	$\frac{7}{60} i\bar{k}$	$\frac{1}{60} i(8\bar{i} + 7\bar{k})$	$\frac{1}{20} i\bar{m}(1 + \beta) \cdot (\frac{7}{3} - \beta^2)$	$\frac{1}{5} i\bar{m}$	$\frac{31}{420} i\bar{k}$





ЗАДАЧА

Одредити силу  $P$  ако је вертикално померање тачке "E" 3mm.



$$\Delta E = 3.0 \text{ mm}$$

$$EI = 10 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ kNm}^2$$

$$M(\text{kNm})$$

$$M_1(\text{kNm})$$

$$EI \Delta E = -310P$$

$$10 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 0.003 = -310P$$

$$P = -10.00 \text{ kN}$$

$$EI \Delta E = -\frac{1}{3} \cdot 0.5P \cdot 2 \cdot 3 - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 0.5P (4 + 2 \cdot 2) \cdot 3 =$$

$$= -1P - 2P = -3P$$

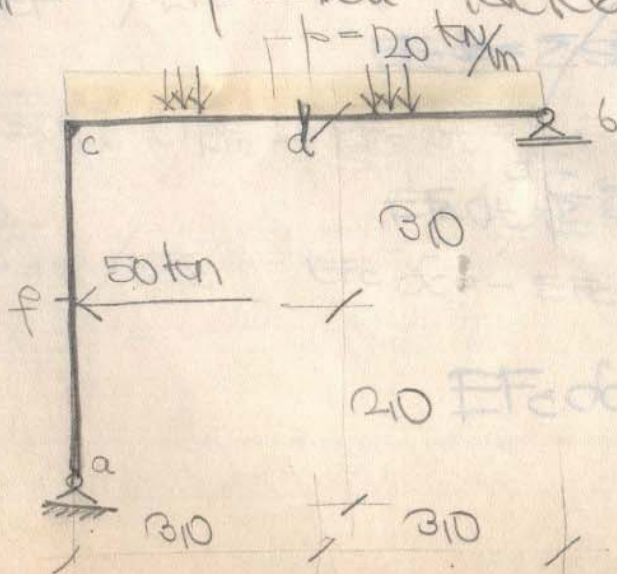
zadatak

zadati nosač i opterećenje odrediti

1.

- померање тачке  $f$  у правцу тачке  $b$
- обртање пресека  $d$ . Уочавати  
утицај транс. сила на деф.

2. При задатој промени температуре  $t_0 = -5^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $t_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$  дуж стапа "c-d-b" израчунати пом.  
тачке "d" у правцу тачке "a"



СТАП	$b/h$ [m]	$J$ (m <sup>4</sup> )
a-c	0.3/0.4	0.0016
c-b	0.3/0.5	0.003125

$$E = 2 \cdot 10^7 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

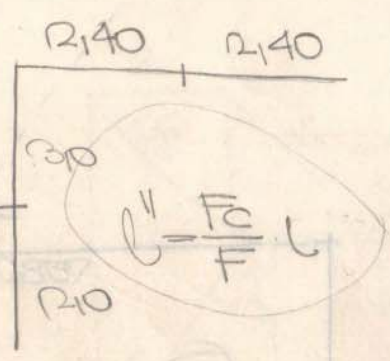
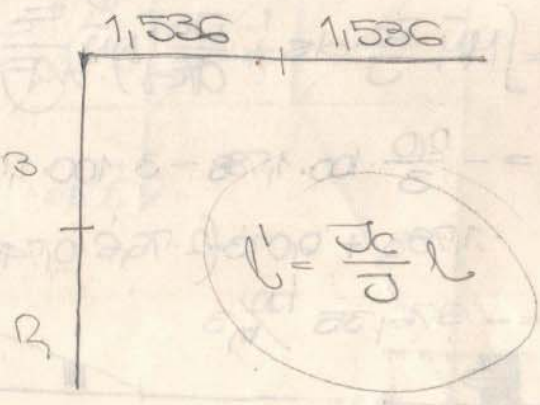
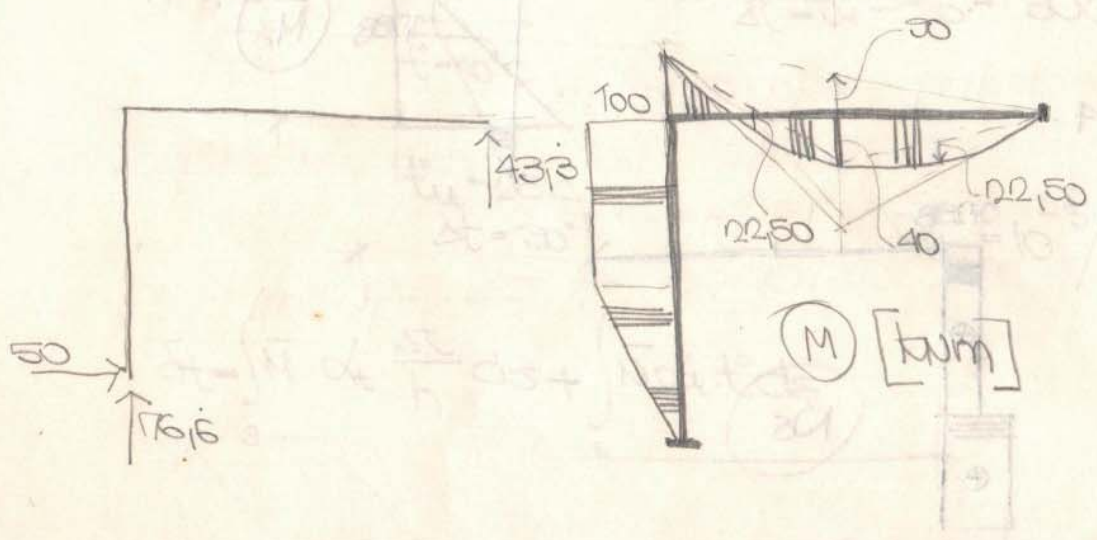
$F(m^2)$
0,12
0,15

$$F_c = 0,12 m^2$$

$$J_c = 0,0016 m^4$$

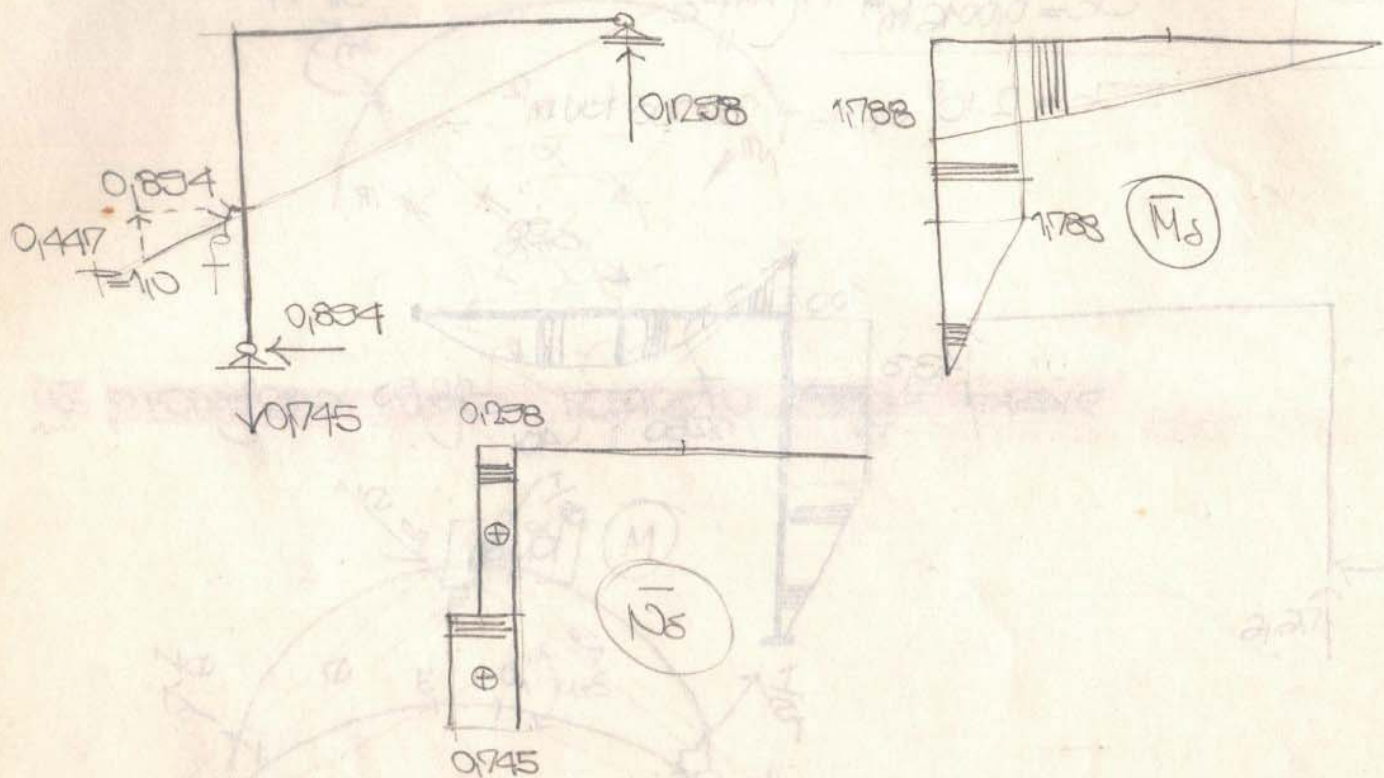
$$\frac{J_c}{F_c} = 0,0133 m^2$$

$$EJ_c = 2 \cdot 10^7 \cdot 0,0016 = 32000 kNm^2$$



$$2m(1,536) = \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,40 \cdot 2,40\right) \cdot 176,6 + 2,40 \cdot 2,40 \cdot 176,6 + \dots$$



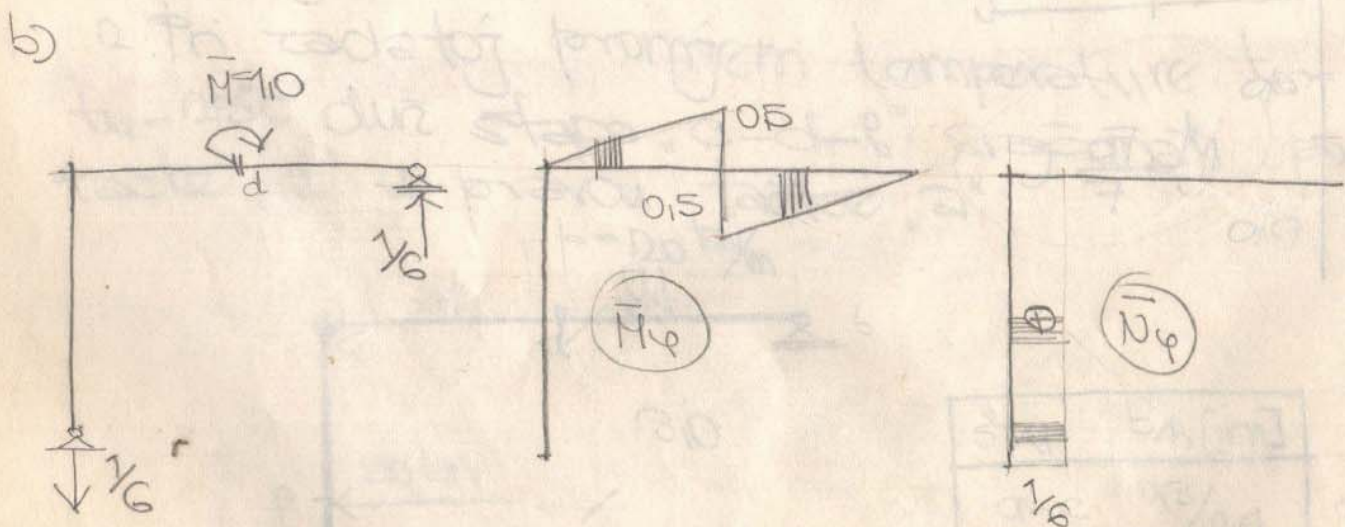


$$EJ_c \delta = \int M \bar{M} \frac{J_c}{J} ds + \frac{J_c}{F_c} \int N \bar{N} \frac{F_c}{F} ds$$

$$EJ_c \cdot \delta = -\frac{20}{3} \cdot 100 \cdot 1.788 - 3 \cdot 100 \cdot 1.788 - \frac{1}{3} 3.072 \cdot 100 \cdot 1.788 + \frac{1}{3} 3.072 \cdot 30 \cdot 1.788 + 0.013 (2 \cdot 76.6 \cdot 0.745 - 3 \cdot 76.6 \cdot 0.1238)$$

$$EJ_c \cdot \delta = -676.35 \frac{\text{Nm}}{3}$$

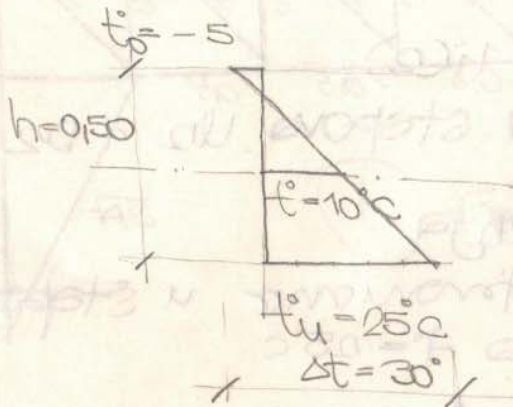
$$\delta = -0.021 \text{ m} = -2.1 \text{ cm}$$



$$EJ_c \varphi = -\frac{1}{2} 1.536 \cdot 0.50 (2.40 - 1.00) - \frac{1}{3} 1.536 \cdot 0.50 \cdot 22.50 + \frac{1}{3} 1.536 \cdot 40 \cdot 0.50 + \frac{1}{3} 1.536 \cdot 22.50 \cdot 0.50 + 0.013 (-50 \cdot 76.6 \cdot \frac{1}{6}) = 101.55 \text{ Nm}^2$$

$$\varphi = 0,0032 \text{ rad.}$$

②.

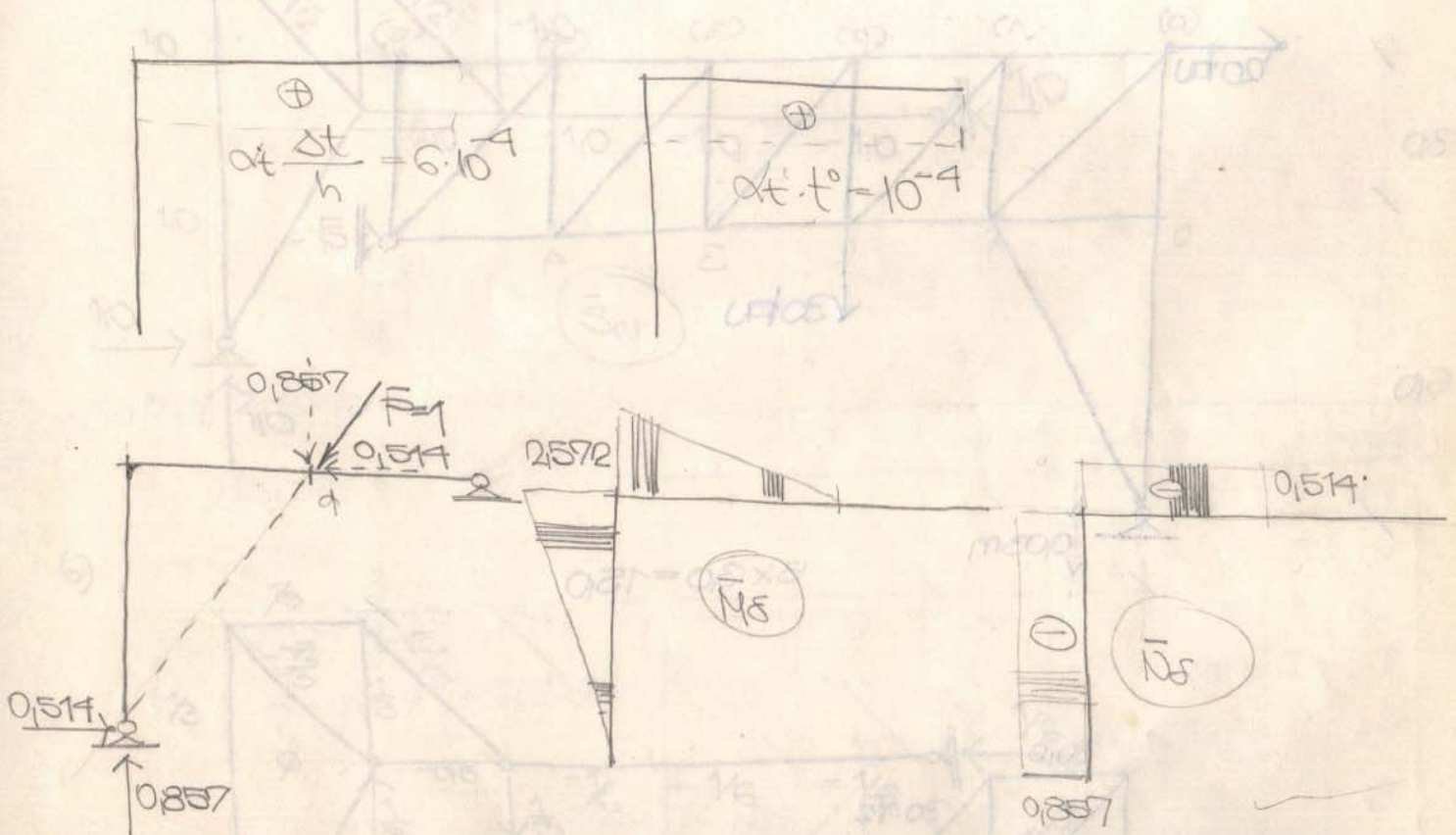


$$t^\circ = \frac{t_u + t_p}{2} = 10^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\Delta t = t_u - t_p = 30^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\alpha_t = 10^{-5}/^\circ\text{C} - \text{za beton}$$

$$\delta_t = \int_s \bar{N} \cdot \alpha_t \frac{\Delta t}{h} ds + \int_s \bar{N} \alpha_t \cdot t^\circ ds$$



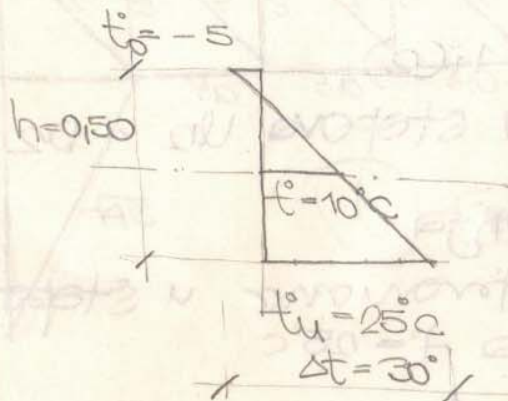
$$\delta_t = \left( -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,0 \cdot 2572 \cdot 6 \cdot 10^{-4} - 3 \cdot 0,514 \cdot 10^{-4} \right) \cdot E_c$$

$$\delta_t = -2,161 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m} \Rightarrow \delta = -2,16 \text{ mm}$$



$\varphi = 0,0032 \text{ rad.}$

(2.)

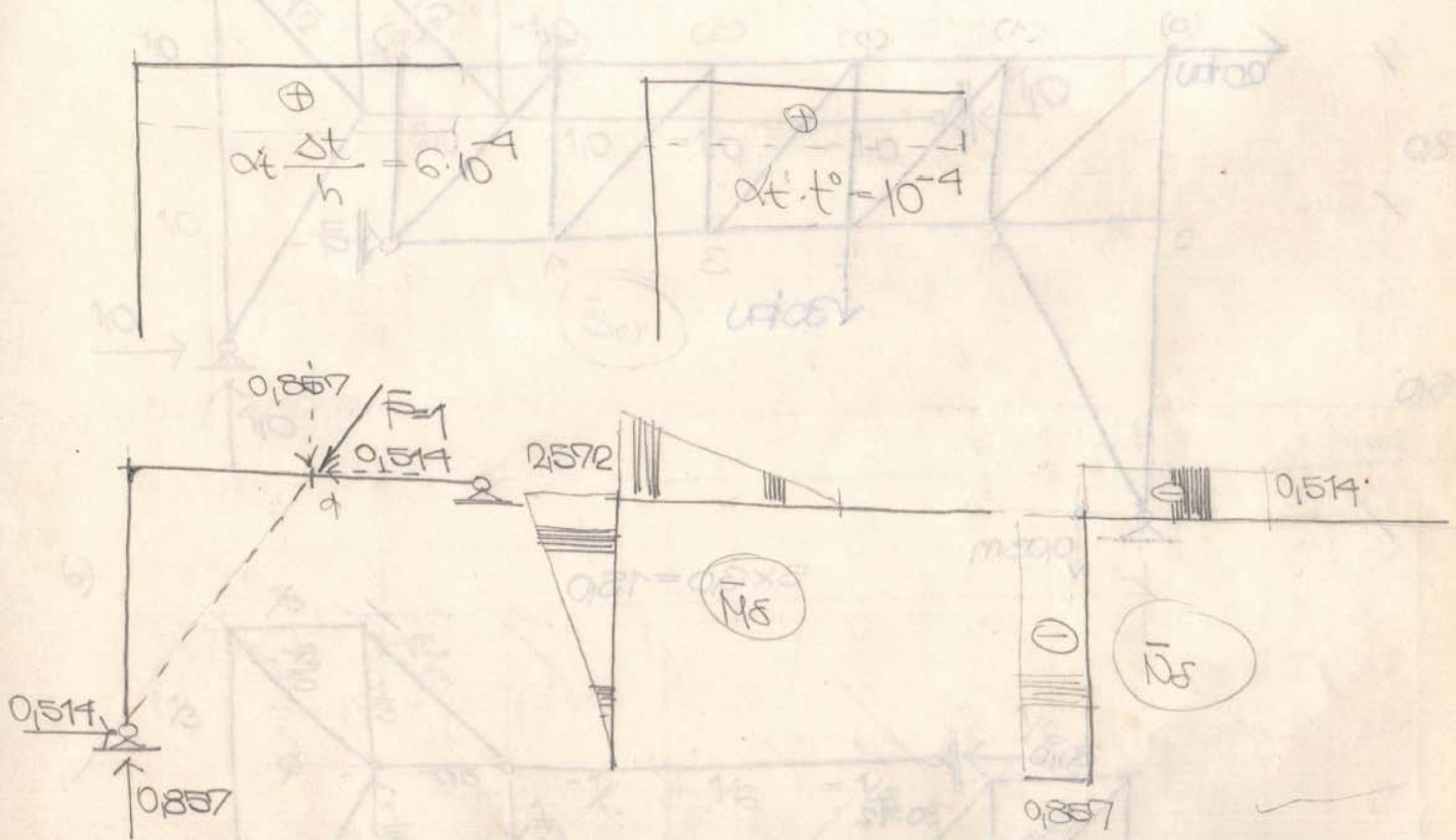


$$t^\circ = \frac{t_u + t_p}{2} = 10^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\Delta t = t_u - t_p = 30^\circ\text{C}$$

$\alpha_t = 10^{-5}/^\circ\text{C}$  - za beten

$$\delta_t = \int_s \bar{N} \cdot \alpha_t \frac{\Delta t}{h} ds + \int_s \bar{N} \alpha_t \cdot t^\circ ds$$



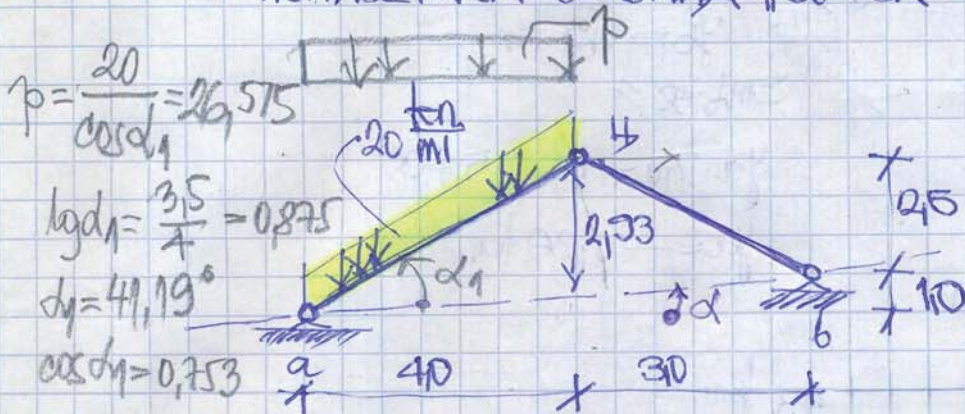
$$EJ_b \delta_t = \left( -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 30 \cdot 2572 \cdot 6 \cdot 10^{-4} - 3 \cdot 0514 \cdot 10^{-4} \right) \cdot EJ_b$$

$$\delta_t = -2,181 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m} \rightarrow \delta = -2,16 \text{ mm}$$



ЗАДАЧА 1  
ЗА НОСАЧ НА СВИЦИ УМЕД ЗАДАНОТ ОПРЕДЕЛЕНА ОДРЕДЕНИ:

- 1° - ПРОМЕНИ УГЛА У "1"
- 2° - ХОРИЗОНТАЛНО ПОМИРАЊЕ ЧЕОРА "1" УМЕД ВЕРТИКАЛНОТ ПОМИРАЊА ОСНОВИЦА "а" ЗА 0,01 м



$E = 2 \cdot 10^7$

$J = 0,0072 \text{ m}^4$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{7} = 0,14285 = 0,14$

$\alpha = 8,13^\circ$

$\sum M_a = 0 \Rightarrow y_b \cdot 70 - 106,30 \cdot 20 = 0 \Rightarrow y_b = 30,37 \text{ tcn}$

$\sum M_b = 0 \Rightarrow -y_a \cdot 70 + 106,30 \cdot 50 = 0 \Rightarrow y_a = 75,93 \text{ tcn}$

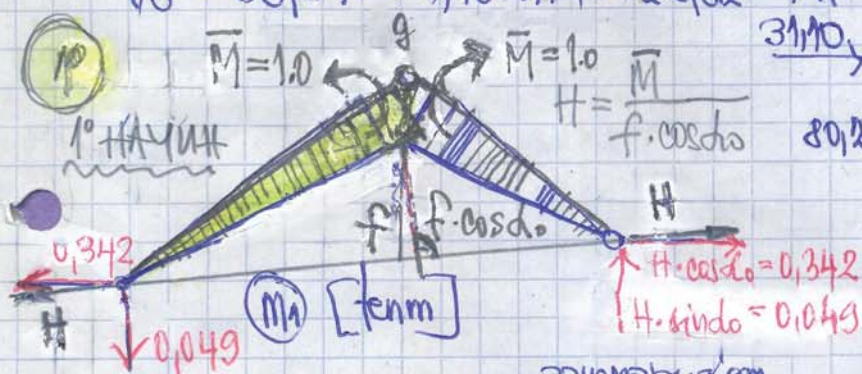
$H_a = \frac{1}{2,33} (75,93 \cdot 40 - 106,30 \cdot 20) \Rightarrow H_a = 31,10 \text{ tcn}$

$H_b = \frac{1}{2,33} (30,37 \cdot 30) \Rightarrow H_b = 31,10 \text{ tcn}$

$V_a = 75,93 + 31,10 \cdot 0,14 = 80,28 \text{ tcn}$

$V_b = 30,37 - 31,10 \cdot 0,14 = 26,02 \text{ tcn}$

$M = 80,28 \cdot 2 - 31,1 \cdot 0,5 \cdot 3,5 - 26,575 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 52,985$



$H = \frac{1}{2,33 \cdot 0,9899} = 0,345 \text{ tcn}$

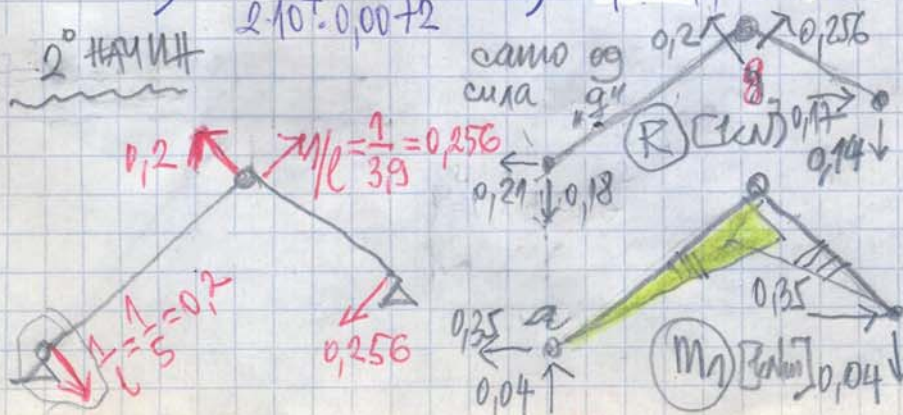
$EI \cdot \delta_y = \int \frac{M M_0}{EI} ds + \int \frac{N N_0}{EI} ds + \int \frac{H H_0}{EI} ds$

$EI \cdot \delta_y = -\frac{1}{3} \cdot 1 \cdot 52,985 \cdot 5 + 0 = 88,417$

$\delta_y = \frac{88,417}{2 \cdot 10^7 \cdot 0,0072}$

$\delta_y = 0,000614 \text{ rad.}$

→ ПРОВЕРА СЪ 2° НАЧИН.

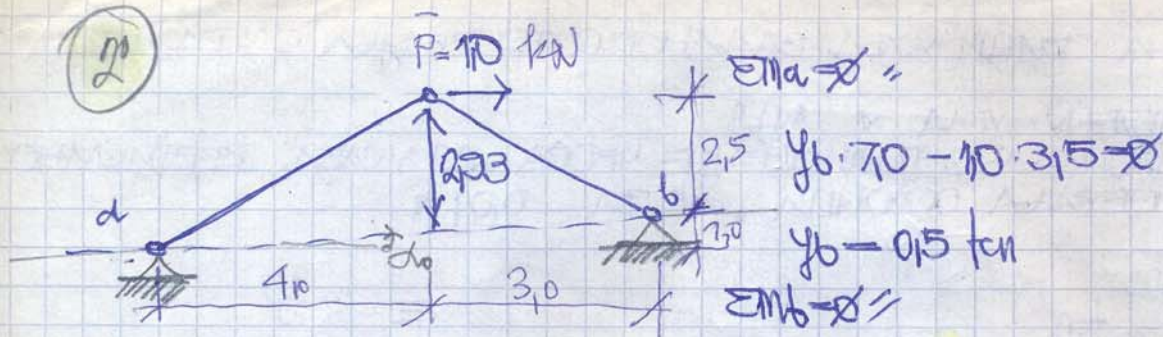


$EI \delta_y = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1 \cdot 52,985 \cdot 5 + 0 = 88,417$

$\delta_y = 0,000614 \text{ rad.}$



2)



$$H_b = \frac{1}{2.5} (0.5 \cdot 3.0) = 0.151 \text{ kN}$$

$$H_a = \frac{1}{2.5} (-0.36 \cdot 4.0) = -0.49 \text{ kN}$$

$$y_a = -0.36 + (-0.49) \cdot 0.14 = -0.43 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_b = 0.5 - 0.151 \cdot 0.14 = 0.43$$

$$y_a \cdot 7.0 + 10 \cdot 2.5 = 0$$

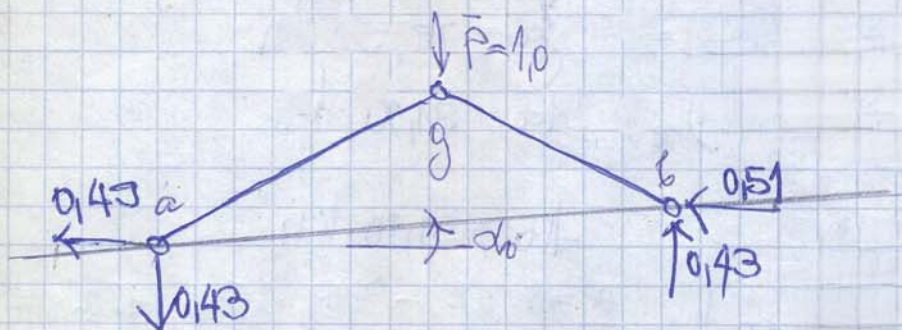
$$y_a = -0.36 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Sigma M_b = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_a = 0$$

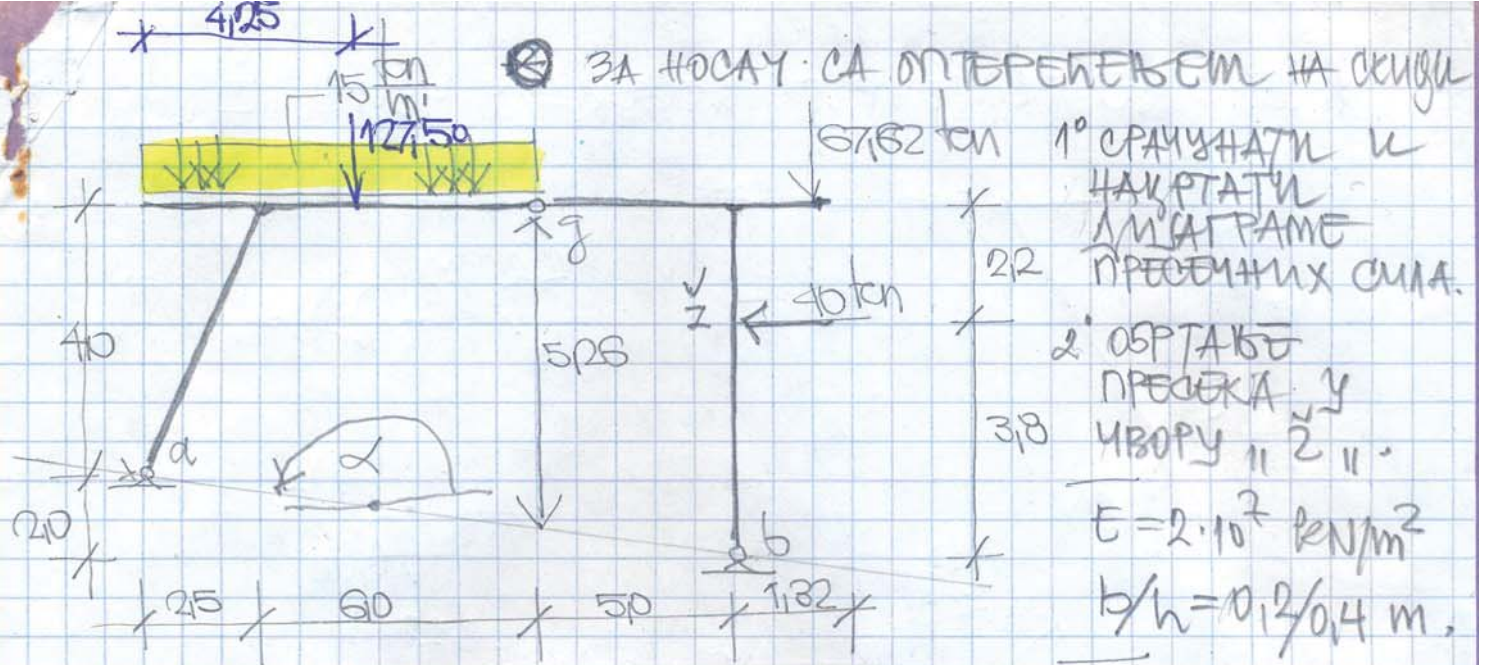
$$y_b \cdot 7.0 - 10 \cdot 3.5 = 0$$

$$y_b = 0.5 \text{ kN}$$



$$\delta_y = -\sum \bar{C}_i \cdot c_i = -(-0.43) \cdot 0.01 = 0.0043 \text{ m} = 4.3 \text{ mm}$$





$$\sum M_a = 0: y_b \cdot 13.5 + 40 \cdot 1.8 - 67.62 \cdot 14.82 - 12.75 \cdot 4.25 = 0$$

$$y_b = \frac{-40 \cdot 1.8 + 67.62 \cdot 14.82 + 12.75 \cdot 4.25}{13.5} \quad y_b = 108.71 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum M_b = 0:$$

$$-y_a \cdot 13.5 + 12.75 \cdot 5.25 + 40 \cdot 3.8 - 67.62 \cdot 1.32$$

$$y_a = \frac{12.75 \cdot 5.25 + 40 \cdot 3.8 - 67.62 \cdot 1.32}{13.5}$$

$$y_a = 32.00 \text{ kN.}$$

$$\sum M_g = 0:$$

$$-y_a \cdot 8.5 + 12.75 \cdot 4.25 + H_a \cdot 5.26 = 0$$

$$H_a = \frac{32.00 \cdot 8.5 - 12.75 \cdot 4.25}{5.26} \quad H_a = 45.65 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum M_g = 0:$$

$$H_b \cdot 5.26 - y_b \cdot 5.0 + 40 \cdot 2.2 + 67.62 \cdot 6.32 = 0$$

$$H_b = \frac{108.71 \cdot 5.0 - 40 \cdot 2.2 - 67.62 \cdot 6.32}{5.26}$$

$$H_b = 5.34 \text{ kN}$$

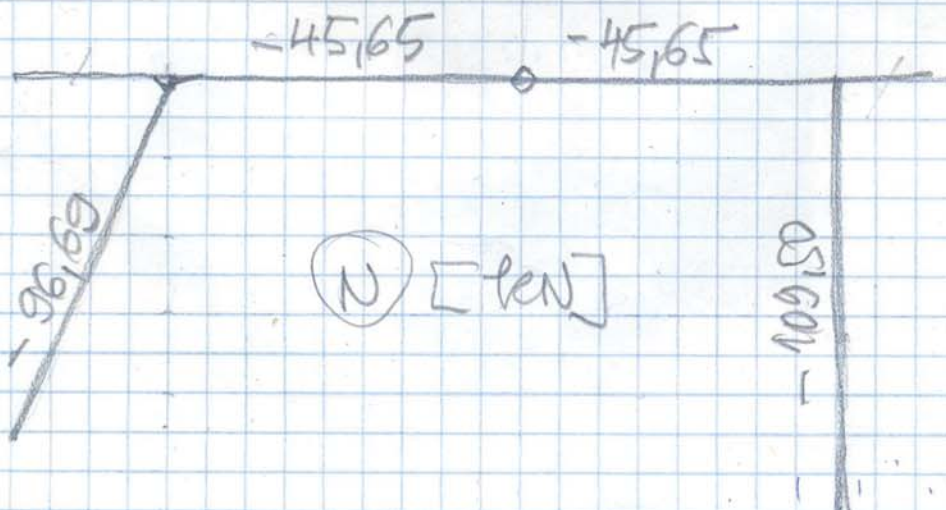
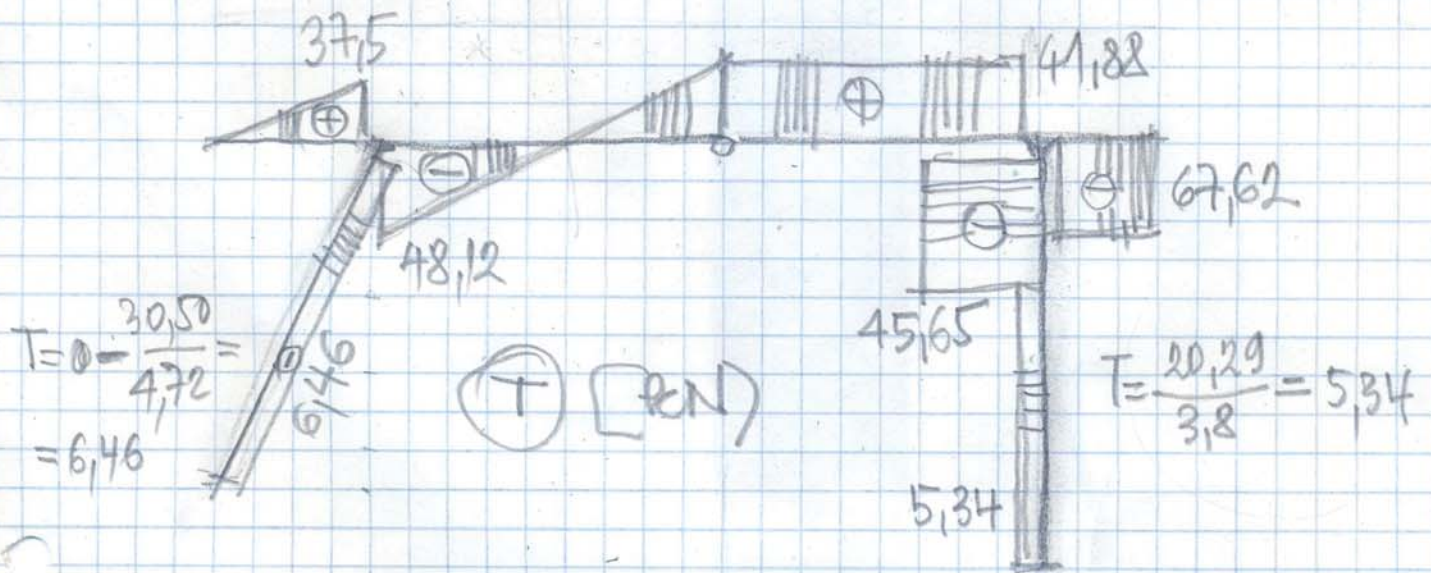
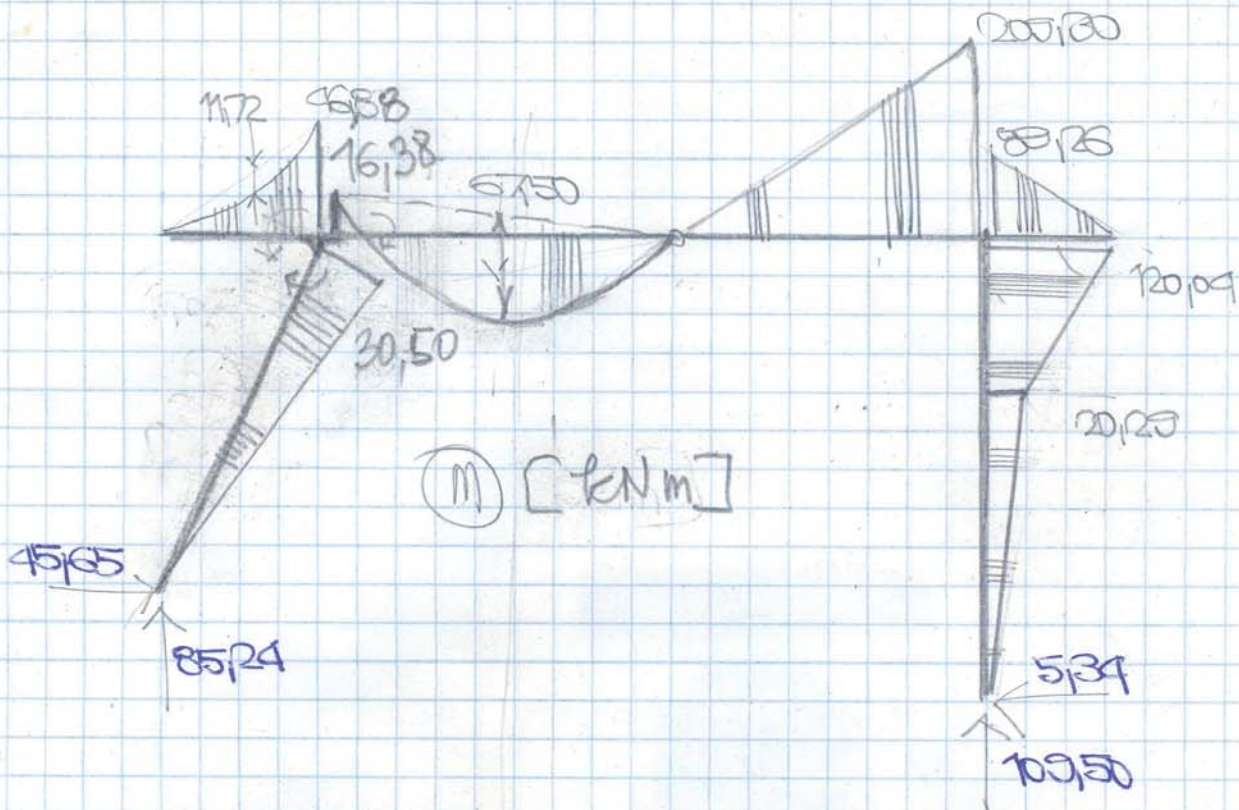
$$\tan \phi_b = -0.148$$

$$A = 32.00 + 45.65(-0.148) = 25.24 \text{ kN}$$

$$B = 108.71 + 5.34 \cdot 0.148 = 109.50 \text{ kN.}$$

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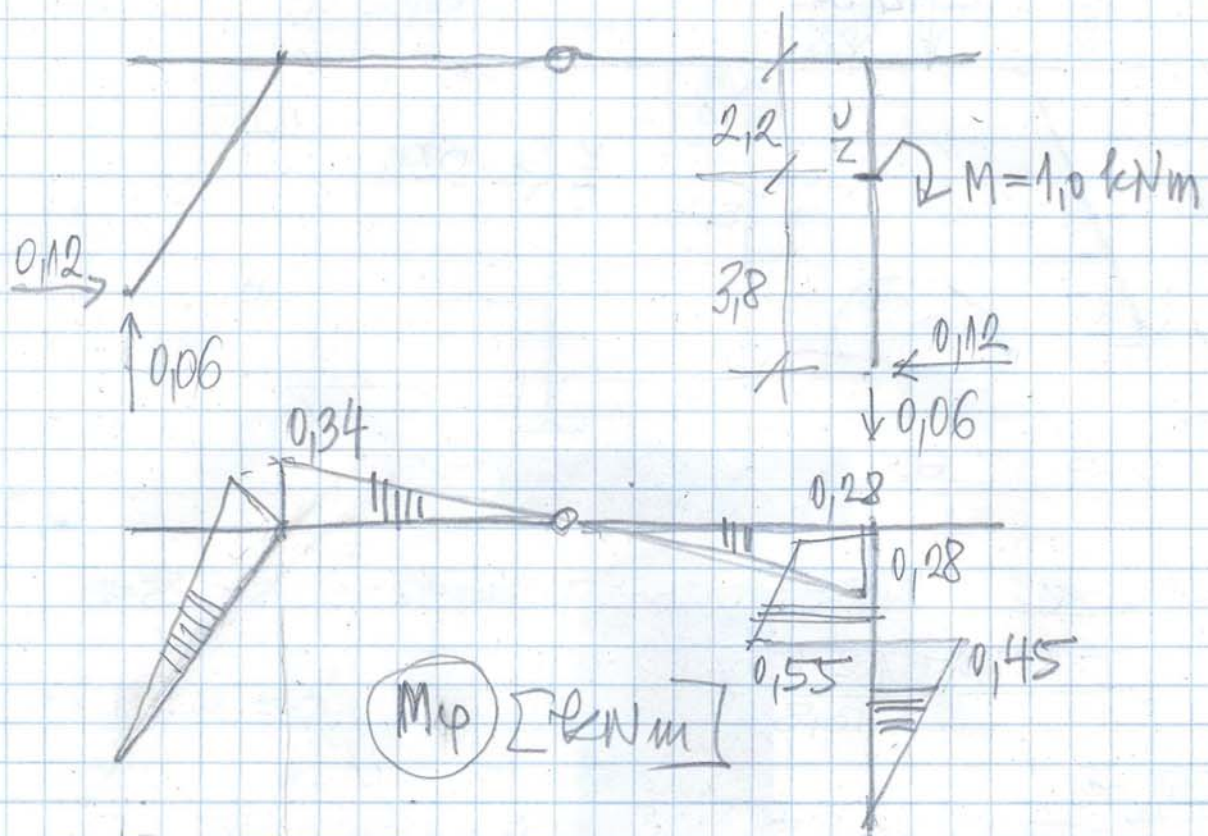




*Amor*



\* ОБРАТНО ПОПРЕЧНОТ ПРОВОЖА У ЧВОРУ „Z“



$$EI\delta\varphi = \int M \cdot M_p ds =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -\frac{1}{3} 30,51 \cdot 0,34 \cdot 4,72 + \\
 &+ \frac{1}{3} 0,34 \cdot 16,38 \cdot 6 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 0,34 \cdot 67,5 \cdot 6 - \\
 &- \frac{1}{3} 209,30 \cdot 0,28 \cdot 5 - \\
 &- \frac{1}{6} [0,55 \cdot (2 \cdot 20,29 + 120,04) + 0,28 (20,29 + 2 \cdot 120,04) \cdot 2,2 + \\
 &+ \frac{1}{3} 0,45 \cdot 20,29 \cdot 3,8 = -196,308
 \end{aligned}$$

$$EI\delta\varphi = -196,308$$

$$\delta\varphi = -\frac{196,308}{3 \cdot 10^7 \cdot \frac{0,2 \cdot 0,14^3}{12}} = -\frac{196,308}{3,2 \cdot 10^4} =$$

$$\delta\varphi = -0,006135 \text{ rad.}$$



**ZADATAK:** Za rešetku na slici izračunati

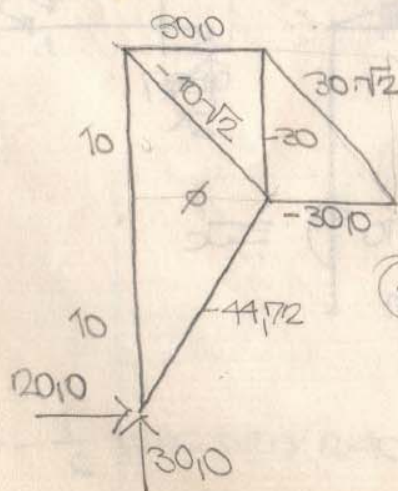
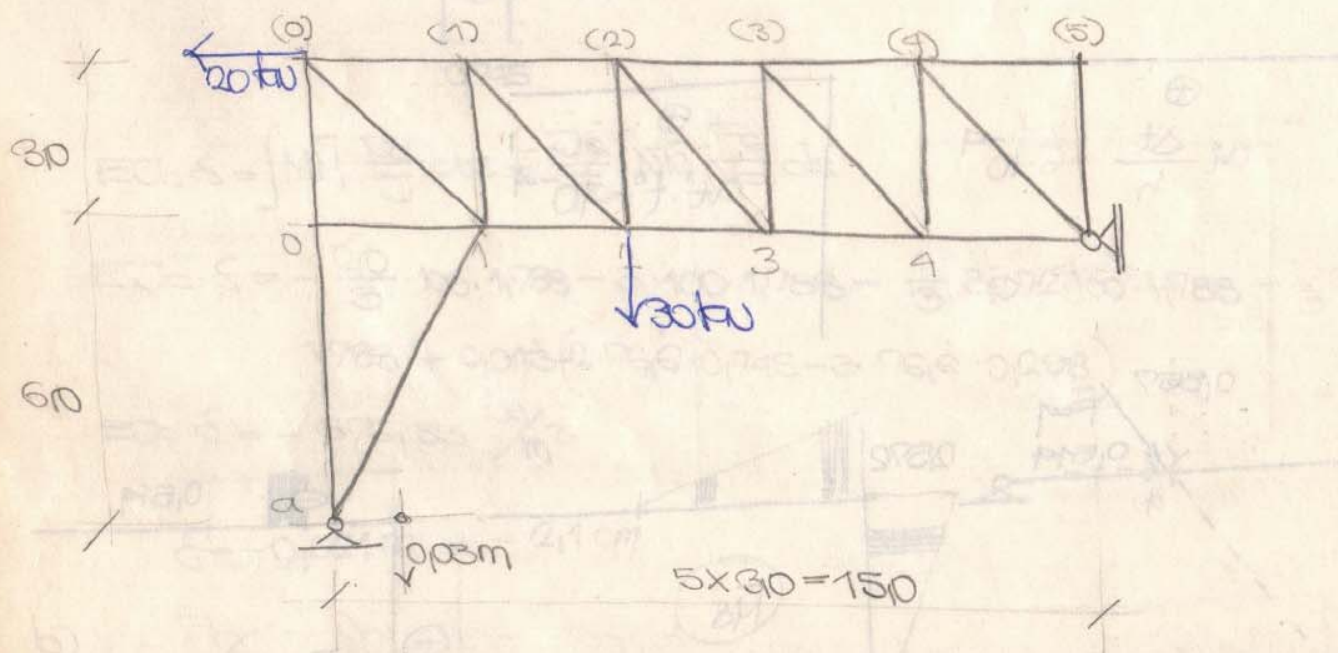
- vertikalno pom. čvora (2)
- obrtanje štapa  $U_2$
- razmicanje čvorova 1 i (2)
- promena ugla između stupova  $U_2$  i D2

usled

A - datog opterećenja

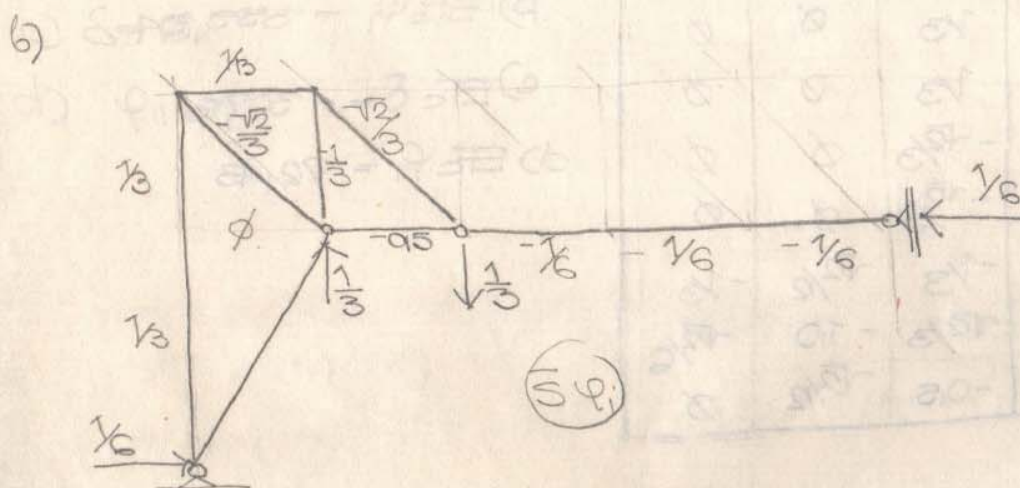
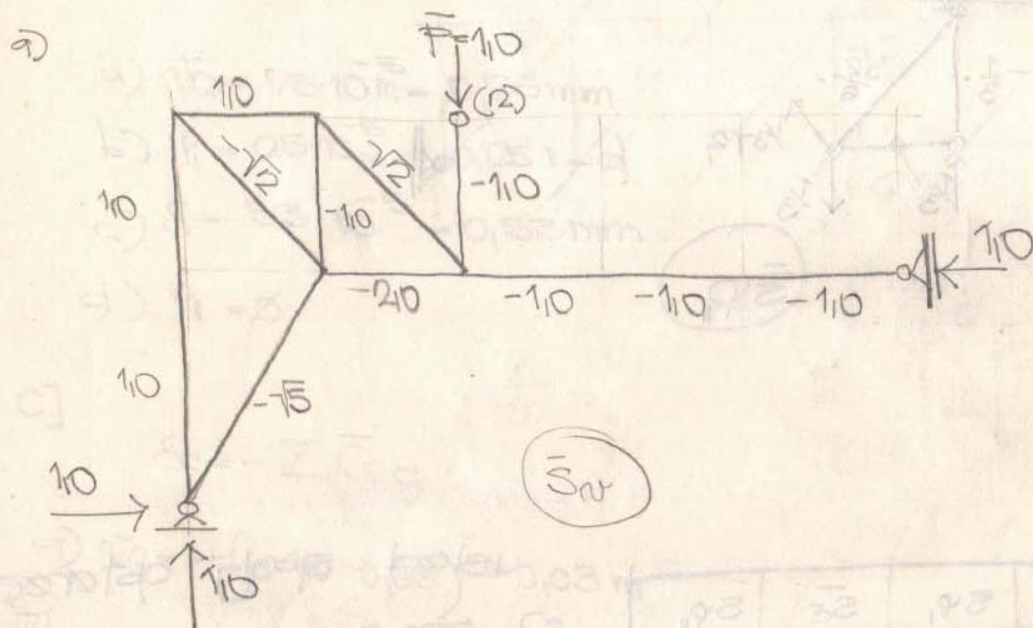
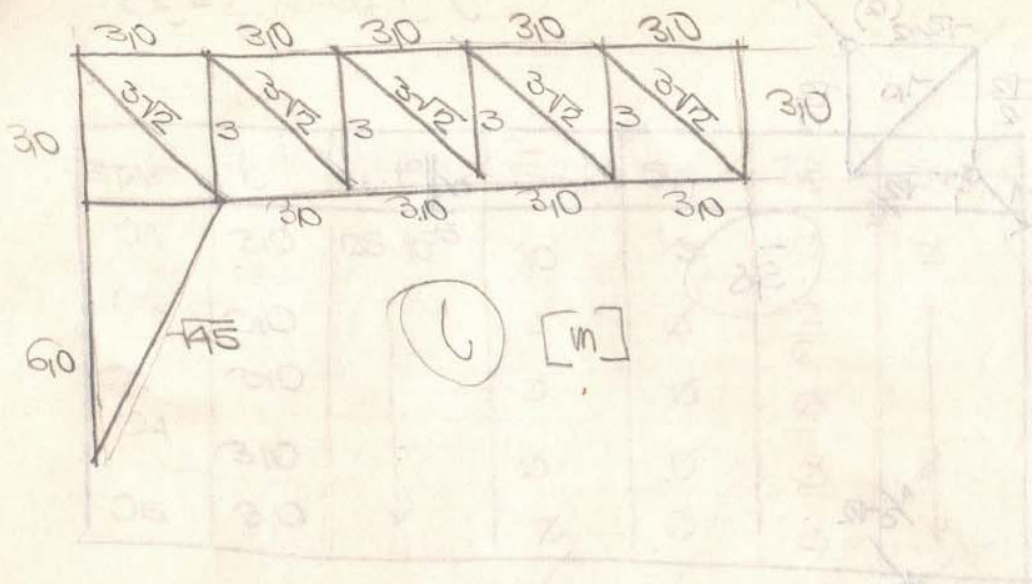
B - temperaturne promene u štapovima  
gornjeg pojasa  $t = -25^\circ\text{C}$

C - pom. oslonca A za  $0,03\text{m}$



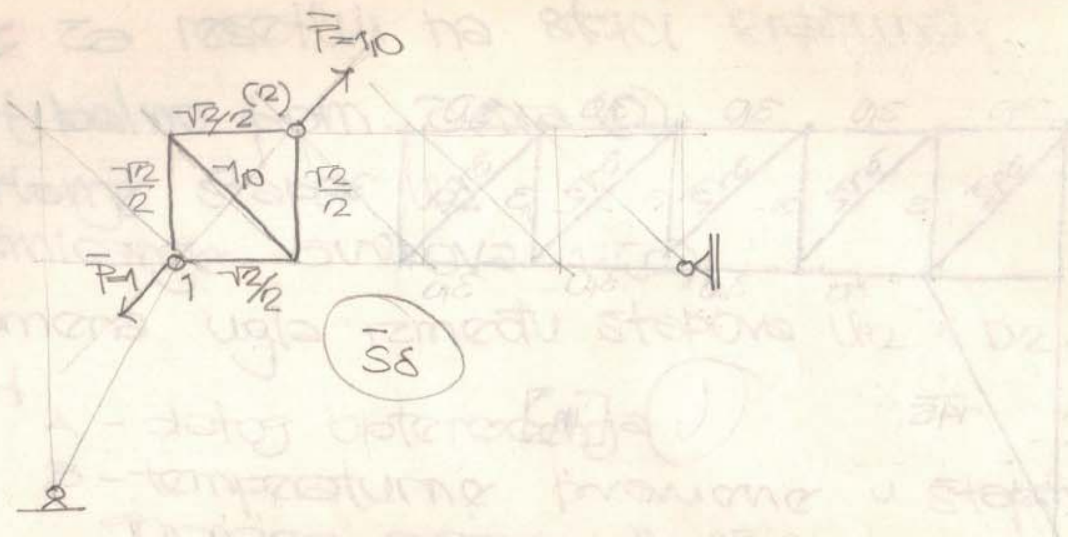
(5) [kN]



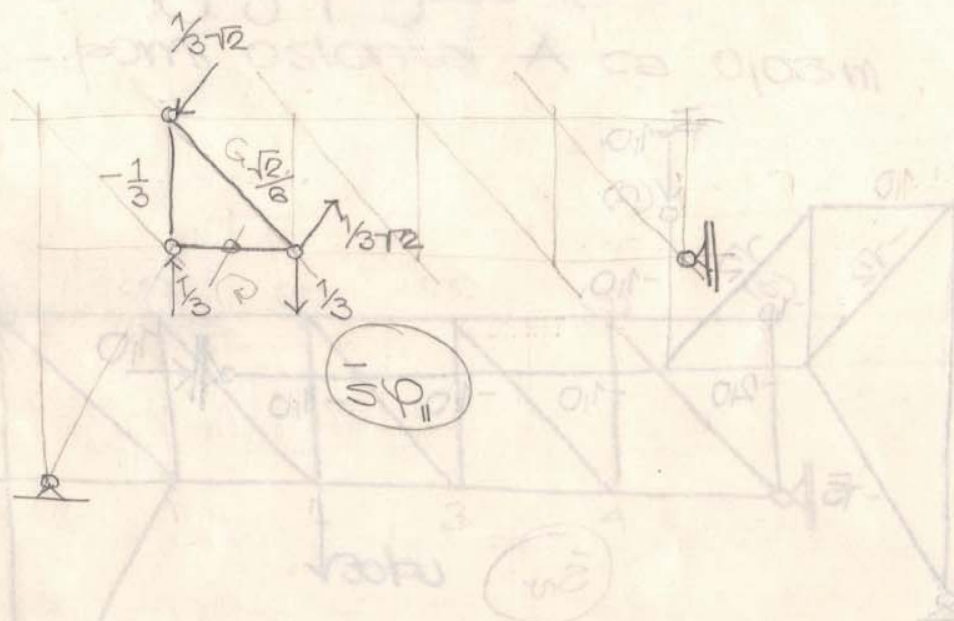




c)



d)



A]

STAP	L	S	$\bar{S}_v$	$\bar{S}_{\varphi_1}$	$\bar{S}_\delta$	$\bar{S}_{\varphi_{II}}$
V <sub>2</sub>	6	10	1	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$
V <sub>0</sub>	3	10	1	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$
O <sub>1</sub>	3	30	1	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$
D <sub>1</sub>	$3\sqrt{2}$	$-10\sqrt{2}$	$-\sqrt{2}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$
U <sub>1</sub>	3	$-41\sqrt{2}$	$-\sqrt{5}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$
V <sub>1</sub>	3	-30	-1	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$
D <sub>2</sub>	$3\sqrt{2}$	$-30\sqrt{2}$	$-\sqrt{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$	-10	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$
U <sub>2</sub>	3	-30	-2	-0.5	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\emptyset$
EF $\bar{S}$						

used spoj: optarece -

a)  $EF\bar{S} = 1420,20$

b)  $EF\bar{\varphi}_1 = 359,84$

c)  $EF\bar{S} = -307,3$

d)  $EF\bar{\varphi}_{II} = 72,43$



B]  $\bar{S}_c = \sum \bar{S} \cdot \alpha t \cdot l$

STAP	l	$\alpha t \cdot l$	$\bar{S}_v$	$S_{\varphi_1}$	$\bar{S}_\delta$	$S_{\varphi_{II}}$
01	310	$25 \cdot 10^{-5}$	10	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$
02	310	↓	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	↓
03	310		$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$	
04	310		$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$	
05	310		$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$	

a)  $\bar{v}_2 = 75 \cdot 10^{-5} = 0,75 \text{ mm}$

b)  $\varphi_1 = 25 \cdot 10^{-5} = 0,25 \text{ rad}$

c)  $\delta = 53 \cdot 10^{-5} = 0,53 \text{ mm}$

d)  $\varphi_{II} = \emptyset$

C]

$\bar{S}_c = - \sum \bar{C}_i \cdot a_i$

a)  $\bar{v}_2 = -(-10 \cdot 0,03) = 0,03 \text{ m}$

b)  $\varphi_1 = \emptyset$

c)  $\delta = \emptyset$

d)  $\varphi_{II} = \emptyset$