Computer Science II

2023-2024 Catalog

[ARCHIVED CATALOG]

CSCI 201 - Computer Science II

PREREQUISITES: CSCI 101 - Computer Science I or (SDEV 140 and CSCI 179)

PROGRAM: Computer Science CREDIT HOURS MIN: 3 LECTURE HOURS MIN: 2 LAB HOURS MIN: 2

DATE OF LAST REVISION: Fall 2020

Provides a working understanding of the fundamentals of procedural and object-oriented program development using structured, modular concepts and modern object-oriented programming languages. Reviews control structures, functions, data types, variables, arrays, and data file access methods. The course is a second level computer science course introducing object oriented computer programming, using a language such as Java or C. Object-oriented concepts studied include classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, operator overloading, exception handling, recursion, abstract data types, streams and file I/O. Students will explore programming concepts such as software reuse, data abstraction and event-driven programming.

MAJOR COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Upon successful completion of this course the student will be expected to:



- 1. Demonstrate the basic procedural concepts of computer programming through development of programs that utilize:
 - a. arithmetic operators, expressions and statements,
 - b. reference data types,
 - c. input/output,
 - d. primitive and abstract data types,
 - e. selection and repetition statements,
 - f. user defined methods and functions,
 - g. collections including arrays, lists, vectors, stacks, and queues,
 - h. streams to create and access data files, and
 - i. common/standard language libraries.
- 2. Demonstrate the basic object-oriented concepts of computer programming
 - a. Compare and contrast functional and object-oriented programming paradigms
 - b. Implement OOP constructs, including encapsulation, abstraction, inheritance, and polymorphism
 - c. Utilize immutable and mutable variables in class objects
 - d. Use access and visibility modifiers to secure class data and methods.
 - e. diagram control flow in a program using dynamic dispatch
 - f. Design and implement a simple class hierarchy using superclasses, subclasses, and abstract classes.
 - g. Overload functions and operators
 - h. Design and implement generic classes with templates
 - i. Identify the data components and behaviors of multiple abstract data types.
 - j. Apply a variety of strategies to the testing and debugging of programs.
- 3. Develop Graphical User Interfaces/Event Driven Programs:
 - a. Explain basic principles of computer graphics including 2D and 3D objects, transformations, clipping, windowing, rendering, lighting and ray tracing.
 - b. Illustrate color models and their use in computer graphics.
 - c. Write a simple application that uses a modern graphical user interface.
 - d. Create an interactive program using an event-driven style.

- e. Discuss the usage of information hiding through steganography in images, messages, videos, or other media files.
- 4. Discuss software engineering, software maintenance and software reuse:
 - a. Illustrate the concepts of modeling and abstraction with respect to problem solving.
 - b. Diagram the phases of the secure software development lifecycle (SecSDLC).
 - c. Describe the concept of finite state machines
 - d. Describe security as a continuous process of tradeoffs, balancing between protection mechanisms and availability.
 - e. Illustrate the security implications of relying on open design vs the secrecy of design.
 - f. Apply consistent documentation and program style standards
- 5. Demonstrate basic concepts of networking and data communications
 - a. Diagram the basic structure of the Internet.
 - b. Diagram the layers of the OSI model, including associated protocols (TCP/UDP, Socket APIs, and Application Layer Protocols)
 - c. Categorize the principles used for naming schemes and resource location. NC
 - d. Implement a simple distributed network application.
 - e. Describe security concerns in designing applications for use over wired and wireless networks.
- 6. Demonstrate the principles of secure programming and design
 - a. Investigate potential vulnerabilities in provided programming code.
 - b. Create programs which use defensive programming techniques, including input validation, type checking, exception handling and protection against buffer overflow.
 - c. Analyze the interaction between a security mechanism and its usability.
 - d. Investigate potential vulnerabilities in provided programming code.
 - e. Investigate common coding errors that introduce security vulnerabilities, including buffer overflows, integer errors, and memory leaks.
 - f. Discuss potential errors and security implications from both strong-type and weak-type languages.
 - g. Evaluate the risks in using third-party applications, software tools, and libraries.
 - h. Carry out a code review on a program component using a provided security checklist.
 - i. Describe potential security vulnerabilities in event-driven GUI applications.



COURSE CONTENT: Topical areas of study include -

- · Accessing data files and streams
- Inheritance and Polymorphism
- Arithmetic operators
- Integrated Development Environments
- · Classes and objects
- · Methods and functions
- Code Reviews
- Security
- Collections
- Software engineering
- Debugging
- Software maintenance
- Event-driven programming
- Software reuse
- · Exception handling
- Standard Library
- Expressions and statements
- Strings
- Graphics and Graphical User Interfaces
- Variables/Constants

Course Addendum - Syllabus (Click to expand)

