Package 'RKEEL'

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Type Package

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Description KEEL is a popular Java software for a large number of different knowledge data discovery task: This package takes the advantages of KEEL and R, allowing to use KEEL algorithms in simple R code. The implemented R code layer between R and KEEL makes easy both using KEEL algorithms in R as implementing new algorithms for 'RKEEL' in a very simple way. It includes more than 100 algorithms for classification, regression and preprocess, which allows a more complete experimentation process. For more information about KEEL, see http://www.keel.es/ >.
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ABB_IEP_FS

 $ABB_IEP_FS\ KEEL\ Preprocess\ Algorithm$

Description

ABB_IEP_FS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

ABB_IEP_FS(train, test, seed)

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
seed	Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

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Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::ABB_IEP_FS(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

AdaBoostNC_C

AdaBoostNC_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

AdaBoostNC_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
AdaBoostNC_C(train, test, pruned, confidence, instancesPerLeaf, numClassifiers, algorithm, trainMethod, lambda, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
pruned pruned. Default value = TRUE
confidence confidence. Default value = 0.25

instancesPerLeaf

instancesPerLeaf. Default value = 2 numClassifiers numClassifiers. Default value = 10

algorithm algorithm. Default value = "ADABOOST.NC" trainMethod trainMethod. Default value = "NORESAMPLING"

lambda. Default value = 2

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

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Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::AdaBoostNC_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

AllKNN_TSS

AllKNN_TSS KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

AllKNN_TSS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
AllKNN_TSS(train, test, k, distance)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k. Default value = 3

distance distance. Default value = "Euclidean"

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::AllKNN_TSS(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm</pre>
```

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```
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test
```

AllPosible_MV

AllPosible_MV KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

AllPosible_MV Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
AllPosible_MV(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::AllPosible_MV(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

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ANR_F

ANR_F KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

ANR_F Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
ANR_F(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::ANR_F(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

ART_C

ART_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

ART_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
ART_C(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::ART_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

 ${\tt AssociativeClassificationAlgorithm}$

Associative Classification Algorithm

Description

Class inheriting of ClassificationAlgorithm, to common methods for Associative Classification Algorithms.

Bayesian_D

Bayesian_D KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

Bayesian_D Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Bayesian_D(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

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Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Bayesian_D(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

BNGE_C

BNGE_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

BNGE_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
BNGE_C(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::BNGE_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm</pre>
```

Bojarczuk_GP_C

```
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$testPredictions
```

Bojarczuk_GP_C

Bojarczuk_GP_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Bojarczuk_GP_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Bojarczuk_GP_C(train, test, population_size, max_generations,
    max_deriv_size, rec_prob, copy_prob, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

population_size

population_size. Default value = 200

 ${\tt max_generations}$

 $max_generations$. Default value = 200

 $\verb|max_deriv_size| max_deriv_size. Default value = 20$

rec_prob rec_prob. Default value = 0.8 copy_prob copy_prob. Default value = 0.01

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::Bojarczuk_GP_C(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::Bojarczuk_GP_C(data_train, data_test, population_size = 5, max_generations = 10)

#Run algorithm
algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

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BSE_C

BSE_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

BSE_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
BSE_C(train, test, k, distance)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k. Default value = 1

distance distance. Default value = "Euclidean"

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::BSE_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

C45Binarization_C

C45Binarization_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

C45Binarization_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
C45Binarization_C(train, test, pruned, confidence, instancesPerLeaf, binarization, scoreFunction, bts)
```

C45Rules_C

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
pruned pruned. Default value = TRUE
confidence confidence. Default value = 0.25

instancesPerLeaf

instancesPerLeaf. Default value = 2

binarization binarization. Default value = "OVO"

scoreFunction scoreFunction. Default value = "WEIGHTED"

bts. Default value = 0.05

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::C45Binarization_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

C45Rules_C

C45Rules_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

C45Rules_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
C45Rules_C(train, test, confidence, itemsetsPerLeaf, threshold, seed)
```

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Arguments

Train dataset as a data.frame object train Test dataset as a data.frame object test confidence confidence. Default value = 0.25

itemsetsPerLeaf

itemsetsPerLeaf. Default value = 2

threshold threshold. Default value = 10

Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random seed

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")</pre>
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")</pre>
#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::C45Rules_C(data_train, data_test)</pre>
#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$testPredictions
```

C45_C

C45_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

C45_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
C45_C(train, test, pruned, confidence, instancesPerLeaf)
```

Arguments

Train dataset as a data.frame object train Test dataset as a data.frame object test pruned. Default value = TRUE pruned confidence. Default value = 0.25confidence

instancesPerLeaf

instancesPerLeaf. Default value = 2

CamNN_C

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::C45_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

CamNN_C

CamNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CamNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CamNN_C(train, test, k)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k. Default value = 1

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CamNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()</pre>
```

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```
#See results
algorithm$testPredictions
```

CART_C

CART_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CART_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CART_C(train, test, maxDepth)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

maxDepth k. Default value = 90

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CART_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

CART_R

CART_R

CART_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

CART_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CART_R(train, test, maxDepth)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
maxDepth maxDepth. Default value = 90

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CART_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

 ${\tt CenterNN_C}$

CenterNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CenterNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CenterNN_C(train, test)
```

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Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CenterNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

CFAR_C

CFAR_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CFAR_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CFAR_C(train, test, min_support, min_confidence, threshold,
   num_labels, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
min_support min_support. Default value = 0.1
min_confidence min_confidence. Default value = 0.85
threshold threshold. Default value = 0.15
num_labels num_labels. Default value = 5

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

CFKNN_C

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CFAR_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

CFKNN_C

CFKNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CFKNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CFKNN_C(train, test, k, alpha, seed)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
k	k. Default value = 3
alpha	alpha. Default value = 0.6
seed	Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

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Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")</pre>
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")</pre>
#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CFKNN_C(data_train, data_test)</pre>
#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$testPredictions
```

CHC_C

CHC_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CHC_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CHC_C(train, test, pop_size, evaluations, alfa, restart_change,
   prob_restart, prob_diverge, k, distance, seed)
```

Arguments

Train dataset as a data.frame object train test Test dataset as a data.frame object pop_size. Default value = 50 pop_size evaluations. Default value = 10000

evaluations

alfa alfa. Default value = 0.5

restart_change restart_change. Default value = 0.35 prob_restart prob_restart. Default value = 0.25 prob_diverge prob_diverge. Default value = 0.05

k. Default value = 1

distance distance. Default value = "Euclidean"

Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random seed

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CHC_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

ClassificationAlgorithm

Classification Algorithm

Description

Class inheriting of KeelAlgorithm, to common methods for all KEEL Classification Algorithms. The specific classification algorithms must inherit of this class.

ClassificationResults Classification Results

Description

Class to calculate and store some results for a ClassificationAlgorithm. It receives as parameter the prediction of a classification algorithm as a data.frame object.

CleanAttributes_TR

CleanAttributes_TR KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

CleanAttributes_TR Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CleanAttributes_TR(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

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Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CleanAttributes_TR(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

ClusterAnalysis_D

ClusterAnalysis_D KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

ClusterAnalysis_D Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
ClusterAnalysis_D(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::ClusterAnalysis_D(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

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CNN_C

CNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CNN_C(train, test, k, distance, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k. Default value = 1

distance distance. Default value = "Euclidean"

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

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CPW_C

CPW_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CPW_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CPW_C(train, test, beta, mu, ro, epsilon)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
beta	beta. Default value = 8.0
mu	mu. Default value = 0.001
ro	ro. Default value = 0.001
epsilon	epsilon. Default value = 0.001

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CPW_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

CW_C 25

 CW_C

CW_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

CW_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
CW_C(train, test, beta, mu, epsilon)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
beta	beta. Default value = 8.0
mu	mu. Default value = 0.001
epsilon	epsilon. Default value = 0.001

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::CW_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

 C_SVM_C

C_SVM_C

C_SVM_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

C_SVM_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
C_SVM_C(train, test, KernelType, C, eps, degree, gamma, coef0,
   nu, p, shrinking, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
KernelType KernelType. Default value = "RBF"

C. Default value = 100.0

eps eps. Default value = 0.001

degree degree. Default value = 1

gamma gamma. Default value = 0.01

coef0 coef0. Default value = 0.0

nu nu. Default value = 0.1

p Default value = 1.0

shrinking shrinking. Default value = 1

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::C_SVM_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

DecimalScaling_TR 27

DecimalScaling_TR

DecimalScaling_TR KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

DecimalScaling_TR Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
DecimalScaling_TR(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::DecimalScaling_TR(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

DecrRBFN_C

DecrRBFN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

DecrRBFN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
DecrRBFN_C(train, test, percent, num_neurons_ini, alfa, seed)
```

28 Deeps_C

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

percent. Default value = 0.1

num_neurons_ini

num_neurons_ini. Default value = 20

alfa alfa. Default value = 0.3

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::DecrRBFN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Deeps_C

Deeps_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Deeps_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Deeps_C(train, test, beta)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

beta beta. Default value = 0.12

DSM_C 29

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Deeps_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

DSM_C

DSM_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

DSM_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
DSM_C(train, test, iterations, percentage, alpha_0, seed)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
iterations	iterations. Default value = 100
percentage	percentage. Default value = 10
alpha_0	alpha_0. Default value = 0.1

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

30 DT_GA_C

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::DSM_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

DT_GA_C

DT_GA_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

DT_GA_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
DT_GA_C(train, test, confidence, instancesPerLeaf,
    geneticAlgorithmApproach, threshold, numGenerations,
    popSize, crossoverProb, mutProb, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object confidence confidence. Default value = 0.25 instancesPerLeaf

instancesPerLeaf. Default value = 2

geneticAlgorithmApproach

geneticAlgorithmApproach. Default value = "GA-LARGE-SN"

threshold threshold. Default value = 10

numGenerations numGenerations. Default value = 50

popSize popSize. Default value = 200 crossoverProb crossoverProb. Default value = 0.8 mutProb mutProb. Default value = 0.01

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

EPSILON_SVR_R 31

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::DT_GA_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

EPSILON_SVR_R

EPSILON_SVR_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

EPSILON_SVR_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
EPSILON_SVR_R(train, test, KernelType, C, eps, degree, gamma,
  coef0, nu, p, shrinking, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
KernelType KernelType. Default value = "RBF"
C C. Default value = 100.0
eps eps. Default value = 0.001

degree degree. Default value = 3
gamma gamma. Default value = 0.01
coef0 coef0. Default value = 0.0
nu nu. Default value = 0.5
p p. Default value = 1.0

shrinking shrinking. Default value = 0

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

32 Falco_GP_C

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::EPSILON_SVR_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Falco_GP_C

Falco_GP_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Falco_GP_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Falco_GP_C(train, test, population_size, max_generations,
    max_deriv_size, rec_prob, mut_prob, copy_prob, alpha, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

population_size

population_size. Default value = 200

max_generations

 $max_generations$. Default value = 200

max_deriv_size max_deriv_size. Default value = 20

rec_prob rec_prob. Default value = 0.8
mut_prob mut_prob. Default value = 0.1
copy_prob copy_prob. Default value = 0.01

alpha alpha. Default value = 0.9

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

FCRA_C 33

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::Falco_GP_C(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::Falco_GP_C(data_train, data_test, population_size = 5, max_generations = 10)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

FCRA_C

FCRA_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

FCRA_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
FCRA_C(train, test, generations, pop_size, length_S_C, WCAR,
    WV, crossover_prob, mut_prob, n1, n2, max_iter,
    linguistic_values, seed)
```

Arguments

Train dataset as a data.frame object train Test dataset as a data.frame object test generations generations. Default value = 50pop_size. Default value = 30 pop_size length_S_C $length_S_C$. Default value = 10 WCAR WCAR. Default value = 10.0WV. Default value = 1.0crossover_prob crossover_prob. Default value = 1.0 mut_prob. Default value = 0.01 mut_prob n1. Default value = 0.001n1 n2. Default value = 0.1n2 max_iter. Default value = 100 max_iter linguistic_values linguistic values. Default value = 5

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

34 FRNN_C

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::FCRA_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

FRNN_C

FRNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

FRNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
FRNN_C(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::FRNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

FRSBM_R 35

 $\mathsf{FRSBM}_\mathsf{R}$

FRSBM_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

FRSBM_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
FRSBM_R(train, test, numrules, sigma, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object

test Test dataset as a data.frame object

numrules numrules. Default value = 1sigma sigma. Default value = 0.0001seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::FRSBM_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

36 FURIA_C

FURIA_C

FURIA_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

FURIA_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
FURIA_C(train, test, optimizations, folds, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
optimizations optimizations. Default value = 2

folds folds. Default value = 3

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::FURIA_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

FuzzyFARCHD_C 37

FuzzyFARCHD_C

FuzzyFARCHD_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

FuzzyFARCHD_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
FuzzyFARCHD_C(train, test, linguistic_values, min_support,
   max_confidence, depth_max, K, max_evaluations, pop_size,
   alpha, bits_per_gen, inference_type, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

linguistic_values

linguistic_values. Default value = 5

min_support min_support. Default value = 0.05 max_confidence max_confidence. Default value = 0.8

 $depth_max$ $depth_max$. Default value = 3

K. Default value = 2

max_evaluations

 $max_evaluations$. Default value = 15000

pop_size pop_size. Default value = 50
alpha alpha. Default value = 0.15
bits_per_gen bits_per_gen. Default value = 30

inference_type inference_type. Default value = 1

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::FuzzyFARCHD_C(data_train, data_test)
#Run algorithm</pre>
```

38 FuzzyKNN_C

```
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$testPredictions
```

FuzzyKNN_C

FuzzyKNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

FuzzyKNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
FuzzyKNN_C(train, test, k, M, initialization, init_k)
```

Arguments

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::FuzzyKNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

FuzzyNPC_C 39

FuzzyNPC_C

FuzzyNPC_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

FuzzyNPC_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
FuzzyNPC_C(train, test, M)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

M. Default value = 2.0

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::FuzzyNPC_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

 $\mathsf{GANN_C}$

GANN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

GANN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

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Usage

```
GANN_C(train, test, hidden_layers, hidden_nodes, transfer, eta,
    alpha, lambda, test_data, validation_data, cross_validation,
    BP_cycles, improve, tipify_inputs, save_all, elite,
    num_individuals, w_range, connectivity, P_bp, P_param,
    P_struct, max_generations, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object Test dataset as a data.frame object test hidden_layers hidden_layers. Default value = 2 hidden_nodes hidden_nodes. Default value = 15 transfer transfer. Default value = "Htan" eta eta. Default value = 0.15alpha alpha. Default value = 0.1lambda lambda. Default value = 0.0test data test data. Default value = TRUE validation_data validation_data. Default value = FALSE cross_validation cross_validation. Default value = FALSE BP_cycles $BP_cycles.$ Default value = 10000 improve improve. Default value = 0.01tipify_inputs tipify inputs. Default value = TRUE save_all save all. Default value = FALSE elite elite. Default value = 0.1num_individuals num_individuals. Default value = 100 w_range . Default value = 5.0 w_range

connectivity connectivity. Default value = 0.5

P_bp P_bp. Default value = 0.25P_param P_param. Default value = 0.1P_struct P_struct. Default value = 0.1

max_generations

max_generations. Default value = 100

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::GANN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

getAttributeLinesFromDataframes

Get attribute lines from data.frames

Description

Method for getting the attribute lines from data.frame objects

Usage

```
getAttributeLinesFromDataframes(trainData, testData)
```

Arguments

trainData Train dataset as data.frame testData Test dataset as data.frame

Value

Returns a list with the attribute names and types

```
iris_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
iris_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")
attributeLines <- getAttributeLinesFromDataframes(iris_train, iris_test)</pre>
```

42 GFS_AdaBoost_C

GFS_AdaBoost_C

GFS_AdaBoost_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

GFS_AdaBoost_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
GFS_AdaBoost_C(train, test, numLabels, numRules, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
numLabels numLabels. Default value = 3

numRules. Default value = 8

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::GFS_AdaBoost_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

GFS_GP_R 43

GFS_GP_R

GFS_GP_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

GFS_GP_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
GFS_GP_R(train, test, numLabels, numRules, popSize, numisland,
   steady, numIter, tourSize, mutProb, aplMut, probMigra,
   probOptimLocal, numOptimLocal, idOptimLocal, nichinggap,
   maxindniche, probintraniche, probcrossga, probmutaga,
   lenchaingap, maxtreeheight, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object numLabels numLabels. Default value = 3 numRules. Default value = 8 numRules popSize popSize. Default value = 30 numisland numisland. Default value = 2steady steady. Default value = 1numIter numIter. Default value = 100 tourSize tourSize. Default value = 4mutProb mutProb. Default value = 0.01aplMut aplMut. Default value = 0.1probMigra probMigra. Default value = 0.001 probOptimLocal probOptimLocal. Default value = 0.00 numOptimLocal numOptimLocal. Default value = 0 idOptimLocal idOptimLocal. Default value = 0 nichinggap nichinggap. Default value = 0maxindniche. Default value = 8 maxindniche probintraniche probintraniche. Default value = 0.75probcrossga probcrossga. Default value = 0.5probmutaga probmutaga. Default value = 0.5lenchaingap. Default value = 10 lenchaingap maxtreeheight maxtreeheight. Default value = 8 Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random seed number

44 GFS_GSP_R

Value

A data frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::GFS_GP_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

GFS_GSP_R

GFS_GSP_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

GFS_GSP_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
GFS_GSP_R(train, test, numLabels, numRules, deltafitsap,
   p0sap, p1sap, amplMut, nsubsap, probOptimLocal,
   numOptimLocal, idOptimLocal, probcrossga, probmutaga,
   lenchaingap, maxtreeheight, numItera, seed)
```

Arguments

numOptimLocal

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object numLabels numLabels. Default value = 3 numRules. Default value = 8 numRules deltafitsap deltafitsap. Default value = 0.5p0sap. Default value = 0.5p0sap p1sap p1sap. Default value = 0.5amplMut amplMut. Default value = 0.1nsubsap nsubsap. Default value = 10 probOptimLocal probOptimLocal. Default value = 0.00

numOptimLocal. Default value = 0

GFS_LogitBoost_C 45

```
idOptimLocal idOptimLocal. Default value = 0
probcrossga probcrossga. Default value = 0.5
probmutaga probmutaga. Default value = 0.5
lenchaingap lenchaingap. Default value = 10
maxtreeheight maxtreeheight. Default value = 8
numItera numItera. Default value = 10000
```

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::GFS_GSP_R(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::GFS_GSP_R(data_train, data_test, numRules = 2, numItera = 10, maxtreeheight = 2)

#Run algorithm
algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

GFS_LogitBoost_C

GFS_LogitBoost_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

GFS_LogitBoost_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
GFS_LogitBoost_C(train, test, numLabels, numRules, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
numLabels numLabels. Default value = 3
numRules numRules. Default value = 25

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

46 GFS_RB_MF_R

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::GFS_LogitBoost_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

GFS_RB_MF_R

GFS_RB_MF_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

GFS_RB_MF_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
GFS_RB_MF_R(train, test, numLabels, popSize, generations,
    crossProb, mutProb, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object

test Test dataset as a data.frame object

numLabels numLabels. Default value = 3

popSize popSize. Default value = 50

generations generations. Default value = 100

crossProb crossProb. Default value = 0.9

mutProb mutProb. Default value = 0.1

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

hasContinuousData 47

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::GFS_RB_MF_R(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::GFS_RB_MF_R(data_train, data_test, popSize = 5, generations = 10)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

has Continuous Data

Has Continuous Data

Description

Method for check if a dataset has continuous data

Usage

hasContinuousData(data)

Arguments

data

Dataset as data.frame

Value

Returns TRUE if the dataset has continuous data and FALSE if it has not.

```
iris <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris")
hasContinuousData(iris)</pre>
```

ID3_C

hasMissingValues

Has Missing Values

Description

Method for check if a dataset has missing values

Usage

```
hasMissingValues(data)
```

Arguments

data

Dataset as data.frame

Value

Returns TRUE if the dataset has missing values and FALSE if it has not.

Examples

```
iris <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris")
hasMissingValues(iris)</pre>
```

ID3_C

ID3_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

ID3_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
ID3_C(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

ID3_D 49

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::ID3_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

ID3_D

ID3_D KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

ID3_D Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
ID3_D(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::ID3_D(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

50 IF_KNN_C

IF_KNN_C

IF_KNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

IF_KNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
IF_KNN_C(train, test, K, mA, vA, mR, vR, k)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
K	K. Default value = 3
mA	mA. Default value = 0.6
vA	vA. Default value = 0.4
mR	mR. Default value = 0.3
vR	vR. Default value = 0.7
k	k. Default value = 5

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::IF_KNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Ignore_MV 51

Ignore_MV

Ignore_MV KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

Ignore_MV Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Ignore_MV(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Ignore_MV(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

IncrRBFN_C

IncrRBFN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

IncrRBFN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
IncrRBFN_C(train, test, epsilon, alfa, delta, seed)
```

52 isMultiClass

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
epsilon	epsilon. Default value = 0.1
alfa	alfa. Default value = 0.3
delta	delta. Default value = 0.5
seed	Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::IncrRBFN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

isMultiClass

Is Multi-class

Description

Method for check if a dataset is multi-class

Usage

```
isMultiClass(data)
```

Arguments

data

Dataset as data.frame

Value

Returns TRUE if the dataset is multi-class and FALSE if it is not.

Examples

```
iris <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris")
isMultiClass(iris)</pre>
```

IterativePartitioningFilter_F

IterativePartitioningFilter_F KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

IterativePartitioningFilter_F Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
IterativePartitioningFilter_F(train, test, numPartitions,
    filterType, confidence, itemsetsPerLeaf, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object numPartitions numPartitions. Default value = 5

filterType filterType. Default value = "consensus"

confidence confidence. Default value = 0.25

itemsetsPerLeaf

itemsetsPerLeaf. Default value = 2

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::IterativePartitioningFilter_F(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

54 KeelAlgorithm

JFKNN_C

JFKNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

JFKNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
JFKNN_C(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::JFKNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

KeelAlgorithm

Keel Algorithm

Description

Principal class for implementing KEEL Algorithms. The distinct types of algorithms must inherit of this class.

Kernel_C 55

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Kernel_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Kernel_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Kernel_C(train, test, sigma, seed)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
sigma	sigma. Default value = 0.01
seed	Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Kernel_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

KMeans_MV

KMeans_MV KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

KMeans_MV Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

56 KNN_C

Usage

```
KMeans_MV(train, test, k, error, iterations, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{k. Default value} = 10 \\ \mbox{error. Default value} = 100 \\ \mbox{iterations. Default value} = 100 \end{array}$

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::KMeans_MV(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

KNN_C

KNN-C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

KNN-C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
KNN_C(train, test, k, distance)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k Number of neighbors distance Distance function

KNN_MV 57

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::KNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

KNN_MV

KNN_MV KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

KNN_MV Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
KNN_MV(train, test, k)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k k. Default value = 10

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::KNN_MV(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()</pre>
```

58 KSNN_C

```
#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test
```

KSNN_C

KSNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

KSNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
KSNN_C(train, test, k)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k k. Default value = 1

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::KSNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

KStar_C 59

KStar_C

KStar_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

KStar_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
KStar_C(train, test, selection_method, blend, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

selection_method

selection_method. Default value = "Fixed"

blend blend. Default value = 0.2

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::KStar_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

60 LinearLMS_C

LDA_C

LDA_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

LDA_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
LDA_C(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::LDA_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

LinearLMS_C

LinearLMS_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

LinearLMS_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
LinearLMS_C(train, test, seed)
```

LinearLMS_R 61

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::LinearLMS_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

LinearLMS_R

LinearLMS_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

LinearLMS_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
LinearLMS_R(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

62 loadKeelDataset

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::LinearLMS_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

loadKeelDataset

Load KEEL Dataset

Description

Loads a dataset of the KEEL datasets repository. The included datasets names are available at the getKeelDatasetList method of RKEELdata.

Usage

```
loadKeelDataset(dataName)
```

Arguments

dataName

String with the correct data name of one of the KEEL datasets

Value

Returns a data.frame with the KEEL dataset.

```
RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris")
```

Logistic_C 63

Logistic_C

Logistic_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Logistic_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Logistic_C(train, test, ridge, maxIter)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
ridge ridge. Default value = 1e-8
maxIter maxIter. Default value = -1

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Logistic_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

LVF_IEP_FS

LVF_IEP_FS KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

LVF_IEP_FS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
LVF_IEP_FS(train, test, paramKNN, maxLoops, inconAllow, seed)
```

M5Rules_R

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
paramKNN paramKNN. Default value = 1
maxLoops maxLoops. Default value = 770
inconAllow inconAllow. Default value = 0

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::LVF_IEP_FS(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::LVF_IEP_FS(data_train, data_test, maxLoops = 30)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

M5Rules_R

M5Rules R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

M5Rules_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
M5Rules_R(train, test, pruningFactor, heuristic)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
pruningFactor pruningFactor. Default value = 2
heuristic heuristic. Default value = "Coverage"

 $M5_R$

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::M5Rules_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

M5_R

M5_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

M5_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
M5_R(train, test, type, pruningFactor, unsmoothed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object

type type. Default value = "m"

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{pruningFactor} & \mbox{pruningFactor. Default value} = 2 \\ \mbox{unsmoothed} & \mbox{unsmoothed. Default value} = \mbox{TRUE} \end{array}$

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

66 MinMax_TR

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::M5_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

MinMax_TR

MinMax_TR KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

MinMax_TR Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
MinMax_TR(train, test, newMin, newMax)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
newMin newMin. Default value = 0.0
newMax Default value = 1.0

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::MinMax_TR(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

 MLP_BP_C 67

MLP_BP_C

MLP_BP_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

MLP_BP_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
MLP_BP_C(train, test, hidden_layers, hidden_nodes, transfer,
  eta, alpha, lambda, test_data, validation_data,
  cross_validation, cycles, improve, tipify_inputs,
  save_all, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
hidden_layers hidden_layers. Default value = 2
hidden_nodes hidden_nodes. Default value = 15
transfer transfer. Default value = "Htan"
eta eta. Default value = 0.15

alpha alpha. Default value = 0.1 lambda Default value = 0.0

 $test_data$ $test_data$. Default value = TRUE

validation_data

validation_data. Default value = FALSE

cross_validation

 $cross_validation$. Default value = FALSE

cycles cycles. Default value = 10000 improve improve. Default value = 0.01

tipify_inputs tipify_inputs. Default value = TRUE save_all save_all. Default value = FALSE

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

68 MLP_BP_R

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")</pre>
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")</pre>
#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::MLP_BP_C(data_train, data_test, )</pre>
#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$testPredictions
```

MLP_BP_R

MLP_BP_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

MLP_BP_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
MLP_BP_R(train, test, hidden_layers, hidden_nodes, transfer,
   eta, alpha, lambda, test_data, validation_data,
   cross_validation, cycles, improve, tipify_inputs,
   save_all, seed)
```

Arguments

train

Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object hidden_layers hidden_layers. Default value = 2hidden_nodes hidden nodes. Default value = 15transfer transfer. Default value = "Htan" eta. Default value = 0.15eta alpha alpha. Default value = 0.1lambda. Default value = 0.0lambda test data. Default value = TRUE test_data validation_data validation_data. Default value = FALSE cross_validation cross_validation. Default value = FALSE cycles cycles. Default value = 10000 improve. Default value = 0.01improve

ModelCS_TSS 69

tipify_inputs tipify_inputs. Default value = TRUE save_all save_all. Default value = FALSE

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::MLP_BP_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

ModelCS_TSS

ModelCS_TSS KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

ModelCS_TSS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
ModelCS_TSS(train, test, k, distance)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k. Default value = 3

distance distance. Default value = "Euclidean"

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

70 MostCommon_MV

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::ModelCS_TSS(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

 ${\tt MostCommon_MV}$

MostCommon_MV KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

MostCommon_MV Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
MostCommon_MV(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::MostCommon_MV(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

NB_C 71

NB_C

NB_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

NB_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
NB_C(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::NB_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

NM_C

NM_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

NM_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
NM_C(train, test)
```

72 NNEP_C

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::NM_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

NNEP_C

NNEP_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

NNEP_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
NNEP_C(train, test, hidden_nodes, transfer, generations, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
hidden_nodes hidden_nodes. Default value = 4

transfer transfer. Default value = "Product_Unit"

generations generations. Default value = 200

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Nominal2Binary_TR 73

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::NNEP_C(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::NNEP_C(data_train, data_test, generations = 5)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Nominal2Binary_TR

Nominal2Binary_TR KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

Nominal2Binary_TR Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Nominal2Binary_TR(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Nominal2Binary_TR(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

NU_SVM_C

NU_SVM_C

NU_SVM_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

NU_SVM_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
NU_SVM_C(train, test, KernelType, C, eps, degree, gamma, coef0,
    nu, p, shrinking, seed)
```

Arguments

Train dataset as a data.frame object train Test dataset as a data.frame object test KernelType KernelType. Default value = 1C. Default value = "RBF" С eps. Default value = 1000.0eps degree. Default value = 0.001degree gamma. Default value = 10 gamma coef0. Default value = 0.01coef0 nu. Default value = 0.1nu p. Default value = 1.0shrinking shrinking. Default value = 1

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::NU_SVM_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

NU_SVR_R 75

NU_SVR_R

NU_SVR_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

NU_SVR_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
NU_SVR_R(train, test, KernelType, C, eps, degree, gamma,
coef0, nu, p, shrinking, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
KernelType KernelType. Default value = ?

C C. Default value = ?
eps eps. Default value = ?
degree degree. Default value = ?
gamma gamma. Default value = ?
coef0 coef0. Default value = ?
nu nu. Default value = ?
p. Default value = ?

shrinking shrinking. Default value = ?

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::NU_SVR_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

76 PDFC_C

PART_C

PART_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PART_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PART_C(train, test, confidence, itemsetsPerLeaf)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object confidence confidence. Default value = 0.25itemsetsPerLeaf itemsetsPerLeaf. Default value = 2

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")</pre>
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")</pre>
#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PART_C(data_train, data_test)</pre>
#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$testPredictions
```

PDFC_C

PDFC_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PDFC_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

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Usage

Arguments

	train	Train dataset as a data.frame object	
	test	Test dataset as a data.frame object	
	С	C. Default value = 100.0	
	d	d. Default value = 0.25	
	tolerance	tolerance. Default value = 0.001	
	epsilon	epsilon. Default value = 1.0E-12	
	PDRFtype	PDRFtype. Default value = "Gaussian	
nominal_to_binary			
		nominal_to_binary. Default value = TRUE	
preprocess_type			
		preprocess_type. Default value = "Normalize"	
	seed	Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random number	

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PDFC_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

78 PNN_C

PFKNN_C

PFKNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PFKNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PFKNN_C(train, test, k, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k k. Default value = 3

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PFKNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

PNN_C

PNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

PolQuadraticLMS_C 79

Usage

```
PNN_C(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

PolQuadraticLMS_C

PolQuadraticLMS_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PolQuadraticLMS_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PolQuadraticLMS_C(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

80 PolQuadraticLMS_R

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PolQuadraticLMS_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

PolQuadraticLMS_R

PolQuadraticLMS_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

PolQuadraticLMS_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PolQuadraticLMS_R(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PolQuadraticLMS_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm</pre>
```

POP_TSS 81

```
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$testPredictions
```

POP_TSS

POP_TSS KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

POP_TSS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
POP_TSS(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::POP_TSS(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

PreprocessAlgorithm

Preprocess Algorithm

Description

Class inheriting of KeelAlgorithm, to common methods for all KEEL Preprocess Algorithms. The specific preprocessing algorithms must inherit of this class.

82 Proportional_D

PRISM_C

PRISM_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PRISM_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PRISM_C(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PRISM_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Proportional_D

Proportional_D KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

Proportional_D Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Proportional_D(train, test, seed)
```

PSO_ACO_C 83

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
seed	Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Proportional_D(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

PSO_ACO_C

PSO_ACO_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PSO_ACO_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PSO_ACO_C(train, test, max_uncovered_samples, min_saples_by_rule,
    max_iterations_without_converge, environmentSize, numParticles,
    x, c1, c2, seed)
```

Arguments

```
train Train dataset as a data.frame object

test Test dataset as a data.frame object

max_uncovered_samples

max_uncovered_samples. Default value = 20

min_saples_by_rule

min_saples_by_rule. Default value = 2

max_iterations_without_converge

max_iterations_without_converge. Default value = 100
```

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```
enviromentSize enviromentSize. Default value = 3

numParticles numParticles. Default value = 100

x x. Default value = 0.72984

c1 c1. Default value = 2.05

c2 c2. Default value = 2.05

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random number
```

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PSO_ACO_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

PSRCG_TSS

PSRCG_TSS KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

PSRCG_TSS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PSRCG_TSS(train, test, distance)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
distance distance. Default value = "Euclidean"

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

PUBLIC_C 85

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PSRCG_TSS(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

PUBLIC_C

PUBLIC_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PUBLIC_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PUBLIC_C(train, test, nodesBetweenPrune, estimateToPrune)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
nodesBetweenPrune
nodesBetweenPrune. Default value = 25
estimateToPrune
estimateToPrune. Default value = "PUBLIC(1)"

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PUBLIC_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

PW_C

PW_C

PW_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

PW_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
PW_C(train, test, beta, ro, epsilon)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
beta	beta. Default value = 8.0
ro	ro. Default value = 0.001

epsilon. Default value = 0.001

Value

epsilon

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::PW_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

QDA_C 87

QDA_C

QDA_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

QDA_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
QDA_C(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::QDA_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

RBFN_C

RBFN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

RBFN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
RBFN_C(train, test, neurons, seed)
```

88 RBFN_R

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
neurons neurons. Default value = 50

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::RBFN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

RBFN_R

RBFN_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

RBFN_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
RBFN_R(train, test, neurons, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
neurons Default value = 50

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

read.keel 89

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::RBFN_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

read.keel

Read keel dataset

Description

Method for read datasets in .dat KEEL format

Usage

```
read.keel(file)
```

Arguments

file

File containing the dataset to be read. It must be in KEEL .dat format.

Value

Returns a data.frame object with the dataset

 ${\tt RegressionAlgorithm}$

Regression Algorithm

Description

Class inheriting of KeelAlgorithm, to common methods for all KEEL Regression Algorithms. The specific regression algorithms must inherit of this class.

90 Relief_FS

RegressionResults Regression Results

Description

Class to calculate and store some results for a RegressionAlgorithm. It receives as parameter the prediction of a regression algorithm as a data.frame object.

Relief_FS

Relief_FS KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

Relief_FS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Relief_FS(train, test, paramKNN, relevanceThreshold,
    numInstancesSampled, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
paramKNN paramKNN. Default value = 1

relevanceThreshold

relevanceThreshold. Default value = 0.20

 ${\tt numInstancesSampled}$

numInstancesSampled. Default value = 1000

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Relief_FS(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm</pre>
```

Ripper_C 91

```
algorithm$run()
#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test
```

Ripper_C

Ripper_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Ripper_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Ripper_C(train, test, grow_pct, k, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
grow_pct grow_pct. Default value = 0.66

k k. Default value = 2

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Ripper_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

92 runParallel

RISE_C

 $RISE_C$ KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

RISE_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
RISE_C(train, test, Q, S)
```

Arguments

train	Train dataset as a data.frame object
test	Test dataset as a data.frame object
Q	Q. Default value = 1
S	S. Default value = 2

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::RISE_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

runParallel

Run Parallel

Description

Run a set of RKEEL algorithms in parallel

Usage

```
runParallel(algorithmList, cores)
```

runSequential 93

Arguments

algorithmList List of RKEEL Algorithms to be executed

cores Number of cores to execute in parallel. If it is not specified, it detects the cores

automatically and execute the experiment in all of them

Value

Returns a list with the executed algorithms

Examples

```
#Load datasets
iris_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
iris_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithms
learner_C45_C <- RKEEL::C45_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_FRNN_C <- RKEEL::FRNN_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_FuzzyKNN_C <- RKEEL::FuzzyKNN_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_KNN_C <- RKEEL::KNN_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_Logistic_C <- RKEEL::Logistic_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_LDA_C <- RKEEL::LDA_C(iris_train, iris_test)

#Create list
algorithms <- list(learner_C45_C, learner_FRNN_C, learner_FuzzyKNN_C, learner_KNN_C, learner_LDA_C)

#Run algorithms in parallel in two cores
par <- RKEEL::runParallel(algorithms, 2)</pre>
```

runSequential

Run Sequential

Description

Run a set of RKEEL algorithms in sequential.

Usage

```
runSequential(algorithmList)
```

Arguments

```
algorithmList List of RKEEL Algorithms to be executed
```

Value

Returns a list with the executed algorithms

94 SaturationFilter_F

Examples

```
#Load datasets
iris_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
iris_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithms
learner_C45_C <- RKEEL::C45_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_FRNN_C <- RKEEL::FRNN_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_FuzzyKNN_C <- RKEEL::FuzzyKNN_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_KNN_C <- RKEEL::KNN_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_Logistic_C <- RKEEL::Logistic_C(iris_train, iris_test)
learner_LDA_C <- RKEEL::LDA_C(iris_train, iris_test)

#Create list
algorithms <- list(learner_C45_C, learner_FRNN_C, learner_FuzzyKNN_C, learner_KNN_C, learner_LDA_C)

#Run algorithms
par <- RKEEL::runSequential(algorithms)</pre>
```

Description

SaturationFilter_F Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
SaturationFilter_F(train, test, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object

test Test dataset as a data.frame object

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

SFS_IEP_FS 95

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::SaturationFilter_F(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
#algorithm$run()

#See results
#algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

SFS_IEP_FS

SFS_IEP_FS KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

SFS_IEP_FS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
SFS_IEP_FS(train, test, threshold, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object threshold threshold. Default value = 0.005

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::SFS_IEP_FS(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

96 SGA_C

SGA_C

SGA_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

SGA_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
SGA_C(train, test, mut_prob_1to0, mut_prob_0to1, cross_prob,
   pop_size, evaluations, alfa, selection_type, k,
   distance, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
mut_prob_1to0 mut_prob_1to0. Default value = 0.01
mut_prob_0to1 mut_prob_0to1. Default value = 0.001
cross_prob cross_prob. Default value = 1

pop_size pop_size. Default value = 50
evaluations evaluations. Default value = 10000

alfa alfa. Default value = 0.5

selection_type selection_type. Default value = "orden_based"

k. Default value = 1

distance distance. Default value = "Euclidean"

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::SGA_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Shrink_C 97

Shrink_C

Shrink_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Shrink_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Shrink_C(train, test, k, distance)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k. Default value = 1

distance distance. Default value = "Euclidean"

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Shrink_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Slipper_C

Slipper_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Slipper_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Slipper_C(train, test, grow_pct, numBoosting, seed)
```

98 SMO_C

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
grow_pct grow_pct. Default value = 0.66
numBoosting numBoosting. Default value = 100

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::Slipper_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

SMO_C

SMO C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

SMO_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
SMO_C(train, test, C, toleranceParameter, epsilon,
   RBFKernel_gamma, normalized_PolyKernel_exponent,
   normalized_PolyKernel_useLowerOrder, PukKernel_omega,
   PukKernel_sigma, StringKernel_lambda,
   StringKernel_subsequenceLength,
   StringKernel_maxSubsequenceLength, StringKernel_normalize,
   StringKernel_pruning, KernelType, FitLogisticModels,
   ConvertNominalAttributesToBinary, PreprocessType, seed)
```

SMO_C 99

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object

test Test dataset as a data.frame object

C. Default value = 1.0

toleranceParameter

toleranceParameter. Default value = 0.001

epsilon epsilon. Default value = 1.0e-12

RBFKernel_gamma

RBFKernel_gamma. Default value = 0.01

normalized_PolyKernel_exponent

normalized_PolyKernel_exponent. Default value = 1

 ${\tt normalized_PolyKernel_useLowerOrder}$

normalized_PolyKernel_useLowerOrder. Default value = FALSE

PukKernel_omega

PukKernel_omega. Default value = 1.0

PukKernel_sigma

PukKernel_sigma. Default value = 1.0

StringKernel_lambda

StringKernel_lambda. Default value = 0.5

 ${\tt StringKernel_subsequenceLength}$

StringKernel_subsequenceLength. Default value = 3

StringKernel_maxSubsequenceLength

StringKernel_maxSubsequenceLength. Default value = 9

StringKernel_normalize

 $StringKernel_normalize$. Default value = FALSE

StringKernel_pruning

StringKernel_pruning. Default value = "None"

KernelType KernelType. Default value = "PolyKernel"

FitLogisticModels

FitLogisticModels. Default value = FALSE

ConvertNominalAttributesToBinary

ConvertNominalAttributesToBinary. Default value = TRUE

PreprocessType PreprocessType. Default value = "Normalize"

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::SMO_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Description

SSGA_Integer_knn_FS Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
SSGA_Integer_knn_FS(train, test, paramKNN, nEval, pop_size,
    numFeatures, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
paramKNN paramKNN. Default value = 1
nEval nEval. Default value = 5000
pop_size pop_size. Default value = 100
numFeatures numFeatures. Default value = 3

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

 Tan_GP_C

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::SSGA_Integer_knn_FS(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::SSGA_Integer_knn_FS(data_train, data_test, nEval = 10, pop_size = 10)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

Tan_GP_C

Tan_GP_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

Tan_GP_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Tan_GP_C(train, test, population_size, max_generations,
   max_deriv_size, rec_prob, mut_prob, copy_prob, w1, w2,
   elitist_prob, support, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object population_size

population_size. Default value = 150

max_generations

 $max_generations$. Default value = 100

max_deriv_size max_deriv_size. Default value = 20

rec_prob rec_prob. Default value = 0.8
mut_prob mut_prob. Default value = 0.1
copy_prob copy_prob. Default value = 0.01

w1 w1. Default value = 0.7w2 w2. Default value = 0.8

elitist_prob elitist_prob. Default value = 0.06support support. Default value = 0.03

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Thrift_R

Value

A data frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::Tan_GP_C(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::Tan_GP_C(data_train, data_test, population_size = 5, max_generations = 10)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

Thrift_R

Thrift_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

Thrift_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
Thrift_R(train, test, numLabels, popSize, evaluations,
    crossProb, mutProb, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
numLabels numLabels. Default value = 3
popSize popSize. Default value = 61

evaluations evaluations. Default value = 10000 crossProb crossProb. Default value = 0.6 mutProb mutProb. Default value = 0.1

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

UniformFrequency_D 103

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
#algorithm <- RKEEL::Thrift_R(data_train, data_test)
algorithm <- RKEEL::Thrift_R(data_train, data_test, popSize = 5, evaluations = 10)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

UniformFrequency_D

UniformFrequency_D KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

UniformFrequency_D Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
UniformFrequency_D(train, test, numIntervals, seed)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
numIntervals numIntervals. Default value = 10

seed Seed for random numbers. If it is not assigned a value, the seed will be a random

number

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::UniformFrequency_D(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()</pre>
```

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```
#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test
```

UniformWidth_D

UniformWidth_D KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

UniformWidth_D Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
UniformWidth_D(train, test, numIntervals)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
numIntervals numIntervals. Default value = 10

Value

 \boldsymbol{A} data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::UniformWidth_D(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

VWFuzzyKNN_C

VWFuzzyKNN_C

VWFuzzyKNN_C KEEL Classification Algorithm

Description

VWFuzzyKNN_C Classification Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
VWFuzzyKNN_C(train, test, k, init_k)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

k k. Default value = 3
init_k init k. Default value = 3

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted classes for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("iris_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::VWFuzzyKNN_C(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

WM_R

WM_R KEEL Regression Algorithm

Description

WM_R Regression Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
WM_R(train, test, numlabels, KB)
```

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Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object
test Test dataset as a data.frame object
numlabels numlabels. Default value = 5
KB KB. Default value = FALSE

Value

A data.frame with the actual and predicted values for both train and test datasets.

Examples

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("autoMPG6_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::WM_R(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$testPredictions</pre>
```

 $write {\tt DatFromDataframe} \ \ \textit{Write .dat from data.frame}$

Description

Method for writing a .dat dataset file in KEEL format given a data.frame dataset

Usage

```
writeDatFromDataframe(data, fileName)
```

Arguments

data data.frame dataset

fileName String with the file name to store the dataset

```
data(iris)
writeDatFromDataframe(iris, "iris.dat")
```

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writeDatFromDataframes

Write .dat from data.frames

Description

Method for writing both train and test .dat dataset files in KEEL format.

Usage

```
writeDatFromDataframes(trainData, testData,
    trainFileName, testFileName)
```

Arguments

trainData Train data as data.frame object testData Test data as data.frame object

trainFileName String with the file name to store the train dataset testFileName String with the file name to store the test dataset

ZScore_TR

ZScore_TR KEEL Preprocess Algorithm

Description

ZScore_TR Preprocess Algorithm from KEEL.

Usage

```
ZScore_TR(train, test)
```

Arguments

train Train dataset as a data.frame object test Test dataset as a data.frame object

Value

A data.frame with the preprocessed data for both train and test datasets.

108 ZScore_TR

```
data_train <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_train")
data_test <- RKEEL::loadKeelDataset("car_test")

#Create algorithm
algorithm <- RKEEL::ZScore_TR(data_train, data_test)

#Run algorithm
algorithm$run()

#See results
algorithm$preprocessed_test</pre>
```

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