

Selenium Introduction

Selenium Family Overview, Selenium IDE



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#QA-Auto-FrontEnd

1. What is Selenium?
2. Selenium IDE Introduction
3. Key Features, Processes
4. Installation, UI, Managing Tests and Suites
5. Writing Scripts
6. Selenese
7. Selenium IDE Advanced





What is Selenium?

Selenium Browser Automation Project

"Selenium is an **umbrella project** for a range of tools and **libraries** that **enable** and **support** the **automation of web browsers**.

It provides **extensions** to **emulate user interaction** with browsers, a **distribution server** for scaling browser allocation, and the **infrastructure for implementing the W3C WebDriver specification** that lets you write **interchangeable code** for all **major web browsers**."

Selenium Official Documentation

- **Supports variety of platforms:**

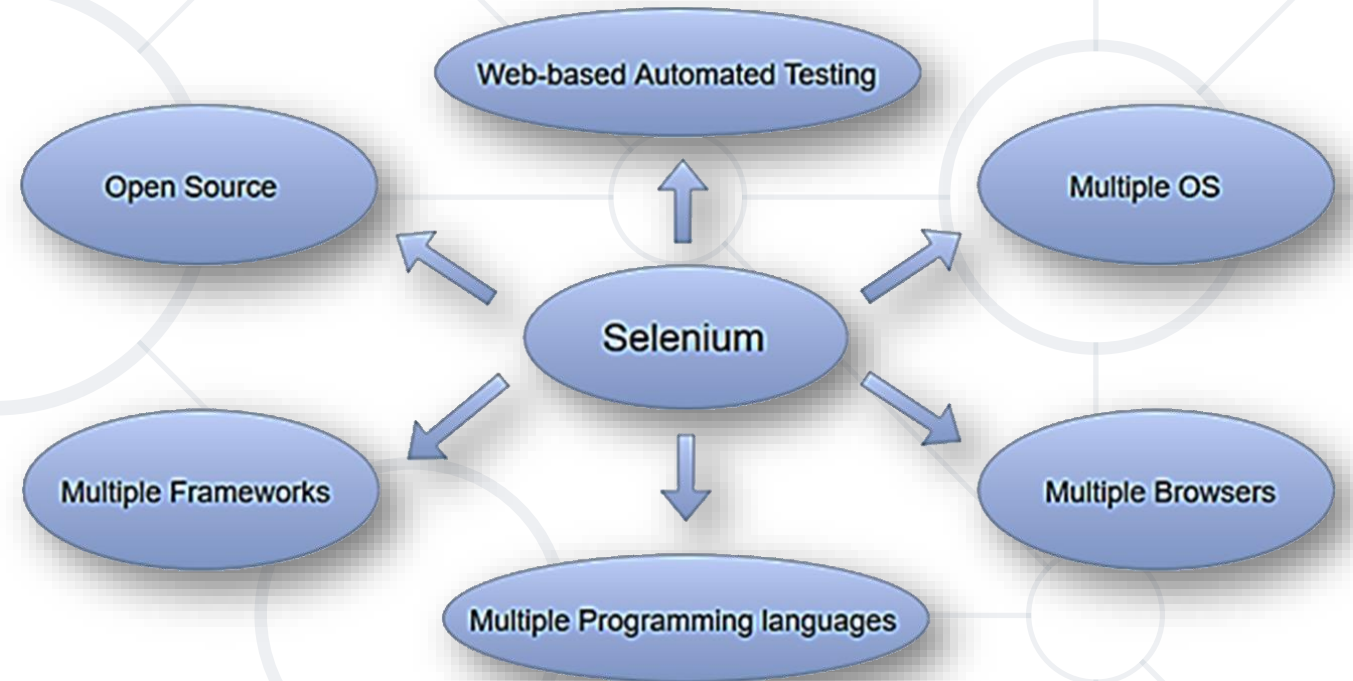
- Windows, Linux, Mac OS

- **Languages supported:**

- C#, Java, JavaScript, Perl, Python, Ruby, Kotlin

- **Browsers supported:**

- Edge, Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome, Opera, Safari



Selenium Tools

- **Collection** of distinct **software tools**, each tailored to fulfill specific roles in the realm of test automation
- These tools collectively contribute to a comprehensive suite for efficient testing of web applications
 - **Selenium IDE**
 - **Selenium WebDriver**
 - **Selenium-Grid**



- Short for **Integrated Development Environment**
- User-friendly **browser extension**
- Simplifies the creation and execution of automated test scripts through a **record-and-playback** mechanism
- Suitable for those with **limited programming experience**
- Accessible **entry point** into test automation
- Limited scope



- Most **important component** of Selenium Family
- Powerful and versatile **framework** for **automating web browsers**
- Programmatic **control** over **web elements**
- **Precise test scenarios** across different browsers
- Flexibility and support for **multiple programming languages**
- **Seamlessly integrates** into continuous integration and continuous delivery pipelines



- Run tests on different machines against different browsers in parallel
 - Run tests **simultaneously** on different machines
- Follows the **Hub-Node Architecture** to achieve parallel execution of test scripts
 - The Hub is considered as master of the network and the other are the nodes





Selenium IDE

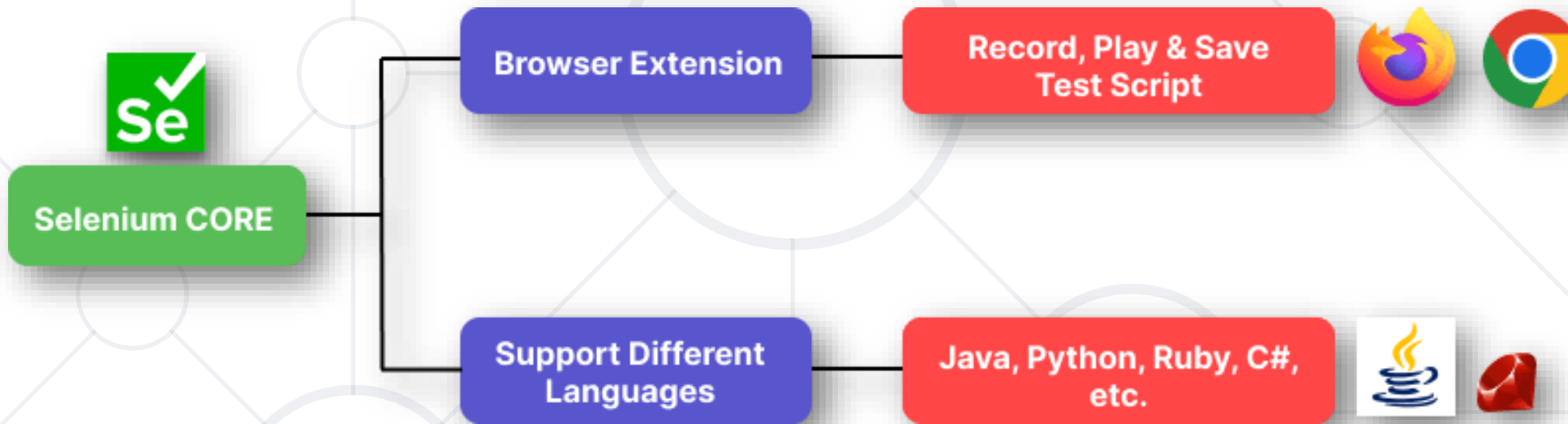
Introduction

Selenium IDE Introduction

- A tool for **building, editing, and debugging** automated test scripts
- A **browser extension**
- First **created** by **Shinya Kasatani**
- **Donated** to the Selenium project in 2006
- Actively **maintained by the Selenium project** since 2018
- Supports **multiple programming languages** and frameworks
- Provides a **simple interface** for beginners
- Features a **recording capability** that **captures user actions**
- Allows **testing** of web apps **without advanced programming skills**



- Simple and easy to understand, with **three major parts**:



- Selenium Core**

- The engine that powers Selenium IDE
- Executes test scripts, interacts with the browser, provides test results

- **Browser Extension**
 - Initially designed as a Firefox extension
 - Later added support for other browsers (like Chrome)
 - Allows smooth integration with supported browsers
- **Selenium IDE User Interface (UI)**
 - Provides an intuitive interface
 - Enables users to design, modify, and run tests easily



Selenium IDE Features

Key Features, Processes

■ Record and Playback

- Automatically create test scripts by recording interactions
- Perform tasks like button-clicking, form-filling, and component verification
- Repeat actions by playing back recorded stages

■ Script Editing

- View and edit recorded test scripts in the code editor
- Add extra commands, assertions, and verifications for enhanced functionality
- Supports multiple programming languages, including JavaScript, Python, and Ruby

- **Element Locators**

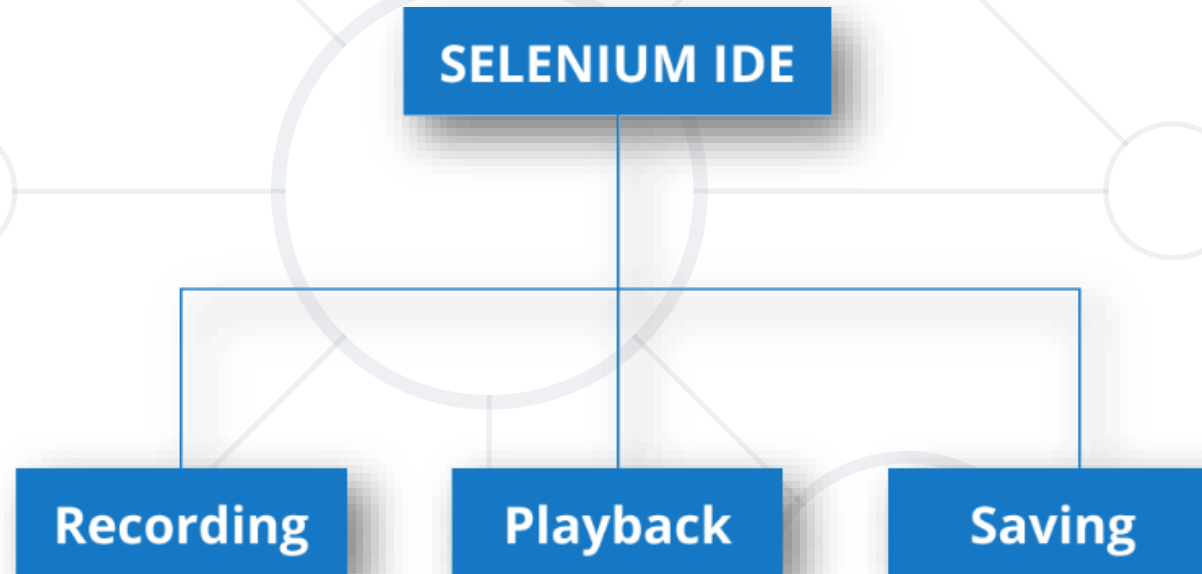
- Use various methods like XPath, CSS selectors, className, and linkText to locate web page components
- Visually select components by highlighting them on the page

- **Test Debugging**

- Debugging features to find and resolve errors in test scripts
- Set breakpoints, step through code, and investigate variables

- **Test Suites**
 - Group test scripts into test suites for simultaneous execution
 - Configure test order, timeouts, and reporting features
- **Test Playback and Reporting**
 - Execute test scripts directly within your chosen browser
 - Use playback controls like play, pause, and stop
 - View detailed test reports with pass/fail status, execution time, and error messages
- **Export Options**
 - Export test scripts in formats like Java, C#, Python, and Ruby
 - Integrate scripts into various testing frameworks and tools

- Three main processes



- **Recording**

- Utilizes a browser extension to record user interactions with a web application
- Tracks activities such as button clicks, text inputs, and page navigation

■ Playback

- Allows edited scripts to be played back, automating the test process
- Selenium IDE runs the script, interacting with the browser to simulate user actions

■ Saving

- Enables saving the recorded test case script for future use
- Saves the file with the extension ".side"



Getting Started with Selenium IDE

Installation, UI, Managing Tests and Suites

- Supported browsers:

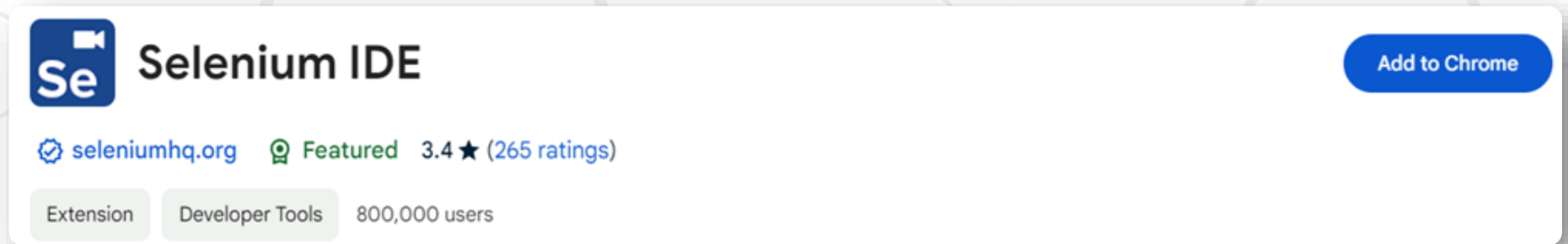
- Chrome

- Firefox

- Edge

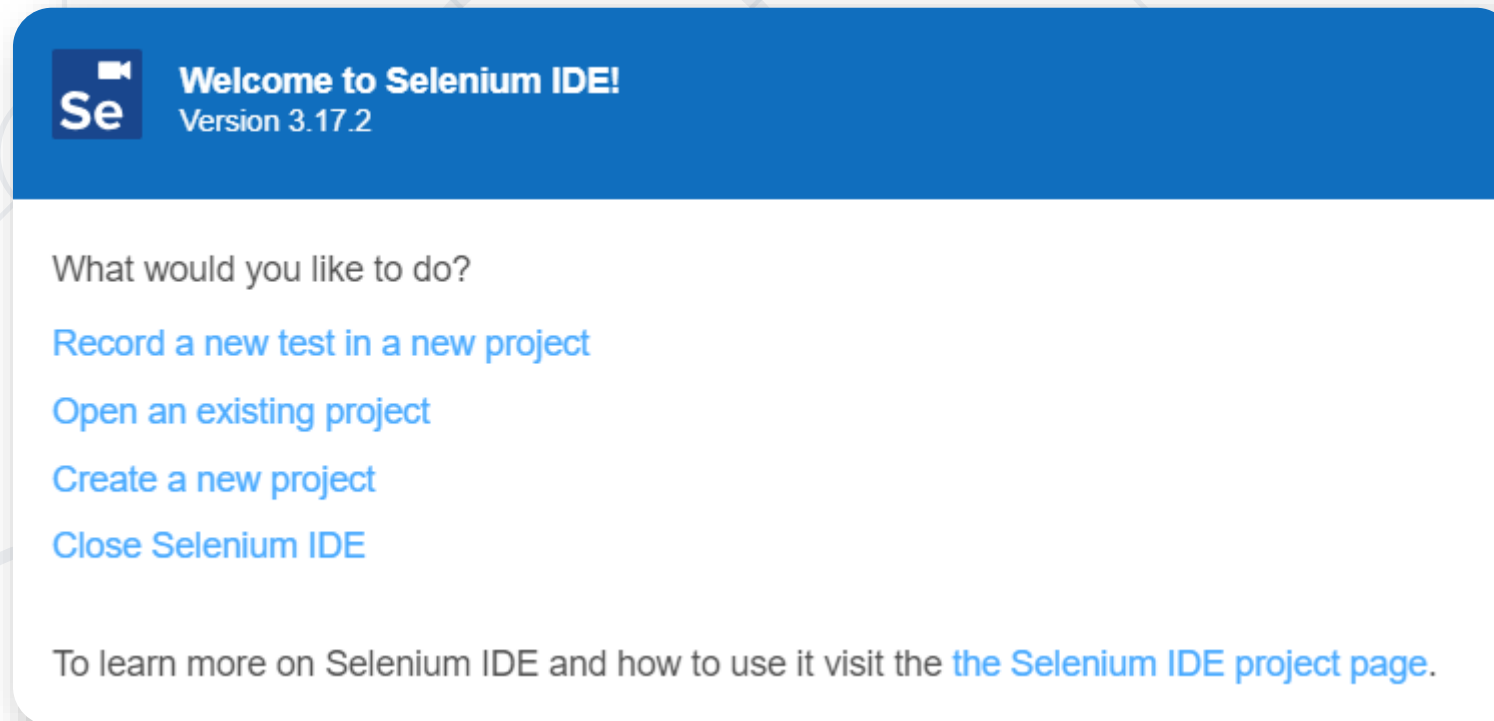
- Both **Brave** and **Opera** support the chrome web store natively, so Selenium IDE works with those, too

- Sadly, Selenium **IDE** has **no official release for Safari**



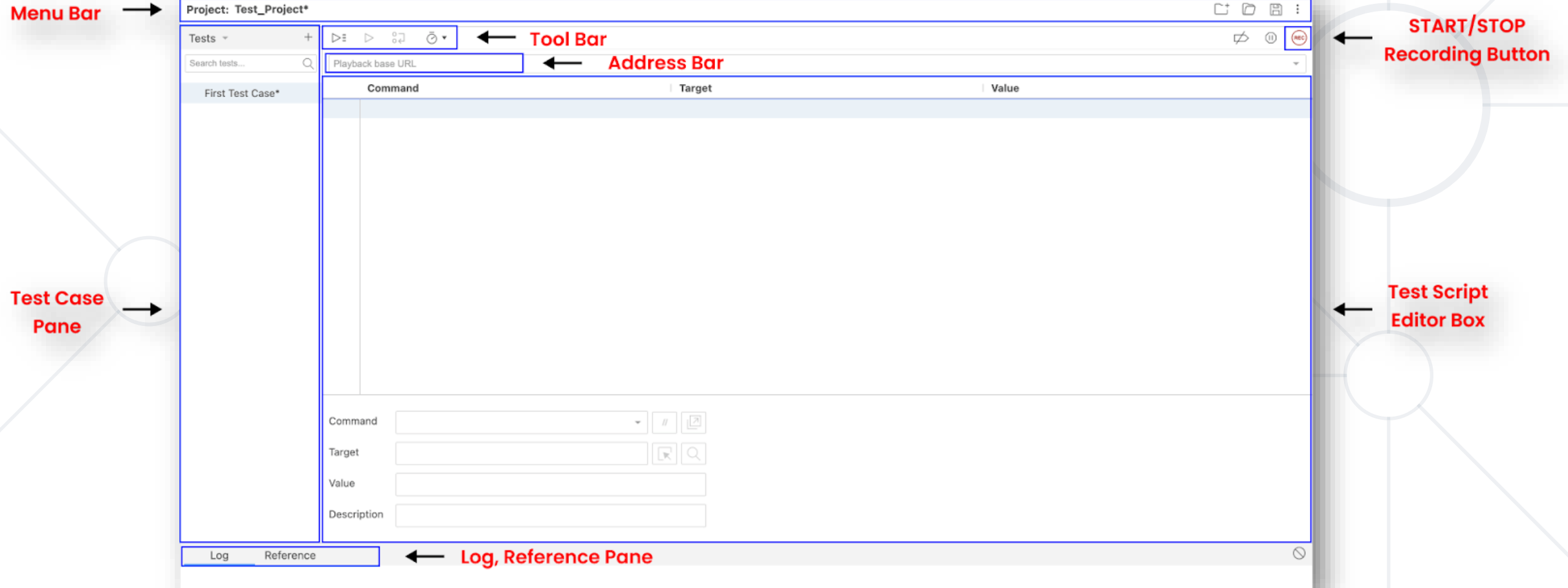
User Interface – Welcome Screen

- Launching the IDE will present you with a welcome screen



- Select, "Create a new project"
- Give a desired name to the project

Project Screen



- **Menu Bar:** Controls for opening, saving, and exporting test cases; Access to preferences and test suite management
- **Tool Bar:** Setup options such as playback speed, element locators, and other
- **Address Bar:** Field to enter the URL of the site where test cases will be run
- **START/STOP Recording Button:** Start or stop recording of test cases
- **Test Case Pane:** Create and manage individual test cases; Add, delete, and modify test steps using various commands and assertions
- **Test Script Editor Box:** Manage test suites, or groups of test cases; Add, modify, and delete test suites and their test cases
- **Log, Reference Pane:** Displays the outcomes of test runs, including errors or failures; Provides detailed information about test procedures and assertions



First Script Live Demo

Recording, Playback, Debugging, Refactoring, Saving

First Script

- Record and play a script (test) for an incorrect login attempt on a website
- Base URL: <https://katalon-demo-cura.herokuapp.com>

	Command	Target	Value
1	open	/	
2	set window size	1552x832	
3	click	css=.fa-bars	
4	click	linkText=Login	
5	click	id=txt-username	
6	type	id=txt-username	pepina
7	click	id=txt-password	
8	type	id=txt-password	1234
9	click	id=btn-login	
10	close		

Log	Reference
Running 'IncorrectLogin'	
1. open on /	OK
2. setWindowSize on 1552x832	OK
3. click on css=.fa-bars	OK
4. click on linkText=Login	OK
5. click on id=txt-username	OK
6. type on id=txt-username with value pepina	OK
7. click on id=txt-password	OK
8. type on id=txt-password with value 1234	OK
9. click on id=btn-login	OK
10. close	OK
'IncorrectLogin' completed successfully	

- **Add assertions** to check:
 - The home page main text
 - The text on the login page
 - The error message for incorrect login

	Command	Target	Value
1	<i>open</i>	/	
2	<i>set window size</i>	1552x832	
3	<i>assert text</i>	css=h1	CURA Healthcare Service
4	<i>click</i>	id=menu-toggle	
5	<i>click</i>	linkText=Login	
6	<i>assert text</i>	css=h2	Login
7	<i>type</i>	id=txt-username	pepina
8	<i>type</i>	id=txt-password	1234
9	<i>click</i>	id=btn-login	
10	<i>assert text</i>	css=.text-danger	Login failed! Please ensure the username and password are valid.
11	// <i>close</i>		



Selenium IDE Commands

Selenese

Selenium Commands (Selenese)

- **Selenese** is the **set of commands** that Selenium IDE uses to interact with your web applications during testing
- These commands **serve as building blocks for creating test scripts**, essentially forming a specialized language for web testing
- A **sequence of these commands constitutes a test script**, dictating actions and checks to be performed



Selenium Commands (Selenese)

- Selenese commands can have a maximum of two parameters:
 - **Target**
 - **Value**
- Parameters are not always required. It depends on the chosen command
- Broadly classified into three categories:
 - **Actions**
 - **Accessors**
 - **Assertions**



- **Parameters** are typically
 - A locator for identifying a **UI element** within a page
 - A **text pattern** for **verifying** or **asserting** expected page **content**
 - A text **pattern** or a selenium **variable** for **entering text** in an **input field** or for **selecting an option** from an option list

- **Directly interact with the browser**
- For example:
 - **"Click"** command - It is the Actions command because it directly interacts with the element on the page by clicking on it
 - **"Type"** command - It is a two-way interaction. Enters text/values into the field, and the field displays them to us
 - **"Close"** command - Mimics the user's action of clicking the "close" button of a window

- **Store values in a variable**
- For example:
 - "**storeTitle**" command - Reads the page title and stores it in a variable
 - "**storeText**" command - Stores the text of a specified element into a variable

- Check whether a certain condition has been met
- Modes:
 - **"Assert"** command - The test or the entire test suite will be aborted immediately if the "assert" command fails
 - **"Verify"** command - When the "verify" command fails, the Selenium IDE will log an error in the logs. However, the test or set of tests will continue

- Choosing between "**assert**" and "**verify**" comes down to convenience and management of failures
 - There is no point checking a paragraph if you are not on the correct page
 - On the other hand, you may want to check many attributes of a page without aborting the test case
 - Usually each command group is started with an "**assert**" followed by one or more "**verify**" test commands

- **open**: Opens the page using a URL
- **click**: Clicks a specific item, optionally waits for a new page to load
- **type**: Enters text/values into the indicated fields
- **verify/assert title**: Compares the specified page title with the actual one
- **verify/assert text**: Checks whether the specified text exists on the page
- **verify/assert not text**: Checks that the specified text does not exist on the page

- **verify/assert element present**: Checks whether the specified element exists on the page
- **verify/assert element not present**: Checks that the specified element is not present on the page
- **pause**: Stops script execution for the specified time. For example, pause 5000 will cause the script to stop for 5 seconds
- **close**: Closes the browser
- **set window size**: Resizes the browser window to emulate various screen resolutions
- **verifyEditable**: Verifies the expected element is editable

- **verifyElementPresent**: Verifies an expected UI element, as defined by its HTML tag, is present on the page
- **verifyText**: Verifies expected text and its corresponding HTML tag are present on the page
- **verifyTable**: Verifies a table's expected contents
- **waitForPageToLoad**: Pauses execution until an expected new page loads. Called automatically when clickAndWait is used
- **waitForElementPresent**: Pauses execution until an expected UI element, as defined by its HTML tag, is present on the page



Control Flow

Control Flow

- Selenium IDE supports commands for adding **conditional logic** and **loops**
- **Execute commands** (or sets of commands) based on **specific conditions** in an application
- Use loops to execute command(s) repeatedly based on **pre-defined criteria**
- Check conditions using **JavaScript expressions**
- **Run** JavaScript **snippets at any point** using execute script or execute async script commands
- **Store results** in **variables** for use in control flow commands
- JS **expressions** can be **used directly in control flow** commands



Available Commands

- Control Flow commands work by specifying **opening** and **closing commands** to denote a set (or block) of commands
- Here are each of the **available control flow commands** accompanied by their companion and/or closing commands
 - **if, else if, else, end**
 - **times, end**
 - **do, repeat if**
 - **while, end**



Conditional Branching

- **Enables you to change the behavior in your test**
 - **if**: Starts a conditional block; Evaluates a JavaScript expression in the target field; Executes subsequent commands if true; Skips to the next conditional command if false
 - **else if**: Used within an if block; Evaluates a JavaScript expression in the target field; Executes the following commands if true; Skips to the next conditional command if false
 - **else**: Final condition in an if block; Executes if none of the previous conditions are met; Proceeds to the end command after execution
 - **end**: Terminates the conditional command block; Required to complete the block and avoid errors



Conditional Branching Example

- Fetches the title of the webpage and prints "Matched" if it is "CURA Healthcare Service", else prints "Unmatched"

https://katalon-demo-cura.herokuapp.com			
	Command	Target	Value
1	open	/	
2	set window size	1552x832	
3	store title		webpageTitle
4	if	\${webpageTitle} === "CURA Healthcare Service"	
5	echo	Matched	
6	else		
7	echo	Unmatched	
8	end		

Conditional Branching Example Explained

- **store title** command: It will store the title of the webpage in the variable you provide in the value input field. Here the variable name is `webpageTitle`
- Creating **if** block with the condition as `$webpageTitle=== "CURA Healthcare Service"`
- **echo** is a print statement to print statement in logs
- Once the script is executed it will give the output in the log pane

Running 'Conditional'

```
1. open on / OK
2. setWindowSize on 1552x832 OK
3. storeTitle with value pageTitle OK
4. if on ${pageTitle} === "CURA Healthcare Service" OK
echo: Matched
8. end OK
'Conditional' completed successfully
```

Looping

- Looping enables repeating a set of commands multiple times or until a certain condition is met
 - **times**: Repeats commands a specific number of times
 - **do and repeat if**: Executes commands at least once and repeats based on a condition
 - **while**: Repeats commands as long as a condition is true
 - **forEach**: Iterates over a collection, executing commands for each item



Looping Example with "times"

- **times**: specifies the number of iterations for a set of commands. The number of iterations is provided in the target input field
- **end**: This command closes the times command block. It indicates the end of the loop

5	✓ <i>times</i>	3	
6	✓ <i>type</i>	id=txt-username	pepina
7	✓ <i>type</i>	id=txt-password	1234
8	✓ <i>click</i>	id=btn-login	
9	✓ <i>end</i>		

Looping Example with "do"

- **do and repeat if**: Executes the enclosed commands at least once
- **Repeats based** on the **condition** specified in **repeat if**
- The **condition** is **evaluated after** the commands are executed

	Command	Target	Value
1	✓ <i>execute script</i>	return 0	check
2	✓ <i>do</i>		
3	✓ <i>execute script</i>	return \${check} + 1	check
4	✓ <i>repeat if</i>	\${check} < 3	3
5	✓ <i>close</i>		

- **Note**: The loop continues until the condition is false or 1000 attempts. Override with a number in the repeat if value field

Looping Example with "while"

- **while**: Executes the enclosed commands while a condition is true
- **Repeats** based on the **condition specified** in the **while** command
- The **condition is evaluated before** the commands are executed

	Command	Target	Value
1	✓ <i>execute script</i>	return 0	x
2	✓ <i>while</i>	#{x}<3	
3	✓ <i>execute script</i>	return #{x} + 1	x
4	✓ <i>end</i>		

Looping Example with "forEach"

- **forEach**: Iterates over each item of a collection (e.g., a JS array)
- **Specify** the **variable name** of the array in the target field
- **Specify** the **iterator variable** name in the value field
- **Commands** inside the loop **execute** for **each array entry**
- The **current entry** is **accessible** through the **iterator** variable

1	✓ open		
2	✓ execute script	return ["Audi","Volvo","BMW","Opel","Ford"]	x
3	✓ for each	x	itr
4	✓ echo	\${itr}	
5	✓ end		

- **Note:** The loop continues until all items in the array are processed



Command-line Runner

- Possibility to run your tests from the command line
- The following dependencies are needed for the command line runner to work:
 - **node** (the Node.js programming language) version 8 or 10
 - **npm** (the NodeJS package manager) which typically gets installed with node
 - **selenium-side-runner** (the Selenium IDE command line runner)

```
> npm install -g selenium-side-runner
```

- And then the **browser driver** you want

- For **Chrome**

```
> npm install -g chromedriver
```

- For **Firefox**

```
> npm install -g geckodriver
```

- For **Edge**

```
> npm install -g edgedriver
```

- Once installed simply **run the tests** using:

```
> selenium-side-runner /path/to/your-project.side
```

- **Filter tests:**

```
> selenium-side-runner --filter smoke
```

- **Output test results:**

```
> selenium-side-runner --output-directory=results --output-format=jest
```



Code Export

Code Export

- Possibility to **export suite** or tests to **WebDriver code**
- You can export either a test or suite
- Export to the following languages and test frameworks
 - **C# NUnit**
 - **Java JUnit**
 - **JavaScript Mocha**
 - **Python pytest**



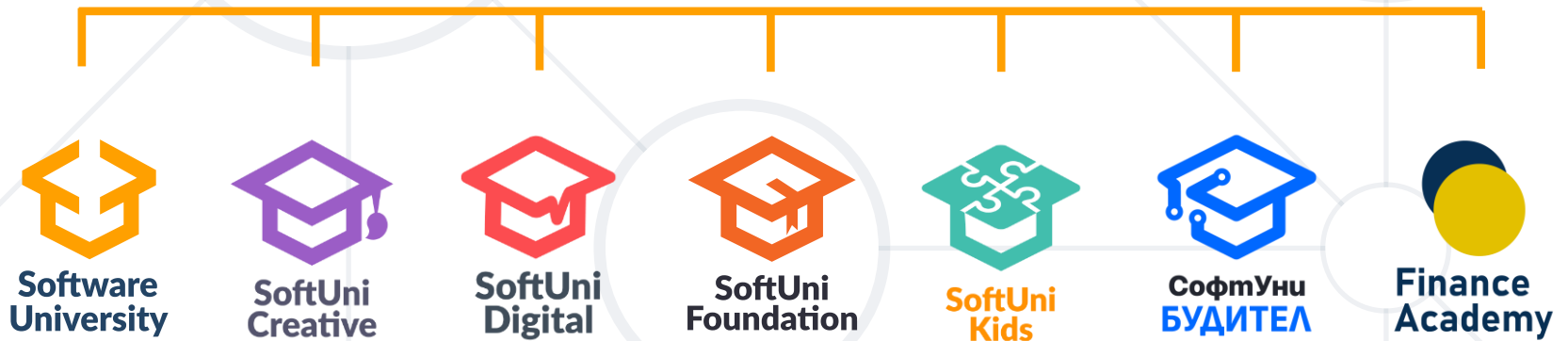
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- **Selenium IDE Advanced**: Control Flow, Command-line Runner, Code Export



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