08/11/2018 | By: Ajit K Prasad



Big Data Engineering with Hadoop & Spark

Case Study II Customer & Transaction









Case Study II - Customer & Transaction data using Hive & HBase

This case study assignment is aimed at consolidating the concepts that was learnt during the various session of Hive & HBase of the course.

Problem Statement

Case Study Description

Let us take up the CUSTOMER and TRANSACTIONS table we have created in the "Let's Do Together" section. Let us solve the following use cases using these tables:

- **1.** Find out the number of transactions done by each customer (These should be taken up in module 8 itself)
- **2.** Create a new table called TRANSACTIONS_COUNT. This table should have fields custid, fname and count. (Again, to be done in module 8)
- **3.** Now write a hive query in such a way that the query populates the data obtained in Step 1 above and populate the table in step 2 above. (This has to be done in module 9).
- **4.** Now let's make the TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table Hbase complaint. In the sense, use SerDes And Storate handler features of hive to change the TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table to be able to create a TRANSACTIONS table in Hbase. (This has to be done in module 10)
- **5.** Now insert the data in TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table using the query in step 3 again, this should populate the Hbase TRANSACTIONS table automatically (This has to be done in module 10)
- **6.** Now from the Hbase level, write the Hbase java API code to access and scan the TRANSACTIONS table data from java level.

To begin with, a database was created, which was used and the 2 tables required were created:

Create a database 'CaseStudyII'

hive> create database casestudy2;

Use the created database to further create tables and perform query functions *hive> use casestudy2;*

Create table 'CUSTOMER'

hive> CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER (custid INT, fname STRING, lname STRING, age INT, profession STRING) row format delimited fields terminated by ',';

Create table 'TXNRECORDS'

hive> CREATE TABLE TXNRECORDS (txnno INT, txndate STRING, custno INT, amount DOUBLE, category STRING, product STRING, city STRING, state STRING, spendby STRING) row format delimited fields terminated by ',';

```
hive> create database casestudy2;
Time taken: 0.623 seconds
hive> use casestudy2;
Time taken: 0.054 seconds
hive> CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER
    > (
    > custid INT,
    > fname STRING,
    > lname STRING,
    > age INT,
    > profession STRING
    > row format delimited fields terminated by ',';
Time taken: 2.227 seconds
hive> CREATE TABLE TXNRECORDS
    > txnno INT,
    > txndate STRING,
    > custno INT,
    > amount DOUBLE,
    > category STRING,
    > product STRING,
    > city STRING,
    > state STRING,
    > spendby STRING
    > row format delimited fields terminated by ',';
Time taken: 0.259 seconds
hive> show tables;
0K
customer
txnrecords
Time taken: 0.124 seconds, Fetched: 2 row(s)
```

Load the data in the two tables created

hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/CaseStudyII/custs.txt' into table CUSTOMER;

hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/CaseStudyII/txns.txt' into table TXNRECORDS;

```
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/CaseStudyII/custs.txt' into table CUSTOMER;
Loading data to table casestudy2.customer
OK
Time taken: 1.298 seconds
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/CaseStudyII/txns.txt' into table TXNRECORDS;
Loading data to table casestudy2.txnrecords
OK
Time taken: 1.316 seconds
```

Once the tables were ready, task were performed using them

1. Find out the number of transactions done by each customer (These should be taken up in module 8 itself)

Solution:

hive> select a.custno, b.lname, b.fname, count(a.amount) from TXNRECORDS a join CUSTOMER b on a.custno=b.custid group by a.custno, b.fname, b.lname;

```
A.C.USENDO, D.J.Namme, b.Inname, b.Inname, b.Fname, count(a.mount) from PXNRECONDS a join CUSTOMER b on a.c.ustno-b.c.ustid group by a.c.ustno.b.fname, b.lname;
b.fname, b.lname;
MARTING: Hive-on-NR: is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using hive 1.x releases.

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```

2. Create a new table called TRANSACTIONS_COUNT. This table should have fields - custid, fname and count. (Again, to be done in module 8)

Solution:

hive> CREATE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_COUNT(custno INT, fname STRING, count INT) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

```
hive> CREATE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_COUNT(custno INT, Fname STRING, count INT) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';
OK
Time taken: 1.376 seconds
hive> desc TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;
OK
custno int
fname string
count int
Time taken: 0.179 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
hive>
```

3. Now write a hive query in such a way that the query populates the data obtained in Step 1 above and populate the table in step 2 above. (This has to be done in module 9).

Solution:

hive> INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_COUNT select a.custno, b.fname, count(a.amount) as count from TXNRECORDS a join CUSTOMER b on a.custno=b.custid group by a.custno, b.fname;

Check if the data was populated as required hive> SELECT * from TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;

```
hive> SELECT * from TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;
0K
4000001 Kristina
4000002 Paige
4000003 Sherri
                         5
4000004 Gretchen
4000005 Karen
4000006 Patrick 5
4000007 Elsie
4000008 Hazel
                10
4000009 Malcolm 6
4000010 Dolores 6
Time taken: 0.519 seconds, Fetched: 10 row(s)
hive>
```

4. Now let's make the TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table HBase complaint. In the sense, use SerDes And Storate handler features of hive to change the TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table to be able to create a TRANSACTIONS table in Hbase. (This has to be done in module 10)

Solution:

```
hive> CREATE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_HBase (custid INT, fname STRING, count INT) STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler' WITH serdeproperties("hbase.columns.mapping"=":key,details:name,details:txn_count") tblproperties("hbase.table.name"="TRANSACTIONS"); hive> show tables; hive> desc TRANSACTIONS HBase;
```

```
hive> CREATE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_HBase (custid INT, fname STRING, count INT) STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler' WITH serdeproperties("hbase.columns.mapping"=":key,details:name,details:txn_count") tblproperties("hbase.table.name"="TRANSACTIONS");

OK
Time taken: 6.245 seconds
hive> show tables;

OK
customer
transactions_count
transactions_hbase
txnrecords
Time taken: 0.139 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
hive> desc transactions_hbase;

OK
custid
int
fname
string
count
int
finame
string
count
line taken: 0.15 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
hive>
■
```

5. Now insert the data in TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table using the query in step 3 again, this should populate the Hbase TRANSACTIONS table automatically (This has to be done in module 10)

Solution:

hive> INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_HBase select * from TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;

hive> select * from TRANSACTIONS_HBase;

```
Nive> INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_HBase select * from TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;
WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution e ngine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild_20180812124251_99a7b0d0-2300-45c4-8a64-c239a7025c57
Total jobs = 1
Launching_Job | out of 1
Number of reduce tasks is set to 0 since there's no reduce operator
Starting_Job = job_1534047792796_0003, Tracking_URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1534047792796_0003/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/haddoop/haddoop-2.6.5/bin/haddoop job -kill_job_1534047792796_0003
Hadoop job information for Stage-3: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 0
2018-08-12 12:43:21_591 Stage-3 map = 0%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 8.83 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 9 seconds 680 msec
Ended_Job = job_1534047792796_0003
MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 9 seconds 680 msec
OK
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 9 seconds 680 msec
OK
Time taken: 52_687 seconds
hive-select * from TRANSACTIONS_HBase;
OK
4000001 Kristina 8
4000002 Paige 6
4000003 Sherri 3
4000006 Patrick 5
4000006 Patrick 5
4000006 Patrick 5
4000007 Malcolm 6
4000010 Dolores 6
Time taken: 0.625 seconds, Fetched: 10 row(s)
hive-select * from TRANSACTIONS_Fetched: 10 row(s)
```

hbase(main):003:0> scan 'TRANSACTIONS'

```
hbase(main):002:0> list
TABLE
TRANSACTIONS
bulktable
clicks
3 row(s) in 0.0390 seconds
=> ["TRANSACTIONS", "bulktable", "clicks"]
hbase(main):003:0> scan 'TRANSACTIONS'
ROW
                                     COLUMN+CELL
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Kristina
 4000001
 4000001
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=8
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Paige
 4000002
 4000002
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=6
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Sherri
 4000003
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=3
 4000003
 4000004
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Gretchen
 4000004
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=5
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Karen column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=5 column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Patrick
 4000005
 4000005
 4000006
 4000006
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=5
 4000007
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Elsie
 4000007
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=6
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Hazel
 4000008
 4000008
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=10
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Malcolm
 4000009
 4000009
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=6
 4000010
                                     column=details:name, timestamp=1534058021678, value=Dolores
                                     column=details:txn_count, timestamp=1534058021678, value=6
 4000010
10 row(s) in 0.5370 seconds
hbase(main):004:0>
```

6. Now from the Hbase level, write the Hbase java API code to access and scan the TRANSACTIONS table data from java level.

Solution:

Access and Scan of "TRANSACTIONS" table data using Java API code



