08/19/2018 | By: Ajit K Prasad



Big Data Engineering with Hadoop & Spark

Assignment on Advance HBase







Session 12: Assignment 12.1

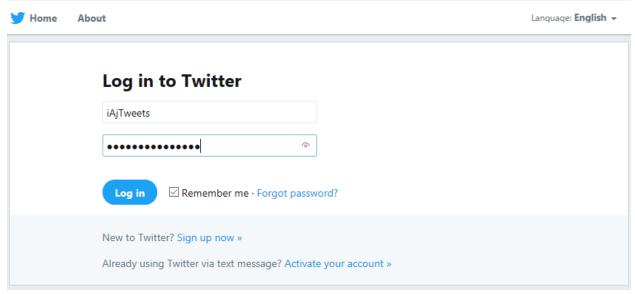
This assignment is aimed at consolidating the concepts that was learnt during the Oozie and Flume session of the course.

Task 1:

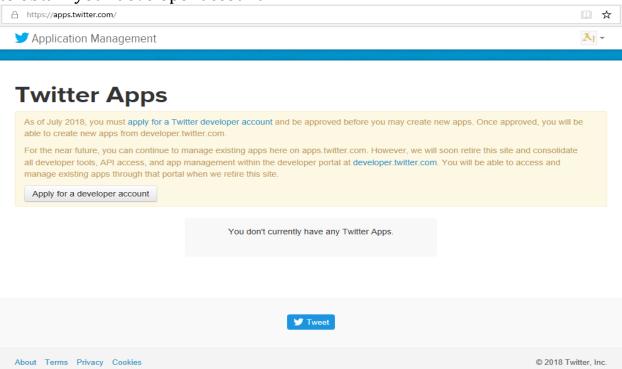
Create a flume agent that streams data from Twitter and stores in the HDFS.

Solution:

Step 1: Login to your twitter using your sign-in credentials.



Step 2: Following this <u>link</u> and click the 'Apply for Developer Account' button to obtain your developer account.

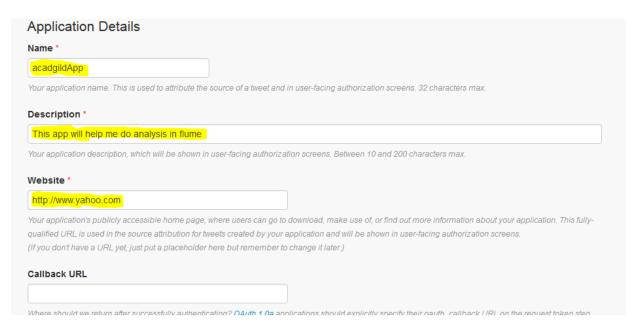


Step 3: Enter the details below.

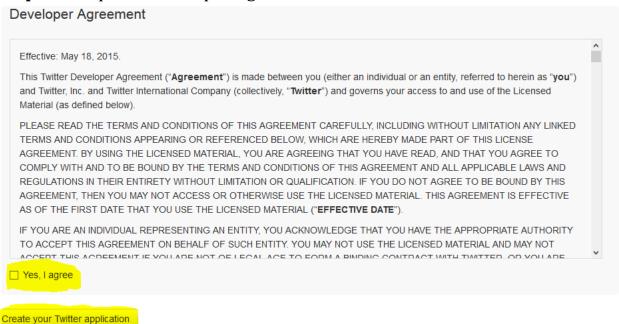




Create an application



Step 4: Accept the Developer Agreement.



Note: It will take few weeks for your developer account to be approved by Twitter.

- **Step 5:** Create a new flume.conf file & copy the Flume configuration code from this link and paste it in the newly created file flume.conf.
- **Step 6:** Once the developer account is approved, you would receive "consumerKey", "consumerSecret", "accessToken", "accessTokenSecret" from Twitter. Edit these these four values within flume.conf file as highlighted below and accordingly.

```
TwitterAgent.sources = Twitter
TwitterAgent.channels = MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sinks = HDFS
# Describing/Configuring the source
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.type = org.apache.flume.source.twitter.TwitterSource
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerKey=DCjUjRSucocyREIvZQa6vJ5AP
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerSecret=xlDlnQkXJHAhghTztK651917U9Taq4WLl8fRqa9UUm5DCwYDVj
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessToken=797943092-wcNt3mgrbPiHYhEZ2K9RjWvjs3zAlYg1ETi2s0A3
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessTokenSecret=ohm8hds3X1d2S0JWs0aAu3HlpTjYvSsaI4In3lNVTAJJU
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords=hadoop, bigdata, mapreduce, mahout, hbase, nosql
# Describing/Configuring the sink
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords= hadoop,election,sports, cricket,Big data
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.channel=MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.type=hdfs
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.path=hdfs://localhost:9000/home/acadgild/Desktop/TestHadoop/flume/tweets
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.fileType=DataStream
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.writeformat=Text
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.batchSize=1000
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollSize=0
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollCount=10000
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollInterval=600
TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.type=memory
TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.capacity=10000
TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.transactionCapacity=1000
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.channels = MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.channel = MemChannel
```

Step 7: Within the same flume.conf file enter the keywords that you want to search the tweets on twitter against the key "TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords"

e.g.: TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords= hadoop, bigdata, mapreduce, mahout, hbase, nosql

Step 8: Create a new directory tweets which would store tweets stream by flume agent on to HDFS: "hadoop fs -mkdir -p /hadoopdata/flume/tweets"

```
[acadgild@10 tweets]s hadoop fs -mkdir -p /hadoopdata/flume/tweets
18/08/19 18:32:26 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicab
le
[acadgild@10 tweets]s hadoop fs -ls /hadoopdata/flume/
18/08/19 18:32:47 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicab
le
Found 1 items
drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2018-08-19 18:32 /hadoopdata/flume/tweets.
```

Step 9: Mention the newly created directory path into the flume.conf as shown below:

"TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.path=hdfs://localhost:9000/hadoopdata/flume/

```
witterAgent.sources = Twitter
TwitterAgent.channels = MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sinks = HDFS
# Describing/Configuring the source
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.type = org.apache.flume.source.twitter.TwitterSource
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerKey=DCjUjRSucocyREIvZQa6VJ5AP
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerSecret=x1DlnQkXjHAhghTztK6519I7U9Taq4WLl8fRqa9UUm5DCwYDVi
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessToken=797943092-wcNt3mgrbPiHYhEZ2K9RjWvjs3zAlYglETi2s0A3
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessTokenSecret=ohm8hds3X1d2S0JWs0aAu3HlpTjYvSsaI4In3lNVTAJJU
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords=hadoop, bigdata, mapreduce, mahout, hbase, nosql
# Describing/Configuring the sink
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords= hadoop,election,sports, cricket,Big data
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.channel=MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.type=hdfs
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.path=hdfs://localhost:9000/hadoopdata/flume/tweets
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.fileType=DataStream
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.writeformat=Text
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.batchSize=1000
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollSize=0
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollCount=10000
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollInterval=600
TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.type=memory
TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.capacity=10000
TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.transactionCapacity=1000
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.channels = MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.channel = MemChannel
Note: Make sure all the daemons are started
               $
                      start-all.sh
```

```
$
                  jps
[acadgild@10 tweets]$ ips
29696 DataNode
30337 NodeManager
29571 NameNode
30228 ResourceManager
29973 SecondaryNameNode
31386 HMaster
5771 Jps
31484 HRegionServer
31294 HQuorumPeer
[acadgild@10 tweets]$
```

Step 10: For fetching data from Twitter into the HDFS cluster path, use the command below.

\$ flume-ng agent -n TwitterAgent -f /home/acadgild/install/flume/apache-flume-1.8.0bin/conf/flume.conf

This triggers the streaming of data from Twitter. To stop the streaming press $\frac{\text{"ctrl} + c"}{\text{ctrl}}$.

Step 11: To check the contents of the tweet go to the output directory at hdfs \$ hadoop fs -ls /hadoopdata/flume/tweets

Note: This needs Flume to be installed and configured on the system. To do the necessary installation, please access this <u>blog</u> and follow the procedures.