

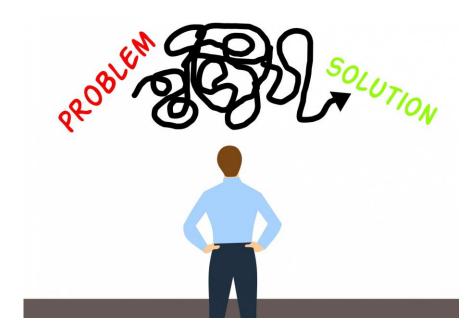
San Diego Global Knowledge University

HTML and CSS

Coding Standards



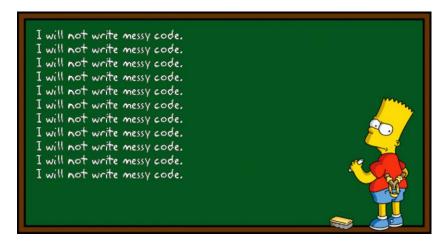
Programmers are employed to solve real world problems, not to deal with coding styles. In most companies, you are not judged by the number of lines of code that you write, but by the value and the results that your company gets from your work.

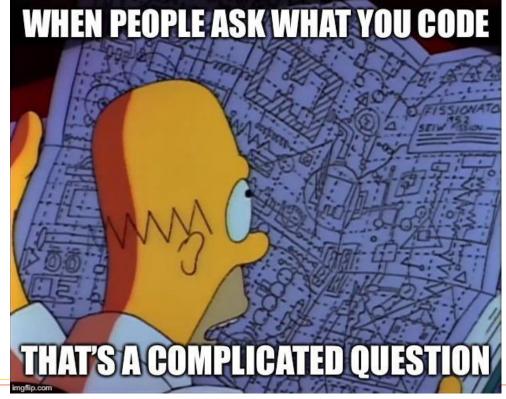




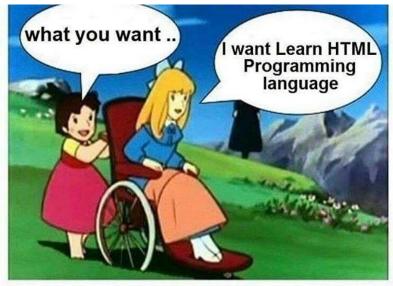
Solving problems, while using a coding style that your team has agreed upon, is something that you should be doing.

Programmers are humans that have their own unique tastes of code, and it is almost impossible to find a coding style that everyone would like.











HTML best practices for beginners

- 1. Use proper document structure
- 2. Declare the correct doctype
- 3. Always close tags
- 4. Don't use inline styles
- 5. Use alt attribute with images
- 6. Validate frequently
- 7. Place external style sheets within the <head> tag
- 8. Use meaningful tags
- 9. Use lowercase markup
- 10. Reduce the number of elements on a page



- Indentation
- Doctype
- Use of Sematic Elements
- Use practical ID and Class Values
- Use lower case Markup
- Spaces and Equal signs
- Comments



- Should always reflect logical structure.
- Use tabs not spaces.
- Increases readability.



• Use correct Document Type

<!DOCTYPE html>



- Search Engine Friendly.
- Shorter and download fast.
- Accessibility.

Use practical ID and Class Values

• Relating to the content itself, not the style of the content.

Bad Code

Error! Please try Again

Error! Please try Again

HTML allows mixing uppercase and lowercase letters in element names.

However, we recommend using lowercase element names, because:

- Mixing uppercase and lowercase names looks bad
- Developers normally use lowercase names
- Lowercase looks cleaner
- Lowercase is easier to write
- Lowercase is easier to read.



Use Lowercase Attribute Names

Good:

Visit our HTML tutorial

Bad:

Visit our HTML tutorial

Spaces and Equal Signs



- For programmers.
- Helps reduce errors.
- For future.

```
<div class="alert">
...
</div> <! -- alert ends -->
```



- Structure
- Selectors
- Properties
- Values
- Commenting

Me: *makes a small change to the CSS*

My website:



- Use tabs, not spaces for indentation.
- Two blank lines between sections.
- One blank line between blocks in a section.
- Each selector should be on its own line.
- Property-value pairs should be on their own line.
- The closing brace should be flush left.

```
css

body{
background:black;
background:black;

position:relative;
width:800px;
height:600px;
background:#214760;
margin:0px auto;

position:relative;
auto;
```

- Use lowercase and separate words with hyphens when naming selectors.
- Refrain from using over-qualified selectors.
- Attribute selectors should use double quotes around values.

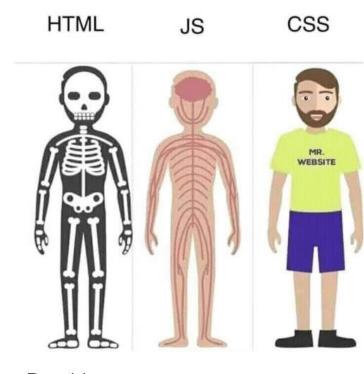
```
#comment-form {
    margin: 1em 0;
}
input[type="text"] {
    line-height: 1.1;
}
```

- Should be followed by a colon and a space.
- Use lowercase.
- Use shorthand.



Property Ordering

- Display
- Positioning
- Box model
- Colors and Typography
- Other



Dev Human



- Space before the value, after the colon.
- Always end in a semicolon.
- Use double quotes rather than single quotes.
- 0 values should not have units unless necessary.
- Line height should also be unit-less, unless necessary.



THE TWO STATES OF EVERY PROGRAMMER



I AM A GOD.



I HAVE NO IDEA WHAT I'M DOING.







When I wote this each, only Cod and i understood what it does Now, God only knows









Me: *makes a small change to the CSS*

My website:

