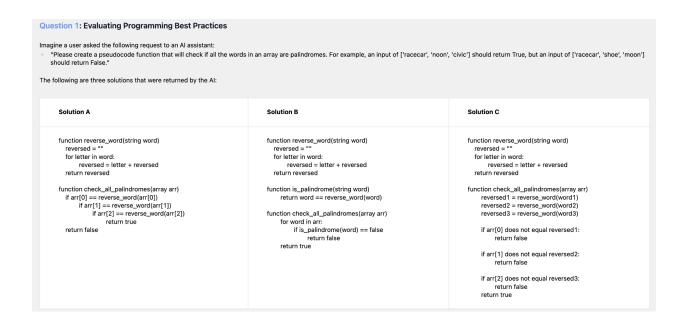
# **Data Annotation Assessment**

04.11.2024

## **Question 1**

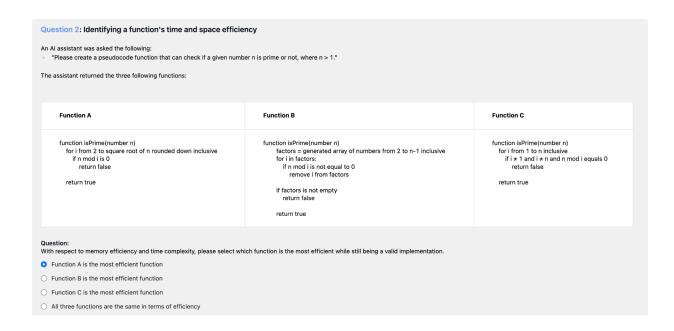


Solution B is the best answer here because it enables an array of any size to be passed-in while remaining effective regardless of the array size.

At first glance, Solution B does look slightly more complex because it has a second for-in loop, and it has 3 functions, but it could be argued that breaking the solution up into 3 functions improves the modularity of the script.

If we wanted to shorten the code while retaining functionality and flexibility, the is\_pallindrome() function could be removed if the check\_all\_pallindromes() function is updated like so.

```
function check_all_palindromes(array arr)
for word in arr:
    if word != reverse_word(word)
        return false
return true
```



Function A is the most efficient function out of the three in terms of memory and time complexity.

Why do we only need to check up to the square root?

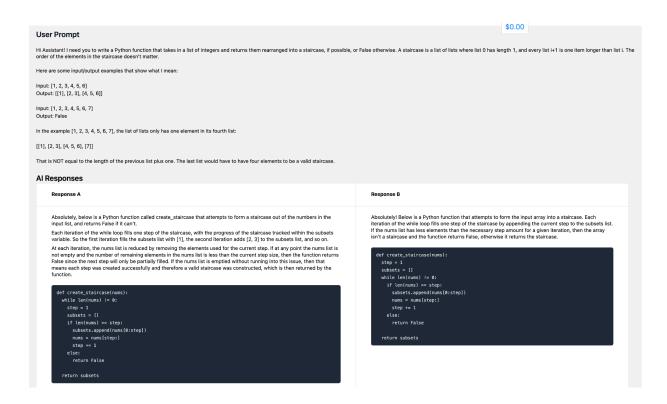
Checking as few values as possible for possible divisors decreases time complexity. In other words, less calculations make for a faster function.

As it relates to memory efficiency, Function A avoids data structures such as arrays or lists and instead only stores a few simple variables rather than arrays or lists filled with values.

# Consider the following programming task: "Given an input integer n, create a while loop that utilizes arithmetic to store the frequency of each digit present in n in a dictionary frequency\_map. The input number n will be provided as a numeric data type, not a string. For each loop iteration, you must update frequency\_map before reducing n." Drag the pseudocode steps below to arrange them into the correct order to create a valid solution for the above task. ii initialize an empty dictionary frequency\_map while n is greater than 0 ii digit = n mod 10 ii f digit is not in frequency\_map keys add digit to frequency\_map with an initial value of 1 ii else add 1 to the value of digit in frequency\_map ii n = integer part of (n/10)

Having a strong personal ethical code and promoting those ethical standards in our everyday life and workplace environment is absolutely essential.

Response A handles this request well. The AI system identifies that the human's request to invade somebody else's privacy is not ethical behavior and it's even possibly illegal. Then, the language model gently and politely redirects the user to appropriate conversation, rather than providing step by step instruction on how to violate someone's privacy and potentially break the law, which is exactly what Response B does.



It's my opinion that the written component of Response A is hard to follow, plain and simple. Response A is wordy. It's better to just keep it simple. The user can always ask follow up questions, or ask the AI to explain in more detail. Additionally, Response A contains a logical error. The step variable needs to be initialized outside of the while loop. Each iteration of the loop reset the step variable to 1.

# **Question 6**

```
Part 3 - Coding Exercise: Decoding a Message from a Text File

In this exercise, you will develop a function named "decode (sessage, £14a)". This function should read an encoded message from a .txt file and return its decoded version as a string.

Note that you can write your code using any language and IDE you want (Python is preferred if possible, but not mandatory).

Your function must be able to process an input file with the following format:

3 Tove
6 computers
2 dogs
4 cats
1 I
5 you

In this file, each line contains a number followed by a word. The task is to decode a hidden message based on the arrangement of these numbers into a "pyramid" structure. The numbers are placed into the pyramid in ascending order, with each line of the pyramid having one more number than the line above it. The smallest number is 1, and the numbers increase consecutively, like so:

1 2 3
4 3 6

The key to decoding the message is to use the words corresponding to the numbers at the end of each pyramid line (in this example, 1, 3, and 6). You should ignore all the other words. So for the example input file above, the message words are:

1: 1
3: Love
6: computers
and your function should return the string "Love computers".
```

### See code file

The pyramid is constructed by ordering the numbers consecutively, and adding another number to each row, starting with 1 on the top. How many rows to be built is determined by calculating how many rows are needed to accommodate all of the elements. By extracting only the numbers, and sorting them, pyramid rows can be constructed by adding the numbers to each row based on the numbers index, with each row getting one more number, until all of the numbers are added to the pyramid.

Line data from the txt file is extracted. Each line is a dictionary entry, with the number being the key, and the value being the word. By using the element found at the end of each row of the pyramid, we can look up the corresponding value for that element in the dictionary, which is how the hidden message is revealed.

Your Academic and Professional Background

Tell us about yourself, including your educational and work background in detail. If you have any special skills that may be relevant, please let us know about those too. The more detail, the better

My extensive background and experience make me a strong candidate for the remote programmer position at Data Annotation. I have a deep proficiency in coding high performance mobile applications, Python, and web development, as well as a strong track record in full-stack Flutter app development using Firebase, demonstrating my expertise in app development and backend management. Additionally, my proficiency in Google and Apple authentication, streams, data provider, custom widgets, animations, and more showcases my versatility and skill set.

My academic background includes certificates in coding and IT, courses in Python and web design, and I am currently pursuing a Master's in Computer Science, which reflects my commitment to learning and growth in the field. My experience in cybersecurity and comfort with using computer terminals further enhance my qualifications. An academic reference is available from PHD David Camp, professor of computer science at San Francisco State University.

My app development projects, such as the upcoming launch of the Math GPT app to the Google Play and Apple App Store, highlight my ability to develop innovative and functional applications. The app's integration of a custom ChatGPT model, which I trained myself, demonstrates my expertise in AI model development and implementation.

Another app project of mine, Flappy Hand, showcases my creativity and ability to develop engaging gaming experiences. My proficiency in Swift and Flutter, as well as my continuous learning and development, make me a valuable asset to any team.

My commitment to coding and my diverse interests, including 3D printing, drone building, and my personal life, add depth to my profile. My desire to work remotely while pursuing my Master's program reflects my dedication and ability to manage responsibilities effectively.

strong candidate for the position.			

Overall, I believe that my skills, experience, and commitment to the field make me  $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$