High Field Surgery Travel Health Advice Leaflet

The following information will help you to stay healthy on your trip. Please make sure you read it following on from your appointment with us.

WATER

Diseases can be caught from drinking contaminated water, or swimming in it. Unless you know the water supply is safe where you are staying, ONLY USE (in order of preference)

- 1. Boiled water
- 2. Bottled water or canned drinks
- 3. Water treated by a sterilising agent.

This includes water used to make ice cubes in drinks and water for cleaning your teeth

SWIMMING

It is safer to swim in water that is well chlorinated. If you are travelling to Africa, South America or some parts of the Caribbean, avoid swimming in fresh water lakes and streams. You can catch a parasitic disease called schistosomiasis from such places. This disease is also known as Bilharzia. It is also wise never to go barefoot, but to wear protective footwear when out, even on the beach. Other diseases can be caught from sand and soil, particularly wet soil.

FOOD

Contaminated food is the commonest source of many diseases abroad. You can help prevent it by following these guidelines:

- ONLY EAT WELL COOKED FRESH FOOD
- AVOID LEFTOVERS and REHEATED FOODS
- > ENSURE MEAT IS THOROUGHLY COOKED
- > EAT COOKED VEGETABLES, AVOID SALADS
- > ONLY EAT FRUIT YOU CAN PEEL
- > NEVER DRINK UNPASTEURISED MILK
- > AVOID ICE-CREAM
- SHELLFISH IS A HIGH RISK FOOD
- AVOID BUYING FOOD FROM STREET VENDORS' STALLS AS A GENERAL RULE

Another source of calories is alcohol! If you drink to excess, alcohol could lead you to become carefree and ignore these precautions.

PERSONAL HYGIENE

Many diseases are transmitted by what is known as the 'faecal-oral' route. To help prevent this, always wash your hands with soap and clean water after going to the toilet, before eating and before handling food. Using hand gel is another sensible option.

TRAVELLERS' DIARRHOEA

This the **most common illness** that you will be exposed to abroad and there is **NO vaccine against it.** Diarrhoea is caused by eating and/or drinking food and water contaminated by bacteria, viruses or parasites. Risk of illness is higher in some countries than others.

High risk areas include North Africa, sub-Saharan Africa, the Indian Subcontinent, S.E. Asia, South

Two phrases to help you remember

COOK IT, PEEL IT, OR LEAVE IT!
WHEN IN DOUBT, LEAVE IT OUT!