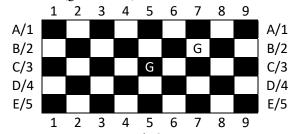
COMP 472/6721: Naive Heuristic for Demo 2

To show the functionality of your minimax, please use the heuristic e below during demo2. The heuristic is with respect to Green, so Green will try to maximize e, while Red will try to minimize e.

```
\begin{array}{l} e(board) = \\ 100 \times \left( \sum_{g=1}^{nbGreenTokensOnBoard} horizontalIndex_g \right) \\ +50 \times \left( \sum_{g=1}^{nbGreenTokensOnBoard} verticalIndex_g \right) \\ -100 \times \left( \sum_{r=1}^{nbRedTokensOnBoard} horizontalIndex_r \right) \\ -50 \times \left( \sum_{r=1}^{nbRedTokensOnBoard} verticalIndex_r \right) \end{array}
```

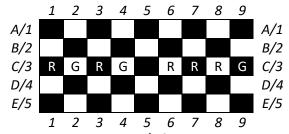
Examples: Assume the following boards:

Board 1: (green wins)



 $\begin{array}{ll} e(board\ 1) =\ 100 \times \left(\sum_{g=1}^2 horizontalIndex_g\right) + 50 \times \left(\sum_{g=1}^2 verticalIndex_g\right) -\ 100 \times \\ \left(\sum_{r=1}^0 horizontalIndex_r\right) + 50 \times \left(\sum_{r=1}^0 verticalIndex_r\right) = 100 \times (2+3) + 50 \times (7+5) - 0 - 0 = 500 + 600 - 0 = 1100 \end{array}$

Board 2:



 $\begin{array}{l} e(board\ 2) =\ 100 \times \left(\sum_{g=1}^{3} horizontalIndex_{g} \right) + 50 \times \left(\sum_{g=1}^{3} verticalIndex_{g} \right) -\ 100 \times \\ \left(\sum_{r=1}^{5} horizontalIndex_{r} \right) + 50 \times \left(\sum_{r=1}^{5} verticalIndex_{r} \right) = 100 \times (3+3+3) + 50 \times (2+4+9) -\ 100 \times (3+3+3+3+3) - 50 \times (1+3+6+7+8) = 900 + 750 -\ 1500 -\ 1250 = -1100 \end{array}$

Board 3: (same tokens as board 2 but in different positions)

 $\begin{array}{l} e(board\ 3) =\ 100 \times \left(\sum_{g=1}^{3} horizontalIndex_{g} \right) + 50 \times \left(\sum_{g=1}^{3} verticalIndex_{g} \right) -\ 100 \times \\ \left(\sum_{r=1}^{5} horizontalIndex_{r} \right) + 50 \times \left(\sum_{r=1}^{5} verticalIndex_{r} \right) = 100 \times (3+3+5) + 50 \times (2+4+9) -\ 100 \times (3+3+3+1+1) - 50 \times (1+3+8+6+7) = 1100 + 750 -\ 1100 -\ 2600 = -1850 \end{array}$