02_01_PAA-gel-preparation (denaturating)

SONNTAG, 16.5.2021

Goal-Setting

• Preparing a PAA gel (denaturating) to separate DNA fragments

Terms / abbreviations

- APS = Ammoniumperoxodisulfate
- PAA = Polyacrylamide
- TBE = Tris-Borate-EDTA buffer
- TEMED = Tetramethylethylenediamine

Risk areas

- Health hazard/Hazardous to the ozone layer
- · Acrylamide is neurotoxic, always wear gloves!



Required materials and / or information

- Chemicals:
 - o Acrylamide 29:1; 40% (w/v), Roth
 - o APS (10% (w/v))
 - o MilliQ water, Sartorius arium pro VF
 - o TBE Buffer (10x)
 - o TEMED, AppliChem
 - Urea, Roth
- Materials:
 - o 0.75 mm gel comb, BioRad
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 - o 0.75 mm glass slides, one with edges and one without, BioRad
 - o Falcon Tube 50 ml, Sarstedt
 - o Grey sponge

Templates, devices, software

- BioRad MINI PROTEAN II Apparatus
- BioRad PROTEAN Tetra Cell

Preliminary work

- 00 01 10%-APS-recipe
- 00_02_10x-TBE-buffer-recipe

Operation

- 1. Set up the gel chamber by putting the two 0.75 mm glass slides together in the little plastic holder so that a gap between the slides is created
- 2. Turn down the hand gears so that the glass slides are tight
- 3. Place the two grey sponges in the big plastic holder
- 4. Place the little plastic holders along with the glass chambers into the big plastic holder and make sure everything is really tight
 - o Test it with a bit of deionized water if the chambers are leak proof
 - o Dry the chambers after that with paper!
- 5. Get all chemicals
- 6. Dependig on the percentage of the gel, mix the components according to following:

Composition of gel for different acrylamide concentrations				
	А	В	С	D
1	Component	5% PAA	15% PAA	20% PAA
2	ignore this row>	0.05	0.15	0.2
3	40% Acrylamide [mL]	12.5	37.5	50
4	10x TBE buffer [mL]	10.00	10.00	10.00
5	Urea [g]	42.00	42.00	42.00
6	H2O [mL]	25.00	25.00	25.00
7	Heat the gel in a waterbath at 60 °C until the urea is dissolved			
8	Fill the gel up to 99,5 mL using H2O and mix for 2-3 min			
9	10% (w/v) APS [mL]	0.5	0.5	0.5
10	TEMED [mL]	0.05	0.05	0.05
11	total [mL]	100.05	100.05	100.05

- 1. Mix the gel by inverting the Falcon Tube
- 2. APS and TEMED will start the polymerisation, so make sure that the gel chambers are ready, leakproof and dry
 - o In order to get rid of air bubbles, the schottflask can be put into an UltraSound Device for a few seconds for degassing, but keep in mind that the schottflask is contaminated once it was used in the gel electrophoresis room
- 3. Fill up the chambers to the rim of the small glass slide
- 4. Stick the comb into the chamber and avoid bubble formation



- 1. Wait until the solution has polymerised,
 - $\circ\quad$ The solidity can be proofed with the rest of the solution in the Falcon Tube
 - This usually takes some time (~45 min)

- 2. Take the little plastic holder out of the big one and take out the glass slides
- 3. Gently remove the comb (not recommended if the gel should be stored)
- 4. If the gel is not used directly, wrap it in wet paper towels als put it in a plastic bag
- 5. Write down the date and the percentage of the gel and store at 4 °C in the fridge in electrophoresis room

Disposal

• TBE Buffer can be discarded in sink with a lot of water

Troubleshooting

- Use fresh APS
 - o APS catalyzes the polymerization of acrylamide
 - o Using old APS or APS stored above -20 °C will result in slow or incomplete polymerization
 - o Keep small, fresh aliquots in the freezer

Follow-up work

• 02_02_Performing-PAA-gel-electrophoresis