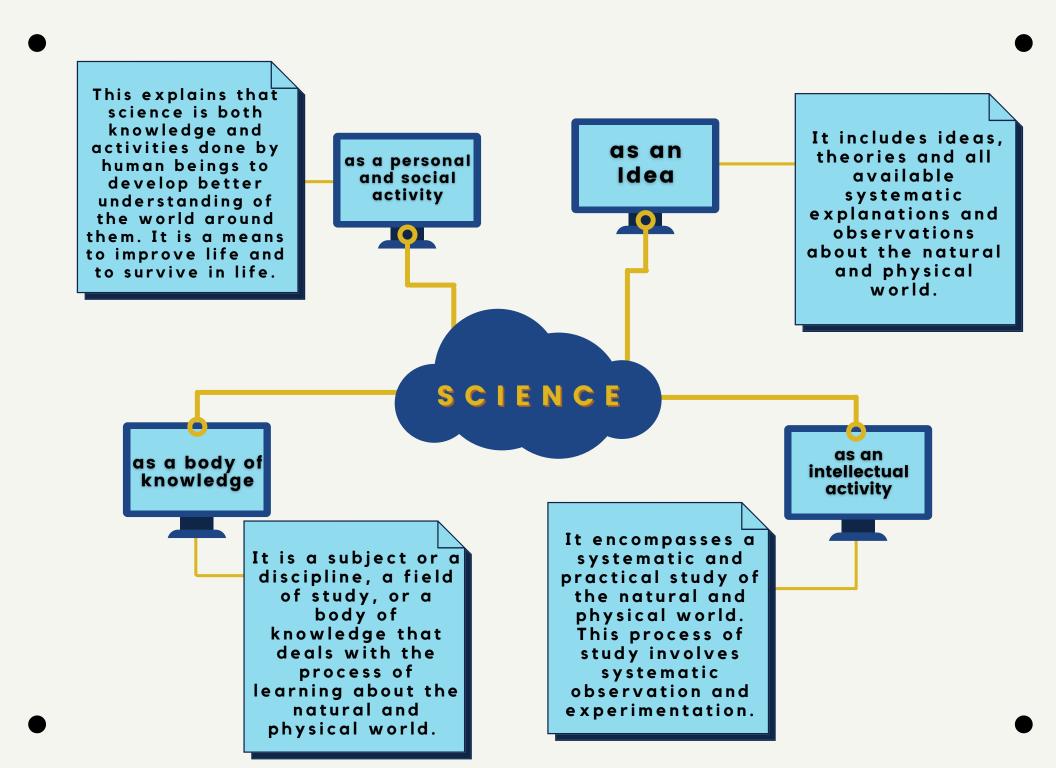
REVOLUTIONS THAT DEFINEDS OCIETY

SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, AND SOCIETY

EARL DAVID Q. ONG / BSCS-I



SCIENTIFIC REVOLUTION

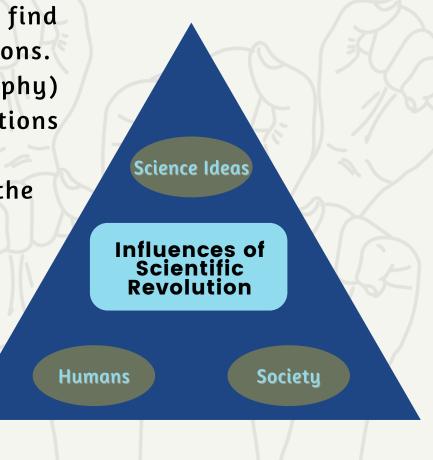
Human beings have embarked in scientific activities to know and understand everything around them.

 They have persistently observed and studied the natural and physical world in order to find meaning and seek answers to many questions.

2. They have developed noble ideas (philosophy) to provide alternative or possible explanations to certain phenomena.

3. Humans also used religion to rationalize the origins of life and all lifeless forms.

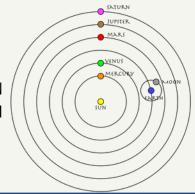
The idea of **Scientific Revolution** is claimed to have started in the early 16th century up to the 18th century in Europe.

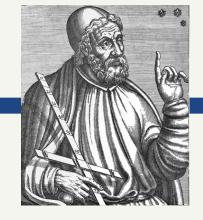


DESCRIPTIONS OF THE UNIVERSE

Nicolaus Copernicus was a Polish astronomer known as the father of modern astronomy. He was the first modern European scientist to propose that Earth and other planets revolve around the sun, or the Heliocentric Theory of the universe.

HELIOCENTRIC SYSTEM, AKA COPERNICAN HELIOCENTRISM





ALEXANDRIAN ASTRONOMER AND MATHEMATICIAN PTOLEMY



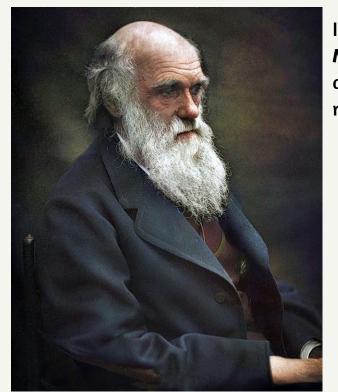
PTOLEMAIC SYSTEM, ALSO CALLED GEOCENTRIC SYSTEM OR GEOCENTRIC MODEL



POLISH ASTRONOMER ANF THE FATHER OF MODERN ASTRONOMY NICOLAUS COPERNICUS

Ptolemaic system, also called geocentric system or geocentric model, mathematical model of the universe formulated by the Alexandrian astronomer and mathematician Ptolemy about 150 CE and recorded by him in his Almagest and Planetary Hypotheses.

THEORY OF EVOLUTION



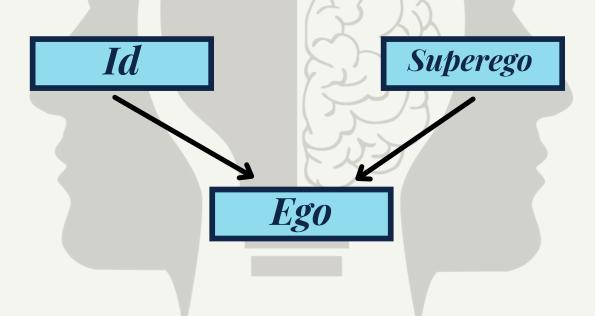
In 1859, Darwin published *On the Origin of Species by Means of Natural Selection*, presenting a strong, logical explanation of descent with modification, evolution by the mechanism of natural selection

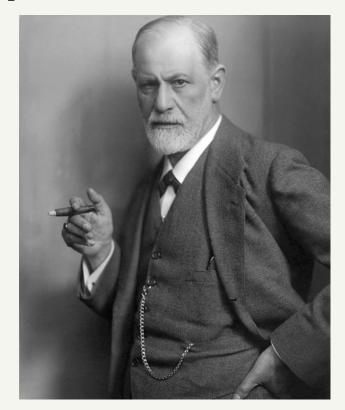
Overproduction & Competition & selection variation **Natural Selection** ENGLISH NATURALIST, GEOLOGIST, AND **BIOLOGIST CHARLES DARWIN Environmental** change

PSYCHOANALYTIC THEORY OF PERSONALITY

This structural theory of personality places great importance on how conflicts among the parts of the mind shape behavior and personality. These conflicts are mostly unconscious. This argues that human behavior is the result of the interactions among three component parts of the mind: id, ego and superego.

CONFLICTS WITHIN THE MIND

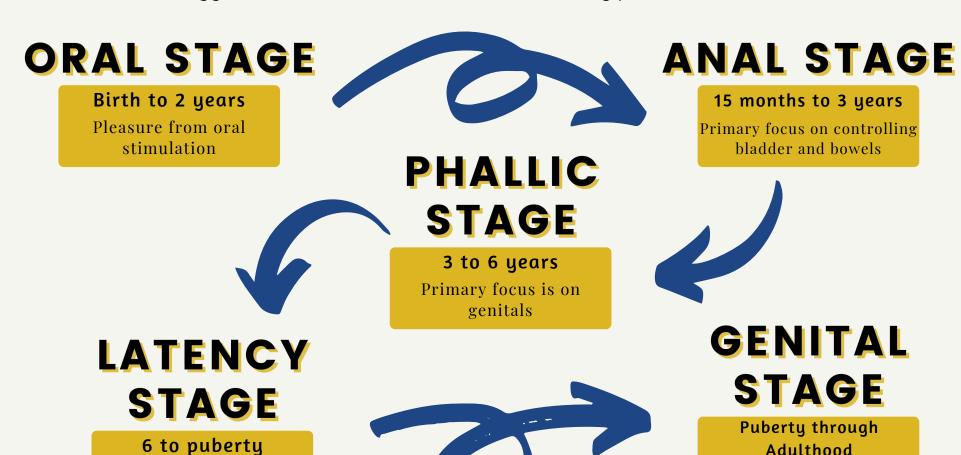




SIGMUND FREUD, AN AUSTRIAN NEUROLOGIST AND THE FOUNDER OF PSYCHOANALYSIS

PSYCHOSEXUAL STAGE OF CHILDREN

During the five psychosexual stages, which are the oral, anal, phallic, latent, and genital stages, the erogenous zone associated with each stage serves as a source of pleasure. The psychosexual energy, or libido, was described as the driving force behind behavior.



Sexual desires renewed -

seek relationships w others

Sexual desires pushed to

background