

Network Technology Task Performance 2

The image shows two screenshots of the AWS Management Console. The top screenshot is the 'Launch an instance' page, which displays a success message for launching instance `i-0a86e5252a693c09f`. Below this, there are 'Next Steps' for various services like billing alerts, RDS database connection, EBS snapshot policy, monitoring, load balancer, AWS budget, and CloudWatch alarms. The bottom screenshot shows the 'Volumes' page, which lists two volumes: `vol-047b682f406d87698` (gp3, 30 GiB) and `vol-09607e6b7a097cfcb` (gp2, 30 GiB). It also includes a 'Snapshot summary' section showing 0/1 volumes backed up and a 'Data Lifecycle Manager default policy for EBS Snapshots status' section indicating a failure to fetch the policy status.

Launch an instance

Success
Successfully initiated launch of instance `i-0a86e5252a693c09f`

[Launch log](#)

Next Steps

What would you like to do next with this instance, for example "create alarm" or "create backup"

Create billing usage alerts
To manage costs and avoid surprise bills, set up email notifications for billing usage thresholds.
[Create billing alerts](#)

Connect to your instance
Once your instance is running, log into it from your local computer.
[Connect to instance](#)
[Learn more](#)

Connect an RDS database
Configure the connection between an EC2 instance and a database to allow traffic flow between them.
[Connect an RDS database](#)
[Create a new RDS database](#)
[Learn more](#)

Create EBS snapshot policy
Create a policy that automates the creation, retention, and deletion of EBS snapshots.
[Create EBS snapshot policy](#)

Manage detailed monitoring
Enable or disable detailed monitoring for the instance. If you enable detailed monitoring, the Amazon EC2 console displays monitoring graphs with a 1-minute period.
[Manage detailed monitoring](#)

Create Load Balancer
Create an application, network gateway or classic Elastic Load Balancer.
[Create Load Balancer](#)

Create AWS budget
AWS Budgets allows you to create budgets, forecast spend, and take action on your costs and usage from a single location.
[Create AWS budget](#)

Manage CloudWatch alarms
Create or update Amazon CloudWatch alarms for the instance.
[Manage CloudWatch alarms](#)

EC2

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Volumes (2)

Successfully created volume `vol-047b682f406d87698`

Saved filter sets
Choose filter set
Search

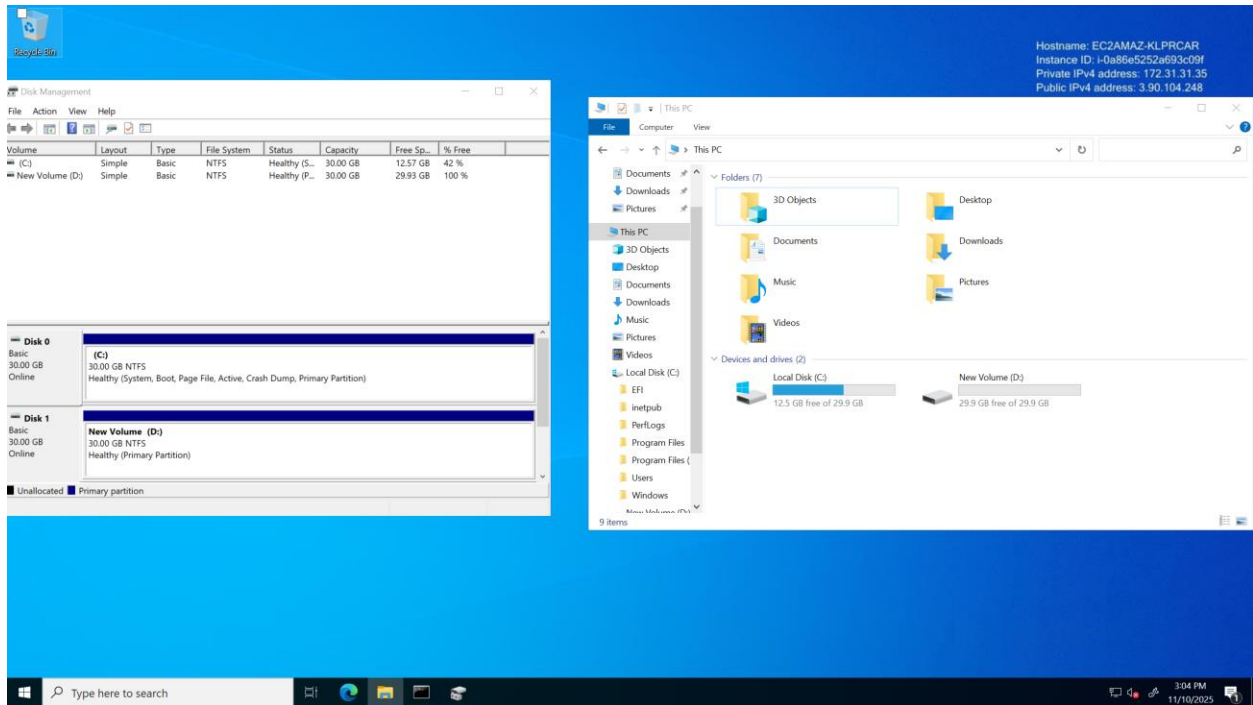
	Name	Volume ID	Type	Size	IOPS	Throughput	Snapshot ID	Source volume ID	Created
<input type="checkbox"/>		<code>vol-047b682f406d87698</code>	gp3	30 GiB	3000	125	-	-	2025/11/10 22:32 GMT+8
<input type="checkbox"/>		<code>vol-09607e6b7a097cfcb</code>	gp2	30 GiB	100	-	<code>snap-08d2411...</code>	-	2025/11/10 22:29 GMT+8

Fault tolerance for all volumes in this Region

Snapshot summary
Recently backed up volumes / Total # volumes
0 / 1

Last updated on Mon, Nov 10, 2025, 10:31:22 PM (GMT+08:00)

Data Lifecycle Manager default policy for EBS Snapshots status
Failed to fetch default policy status



Empty volumes and instances

The image displays two screenshots of the AWS Management Console interface, showing the process of deleting a volume and terminating an instance.

Top Screenshot: Volumes Page

- Header:** us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/home?region=us-east-1#Volumes
- Left Sidebar:** Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Dedicated Hosts, Capacity Reservations, Capacity Manager, Images, AMIs, AMI Catalog, Elastic Block Store (Volumes, Snapshots, Lifecycle Manager), Network & Security (Security Groups, Elastic IPs, Placement Groups, Key Pairs, Network Interfaces), Load Balancing (Load Balancers, Target Groups, Trust Stores), Auto Scaling.
- Main Content:**
 - Success Message:** Successfully deleted volume vol-09607e6b7a097cfc6.
 - Volumes Table:** Shows 0 volumes in the region. Columns: IOPS, Throughput, Snapshot ID, Source volume ID, Created, Availability Zone, Volume state, Alarm status, Attached resources.
 - Fault tolerance for all volumes in this Region:** Snapshot summary: Recently backed up volumes / Total # volumes: 0 / 1. Data Lifecycle Manager default policy for EBS Snapshots status: Failed to fetch default policy status.

Bottom Screenshot: Instances Page

- Header:** us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/home?region=us-east-1#Instances
- Left Sidebar:** EC2 > Instances, Events, Instances (Instances, Instance Types, Launch Templates, Spot Requests, Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Dedicated Hosts, Capacity Reservations, Capacity Manager), Images, Elastic Block Store, Network & Security.
- Main Content:**
 - Success Message:** Successfully initiated termination (deletion) of i-0a86e5252a693c09f.
 - Instances Table:** Shows 1 instance. Columns: Name, Instance ID, Instance state, Instance type, Status check, Alarm status, Availability Zone, Public IPv4 DNS, Public IPv6 DNS. Instance: ec2-chinguan... i-0a86e5252a693c09f, Terminated, t2.medium.
 - Instance Details:** i-0a86e5252a693c09f (ec2-chinguangco8863).
 - Instance summary:** Instance ID: i-0a86e5252a693c09f, Instance state: Terminated.
 - Public IPv4 address:** -
 - Private IPv4 addresses:** -
 - Public DNS:** -

-I personally feel that there is little difference between creating a server in the Huawei Cloud and the management console in creating a server. It goes to show the standardized procedures and configuration in creating a virtual server no matter what service you use.