

$$\text{Ques) } \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{3y}{x} = \frac{e^x}{x^3}$$

$$P(x) = \frac{3}{x} \quad \text{I.F.} = e^{\int P(x) dx}$$

$$I.F. = e^{\int \frac{3}{x} dx}$$

$$I.F. = \int \frac{3}{x} dx$$

$$I.F. = 3 \int \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$I.F. = 3 \ln x$$

$$e^{3 \ln x} = e^{\ln x^3} = x^3$$

$$x^3 \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{3y}{x} = \frac{x^3}{x^3} \frac{e^x}{x^3}$$

$$x^3 y = e^x$$

$$\int x^3 y = \int e^x dx$$

$$x^3 y = e^x + C$$

$$y = \frac{e^x + C}{x^3}$$

$$Q No 2) \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3y}{x+1} = (x+1)^4$$

Sol.

$$P(x) = -3 \quad \therefore \int e^{P(x)} dx$$

$$I = \int e^S (3x+1) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{3}{x+1} dx$$

$$= 3 \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx$$

$$= 3 \ln |x+1|$$

$$= e^{3 \ln(x+1)} = (x+1)^3 = \frac{1}{(x+1)^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{(x+1)^3} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{(x+1)^3} \frac{3y}{(x+1)} = (x+1)^4$$

$$\frac{1}{(x+1)^3} y = \int x+1 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{(x+1)^3} y = \frac{x^2 + x + c}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{(x+1)^3 (x^2 + x + c)}{2}$$

Q No 1) $x^2 y'' - 6xy' - 18y = 0$

let $y = x^r$

$x^2 [x^r]'' - 6x [x^r]' - 18y = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$

$y = x^r$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = r x^{r-1}$

$y'' = r(r-1) x^{r-2}$

now put in eq. (1)

~~$x^2 [r x^{r-1}] - 6x [r x^{r-1}] - 18x^r = 0$~~

$x^2 [r(r-1) x^{r-2}] - 6x [r x^{r-1}] - 18x^r = 0$

$(r^2 - r) x^r - 6r x^r - 18x^r = 0$

$(r^2 - r - 6r - 18) x^r = 0$

$r^2 - 7r - 18$

~~$r(r-1) -$~~

$r^2 + 2r - 9r - 18$

$r(r+2) - 9(r+2)$

$(r-9)(r+2) = 0$

$r = 9, \quad r = -2$

$$\text{So } y = c_1 x^{-2} + c_2 x^9$$

Ques) $x^2 y'' - 7xy' + 16y = 0$

Sol.

Let $y = x^r$

$$x^2 [x^r]'' - 7x [x^r] + 16 x^r = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$y = x^r$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = r x^{r-1}$$

$$y'' = r(r-1) x^{r-2}$$

now put in eq (1)

$$x^2 [r(r-1) x^{r-2}] - 7x [r x^{r-1}] + 16 x^r = 0$$

$$r(r-1) x^r = 7r x^r + 16 x^r$$

$$[r^2 - r] x^r = 7r x^r + 16 x^r = 0$$

$$(r^2 - r - 7r + 16) x^r$$

$$(r^2 - 8r + 16) x^r$$

$$r^2 - 8r + 16 = 0$$

$$r(r-4) = 4(r-4)$$

$$(r-4)(r-4)$$

$$r = 4$$

$$y_1(x) = x^4$$

Now let $y = x^4 u$

$$x^2 [x^4 u]'' - 7x [x^4 u]' + 16 [x^4 u] = 0$$

$$y = x^4 u$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x^3 u + u x^4$$

$$y'' = \cancel{12x^2 u} + \cancel{u x^4} + 12x^2 u + 4x^3 u' + u x^4 + 4x^3 u$$

$$y'' = 12x^2 u + 8x^3 u' + u x^4$$

$$x^2 [12x^2 u + 8x^3 u' + u x^4] - 7x [4x^3 u + u x^4] + 16 [x^4 u] = 0$$

$$12x^4 u + 8x^5 u' + u x^6 - 28x^4 u - 7u x^5 + 16x^4 u$$

$$4x^6 + 8x^5 u' - 7x^5 u$$

$$4x^6 + x^5 u' = 0$$

$$\text{let } u = v$$

$$4x^6 + x^5 v' = 0$$

$$1 dv = -\frac{4x^5}{x^5}$$

$$\frac{1}{v} \frac{dv}{dx} = -\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{v} = \int -\frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\ln|v| = -\ln|x| + C_0$$

$$v = e^{-\ln|x| + C_0} = C_2/x$$

$$\int \frac{C_2}{x} = C_2 \int \frac{1}{x} = C_2 \ln|x| + C_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} y \cdot x^4 u' &= x^4 [C_2 \ln|x| + C_1] \\ &= x^4 C_1 + x^4 C_2 \ln|x| \end{aligned}$$