

$$\text{Ans)} \quad q_1 + 3.5p_1 - 0.8p_2 = 517$$

$$q_2 + 4.4p_2 - 1.4p_1 = 770$$

$$q = q_1 + q_2$$

$$R = P \times q$$

$$q_1 = 3.5p_1 - 0.8p_2 = 517$$

$$q_2 = 4.4p_2 - 1.4p_1 = 770$$

$$q = 3.5p_1 - 0.8p_2 = 517 + (4.4p_2 - 1.4p_1 = 770)$$

$$q = 3.5p_1 - 0.8p_2 = 517 + 4.4p_2 - 1.4p_1 = 770$$

$$R = P(3.5p_1 - 0.8p_2 = 517 + 4.4p_2 - 1.4p_1 = 770)$$

$$R = 3.5p_1^2 - 0.8p_2^2 - 517p_1 + 4.4p_2^2 - 1.4p_1^2 - 770q$$

$p_1, p_2$

$$f(p_1) = 517 + 770$$

$$f(p_2) = 7p_1 - 1.6p_2 + 8.8p_2 - 2.8p_1$$

$$f(p_2) = 4.2p_1 + 7.2p_2$$



$$ii) \int_C x^7 y^3 ds, \quad C: x = \cos^3 t, \quad y = \sin^3 t$$

$$0 \leq t \leq \pi/2$$

$$\int_a^b F(x, y) \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt$$

$$F(x, y) = x^7 y^3$$

$$x(t) = \cos^3 t$$

$$y(t) = \sin^3 t$$

$$t: 0 \text{ to } \pi/2$$

$$F(x, y) = (\cos^3 t)^7 (\sin^3 t)^3$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{(3\sin^2 t)^2 + (3\cos^2 t)^2}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -3\sin^2 t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 3\cos^2 t$$

$$= -3\sin^2 t$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} 9\sin^2 t + 9\cos^2 t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -3\sin^2 t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 3\cos^2 t$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} u \, dv$$

$$\left[ 9\sin^2 t + 9\cos^2 t \right]^{1/2}$$

$$u = 9\sin^2 t + 9\cos^2 t$$

$$du = 18\sin t \cos t - 18\cos t \sin t$$

$$du = 18\sin t \cos t - 18\cos t \sin t$$

$$9\cos^2 t$$

$$9\sin^2(\pi/2) + 9\cos^2(\pi/2)^{1/2}$$

$$9 + 9$$

$$= 18$$



Date: \_\_\_\_\_

NTVTFO

Q. (ii)  $\int_C y_2 dx + x_2 dy + x y dz$ ,  $C: x = e^t$

$y = e^{3t}$ ,  $z = e^{-t}$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 1$

for

$x = e$

$dx = e^t dt$

$dy = 3e^{3t} dt$

$dz = -e^{-t} dt$

along y  $\int_C y_2 dx$   
0 to 1

$\left[ (y_2 dx + x_2 (3te^{3t}) + 0 \right]$

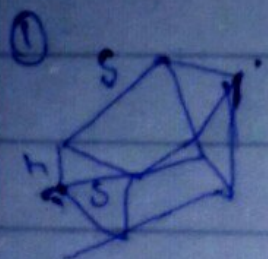
$\left[ x_2 (3te^{3t}) \right]_1^e$

or  $3te^{3t}$

$\int_C (1) x dx + x_2 (3te^{3t}) + x(1) dz$   
 $x dx + x_2 (3te^{3t}) + x dz$



Ques) Find the maximum volume of a  
Maximum material used = 1



Base must be square  
Maximum volume

② maximizing volume

③  $V = s^2 h$  — ①

④ constraint  $A: 12 = 2s^2 + 4sh$

⑤  $4sh = 12 - 2s^2$

$h = \frac{12 - 2s^2}{4}$

$h = \frac{6 - s^2}{2}$

Put in  $h$  in eq - ①

$V = s^2 \left( \frac{6 - s^2}{2} \right)$

$V = \frac{6s^2}{2} - \frac{1s^3}{2}$

⑥  $V' = \frac{6}{2} - \frac{3s^2}{2}$



$$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{6}{2} - \frac{3s^2}{2} = 0$$

$$2 \quad 2$$

$$6 - 3s^2 = 0$$

$$3s^2 = 6$$

$$s^2 = \frac{6}{3}$$

$$s^2 = 2$$

Taking root on b.s  $\sqrt{s^2} = 2$

$$s = \sqrt{2} = 1.41$$

$$h = \frac{6 - s^2}{2s} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Put s in eq (2)

$$h = \frac{6 - (\sqrt{2})^2}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$h = \frac{6 - 2}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4}{2 \cdot 1.41} = 1.41$$



$$\int_0^2 \int_{4x^3-x^4}^{3-4x+4x^2} x \, dy \, dx$$

$$\int_0^2 \left[ xy \right]_{4x^3-x^4}^{3-4x+4x^2}$$

$$\int_0^2 \left[ x(3-4x+4x^2) - x(4x^3-x^4) \right]$$

$$\int_0^2 3x - 4x^2 + 4x^3 - 4x^4 + x^5 \, dx$$

$$\int_0^2 \frac{3x^2}{2} - \frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{4x^4}{4} - \frac{4x^5}{5} +$$

$$\left[ \frac{3(2)^2}{2} - \frac{4(2)^3}{3} + \frac{4(2)^4}{4} - \frac{4(2)^5}{5} + \right]$$

$$\frac{12}{2} - \frac{32}{3} + \frac{64}{4} - \frac{128}{5} + \frac{32}{5}$$

$$= \frac{118}{15}, \text{ Ans}$$



(ii)

$$y = 4x^3 - x^4 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$y = 3 - 4x + 4x^2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

point of intersection  
 $y = y$

$$4x^3 - x^4 = 3 - 4x + 4x^2$$

$$4x^3 - x^4 - 3 + 4x - 4x^2 = 0$$

$$4x - x^4 + 4x - 3$$

$$4x^2 - x^4 - 3 = 0$$

$$x^2(4 - x^2) - 3 = 0$$

$$0 = 3 - 4x + 4x^2 - 4x^3 + x^4$$

$$\boxed{x = 0}$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$\boxed{x = 2}$$

Test

$$y = 1$$

Put in (1)

$$(1)^3 - (1)^4 = 0$$

$$3 - 4(1) + 4(1)^2 = 3$$

upper is  $3 - 4x + 4x^2$

Lower is  $4x^3 - x^4$

$$= 2 \cdot 52 = 104 \quad \frac{20}{16} = 1.25 \quad 20$$



$$\int_0^{1/2} 7 \left( \frac{y^{3/2}}{3} \right) dy$$

$$7 \left( \frac{y^4}{3} \right) dy$$

$$\int_0^{1/2} 7 \frac{y^{1/2}}{3} - 7 \frac{y^4}{3}$$

$$\int_0^{1/2} 7 \frac{y^{5/2}}{3} \left( \frac{y}{3} \right) 7 \frac{y^4}{3} dy$$

$$\int_0^{1/2} 7 \frac{y^{7/2}}{3 \left( \frac{7}{2} \right)} - 7 \frac{y^5}{3(5)}$$

$$\left[ \frac{y^{7/2}}{6} - \frac{7y^5}{15} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{\left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{7/2}}{6}$$

$$\frac{7 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^5}{15}$$

$$\frac{\left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{7/2}}{6}$$

$$\frac{7 \left( \frac{1}{32} \right)}{15} - \frac{7}{32}$$

$$\frac{7}{6}$$

$$\frac{7}{480}$$

$$= \frac{553}{480}$$



Q No 3) (11)

$$f(x, y) = 7x^2y$$

point of intersection

$$x = y$$

$$x = \sqrt{y}$$

~~$$y = x$$~~

$$x = x$$

$$y = \sqrt{y}$$

$$y = y^{1/2}$$

$$\boxed{y = 0}$$

$$y = \boxed{1/4}$$

Test

$$y = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$x = \sqrt{1/4}$$

upper is  $\sqrt{y}$

lower is  $y$

$$\int_0^{1/2} \int_y^{\sqrt{y}} 7x^2y \, dx \, dy$$

$$\int_0^{1/2} \int_y^{\sqrt{y}} \frac{7x^3y}{3} \, dy$$

$$\int_0^{1/2} \left[ \frac{7(y^{1/2})^3y}{3} - \frac{7(y)^3y}{3} \right]$$