

$$\text{Ques) } T(n) = \begin{cases} c & n=1 \\ 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + c & n>1 \end{cases}$$

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + c \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + c \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) + c \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Resub (2) in (1)

$$T(n) = 2\left[2T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + c\right] + c$$

$$T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 2c + c$$

$$T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 3c$$

$$T(n) = 2^2 T\left(\frac{n}{2^2}\right) + 3c \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

Put 3 in (4)

$$T(n) = 2^2 \left[2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + c \right] + 3c$$

$$T(n) = 2^3 T\left(\frac{n}{2^3}\right) + 4c + 3c$$

$$T(n) = 2^3 T\left(\frac{n}{2^3}\right) + 7c$$

$$T(n) = 2^3 T\left(\frac{n}{2^3}\right) + (2^3 - 1)c$$

$$K=3$$

$$T(n) = 2^K T\left(\frac{n}{2^K}\right) + (2^K - 1)c$$

$$T(n) = 2^{\log_2 n} T\left(\frac{n}{2^{\log_2 n}}\right) + (2^{\log_2 n} - 1)c \quad n = 2^K$$

$$T(n) = 2n T(1) + (n-1)c$$

Dropping constant!

$$\log_2 n \cdot \log_2 n$$

$$\log_2 n \cdot \log_2 n$$

$$K = \log_2 n$$

$O(n)$ → time complexity
Linear

$$\text{Ans: } T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + T\left(\frac{2n}{3}\right) + n$$

$$T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) = T\left(\frac{2n}{3}\right) + n$$

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + n$$

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + n \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{3^2}\right) + \frac{n}{3} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Reub in (1)

$$T(n) = 2\left[2T\left(\frac{n}{3^2}\right) + \frac{n}{3}\right] + n$$

$$T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{3^2}\right) + \frac{5n}{3} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Pl $T(n)$ in (3)

$$T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{3^2}\right) + \frac{n}{9} \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

Put (4) in (3)

$$T(n) = 4 \left[2T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + \frac{n}{9} \right] + \frac{5n}{3}$$

$$T(n) = 2^2 \left[\frac{n}{3^2} \right] + \frac{4n}{9} + \frac{5n}{3}$$

$$T(n) = 2^3 T\left(\frac{n}{3^3}\right) + \frac{19n}{9}$$

$$T(n) = 2^k T\left(\frac{n}{3^k}\right) + \frac{3^k - 2^k}{3} n$$

$$T(n) = 2^{\log_3 n} T(1) + \frac{3^{\log_3 n} - 2^{\log_3 n}}{3} n \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} n = 3^k \\ \log n = \log 3^k \\ \log n = k \log 3 \\ k = \log_3 n \end{array} \right\}$$

$$T(n) = 2^{\log_3 n} T(1) + \sum_{i=0}^{\log_3(n)-1} \frac{2^i - 2^{i+1}}{3} n$$

Since $2^{\log_3(n)} = n^{\log_3(2)}$

$$T(n) = n^{\log_3(2)} + \sum_{i=0}^{\log_3(n)-1} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^i n$$

Time complexity $O(n^{\log_3(2)})$

It's a polynomial time complexity