

Linux Command Shell



File Commands

Ls	list files in directory
Ls -a	list all files, including hidden
Pwd	show the directory currently working in
Mkdir [directory]	create a new directory
Rm [file_name]	remove a file
Rm -r [directory_name]	remove a directory recursively
Rm -rf [directory_name]	remove a directory recursively without requiring confirmation
Cp [file_name1] [file_name2]	copy the contents of the first file to the second file
Cp -r [directory_name1]. [directory_name2]	recursively copy the contents of the first directory into the second directory
Mv [file_name1] [file_name2]	rename file_name1 to file_name2
Ln -s /path/to/[file_name] [link_name]	create a symbolic link to a file
Touch [file_name]	create a new file
More [file_name]	show the contents of a file
Head [file_name]	show the first 10 lines of a file
Tail [file_name]	show the last 10 lines of a file
Gpg -c [file_name]	encrypt a file
Gpg [file_name.gpg]	decrypt a file
Wc	print the number of words, lines, and bytes in a file

Users

Id	show details of the active user
Last	show the last logins onto the system
Who	show who is logged into the system
W	show who is logged in and their activity
Groupadd [group_name]	add a new group
Adduser [user_name]	add new user
Usermod -aG [group_name] [user_name]	add a user to a group
Userdel [user_name] usermod	use for changing / modifying user information

Directory Navigation

Cd ..	move up one level in the directory tree structure
Cd	change directory to \$HOME
Cd /chosen/directory	change to specified directory

Disk Usage

Df -h	show free and used space on mounted systems
Df -I	show free inodes on mounted filesystems
Fdisk -l	show disk partitions, sizes, and types
Du -ah	show disk usage for all files and directory
Du -sh	show disk usage of current directory
Findmnt	show target mount point for all filesystems
Mount [device_path] [mount_point]	mount a device

Searching

Grep [pattern]
[file_name]

search for a specific pattern in a file

Grep -r [pattern]
[directory_name]

search recursively for a specific pattern in a directory

Locate [name]

find all files and directories by a specific name

Find [/folder/location]
-name [a]

list names that begin with [a] in [/folder/location]

Find [/folder/location]
-size [+100M]

list files larger than 100M in a particular folder

File Transfer

Scp [file_name.txt]
[server/tmp]

securely copy a specific file to a server directory

Rsync -a
[/your/directory]
[/backup/]

synchronize the contents of a specific directory with a backup directory

File Compression

Tar cf [compressed_file.
tar] [file_name]

create an archived file from a file

Tar xf [compressed_file.
tar]

extract archived file

Tar czf
[compressed_file.tar.gz]

create a gzip compressed tar file

Gzip [file_name]

compress a file with the .gz Extension

System Information

Uname -r	show system information
Uname -a	show kernel release information
Uptime	show how long the system has been running, including load average
Hostname	show system hostname
Hostname -i	show the IP address of the system
Last reboot	show system reboot history
Date	show current time and date
Timedatectl	query and change the system clock
Cal	show current calendar month and day
W	show logged in users in the system
Whoami	show user you are using
Finger [username]	show information about a user

Package Installation

Yum search

[keyword]

find a package by a related keyword

Yum info

[package_name]

show package information and summary

Yum install

**[package_name.
rpm]**

install a package using the YUM package manager

Dnf install

**[package_name.
rpm]**

install a package using the DNF package manager

Rpm -i

**[package_name.
rpm]**

install an rpm package from a local file

Rpm -e

**[package_name.
rpm]**

remove an rpm package

Hardware Information

Dmesg	show bootup messages
Cat /proc/cpuinfo	show CPU information
Free -h	show free and used memory (-m flag indicates memory in MB)
Lshw	list information about hardware configuration
Lsblk	list information about block devices
Ispci -tv	show PCI devices in a tree-like diagram
Isusb -tv	show USB devices in a tree-like diagram
Dmidecode	show hardware information from the BIOS
Hdparm -i /dev/[disk]	show information about disk data
Hdparm -tT /dev/[disk]	conduct a read speed test on disk
Badblocks -s /dev/[disk]	test for unreadable blocks on disk

Process Related

Ps	show a snapshot of active processes
Pstree	show processes as a tree
Pmap	shows a memory usage map of processes
Top	show all running processes
Kill [process_id]	kill a process under a given ID
Pkill [proc_name]	kill a process under the specified name
Killall [proc_name]	kill all processes labelled proc
Bg	list and resume stopped jobs in the background
Fg	bring the most recent suspended job to the foreground
Fg [job]	bring a particular job to the foreground
Lsof	list files opened by processes

Network

Ip addr show

show IP addresses and network interfaces

**Ip address add
[IP_address]**

assign an IP address to interface eth0

Ifconfig

show IP addresses of all network interfaces

Netstat -pnltu

show active (listening) ports

Netstat -nutlp

show tcp and udp ports and their programs

Whois [domain]

show more information about a domain

Dig [domain]

show DNS information about a domain

Dig -x host

reverse lookup on domain

**Dig -x
[ip_address]**

reverse lookup of an IP address

Host [domain]

do an IP lookup for a domain

Hostname -I

show the local IP address

Wget [file_name]

download a file from a domain

Keyboard Shortcuts

Ctrl + C	kill current process running in the terminal
Ctrl + Z	stop current process (can be resumed in the foreground with fg or in the background with bg)
Ctrl + W	cut one word before the cursor and add it to clipboard
Ctrl + U	cut part of the line before the cursor and add it to clipboard
Ctrl + K	cut part of the line after the cursor and add it to clipboard
Ctrl + Y	paste from clipboard
Ctrl + R	recall last command that matches the provided characters
Ctrl + O	run the previously recalled command
Ctrl + G	exit command history without running a command
!!	repeat the last command
Exit	log out of current session