# **DOG BREED CLASSIFIER (CNN)**

# PROJECT PROPOSAL BY NINAD DESHPANDE

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#### **DOMAIN BACKGROUND**

The project utilizes the Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) and identifies the canine's breed for a given dog image. Moreover, if supplied an image of a human, the code will identify the resembling dog breed. The idea is to build a pipeline that can process the real-world user supplied images and identify an estimate of the canine's breed. Dog breed classification is really challenging due to the minimal inter-class variations and existence of a huge variety of species, and to research on a technology to classify them is crucial.

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

The goal of the project is to build a machine learning model that can be used to process the real-world, user-supplied images and performs the following two tasks:

- **Dog face detection:** Given an image of a dog, the algorithm will identify an estimate of the canine's breed.
- **Human face detection:** If supplied an image of a human, the code will identify the resembling dog breed.

#### **DATASETS AND INPUTS**

The input format must be an image type. The dataset consists of images of dogs and humans and is provided by Udacity.

• **Dog images dataset:** The dog image dataset has 8351 total images which are sorted into train (6,680 Images), test (836 Images) and valid (835 Images) directories. Each of this directory (train, test, valid) have 133 folders corresponding to dog breeds. The images are of different sizes and different backgrounds, some images are not full-sized. The data is not balanced as the number of images provided for each breed varies.

• **Human images dataset:** The human dataset contains 13233 total human images which are sorted by names of human (5750 folders). All images are of size 250x250. Images have different background and different angles. The data is not balanced as the number of images provided in each folder varies.

#### **SOLUTION STATEMENT**

We can use the Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) for this multiclass classification. CNN is a deep learning algorithm which can take an input image, assign importance (learnable weights and biases) to various aspects/objects in the image and differentiate one from the other. The solution involves the following three steps.

- To detect the dog-images we will use a pretrained VGG16 model.
- To detect the human images, we can use an existing algorithm like OpenCV's implementation of HAAR feature based cascade classifiers.
- After the image is identified as a dog or a human, we can pass this image to a CNN
  which will process the image and predict the breed that matches the best out of 133
  breeds.

## **BENCHMARK MODEL**

- The CNN model created from scratch must have accuracy of at least 10%. This can confirm that the model is working as a random guess will provide a correct answer roughly 1 in 133 times, which corresponds to an accuracy of less than 1%.
- The CNN model created using transfer learning must have accuracy of 60% and above.

# **EVALUATION METRICS**

Multi class log loss will be used for the model evaluation. In this case, accuracy is a not a good indicator to measure the performance because of the data imbalance. Log loss considers the uncertainty of prediction based on how much it varies from the actual label, which will help in evaluating the model.

## **PROJECT DESIGN**

- 1. Import dataset
- 2. Create train, test and validation dataset after preprocessing the data
- 3. Detect humans using OpenCV's HAAR feature based cascade classifiers
- 4. Detect dogs using a pretrained convolutional network for classification and detection, VGG16 model
- 5. Create a CNN to classify dog breeds from scratch.
- 6. Create a CNN to classify dog breeds using transfer learning followed by training and testing the model.
- 7. Write an algorithm which returns the predicted breed, if a dog or a human face is detected and an error when neither of them is detected in an image.

#### **REFERENCES**

- GitHub repository of the original project GitHub: https://github.com/udacity/deep-learning-v2- pytorch/blob/master/project-dog-classification/
- Hsu, David. "Using Convolutional Neural Networks to Classify Dog Breeds", Stanford University.
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