

Ch14. Binary Search

BST

빠른 조회, 삽입 및 제거 작업을 용이하게 하는 데이터 구조

왜 조회, 삽입, 제거가 빠른가?

-->한 쪽을 선택하면 다른 쪽 가능성을 상실하므로 인해 탐색할 영역이 줄어들기 때문에

평균 시간 복잡도 : $O(\log N)$

BST rules

왼쪽 child의 값은 parent의 값보다 작아야 합니다.

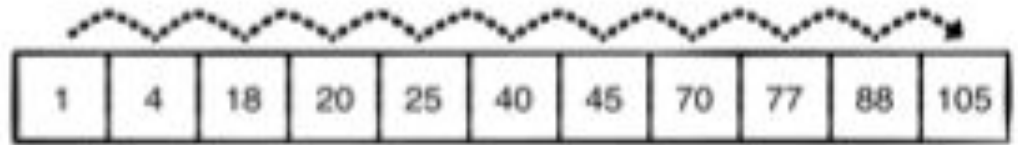
오른쪽 child의 값은 parent의 값보다 크거나 같아야 합니다.

Array vs BST

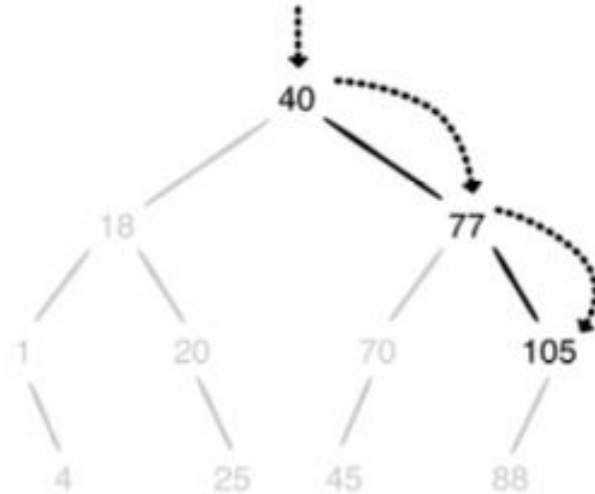
In look-up case

array : $O(n)$

BST : $O(\log n)$



Searching for 105



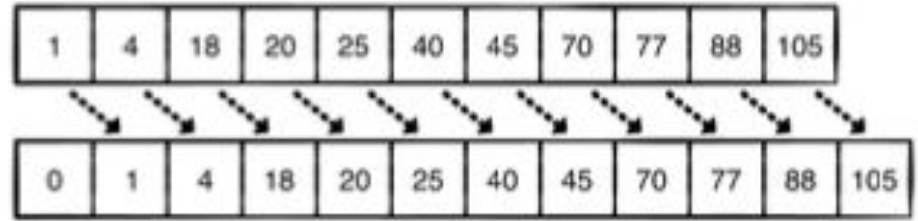
Searching for 105

Array vs BST

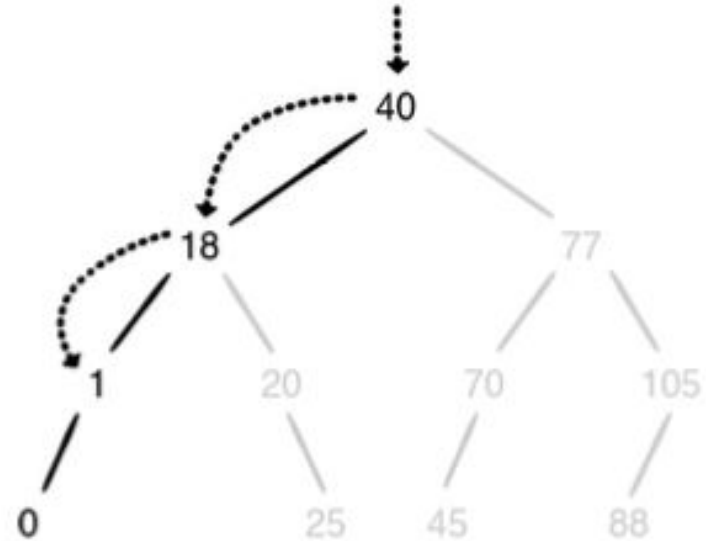
In Insertion case

array : $O(n)$

BST : $O(\log n)$



Inserting 0 in sorted order

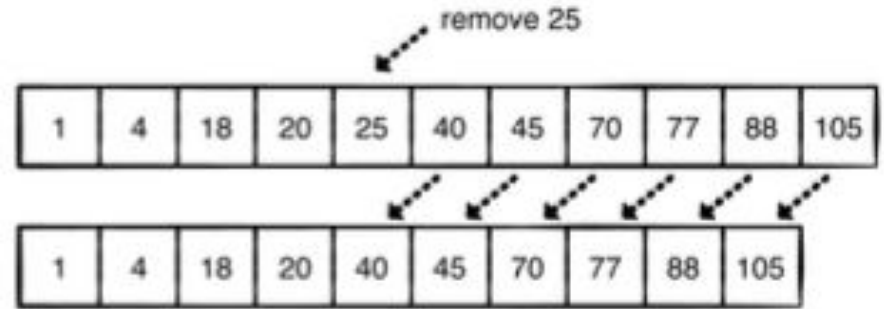


Array vs BST

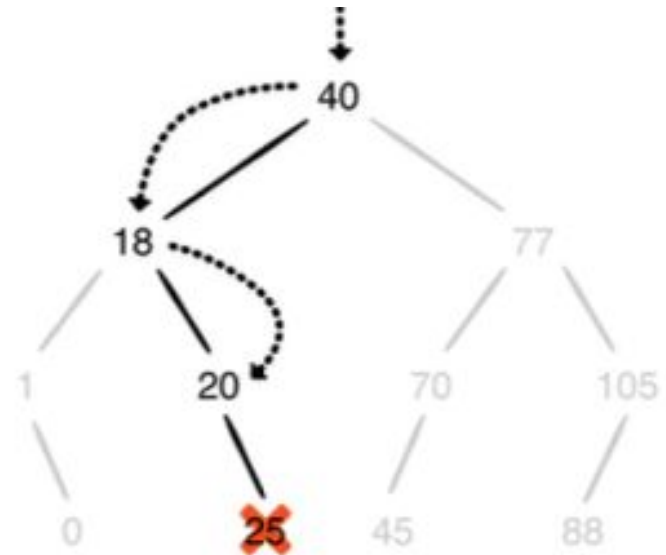
In Removal case

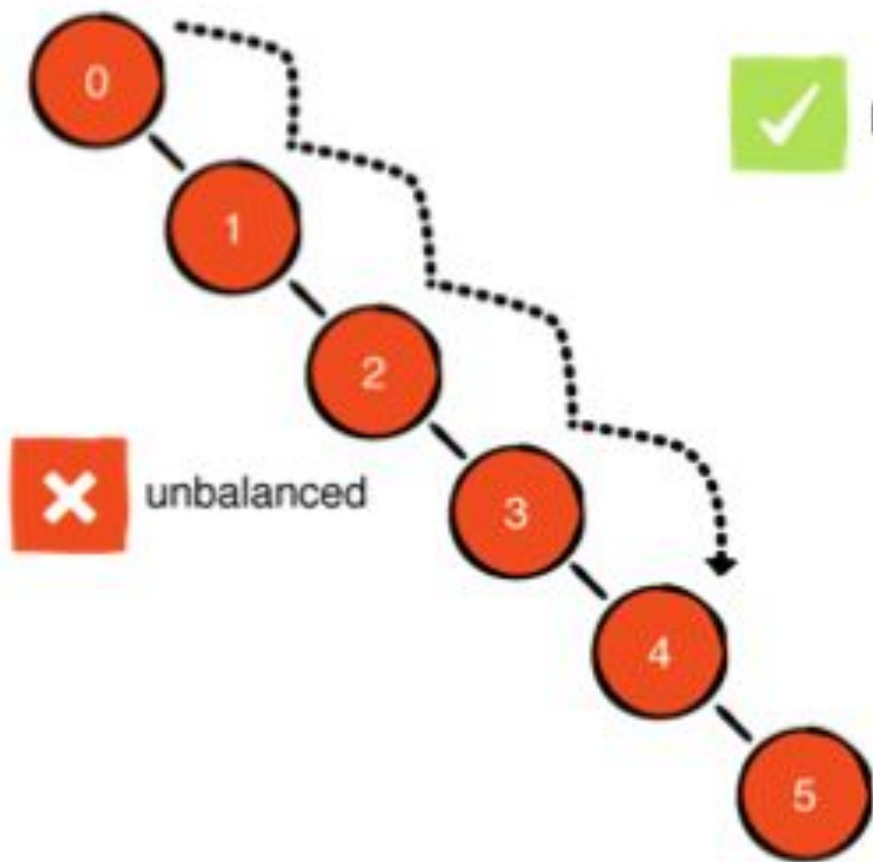
array : $O(n)$

BST : $O(\log n)$

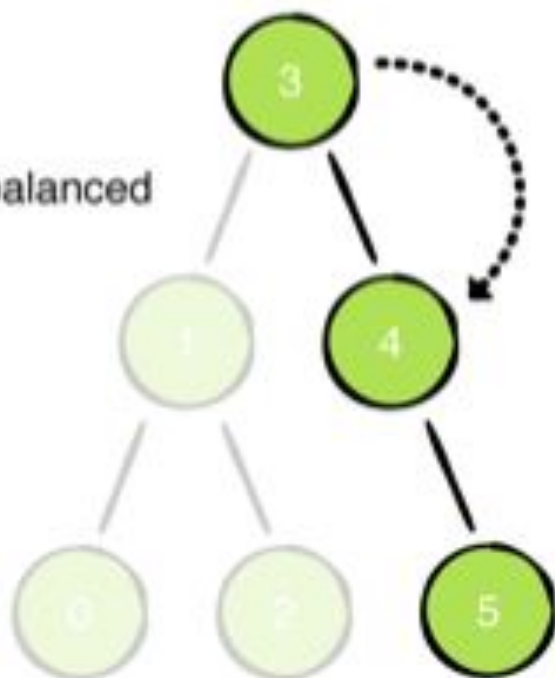


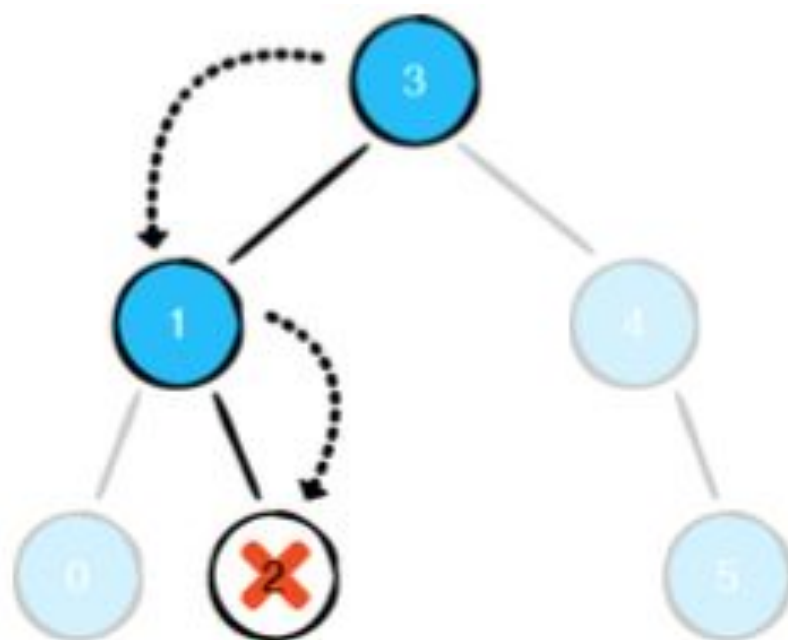
Removing 25 from the array



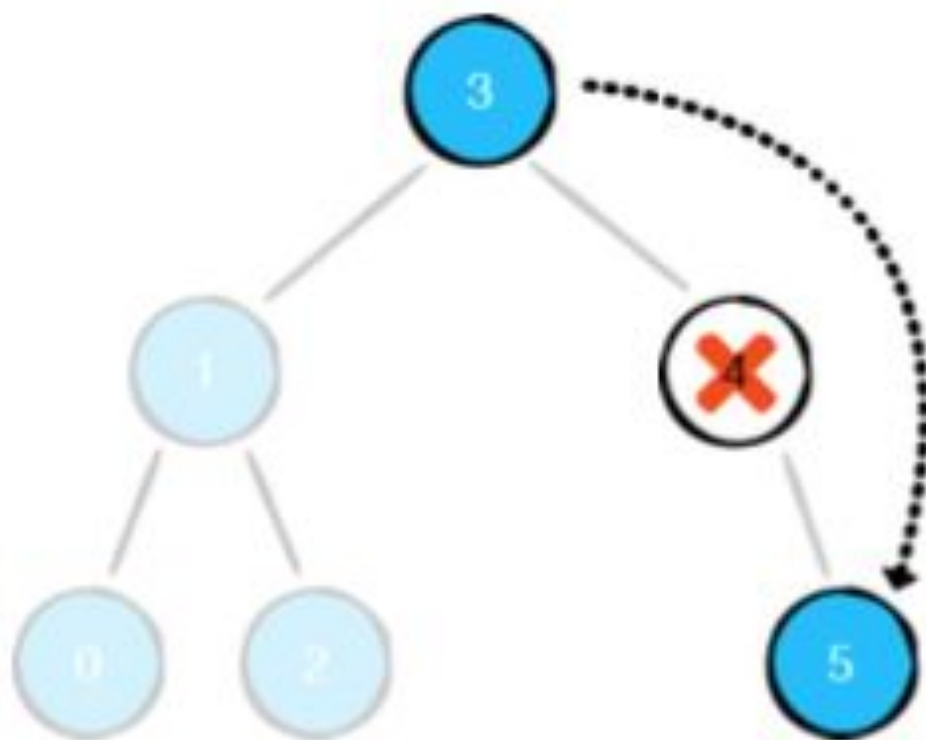


balanced





removing 2



removing 4, which has 1 child

