

Learn HTML MCQs

1. HTML is the standard _____ language for creating Web pages.

- B. programming
C. styling
D. markup

Answer: D) markup

Explanation:

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C. Hyper Text Machine Language
D. None of these

- Answer:** B) Hyper Text Markup Language

Explanation:

HTML stands for "Hyper Text Markup Language".

3. Which is the correct syntax to include comments in an HTML document?

Answer: D) <!-- Comment -->

- You can add comments following syntax,

-- Write your comments

4. Can we hide content using the comment?

A. Yes

B. NO

Explanation:

- es, the
yntax,

```
<!-- <p>Hello, world
```

5. Can we hide inline content using the comment?

A. Yes
B. No

- Answer:**

Yes, the comme

syntax,

```
<p>Hello, world! <!--This is some text --> How are you?</p>
```

6. Which element/tag defines a paragraph?

- A. <p>
- B. <pre>
- C. <panel>
- D. None of the above

Answer: A) <p>

Explanation:

The <p> tag/element defines a paragraph.

7. Which tag/element defines the HTML document's body?

- A. <HTML>
- B. <HTMLbody>
- C. <bdy>
- D. <body>

Answer: D) <body>

Explanation:

The <body> element defines the HTML document's body.

8. Which tag contains the meta information about the HTML page?

- A. <html>
- B. <title>
- C. <head>
- D. <body>

Answer: C) <head>

Explanation:

The <head> tag contains the meta information about the HTML page.

9. Which tag is the root element of an HTML page?

- A. <html>
- B. <title>
- C. <head>
- D. <body>

Answer: A) <html>

Explanation:

The <html> tag is the root element of an HTML page.

10. Who invented HTML?

- A. Dave Raggett
- B. Tim Berners-Lee
- C. Denis Ritchie
- D. All of the above

Answer: B) Tim Berners-Lee

Explanation:

Tim Berners-Lee invented HTML in 1991.

11. HTML tags with no content are called _____.

- A. Special tags
- B. Advanced tags
- C. Empty tags
- D. Other tags

Answer: C) Empty tags

Explanation:

HTML tags with no content are called empty tags. For example, the **
** tag, **<hr>** tag.

12. Nested HTML Elements are allowed in HTML?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A) Yes

Explanation:

Yes, Nested HTML Elements (**<p><u>Some
text</u></p>**)are allowed in HTML.

13. Is HTML a case sensitive?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B) No

Explanation:

No, HTML is Not Case Sensitive.

14. HTML headings are defined with the _____ tags.

- A. **<head1>** to **<head6>**
- B. **<p1>** to **<p6>**
- C. **<h1>** to **<h6>**
- D. **<h1>** to **<h3>**

Answer: C) **<h1>** to **<h6>**

Explanation:

HTML headings are defined with the **<h1>** to **<h6>** tags.

15. Which tag is used to display a horizontal rule (horizontal line)?

- A. **
**
- B. **<hr>**
- C. **<hr>...</hr>**
- D. **<line>**

Answer: B) **<hr>**

Explanation:

The **<hr>** tag is used to display a horizontal rule.

16. What is the correct syntax of <hr> tag?

- A. <hr>
- B. <hr />
- C. <hr></hr>
- D. All of the above

Answer: A), and B):

<hr> and <hr />

Explanation:

Both <hr> and <hr /> can be used to display a horizontal line.

17. Which tag is used to define a line break?

- A. <\n>
- B. <lr>
- C.

- D.
...</br>

Answer: C)

Explanation:

The
 tag is used to define a line break.

**18. What is the correct syntax of
 tag?**

- A.

- B.

- C.
</br>
- D. All of the above

Answer: A), and B):
 and

Explanation:

Both
 and
 can be used to display a line break.

19. Which tag is used to define preformatted text?

- A. <pf>
- B. <p>
- C. <pre>
- D. <code>

Answer: C) <pre>

Explanation:

The <pre> tag is used to define preformatted text.

20. Which HTML attribute is used to define styles of an element?

- A. <style>
- B. <css>
- C. style
- D. css

Answer: C) style

Explanation:

The style attribute is used to define the styles of an element.

21. Which is the correct HTML statement to define the red color of the paragraph text?

- A. <p style="color: #ff0000;">
- B. <p style="color: red;">
- C. Both A. and B.
- D. None of the above

Answer: C) Both A. and B.

Explanation:

The correct HTML statement to define red paragraph color is,

```
<p style="color: #ff0000;">  
!--OR-->  
<p style="color: red;">
```

22. Which HTML tag is used to define bold text, without any extra importance?

- A.
- B. <bold>
- C. <bolder>
- D.

Answer: D)

Explanation:

The HTML tag is used to define bold text, without any extra importance.

23. Which HTML tag is used to define text with strong importance?

- A.
- B. <bold>
- C. <bolder>
- D.

Answer: A)

Explanation:

The HTML tag is used to define text with strong importance.

24. Which HTML tag is used to define italic text?

- A. <italic>
- B.
- C. <i>
- D. <it>

Answer: C) <i>

Explanation:

The HTML tag <i> is used to define italic text.

25. Which HTML tag is used to define emphasized text?

- A. <italic>
- B.
- C. <i>
- D. <it>

Answer: B)

Explanation:

The HTML tag **** is used to define emphasized text.

26. Which HTML tag is used to define smaller text?

- A. <normal>
- B.
- C. <smaller>
- D. <small>

Answer: D) <small>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<small>** is used to define smaller text.

27. Which HTML tag is used to define marked or highlighted text?

- A. <mark>
- B. <highlight>
- C. <m>
- D. <highlighted>

Answer: A) <mark>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<mark>** is used to define marked or highlighted text.

28. Which HTML tag is used to define strike a line through deleted text?

- A. <delete>
- B.
- C. <deleted>
- D. <through>

Answer: B)

Explanation:

The HTML tag **** is used to define strike a line through deleted text.

29. Which HTML tag is used to define underline inserted text?

- A. <underline>
- B. <text-decoration>
- C. <u>
- D. <ins>

Answer: D) <ins>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<ins>** is used to define underline inserted text.

30. Which HTML tag is used to define subscript text?

- A. <sub>
- B. <subscript>
- C. <s>
- D. <subscripted>

Answer: A) <sub>

Explanation:

The HTML **<sub>** tag is used to define subscript text.

31. Which HTML tag is used to define superscript text?

- A. <sup>
- B. <superscript>
- C. <s>
- D. <superscripted>

Answer: A) <sup>

Explanation:

The HTML **<sup>** tag is used to define superscript text.

32. Which is the correct HTML statement to display H₂O in a paragraph?

- A. <p>H²O</p>
- B. <p>H<ins>2</ins>O</p>
- C. <p>H<below>2</below>O</p>
- D. <p>H₂O</p>

Answer: D) <p>H₂O</p>

Explanation:

The correct HTML statement to display H₂O in a paragraph is: **<p>H₂O</p>**

33. Which is the correct HTML statement to display Hello^{World} in a paragraph?

- A. <p>Hello^{World}</p>
- B. <p>Hello<top>World</top></p>
- C. <p>Hello_{World}</p>
- D. <p>Hello<above>World</above></p>

Answer: A) <p>Hello^{World}</p>

Explanation:

The correct HTML statement to display Hello^{World} in a paragraph is: **<p>Hello^{World}</p>**

34. Which is the correct HTML statement to display HelloHi! in a paragraph?

- A. <p>Hello<ins>Hi!</ins></p>
- B. <p><strike>Hello</strike><ins>Hi!</ins></p>
- C. <p><cut>Hello</cut><ins>Hi!</ins></p>
- D. All of the above

Answer: A), and B): <p>Hello<ins>Hi!</ins></p>
<p><strike>Hello</strike><ins>Hi!</ins></p>

Explanation:

The correct HTML statement to display HelloHi! in a paragraph is/are: **<p>Hello<ins>Hi!</ins></p> <p><strike>Hello</strike><ins>Hi!</ins></p>**

35. Which is the correct HTML statement to display Hello **IncludeHelp in a paragraph?**

- A. <p>Hello <mark>IncludeHelp</mark></p>

- B. <p>Hello<mark>IncludeHelp</mark></p>
- C. <p>Hello IncludeHelp</p>
- D. <p>HelloIncludeHelp</p>

Answer: B) <p>Hello<mark>IncludeHelp</mark></p>

Explanation:

The correct HTML statement to display Hello **IncludeHelp** in a paragraph is: **<p>Hello <mark>IncludeHelp</mark></p>**

36. Which HTML tag is used to define a short quotation?

- A. <quotation>
- B. <quote>
- C. <qut>
- D. <q>

Answer: D) <q>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<q>** is used to define a short quotation.

37. Which HTML tag is used to define an abbreviation or an acronym?

- A. <abbreviation>
- B. <abbr>
- C. <acronym>
- D. <acr>

Answer: B) <abbr>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<abbr>** is used to define an abbreviation or an acronym.

38. What is the correct HTML syntax of <abbr> tag?

- A. <abbr title="abbreviation or acronym">Text</abbr>
- B. <abbr description="abbreviation or acronym">Text</abbr>
- C. <abbr abbreviation="abbreviation or acronym">Text</abbr>
- D. <abbr acronym="abbreviation or acronym">Text</abbr>

Answer: A) <abbr title="abbreviation or acronym">Text</abbr>

Explanation:

The correct HTML syntax of **<abbr>** tag is,

```
<abbr title="abbreviation or acronym">Text</abbr>
```

39. What HTML tag is used to define the contact information for the author/owner of a document or an article?

- A. <contact>
- B. <authorinfo>
- C. <address>
- D. <addr>

Answer: C) <address>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<address>** is used to define the contact information for the author/owner of a document or an article.

40. Which tag is used to override the current text direction?

- A. <bdi>
- B. <bdo>
- C. <bdr>
- D. None of the above

Answer: B) <bdo>

Explanation:

The HTML tag <bdo> is used to override the current text direction.

41. Which HTML tag is used to define a hyperlink?

- A. <a>
- B. <h>
- C. <hyperlink>
- D. Both A. and B.

Answer: A) <a>

Explanation:

The HTML <a> tag defines a hyperlink.

42. Which is the correct syntax of <a> tag?

- A. link text
- B. link text
- C. link text
- D. link text

Answer: C) link text

Explanation:

The correct syntax to create a hyperlink is,

```
<abbr title="abbreviation or acronym">Text</abbr>
```

43. Why "href" attribute is used with <a> tag?

- A. To define title text
- B. To define reference of a document
- C. To define destination URL
- D. All of the above

Answer: C) To define destination URL

Explanation:

The href attribute of the <a> tag is most important, which indicates the link's destination.

44. Which _____ attribute specifies where to open the linked document?

- A. href
- B. link
- C. src
- D. target

Answer: D) target

Explanation:

The “target” attribute specifies where to open the linked document.

45. Which tag is used to embed an image in an HTML document?

- A.
- B. <pic>
- C. <image>
- D. <picture>

Answer: C)

Explanation:

The HTML tag **** is used to embed an image in an HTML document.

46. What is the correct syntax of tag?

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D. All of the above

Answer: D) All of the above

Explanation:

The correct syntax of **** tag is/are:

```

```

We can also use,

```
  
<!--Or-->  

```

47. Which attribute specifies the path to the image?

- A. href
- B. link
- C. src
- D. All of the above

Answer: C) src

Explanation:

The **src** attribute specifies the path to the image.

48. Which attribute specifies an alternate text for the image?

- A. alt
- B. alternate
- C. alttext
- D. All of the above

Answer: B) alternate

Explanation:

The **alternate** attribute specifies an alternate text for the image.

49. Which HTML tag is used to define a table?

- A. <table>
- B. <tables>
- C. <tr>
- D. <th>

Answer: A) <table>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<table>** is used to define a table.

50. Each table cell is defined by a _____ tag.

- A. <cell> ... </cell>
- B. <tr> ... </tr>
- C. <th> ... </th>
- D. <td> ... </td>

Answer: D) <td> ... </td>

Explanation:

Each table cell is defined by a **<td>** and a **</td>** tag.

51. Each table row is defined by a _____ tag.

- A. <cell> ... </cell>
- B. <tr> ... </tr>
- C. <th> ... </th>
- D. <td> ... </td>

Answer: B) <tr> ... </tr>

Explanation:

Each table row is defined by a **<tr>** and a **</tr>** tag.

52. Each table header is defined by a _____ tag.

- A. <cell> ... </cell>
- B. <tr> ... </tr>
- C. <th> ... </th>
- D. <td> ... </td>

Answer: C) <th> ... </th>

Explanation:

Each table header is defined by a **<th>** and a **</th>** tag.

53. Which tag is used to define ordered listing?

- A. ...
- B. ...
- C. <list> ... </list>
- D. ...

Answer: A) ...

Explanation:

The HTML tag ** ... ** is used to define ordered listing.

54. Which tag is used to define unordered listing?

- A. ...
- B. ...
- C. <list> ... </list>
- D. ...

Answer: B) ...

Explanation:

The HTML tag ** ... ** is used to define unordered listing.

55. Which tag is used to define list items?

- A. ...
- B. ...
- C. <list> ... </list>
- D. ...

Answer: D) ...

Explanation:

The HTML tag ... is used to define list items.

56. Which tag is used to define description lists?

- A. <dl> ... </dl>
- B. <dd> ... </dd>
- C. <dlist> ... </dlist>
- D. <check> ... </check>

Answer: A) <dl> ... </dl>

Explanation:

The HTML tag <dl> ... </dl> is used to define description lists.

57. Which tag is a block-level element?

- A. <block> ... </block>
- B. ...
- C. <div> ... </div>
- D. <divx> ... </divx>

Answer: C) <div> ... </div>

Explanation:

The HTML tag <div> ... </div> is a block-level element.

58. Which attribute is often used to point to a class name in a style sheet?

- A. style
- B. css
- C. src
- D. class

Answer: D) class

Explanation:

The **class** attribute is often used to point to a class name in a style sheet.

59. Which attribute is used to specify a unique id for an HTML element?

- A. style
- B. css
- C. id
- D. class

Answer: C) id

Explanation:

The HTML **id** attribute is used to specify a unique id for an HTML element.

60. Can we use class name with multiple HTML elements?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A) Yes

Explanation:

Yes, we can use class name with multiple HTML elements.

61. Can we use id attribute with multiple HTML elements?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B) No

Explanation:

No, we cannot use **id** attribute with multiple HTML elements.

62. Which tag specifies an inline frame?

- A. <frame>
- B. <iframe>
- C. <inlineframe>
- D. <frames>

Answer: B) <iframe>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<iframe>** specifies an inline frame.

63. What is the correct syntax for <iframe> tag?

- A. <iframe href="url" title="description"></iframe>
- B. <iframe link="url" title="description"></iframe>
- C. <iframe src="url" title="description"></iframe>
- D. All of the above

Answer: C) <iframe src="url" title="description"></iframe>

Explanation:

The correct syntax for **<iframe>** tag is,

```
<iframe src="url" title="description"></iframe>
```

64. Which tag is used to create an HTML form for user input?

- A. <form>
- B. <input>
- C. <form_put>
- D. <form_get>

Answer: A) <form>

Explanation:

The HTML tag **<form>** is used to create an HTML form for user input.

65. Which tag is used to display a single-line text input field?

- A. <input type="textbox">
- B. <input type="checkbox">
- C. <input type="text">
- D. <input type="submit">

Answer: C) <input type="text">

Explanation:

The HTML tag <**input type="text"**> is used to display a single-line input field.

66. Which tag is used to display a radio button?

- A. <input type="textbox">
- B. <input type="checkbox">
- C. <input type="text">
- D. <input type="radio">

Answer: D) <input type="radio">

Explanation:

The HTML tag <**input type="radio"**> is used to display a radio button.

67. Which tag is used to display a checkbox?

- A. <input type="textbox">
- B. <input type="checkbox">
- C. <input type="text">
- D. <input type="radio">

Answer: B) <input type="checkbox">

Explanation:

The HTML tag <**input type="checkbox"**> is used to display a checkbox.

68. Which tag is used to display a submit button?

- A. <input type="submit">
- B. <input type="checkbox">
- C. <input type="text">
- D. <input type="radio">

Answer: A) <input type="submit">

Explanation:

The HTML tag <**input type="submit"**> is used to display a submit button.

69. Which tag is used to display a clickable button?

- A. <input type="submit">
- B. <input type="checkbox">
- C. <input type="text">
- D. <input type="button">

Answer: D) <input type="button">

Explanation:

The HTML tag <**input type="button"**> is used to display a clickable button.

70. Which input type reset defines a reset button that will reset all form values to their default values?

- A. clear
- B. clear:both
- C. reset
- D. refresh

Answer: C) reset

Explanation:

The **reset** input type reset defines a reset button that will reset all form values to their default values. Here is the syntax,

```
<input type="reset">
```