```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <title>JavaScript Tutorial</title>
 <style>
   * {
     margin: 0;
     padding: 0;
   .container {
     border: 2px solid red;
     margin: 3px 0;
     padding: 9px;
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <h1>Welcome to this JavaScript Tutorial</h1>
 <div id="firstContainer" class="container">
    This Is A Paragraph Which Is The Best Para Of This Universe
   <button id="click" onclick="clicked()">Click Me</button>
 </div>
 <div class="container">
   This Is A Paragraph
 </div>
 <div id="firstContainero" class="container">
   This Is A Another
 </div>
 <div class="container">
    Set Time Interval - Set Time Out 
 </div>
 <script src="index.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

## JavaScript

```
// 1. Ways To Print in JavaScript
console.log("Hello World");
alert("Me");
document.write("This is Document Write")
// 2. Javascript Console API
console.log("Hello World", 0 + 1);
console.warn("This is Warnings");
console.error("This is an Error");
// 3. JavaScript Variables
// What are Variables? - Containers to store data values
line
var number1 = 40;
var number2 = 105;
console.log(number1 + number2);
// 4. Data types in JavaScript
// Numbers
var num1 = 450;
var num2 = 50.50;
var str1 = "This is a String";
var str2 = 'This is also a String';
console.log(str1, str2);
// Objects
var marks = {
  Ravi: 40,
  Shubham: 75,
  Harry: 100
console.log(marks);
```

```
// Booleans
var a = true;
var b = false;
console.log(a, b);
// var und = undefined;
var und;
console.log(und);
var n = null;
console.log(n);
At A Very High Level, There Are Two Types Of Data Types In JavaScript
1. Primitive Data Types: undefined, null, number, string, boolean, symbol
2. Reference Data Types: Arrays and Objects
var arr = [1, 2, 4, 5, 'Prasanjit']
console.log(arr)
// Operators in JavaScript
// Arithmetic Operators
var a = 100;
var b = 10;
console.log("The Value Of a + b is ", a + b);
console.log("The Value Of a - b is ", a - b);
console.log("The Value Of a * b is ", a * b);
console.log("The Value Of a / b is ", a / b);
// Assignment Operators
var c = b;
c += 5;
c = 5;
c * = 5;
c /= 10;
console.log(c);
// Comparison Operators
var x = 40;
var y = 150;
console.log(x == y);
console.log(x \ge y);
console.log(x \le y);
console.log(x > y);
console.log(x < y);
```

```
// Logical Operators
// Logical And
console.log(true && true)
console.log(true && false)
console.log(false && true)
console.log(false && false)
// Logical OR
console.log(true || true)
console.log(true || false)
console.log(false || true)
console.log(false || false)
// Logical NOT
console.log(!false);
console.log(!true);
// Function in JavaScript
function avg(a, b) {
  c = (a + b) / 2;
  return c;
// DRY = Do Not Repeat Yourself
cal_avgo = avg(5, 45);
cal_avg = avg(30, 120);
console.log(cal_avgo, cal_avg);
// Conditionals in JavaScript
var age = 40;
// Single if Statement
if (age > 18) {
  console.log('You Can Drink Alcohol');
if (age > 18) {
  console.log('You Can Drink Alcohol');
else {
  console.log('You Cannot Drink Alcohol');
```

```
var age = 25;
if (age > 30) {
  console.log("You Are Not A Kid");
else if (age > 25) {
  console.log("Bachhe Nahi Rahe");
else if (age > 20) {
  console.log("Yes Bachhe Nahi Rahe");
else if (age > 18) {
  console.log("18 Bachhe Nahi Rahe");
else {
  console.log("Bachhe rahe");
console.log("End Of Ladder");
var arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10];
console.log(arr);
for (\text{var i} = 0; i < \text{arr.length}; i++) \{
  if (i == 2) {
    continue;
  console.log(arr[i])
// For Each Function
arr.forEach(function (element) {
  console.log(element);
})
let j = 0;
while (j < arr.length) {
  console.log(arr[j]);
  j++;
```

```
// do{
     console.log(arr[j]);
 // } while (j < arr.length);
let myArr = ["Fan", "Camera", 40, null, true];
// Array Methods
console.log(myArr.length);
myArr.pop();
myArr.push("Harry")
myArr.shift()
const newLen = myArr.unshift("Harry")
console.log(newLen);
console.log(myArr);
// String Methods in JavaScript
let myLovelyString = "Harry is a Good Boy Good Good Harry";
console.log(myLovelyString.length)
console.log(myLovelyString.indexOf("Good"))
console.log(myLovelyString.lastIndexOf("Good"))
console.log(myLovelyString.slice(1, 4))
Replace_Strings = myLovelyString.replace("Harry", "Rohan");
Replace_Strings = Replace_Strings.replace("Good", "Bad");
console.log(Replace_Strings, myLovelyString)
let myDate = new Date();
console.log(myDate.getTime());
console.log(myDate.getFullYear());
console.log(myDate.getDay());
console.log(myDate.getMinutes());
console.log(myDate.getHours());
```

```
// DOM Manipulation
let element = document.getElementById('click');
console.log(element);
let elementClass = document.getElementsByClassName("container")
console.log(elementClass);
elementClass[o].style.background = "Yellow";
elementClass[o].classList.add("Bg-Primary")
console.log(element.innerHTML);
console.log(element.innerText);
TagName = document.getElementsByTagName('div')
console.log(TagName)
createdElement = document.createElement('p');
createdElement.innerText = "This is a Created Para";
TagName[o].appendChild(createdElement);
createdElement2 = document.createElement('b');
createdElement2.innerText = "This is a Created Bold";
TagName[o].replaceChild(createdElement2, createdElement);
// Selecting Using Query
selector = document.querySelector('.container')
console.log(selector);
selector = document.querySelectorAll('.container')
console.log(selector)
```

```
function clicked() {
  console.log('The Button Was Clicked')
window.onload = function () {
  console.log('The Document Was Loaded')
// Events in JavaScript
firstContainer.addEventListener('click', function () {
  document.querySelectorAll('.container')[1].innerHTML = "<b> We Have
Clicked</b>"
  console.log("Clicked On Container")
})
firstContainer.addEventListener('mouseover', function () {
  console.log("Mouse On Container")
})
firstContainer.addEventListener('mouseout', function () {
  console.log("Mouse Out Of Container");
})
let prevHTML = document.querySelectorAll('.container')[2].innerHTML;
firstContainero.addEventListener('mouseup', function () {
  document.querySelectorAll('.container')[2].innerHTML = prevHTML;
  console.log("Mouse Up When Clicked On Container");
})
```

```
firstContainero.addEventListener('mousedown', function () {
  document.querySelectorAll('.container')[2].innerHTML = "<b> We Have
Clicked</b>"
  console.log("Mouse Down When Clicked On Container");
})
// Arrow Functions
function summ(a, b) {
  return a + b;
summ = (a, b) => {
  return a + b;
logKaro = () => {
  document.querySelectorAll('.container')[3].innerHTML = "<b> Set Interval
Fired</b>"
  console.log("I Am Your Log")
logKaro()
// Set Timeout And Set Interval
clr = setTimeout(logKaro(), 5000);
clr = setInterval(logKaro(), 2000);
// Use ClearInterval(clr)/ClearTimeout(clr) To Cancel SetInterval/SetTimeout
// JavaScript localStorage
localStorage.setItem('Name', 'Harry')
localStorage.getItem('Name')
localStorage.removeItem('Name')
localStorage.clear();
```

```
// JSON
obj = { name: "Harry", Age: 25 }
jso = JSON.stringify(obj);
console.log(typeof jso)
console.log(jso)

parsed = JSON.parse(`{"name":"Harry","Age":"25"}`)
console.log(parsed);

JSMarks = 100;
console.log(`JavaScript Marks ${JSMarks}`)
```