

# Vectors

Vectors are 1-dimensional **Arrays**

Vectors have a **Magnitude** and a **Direction**

## Vector Notation

Vectors can be written in many ways. The most common are:

$$\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

or:

$$\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Vectors in Geometry



The image to the left is a **Vector**.

The **Length** shows the **Magnitude**.

The **Arrow** shows the **Direction**.

**Machine Learning** experts cannot live without **Linear Algebra**:

- ML make heavy use of **Scalars**
- ML make heavy use of **Vectors**
- ML make heavy use of **Matrices**
- ML make heavy use of **Tensors**

Scalar

1

Vector(s)

1    1 2 3

2

3

Matrix

1 2 3

4 5 6

Tensor

1 2 3

4 5 6

4 5 6

1 2 3

# Vectors and Matrices

**Vectors** and **Matrices** are the languages of data.

## Scalars

In linear algebra, a scalar is a **single number**.

## Tensors

A Tensor is an **N-dimensional Matrix**.