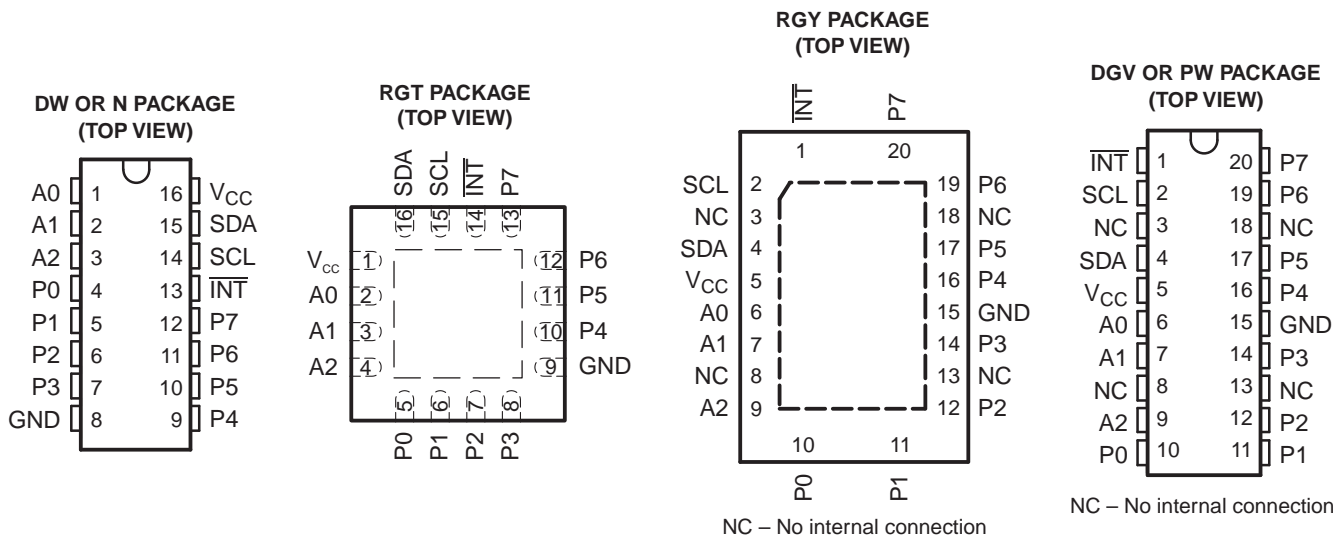


FEATURES

- Low Standby-Current Consumption of 10 μ A Max
- I²C to Parallel-Port Expander
- Open-Drain Interrupt Output
- Compatible With Most Microcontrollers
- Latched Outputs With High-Current Drive Capability for Directly Driving LEDs
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II



DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

This 8-bit input/output (I/O) expander for the two-line bidirectional bus (I²C) is designed for 2.5-V to 6-V V_{CC} operation.

ORDERING INFORMATION

T _A	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
–40°C to 85°C	PDIP – N	Tube of 25	PCF8574N	PCF8574N
			PCF8574NE4	
	QFN – RGT	Reel of 3000	PCF8574RGTR	ZWJ
	QFN – RGY	Reel of 1000	PCF8574RGYR	PF574
			PCF8574RGYRG4	
	SOIC – DW	Tube of 40	PCF8574DW	PCF8574
			PCF8574DWE4	
		Reel of 2000	PCF8574DWR	
			PCF8574DWRE4	
	TSSOP – PW	Tube of 70	PCF8574PW	PF574
			PCF8574PWE4	
		Reel of 2000	PCF8574PWR	
			PCF8574PWRE4	
	TVSOP – DGV	Reel of 2000	PCF8574DGV	PF574
			PCF8574DGVRE4	

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PCF8574

REMOTE 8-BIT I/O EXPANDER FOR I²C BUS

SCPS068F–JULY 2001–REVISED OCTOBER 2006

DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

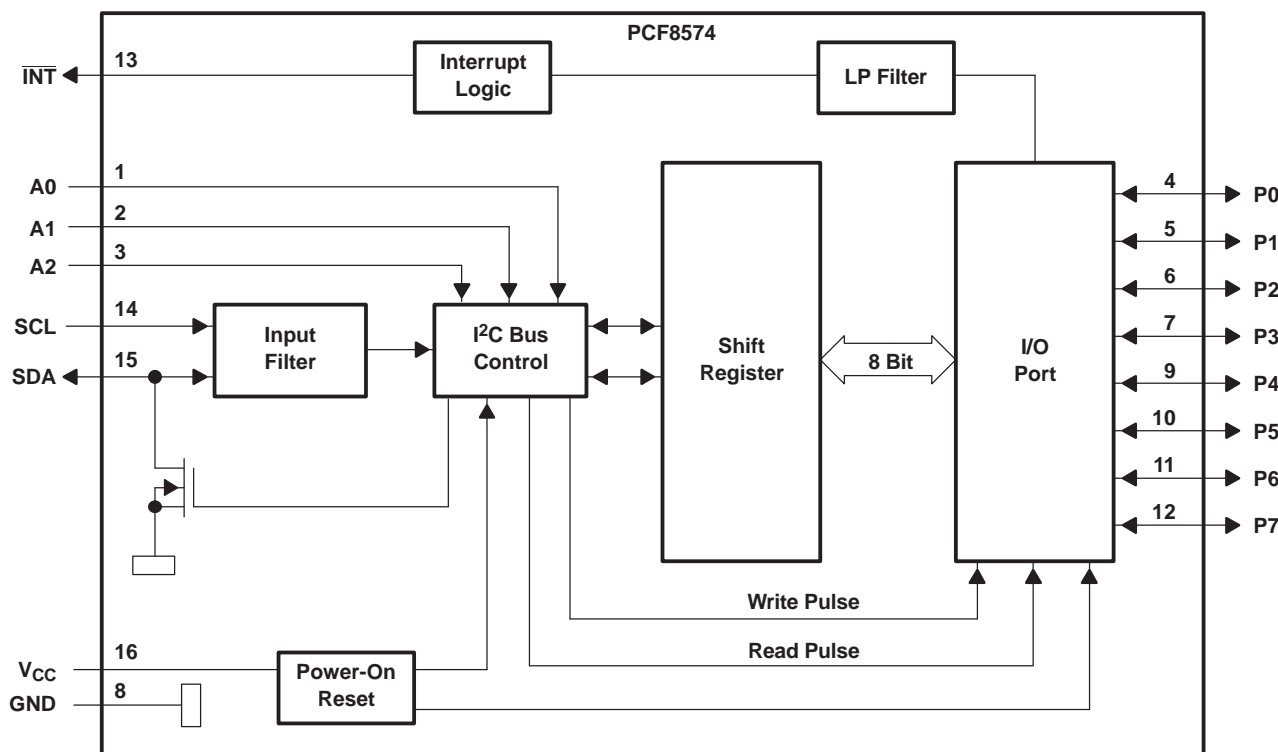
The PCF8574 provides general-purpose remote I/O expansion for most microcontroller families via the I²C interface [serial clock (SCL), serial data (SDA)].

The device features an 8-bit quasi-bidirectional I/O port (P0–P7), including latched outputs with high-current drive capability for directly driving LEDs. Each quasi-bidirectional I/O can be used as an input or output without the use of a data-direction control signal. At power on, the I/Os are high. In this mode, only a current source to V_{CC} is active. An additional strong pullup to V_{CC} allows fast rising edges into heavily loaded outputs. This device turns on when an output is written high and is switched off by the negative edge of SCL. The I/Os should be high before being used as inputs.

The PCF8574 provides an open-drain output ($\overline{\text{INT}}$) that can be connected to the interrupt input of a microcontroller. An interrupt is generated by any rising or falling edge of the port inputs in the input mode. After time, t_{iv}, $\overline{\text{INT}}$ is valid. Resetting and reactivating the interrupt circuit is achieved when data on the port is changed to the original setting or data is read from, or written to, the port that generated the interrupt. Resetting occurs in the read mode at the acknowledge bit after the rising edge of the SCL signal, or in the write mode at the acknowledge bit after the high-to-low transition of the SCL signal. Interrupts that occur during the acknowledge clock pulse can be lost (or be very short) due to the resetting of the interrupt during this pulse. Each change of the I/Os after resetting is detected and, after the next rising clock edge, is transmitted as $\overline{\text{INT}}$. Reading from, or writing to, another device does not affect the interrupt circuit.

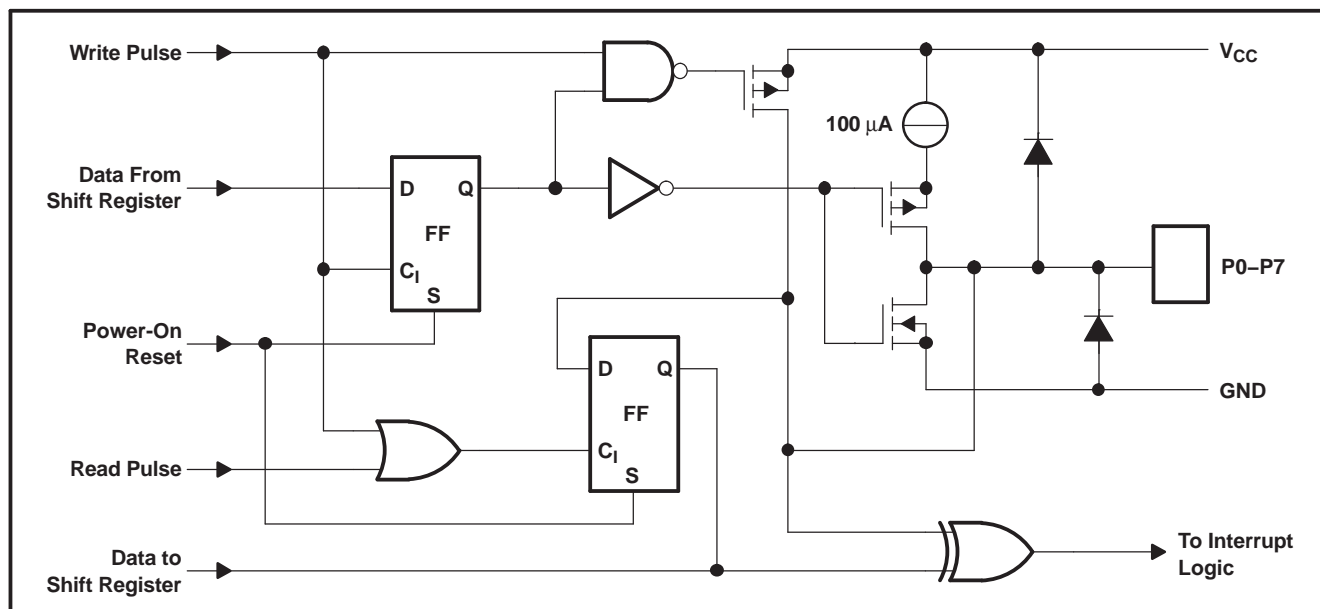
By sending an interrupt signal on this line, the remote I/O can inform the microcontroller if there is incoming data on its ports without having to communicate via the I²C bus. Therefore, the PCF8574 can remain a simple slave device.

LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)



Pin numbers shown are for the DW and N packages.

SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF EACH P-PORT INPUT/OUTPUT



I²C Interface

I²C communication with this device is initiated by a master sending a start condition, a high-to-low transition on the SDA I/O while the SCL input is high. After the start condition, the device address byte is sent, most-significant bit (MSB) first, including the data direction bit (R/W). This device does not respond to the general call address. After receiving the valid address byte, this device responds with an acknowledge, a low on the SDA I/O during the high of the acknowledge-related clock pulse. The address inputs (A0–A2) of the slave device must not be changed between the start and the stop conditions.

The data byte follows the address acknowledge. If the R/W bit is high, the data from this device are the values read from the P port. If the R/W bit is low, the data are from the master, to be output to the P port. The data byte is followed by an acknowledge sent from this device. If other data bytes are sent from the master, following the acknowledge, they are ignored by this device. Data are output only if complete bytes are received and acknowledged. The output data will be valid at time, t_{pv} , after the low-to-high transition of SCL and during the clock cycle for the acknowledge.

A stop condition, which is a low-to-high transition on the SDA I/O while the SCL input is high, is sent by the master.

Interface Definition

BYTE	BIT							
	7 (MSB)	6	5	4	3	2	1	0 (LSB)
I ² C slave address	L	H	L	L	A2	A1	A0	R/W
I/O data bus	P7	P6	P5	P4	P3	P2	P1	P0

PCF8574 REMOTE 8-BIT I/O EXPANDER FOR I²C BUS

SCPS068F–JULY 2001–REVISED OCTOBER 2006

Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the address and timing diagrams for the write and read modes, respectively.

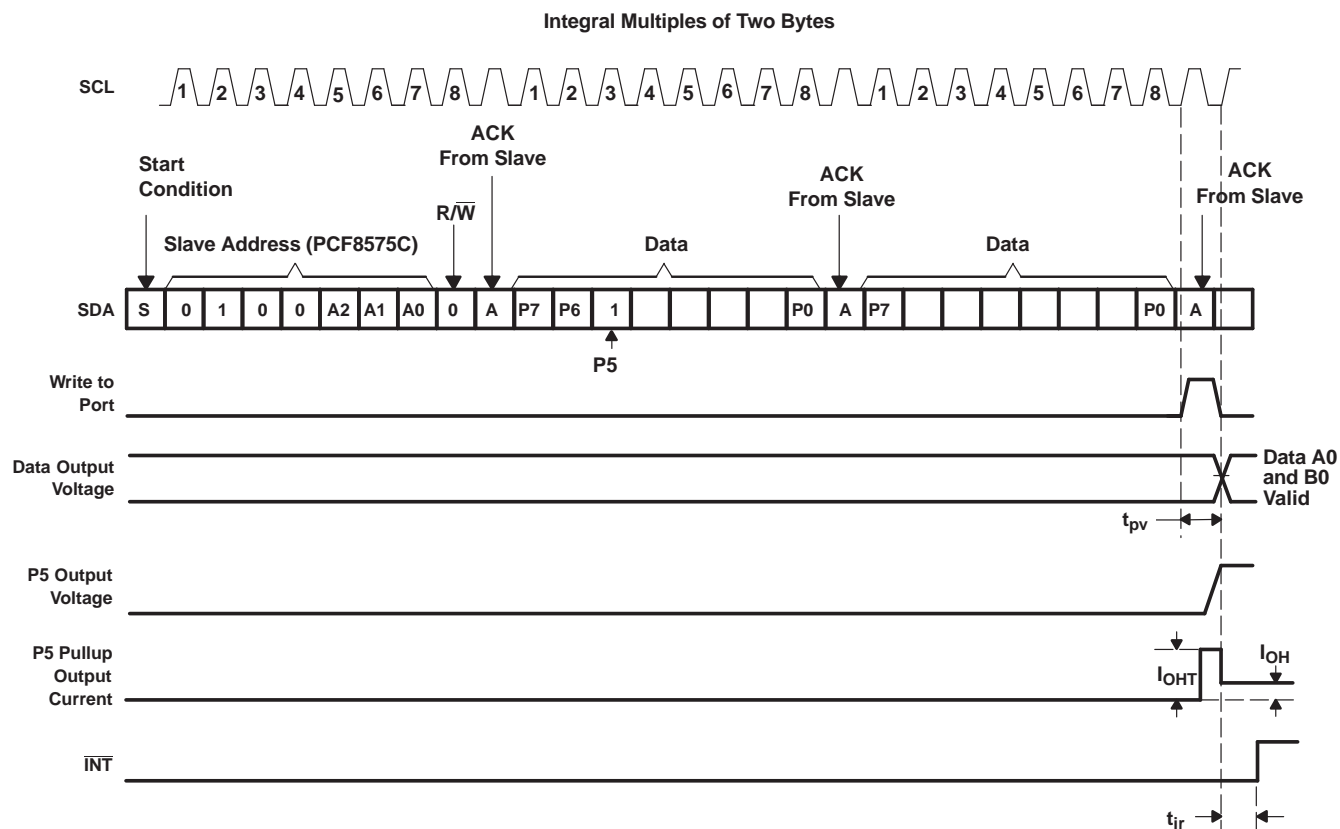
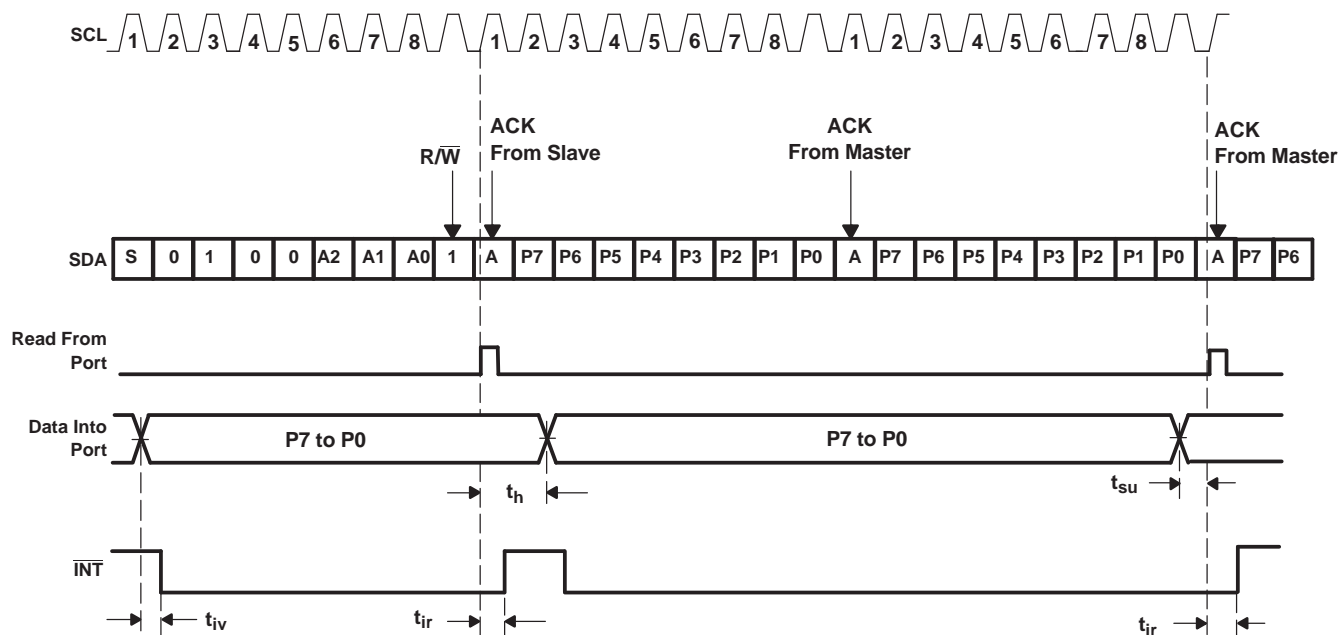


Figure 1. Write Mode (Output)



A low-to-high transition of SDA while SCL is high is defined as the stop condition (P). The transfer of data can be stopped at any moment by a stop condition. When this occurs, data present at the latest ACK phase is valid (output mode). Input data is lost.

Figure 2. Read Mode (Input)

Address Reference

INPUTS			I ² C BUS SLAVE ADDRESS
A2	A1	A0	
L	L	L	32 (decimal), 20 (hexadecimal)
L	L	H	33 (decimal), 21 (hexadecimal)
L	H	L	34 (decimal), 22 (hexadecimal)
L	H	H	35 (decimal), 23 (hexadecimal)
H	L	L	36 (decimal), 24 (hexadecimal)
H	L	H	37 (decimal), 25 (hexadecimal)
H	H	L	38 (decimal), 26 (hexadecimal)
H	H	H	39 (decimal), 27 (hexadecimal)

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range		−0.5	7	V
V _I	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾		−0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _O	Output voltage range ⁽²⁾		−0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0	−20		mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0	−20		mA
I _{OK}	Input/output clamp current	V _O < 0 or V _O > V _{CC}	±400		μA
I _{OL}	Continuous output low current	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	50		mA
I _{OH}	Continuous output high current	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	−4		mA
Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND			±100		mA
θ _{JA}	Package thermal impedance	DGV package ⁽³⁾	92		°C/W
		DW package ⁽³⁾	57		
		N package ⁽³⁾	67		
		PW package ⁽³⁾	83		
		RGT package ⁽⁴⁾	53		
		RGY package ⁽⁴⁾	37		
T _{sto}	Storage temperature range		−65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

(3) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

(4) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-5.

Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	2.5	6	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	0.7 × V _{CC}	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	−0.5	0.3 × V _{CC}	V
I _{OH}	High-level output current		−1	mA
I _{OL}	Low-level output current		25	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	−40	85	°C

PCF8574

REMOTE 8-BIT I/O EXPANDER FOR I²C BUS

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Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IK}	Input diode clamp voltage	I _I = –18 mA	2.5 V to 6 V	–1.2			V
V _{POR}	Power-on reset voltage ⁽²⁾	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	6 V		1.3	2.4	V
I _{OH}	P port	V _O = GND	2.5 V to 6 V	30		300	μA
I _{OHT}	P-port transient pullup current	High during acknowledge, V _{OH} = GND	2.5 V		–1		mA
I _{OL}	SDA	V _O = 0.4 V	2.5 V to 6 V	3			mA
	P port	V _O = 1 V	5 V	10	25		
	INT	V _O = 0.4 V	2.5 V to 6 V	1.6			
I _I	SCL, SDA	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	2.5 V to 6 V			±5	μA
	INT					±5	
	A0, A1, A2					±5	
I _{IHL}	P port	V _I ≥ V _{CC} or V _I ≤ GND	2.5 V to 6 V			±400	μA
I _{CC}	Operating mode	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0, f _{SCL} = 100 kHz	6 V		40	100	μA
	Standby mode	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0			2.5	10	
C _i	SCL	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	2.5 V to 6 V		1.5	7	pF
C _{io}	SDA	V _{IO} = V _{CC} or GND	2.5 V to 6 V		3	7	pF
	P port				4	10	

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

(2) The power-on reset circuit resets the I²C-bus logic with V_{CC} < V_{POR} and sets all I/Os to logic high (with current source to V_{CC}).

I²C Interface Timing Requirements

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 3](#))

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
f _{scl}	I ² C clock frequency		100		kHz
t _{sch}	I ² C clock high time		4		μs
t _{scl}	I ² C clock low time		4.7		μs
t _{sp}	I ² C spike time		100		ns
t _{sds}	I ² C serial data setup time		250		ns
t _{sdh}	I ² C serial data hold time		0		ns
t _{icr}	I ² C input rise time		1		μs
t _{icf}	I ² C input fall time		0.3		μs
t _{ocf}	I ² C output fall time (10-pF to 400-pF bus)		300		ns
t _{buf}	I ² C bus free time between stop and start		4.7		μs
t _{sts}	I ² C start or repeated start condition setup		4.7		μs
t _{sth}	I ² C start or repeated start condition hold		4		μs
t _{sps}	I ² C stop condition setup		4		μs
t _{vd}	Valid data time	SCL low to SDA output valid	3.4		μs
C _b	I ² C bus capacitive load		400		pF

Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L \leq 100$ pF (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 4](#))

PARAMETER		FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	UNIT
t_{pv}	Output data valid	SCL	P port		4	μs
t_{su}	Input data setup time	P port	SCL	0		μs
t_h	Input data hold time	P port	SCL	4		μs
t_{iv}	Interrupt valid time	P port	\overline{INT}		4	μs
t_{ir}	Interrupt reset delay time	SCL	\overline{INT}		4	μs

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

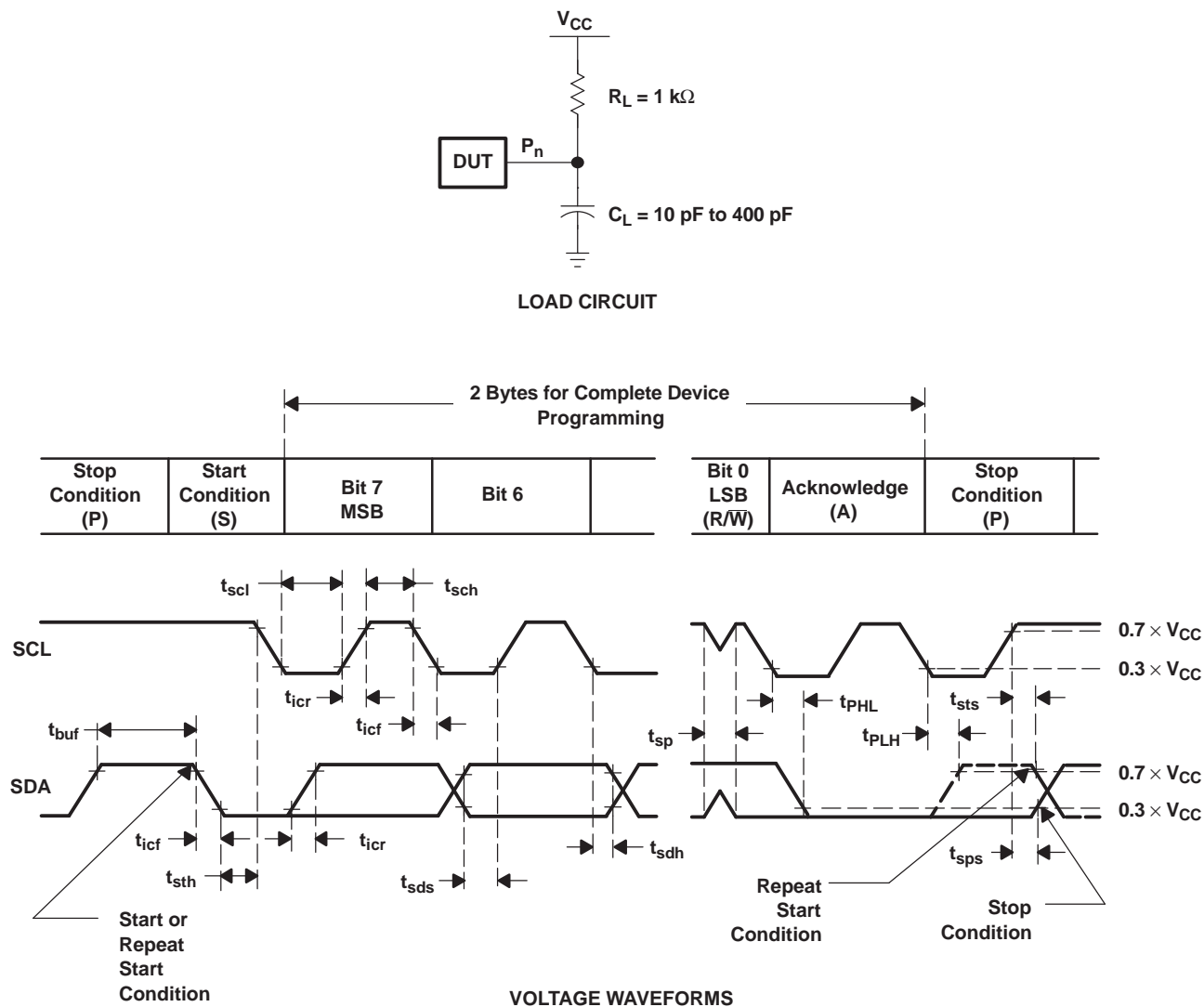


Figure 3. I²C Interface Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

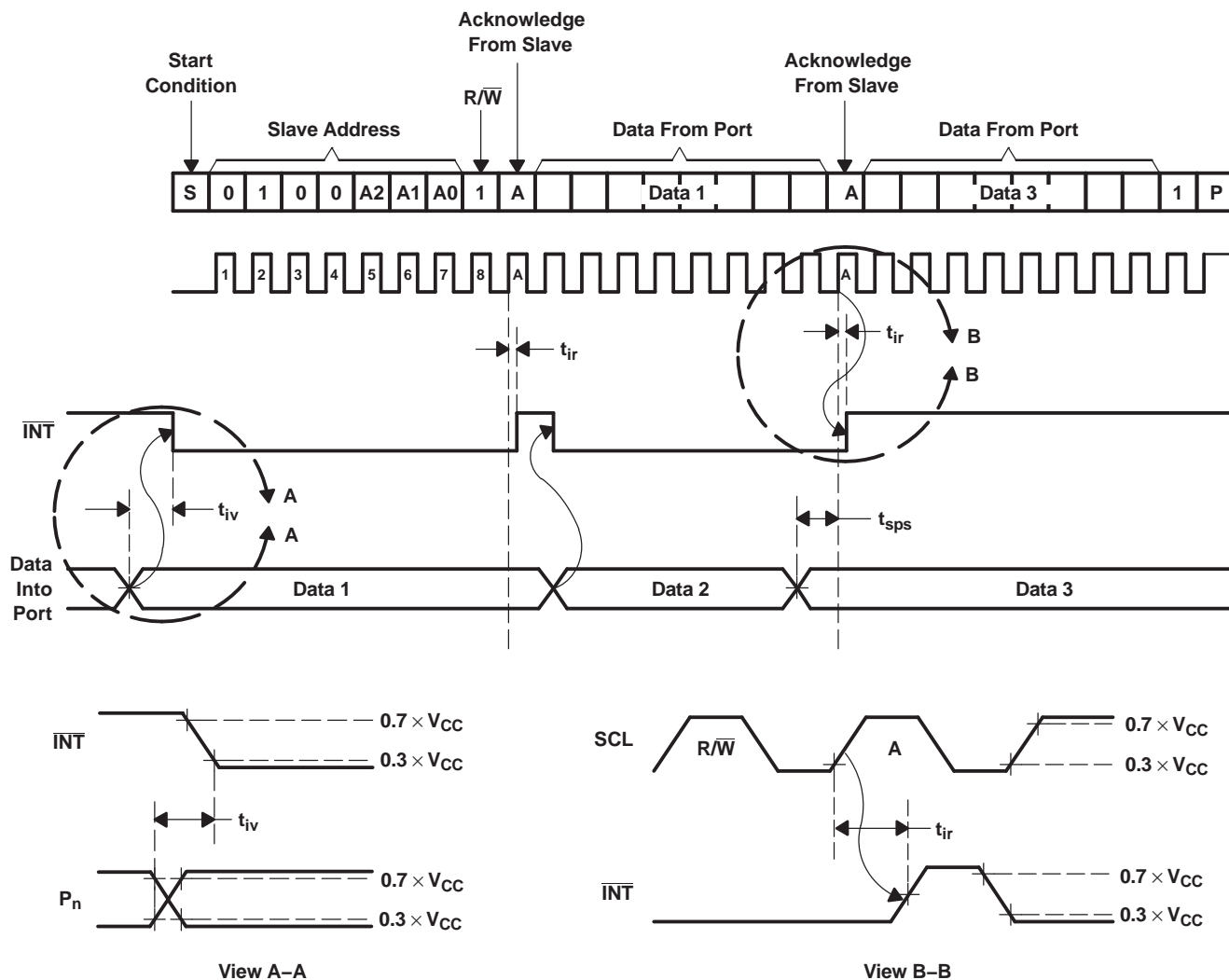


Figure 4. Interrupt Voltage Waveforms

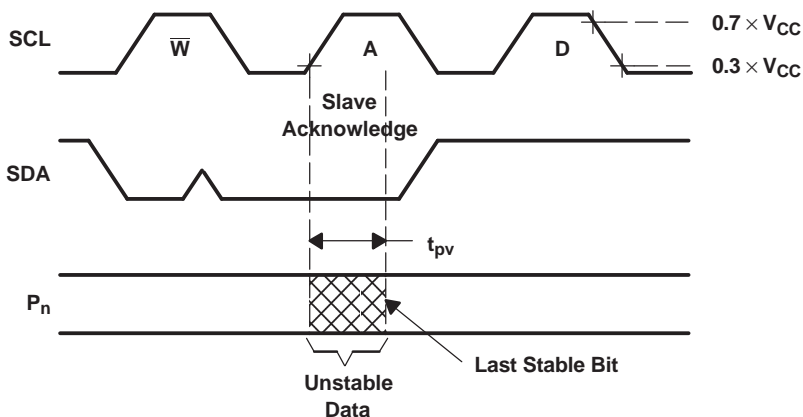


Figure 5. I²C Write Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

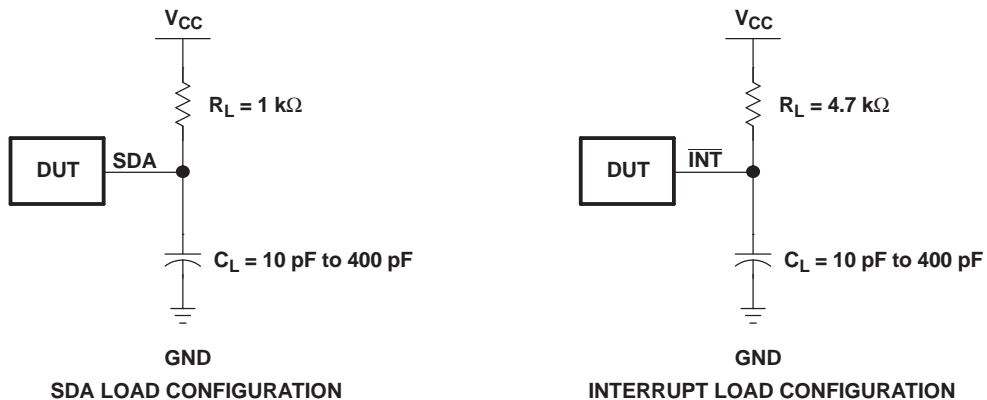


Figure 6. Load Circuits

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
PCF8574DGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574DGVRE4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574DW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574DWE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574DWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574DWRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574N	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
PCF8574NE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
PCF8574PW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574PWE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574PWRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574RGTR	ACTIVE	QFN	RGT	16	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574RGTRG4	ACTIVE	QFN	RGT	16	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCF8574RGYR	ACTIVE	QFN	RGY	20	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR
PCF8574RGYRG4	ACTIVE	QFN	RGY	20	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

N (R-PDIP-T**)

16 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



PINS **	14	16	18	20
DIM				
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23,37)	1.060 (26,92)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21,59)	0.940 (23,88)
MS-001 VARIATION	AA	BB	AC	AD



14/18 Pin Only
20 Pin vendor option

4040049/E 12/2002

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
 - The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

DGV (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

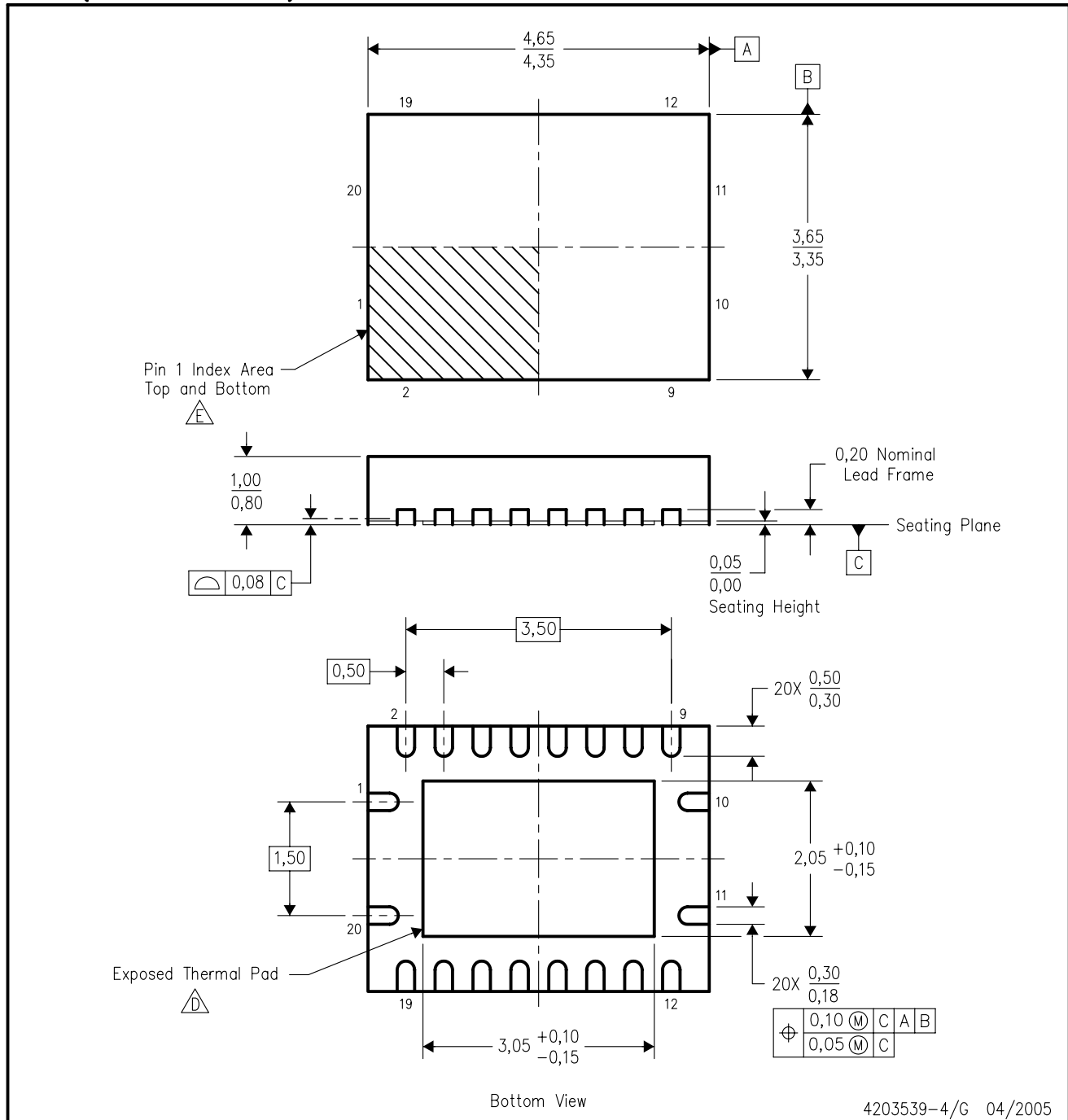
24 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.
 D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153
 14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194

RGY (R-PQFP-N20)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



4203539-4/G 04/2005

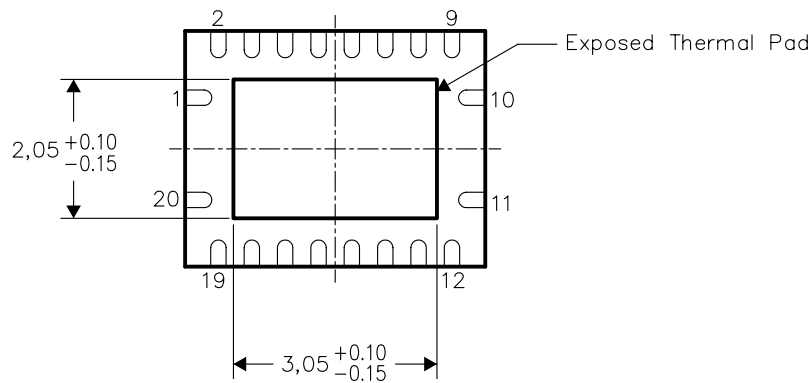
- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
 - The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
 - Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated. The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
 - Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BC.

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB), the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to a ground plane or special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, Quad Flatpack No-Lead Logic Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

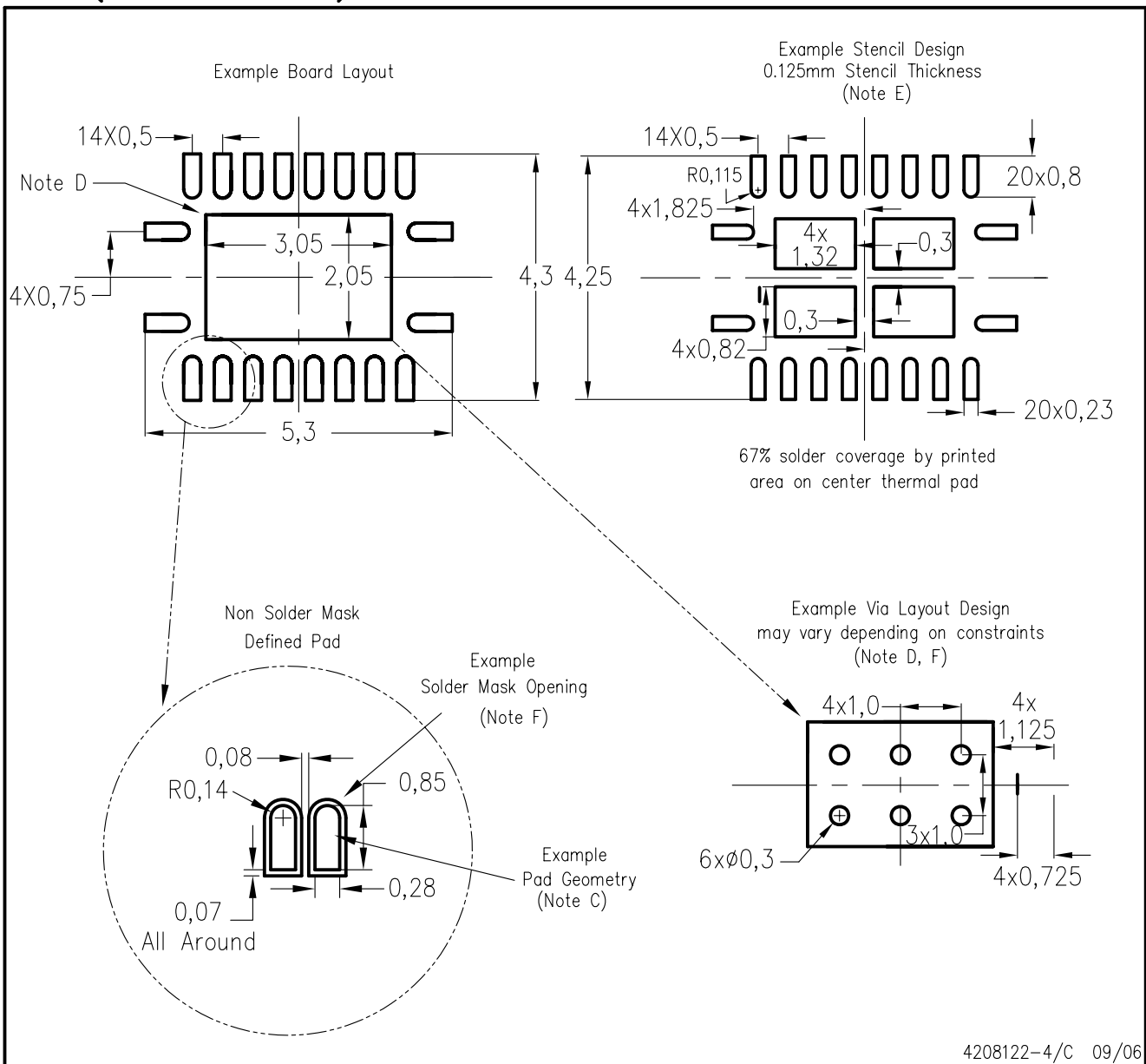


Bottom View

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

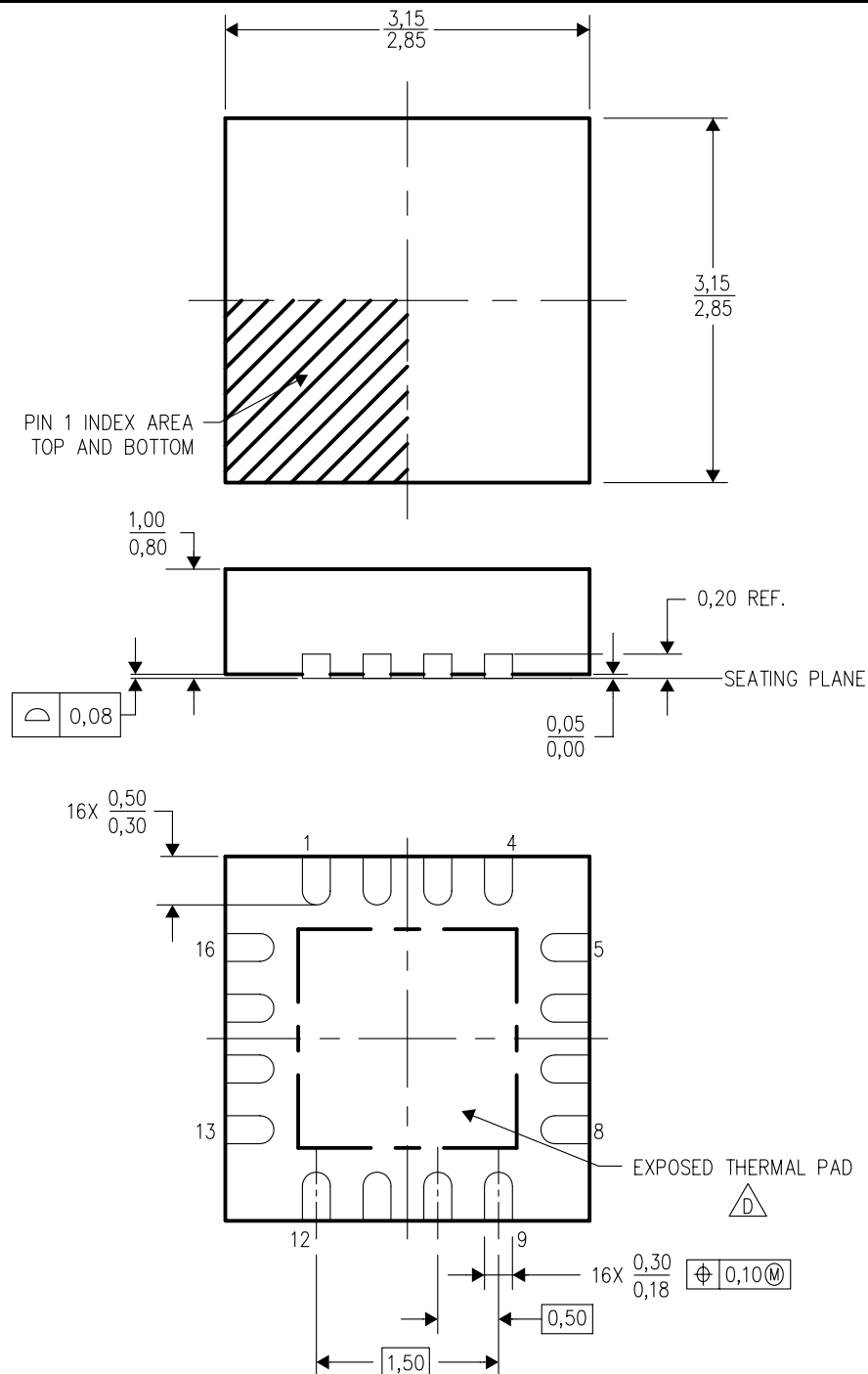
RGY (R-PQFP-N20)



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017, SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.

RGT (S-PQFP-N16)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



4203495/E 11/04

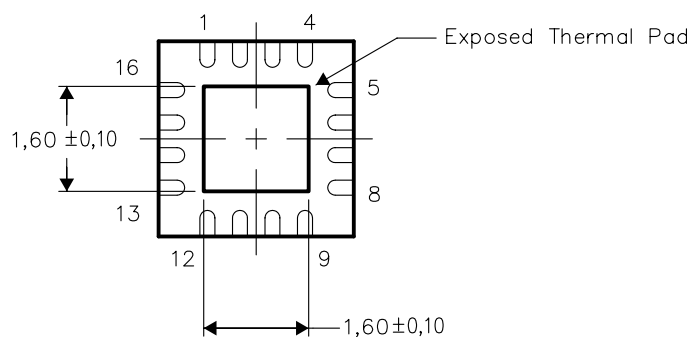
- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Quad Flatpack, No-leads (QFN) package configuration.
 - $\triangle D$ The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to a ground or power plane (whichever is applicable), or alternatively, a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, Quad Flatpack No-Lead Logic Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

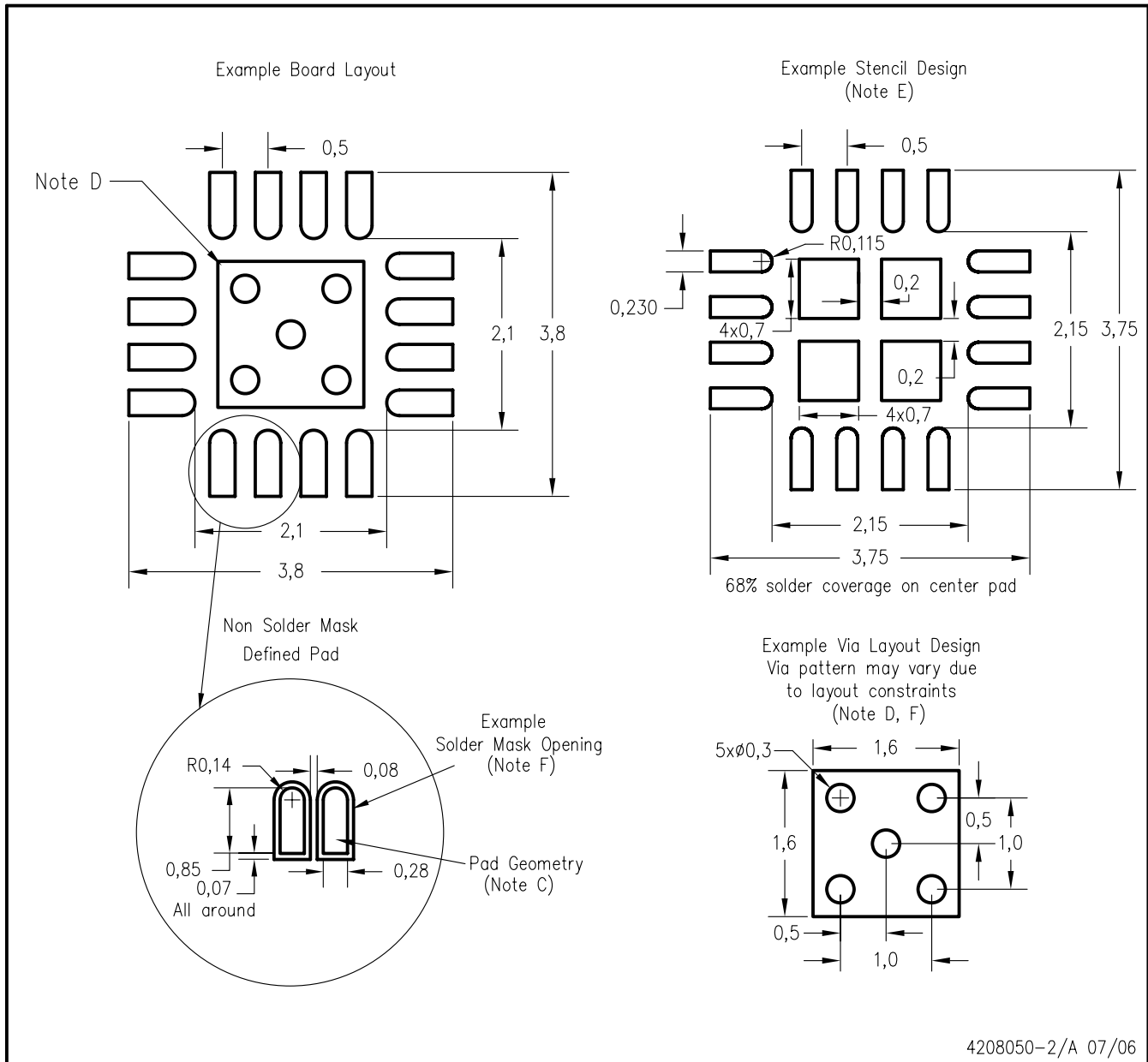


Bottom View

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

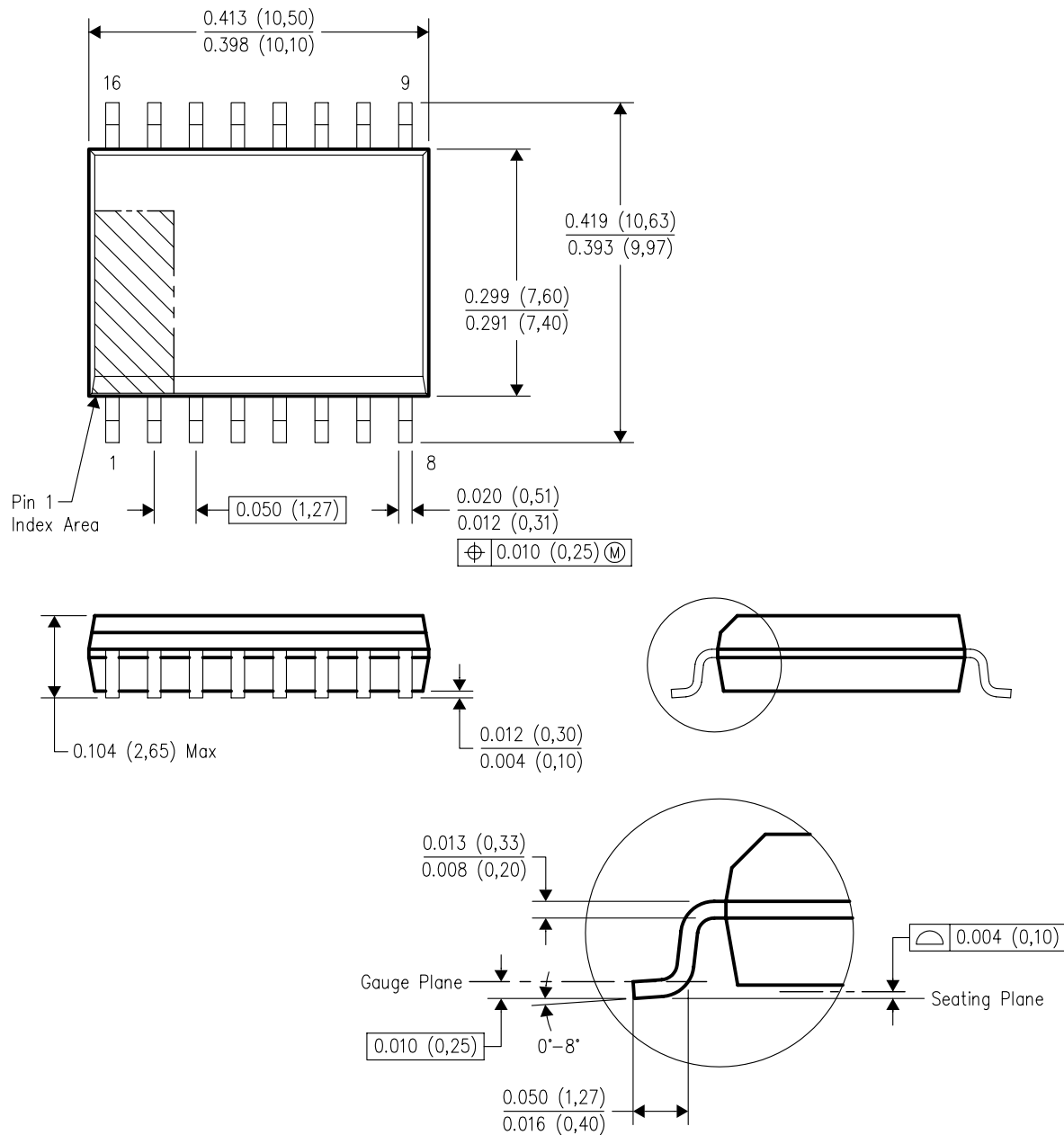
RGT (S-PQFP-N16)



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017, SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.

DW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



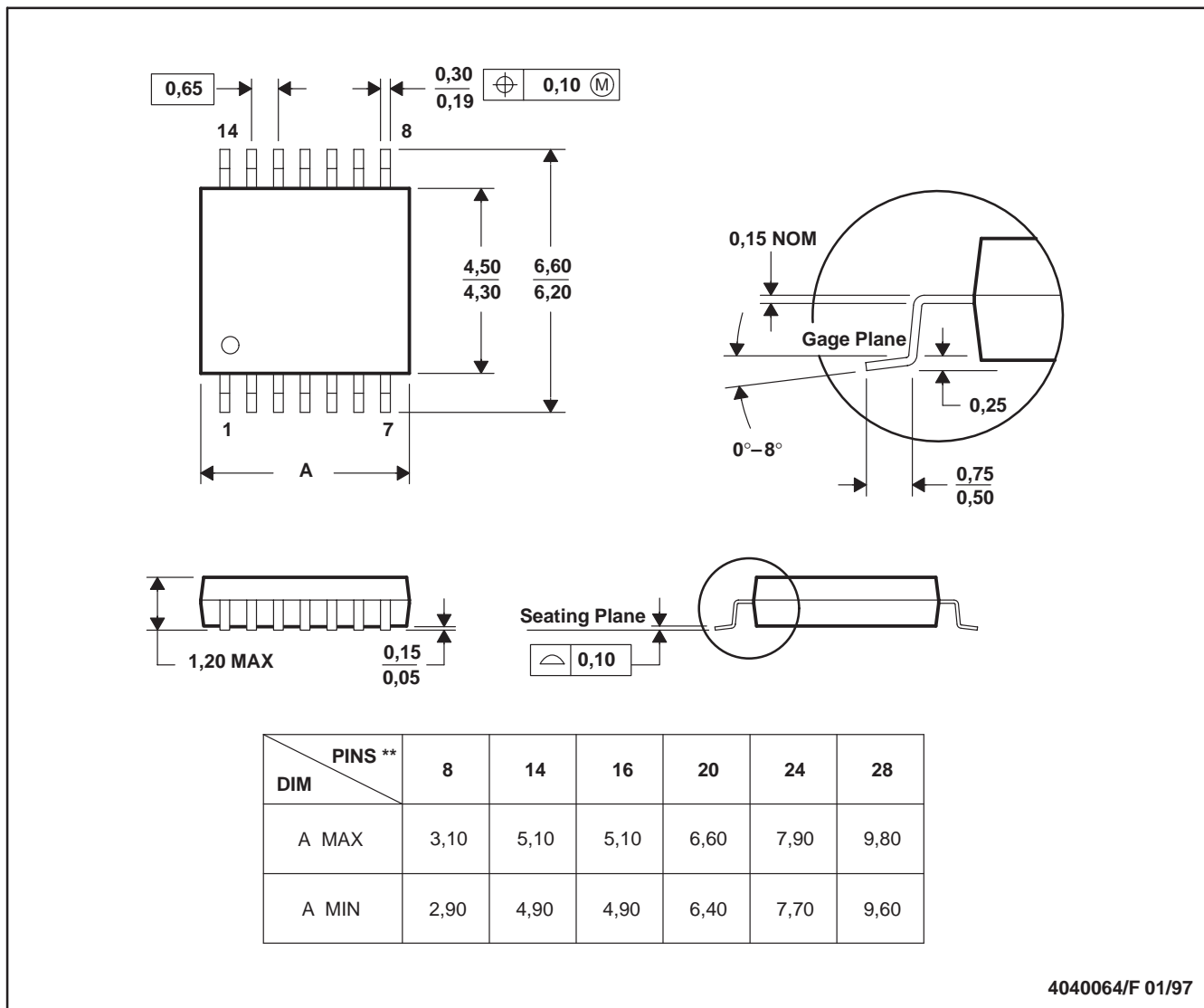
4040000-2/F 06/2004

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
 - Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AA.

PW (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
 D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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