Problem-lab 5:11/9/2025: The alu to be coded in quies by: A shift B

(8 + B)

A * B

(8 + A)

(9 + A) mulus (8+4)000 (111 us calculate sum by to sheps ()ostalism ne use behandmal modelling to implement this ALU. 1,01 toky who) best (12/1 1) by = 2000 i) Shift function: The shift function takes in A,B as 2 std-logic-vectors of length 4 and return a single logic vertor. Hence the function definition (headelvis?) desquares = 19.11/24 - 19.11/24 - 19.11/24 - i function Shift (AB: Std-logic-vertor (3 down to 0)) return Stal-lugie-vector is make a temporary A-extended variable that we there to 8 bits, ready to be shifted: The shift amount stretches A is first 3 bits of B: 一个人一个人 -Nariable shift-amounts integer = to integer (unsigned) B(2 delite O)); I w to do lad, soone soo on tid we write 2 if conditions: If B(3) = 0' then left shift and if B(3) = 1' us right shift the string. We stone outcome in result vector: result = Std_legic_rector (shift_left (unsigned (A-extended), shift_amount) result = std-logie-vertor (shift-right (unsigned (A-extended))
shift-amount) B(3) = 11 then

ii) concatenate: ue use inbuilt librais functions. ab_con = A & B; jud rouge (balow ad a)

Y = Std_byie_vector (-signed (ab_con)) convert ab- con to signed value & take negative for 2° complement. modified 12 Daw UIA 1-1-(8)-A)008 For to_integer() functions iii) BCO(A+B) value. ue calculate sum by sum: = towinteger (unsyned (A)) + to-integer (unsyned (B)); ones-value:= to-unsigned (sum mod 10, 4)

4 bit ralue

10 value := to-unsigned (sum mod 10, 4)

4 bit ralue

11 stored

12 value

13 value

14 value

15 value

16 value

16 value

16 value

17 value

18 value

19 value

10 val tens-value = to-unsynère & sum/10,4) 4 bit value muder (0 of roots 5) rotters value 15+2 : estorelis noiterif -Storel 21 13/13-1 - 15-12 - 15-12 Calculated Y & std_legie_ rector (teno_value & ones_value) 19 20- 455 12201 0 iv) Mulliplicatur A* B: waring that we go one by one through bits of B. If bit is 0 we ignore, but it is 1 we shift A by that bit place inden and add to product for in MADOP 0 to 3 loop to the Much there in a model end if (townsons this. end loop 11 = (()) () Y & std - logic - vector (pnd)

we can finally implement MUX behansin with a for-else't block:

if S="00" then:

-- shift function

if S== '01" then

-- Concatenate & 2's complement

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if S == "100" then

-- Muliplication wde

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