

swipe to learn



INTRODUCTION:

Data Cleaning: A crucial step in data analysis involving refining, correcting, and preparing raw data for meaningful insights and accurate decision-making.



IDENTIFY DUPLICATES:

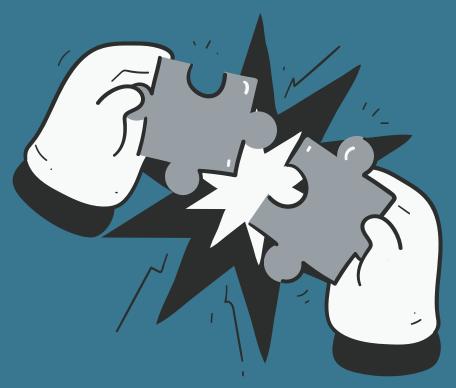
Duplicate detection is vital. It involves finding and removing repetitions to prevent skewed analysis and maintain data integrity.





HANDLE MISSING:

Addressing missing data is key. Techniques include imputation, deletion, or analysis modifications, depending on the context and significance.





CORRECT ERRORS:

Spotting and fixing errors in data sets, like outliers or incorrect entries, is essential for maintaining the accuracy and reliability of your data.





NORMALIZE DATA:

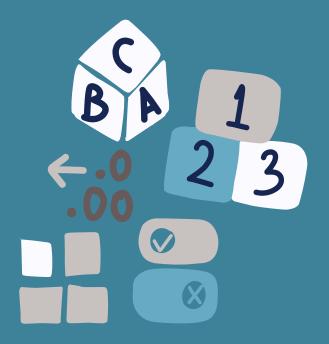
Data normalization involves adjusting values to a common scale, essential for comparing data accurately and effectively in analysis.





DATA FORMATTING:

Consistent data formatting ensures uniformity. This includes standardizing dates, categoricals, and numerical formats for seamless integration and analysis.





VALIDATE QUALITY:

Regular quality checks guarantee data reliability. Validation rules help ensure data accuracy and relevance over time.





FILTER & SORT:

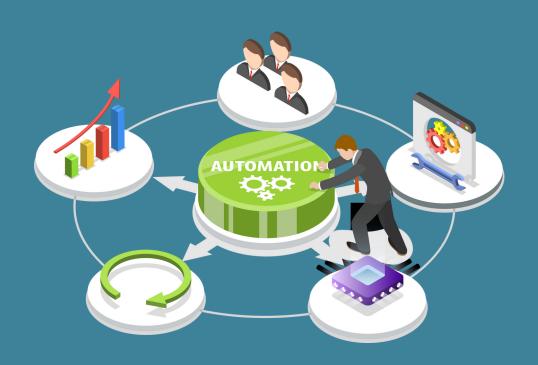
Filtering and sorting data helps in focusing on relevant information, making the analysis process more efficient and manageable.





AUTOMATION TOOLS:

Employ data cleaning tools and automation to streamline the process, reducing manual errors and saving valuable time.







Data Cleaning is an ongoing process, not a one-time task. Regular maintenance ensures continued accuracy and relevance of data.







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