Sagara 1 Dano: Vo = 15u/c V,=18u/c Va = 27u/c J Sr - To = 15-4/c t1 - V1 = 18x1/c (t, = t 2 no yeu) to - 02 = 2xu/e Masmus Ver -? Perceune? 1) Replorer gracemon abniveredució injoexan & so, rge s'-bero nyme. co ca-io vo Bropos u mjemus za  $t_1$  u  $t_2$  coomb-uno ko no yeu,  $t_1 = t_2$ 3)  $V_{ep} = \frac{\int_{0}^{\infty} + \int_{2}^{\infty} + \int_$  $t_0 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{N}} (2) \frac{1}{2}N = t_1 V_1 + t_2 V_2 = t_1 (V_1 + V_2) = >$ =>  $t_1 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\int_{0}^{\infty} (-t_2) (3)}{v_1 + v_2}$ 4) lb (1), (2) u (3) ynabnemus areggem:  $\frac{\int^{r}}{\frac{2v}{2v_{1}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\int^{r}}{v_{1} + v_{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\int^{r}}{v_{1} + v_{2}}}$  $V_{ep} = \frac{\lambda}{t_0 + t_1 + t_2}$  $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2V_0} + \frac{1}{V_1 + V_0}} = \frac{2V_0(V_1 + V_2)}{(V_1 + V_2) + 2V_0} = \frac{2V_0(V_1 + V_2)}{2V_0 + V_1 + V_2} =$  $=\frac{2\cdot 15\left(18+27\right)}{2\cdot 15+18+27}\left(\omega/c\right)=\frac{1350}{75}\left(\omega/c\right)=18\,\omega/c$ 

Omben: V = Vg = 18 u/c

Bagara L B C.D. zenen: V1 = 15 elle V2 = 20 4/c d1 = 80 u d2 = 100 u Kaimer: dmm -? leuenne: Des ygéoconta, repetique us cuemento oniciema (C.O.) queuen 6 CO, chezarinyo c racruyes 1. Ceptime expensain oбозначено переходог в CD. Los cacruyor. Barremene, umo sCOB, SFEB u a CDA nogodnor, rge AC = C,  $\angle ACD = \angle EFB = \angle OCB = \mathcal{L}'$ , a AD weems down.  $And = \frac{\overline{v_{\lambda}}}{\overline{v_{21}}} = \frac{dnin}{\ell}$ , m.e.  $\frac{\overline{v_{\lambda}}}{\sqrt{\overline{v_{\lambda}^2 + \overline{v_{\lambda}^2}'}}} = \frac{dnin}{\ell}$  (1)  $tg\lambda = \frac{v_2}{v_r} = \frac{d_2}{d_r + \ell}$  (2)  $U_3(1) \Rightarrow d_{min} = \ell \cdot \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{v_1^2 + v_2^2}}$   $U_3(2) \Rightarrow \ell = d_2 \cdot \frac{v_1}{v_2} - d_1$  $= 7 dmin = \left(d_{2} \frac{v_{1}}{v_{2}} - d_{4}\right) \frac{v_{2}}{\sqrt{v_{1}^{2} + v_{2}^{2}}} = \left(100 \cdot \frac{15}{20} - 80\right) \frac{20}{\sqrt{15^{2} + 20^{2}}}$ 3 aucenium, emo donte <0, m.e. 2 easter appellettes а не сзади нее. Переформизируем

Fagorea 2 upog-uece

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{\partial}$$

Sagara 3. Dane: n=1,8 Penenne: A nomer B honepen Dal B: Harmu: TB -? 1) TB1 = VIII 2 + DA  $T_{B_2} = \frac{S'}{D*}$   $T_B = T_{B_1} + T_{B_2}$ It ho meopered accompate One A: 2)  $T_{A_{A}} = \frac{S^{2}}{2F + V_{A}}$ TA = TAL + TAZ  $T_{A2} = \frac{S}{v_1 v_2}$  $\frac{T_B}{T_A} = \frac{T_{B1} + T_{B2}}{T_{A1} + T_{A2}} = \frac{S^2}{107^2 + 08^2} + \frac{S^2}{107^2}$  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{v^{2}+v^{2}h^{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{v^{2}+v^{2}h^{2}}} +$ 

 $=\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+N^2'}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}}{\frac{1}{1+N}+\frac{1}{N-2}}$ 

$$(2^{*})^{2} = \sqrt{r^{2} + \sqrt{r^{2} + 2r^{2} - 2r^{2} \cdot \sqrt{r^{2} \cdot r^{2} \cdot r^{2}}} - 2\sqrt{r^{2} \cdot r^{2} \cdot r$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{1+n^2}} = \sqrt{1+n^2}$$
Ombern:
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+n^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+n^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+n^2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+n^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+n^2}}$$

$$\beta h \lambda = \frac{v_{\tau}}{v_{\tau}^2 + v_{\varepsilon}^2} = \frac{v_{\tau}}{v_{\tau}^2 + v_{\varepsilon}^2}$$

$$\beta + \lambda = 90^{\circ}.$$

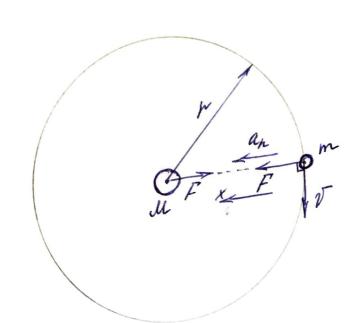
Tagara 4. Dano: h = 2,2 u 7 = 0,25c g=10 u/cz Haamu: H-? Persence: 1) Vo = bu/c 2) 3aneuneur 2 ypakuenne (bensopnor) choguero nagenene: (1)  $t = \vec{r} \cdot \vec{r} + \vec{g} \cdot \vec{r}$ (a)  $\vec{H} = \vec{v_0} \cdot t + \vec{q} \cdot \vec{t}^2 = \vec{q} \cdot \vec{t}^2$ 3) Ugue  $\vec{v_1}$  cuspositi:  $\vec{v_1} = \vec{v_0} + \vec{q} \cdot t = \vec{q} \cdot t$ (1)  $h = \mathcal{L}_1 T + g T^2 \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_1 = \frac{1}{T} \left( h - g T^2 \right) = \left( \frac{h}{T} - g T \right)$ 

(1)  $h = v_1 \cdot T + f_2 \Rightarrow v_4 = T (h \cdot \sqrt{2})$ (2)  $H = gt^2$ (3)  $v_7 = g \cdot t \Rightarrow t = \frac{v_7}{g}$ (3)  $W = f_2 \cdot t^2 = f_2 \left(\frac{v_7}{g}\right)^2 = \frac{v_7^2}{2g} = \frac{\left(h - \frac{gT}{2}\right)^2}{2g} = \frac{\left(h - \frac{gT}{2}\right)^2}{2gT^2} = \frac{\left(2,2 - \frac{10 \cdot 0.25^2}{2}\right)^2}{2 \cdot 10 \cdot 0.25^2} = \frac{1.8875^2}{2 \cdot 10 \cdot 0.25^2} (u) = 2.850125 u \approx 2.85 u$ Owher: M = 2.85 u Sagara s H=84 7 = 2c L = 5 cg 9 = 10 u/c2 Havmer: Vk-? Perrenne: Tike H < f2, mo Voy <0: Voy = - Vo, And 2/ L= Vox. T = Voicos X. T H= Vay :T+gT2 = - Vo. And : T+gT VKX = Vox = Vo.cos X Vry = Tox + gT = - To. And + gT VK = VVK2 + VKy = Vo2cos2d + (- Vosmd + gT)2 Uz eucmeur yn-neet narogener. Vo:  $\mathcal{D}_0 = \frac{L}{2T} \pm \sqrt{\frac{L^2}{4T^2} - \left(\frac{9T}{2} - \frac{H}{T}\right)^2} = \frac{L}{2T} + \sqrt{\frac{L^2}{4T^2} - \left(\frac{9T}{2} - \frac{H}{T}\right)^2}$ And = 71 - 2  $\cos^2 x = 1 - \beta m^2 x = 1 - \left(1 - \frac{L}{v_0 T}\right) = \frac{L}{v_0 T}$ 

=> VK

3agara 6.  

$$k = 4.7.10^{5}$$
 here  $k = 5.7.10^{26}$  kz  $k = 6.67.10^{-11}$   $k = 1.2.6$  kz  $k = 1.2.6$  Harmer:  $k = 1.2$ 



Receence:

Ryome reacea riordor palua m. Torga zanumem I zanon Hanomora que riendo:

Ka oce ox:

$$F = man$$

$$F = G \frac{U \cdot m}{r^2}, a \quad an = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{M \cdot m}{r^2} = \frac{\overline{D}^2}{r} \cdot m \quad | \frac{m}{m}$$

$$G \frac{\mathcal{U}}{r} = V^{2}$$

$$V = VG \frac{\mathcal{U}}{r} = 16.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot \frac{5.7 \cdot 10^{26}}{2.7 \cdot 10^{5} \cdot 10^{3}} \left( \frac{\mathcal{U}}{c} \right) \approx 15$$

Sagarea 8 Dano: Vo = 80 cm3 H = 254 t1 = 3°C t2 = 18°C P = 1000 hr/43 Po = 105 Ma g = 10 u/c2 Rawmer: V-? Peculiuse 1) y hobepanocons bogor gabrenese 6 m.t. mande nee har u annes, , m.e. p4 = po 2) B m.B: PB = PA + PgH = Po + pgH 3) Ti = ti+243 (K) T2 = + 273 3 Janeurem zakou Mengerezeba - Kranewpona gen cegran 6 m. A u m. b. M.A: PAV = PRT2 M.B: PBVO = DRTZ 5) PAV = DRT => V = Vo PADRT == Vo (po+pgH). Ta = To  $= V_0 \left( 1 + \frac{fgH}{f_0} \right) \cdot \frac{t_2 + 273}{t_1 + 273} = 80 \cdot \left( 1 + \frac{1000 \cdot 10 \cdot 25}{10^5} \right) \cdot \frac{18 + 273}{3 + 273} \left( \cos^3 \right) =$ = 80.3,5. 291 cu3 295 au3

Ombern: V = 295 cm3

Bagara y Danos P = 2 mens ty = 2400 1) V1 u V2 = 2V4 p = const a) pVI=const ta=tz R = 8,31 Dre well. K Harmer: f-? Peruenne: 1) Replois zakon mepeliogernamensker: dQ = dU + SA were sQ = sU + A 2) Del 1-2 npeyeoch. alla = i DRATA = i DR (T2-T1) (43 3. Meng-Ker) for pr (V2-V1) = pr V2 - pr V1 = pr V2 - pr V1 = DRT2 - DRT2 - $= \mathcal{D}\mathcal{R}\left(T_2 - T_1\right)$ 3) The 2-3 upayecca:  $\Delta \Omega_{23} = \Delta U_{23} + A_{23} = 0, m. k. agecadas, upayecc.$ All23 = - All12 = - 1 DR (T2-T1) = 1 DR (T1-T2) A23 = - All23 = - (-Alla) = Alla = & DR(T2-T2) 4) Tik. revent ognoamments, no i=3! A = A12 + A23 = DR(T2-T1) + 1 DR(T2-T1) =  $= \left(\frac{3}{2}T_2 - \frac{3}{2}T_2 + T_2 - T_2\right) \cdot \mathcal{D}R = \mathcal{R}\left(\frac{5}{2}T_2 - \frac{5}{2}T_4\right) =$  $=\frac{5}{2}PR(T_2-T_1)$ 5/ Kargem T2: Pala = DRTA => Pala = DRTA PaVa = DRTa => PackVa = DRTa

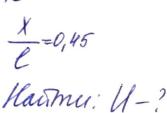
Sagara 9 ppg-une

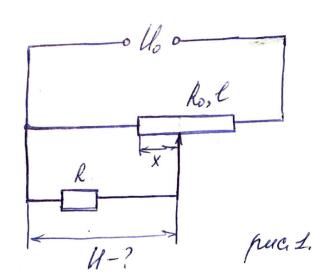
$$P_{1}V_{1} = PRT_{1}$$
 =  $PRT_{2}$  =  $PRT_{2}$ 

$$\frac{3agara}{40} = \frac{10}{8}$$

$$\frac{10}{8} = \frac{10}{8} = \frac{10}{8}$$

$$\frac{10}{8} = \frac{10}{8} = \frac{10}{8}$$

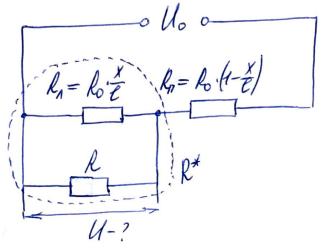




Percence:

1) T.k.  $k_0 = \int \frac{L}{S} U \times R \left( \text{kanoury-To } R \text{gryees} \right) \left( \times 1 \text{ } u \text{ } R \right),$ mo ecorcuo my yens (puc. 2) hepepucobams

6 ygodnywo shbubasiens nyw yens (puc. 2):



If the rebest racmes;
$$k_{I} = k_{0} \frac{x}{\ell} = 0,45 \, \text{ko}$$

$$f get upabes tacmes pequesops ko:$$

$$k_{II} = k_{0} \left(1 - \frac{x}{\ell}\right) = 0,55 \, \text{ko}$$

3) Hasger R\* (cu pec. 2):  

$$R^* = \frac{k \cdot k_A}{R + k_A} = \frac{k \cdot 0.45 \cdot k_0}{R + 0.45 \cdot k_0} = \frac{k \cdot 0.45 \cdot k_0}{R + 2 \cdot 0.45 \cdot k} = \frac{0.9 \cdot k^2}{4.9 \cdot k} = \frac{9}{19} \cdot k$$

4) Tik R\* U Ros coejewenor hociegobameierus, mo nion meres ofigem no R\* u Ros ogumanoboris. Nyeme offen man I. Bagara 10 mag-une Toega: Un= 1 = I.R\* = I. 9/19 R Un = I. Rn = I. 0,55 Ro = I. 2.0,55. R U Un + Un = Ho (nocue coequinemice). Uo = (R#+Rn) I. IR\* + IR = 6 I = No 0+100  $\mathcal{U} = \mathcal{U}_{\Lambda} = \mathcal{I} \mathcal{R}^{*} = \frac{\mathcal{U}_{O}}{\mathcal{R}^{*} + \mathcal{R}_{D}} \cdot \mathcal{R}^{*} = \mathcal{U}_{O} \cdot \frac{\frac{g}{19}\mathcal{R}}{\frac{g}{19}\mathcal{R} + 0.55 \cdot 2\mathcal{R}} =$  $= 1/0 \cdot \frac{1/9}{\frac{g}{19} + 1, 1} = 1/0 \cdot \frac{\frac{g}{19}}{\frac{g}{19} + \frac{11}{10}} =$  $= \mathcal{U}_{0} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{19}}{9.10 + 11.19} = \mathcal{U}_{0} \cdot \frac{9}{19} \cdot \frac{19.10}{9.10 + 11.19} = \mathcal{U}_{0} \cdot \frac{90}{90 + 209} =$ 

 $= \frac{90}{299} \text{ H}_0 = \frac{90}{299} , 50 \text{ B} \approx 15, 1 \text{ B}$ 

Ombem: U = 15, 1 B