Structure & Enum

SESSION 10

Structure

A data type that holds different types of data within a single group

```
struct Books {
  public string title;
  public string author;
  public string subject;
  public int book_id;
};
```

Defining a Structure

```
Start
Structure employee
{
char name[10]
char address[20]
float salary
}
End
```

Structure keyword declares a structure in algorithms name, address and salary are the members of the structure **employee** is the structure name

Defining a Structure (Contd.)

The members within the structure employee can be visualized as:

<u>char</u>			char							float		
0 1	2	• • •	9	10	0	1	2	•••	19	20		
name[10]						address[20]					salary	

Defining a Structure (Contd.)

```
Start
Structure employee
char name[10]
char address[20]
float salary
Structure employee e1
End
Structure e1 of the type employee is created
```

Accessing the Members of a Structure

```
Members of structure are accessed as:
Structure variable. Member variable
Example: To access members of structure e1
e1.name
e1.address
e1.salary
Structure variables can be assigned values
e1.name = "Jackson"
e1.address = "15/2, New York"
e1.salary = 500,000
```

Structures (Example)

```
To calculate the area of a rectangle:
 Start
Structure rectangle
int length
int breadth
Structure rectangle rect
declare area as integer
rect.length = 10
rect.breadth = 2
area = rect.length * rect.breadth
End
```

Variant of a Structure

```
Structure rectangle
{
int length
int breadth
}
Structure rectangle rect = {10,2}
End
```

Variable **rect** is defined and the values 10 and 2 is assigned for its members

```
Book2.title = "Telecom Billing";
struct Books {
                                                     Book2.author = "Zara Ali";
 public string title;
                                                     Book2.subject = "Telecom Billing Tutorial";
 public string author;
                                                     Book2.book id = 6495700;
 public string subject;
 public int book id;
                                                      Console.WriteLine("Book 1 title: {0}", Book1.title);
};
                                                    Console.WriteLine("Book 1 author : {0}", Book1.author);
                                                    Console.WriteLine("Book 1 subject : {0}", Book1.subject);
public class testStructure {
                                                   Console.WriteLine("Book 1 book_id :{0}", Book1.book_id);
  public static void Main(string[] args) {
                                                    Console.WriteLine("Book 2 title : {0}", Book2.title);
   Books Book1;
                                                    Console.WriteLine("Book 2 author : {0}", Book2.author);
   Books Book2;
                                                    Console.WriteLine("Book 2 subject : {0}", Book2.subject);
                                                    Console.WriteLine("Book 2 book id: {0}",
Book1.title = "C# Programming";
                                                 Book2.book id);
   Book1.author = "Nuha Ali";
                                                      Console.ReadLine();
   Book1.subject = "C# Programming Tutorial";
   Book1.book id = 6495407;
```

Structures

- Custom data Types
- Can have methods
- Can have constructors
- Cannot implement inheritance

```
struct Books
     public string title;
      public string author;
      public string subject;
     public int book_id;
      public Books(string t, string a, string s, int id)
        title = t;
        author = a;
        subject = s;
        book id = id;
      public void Display()
        Console.WriteLine("Title: {0}", title);
        Console.WriteLine("Author: {0}", author);
        Console.WriteLine("Subject : {0}", subject);
        Console.WriteLine("Book Id: {0}\n",
book id);
   };
```

```
class Program
     public static void Main(string[] args)
        Books Book1 = new Books("C#
Programming", "Nuha Ali", "C# Programming
Tutorial", 6495407);
        Books Book2 = new Books("Telecom Billing",
"Zara Ali", "Telecom Billing Tutorial", 6495700);
        Book1.Display();
        Book2.Display();
       Console.ReadLine();
```

Enumerators (1)

> They are a set of named constants.

```
using System;
public class food
public enum foodType
     Pizza,
     Pasta,
     Spaghetti,
public void GetFoodOrder (String CustName, foodType order)
     //Process FoodOrder
 static void Main()
 food myDinner = new food();
myDinner.GetFoodOrder("Scooby", food.foodType.Pizza);
```

Enumerators (2)

- ➤ Enumerators in C# have numbers associated with the values.
- ➤ By default, the first element of enum is assigned a value of 0 and is incremented for each subsequent enum element.

Enumerators (3)

➤ The default value can be overridden during initialization.

```
public enum foodType
{
    Pizza = 1,
    Pasta = 3,
    Spaghetti = 5,
    }
...
```