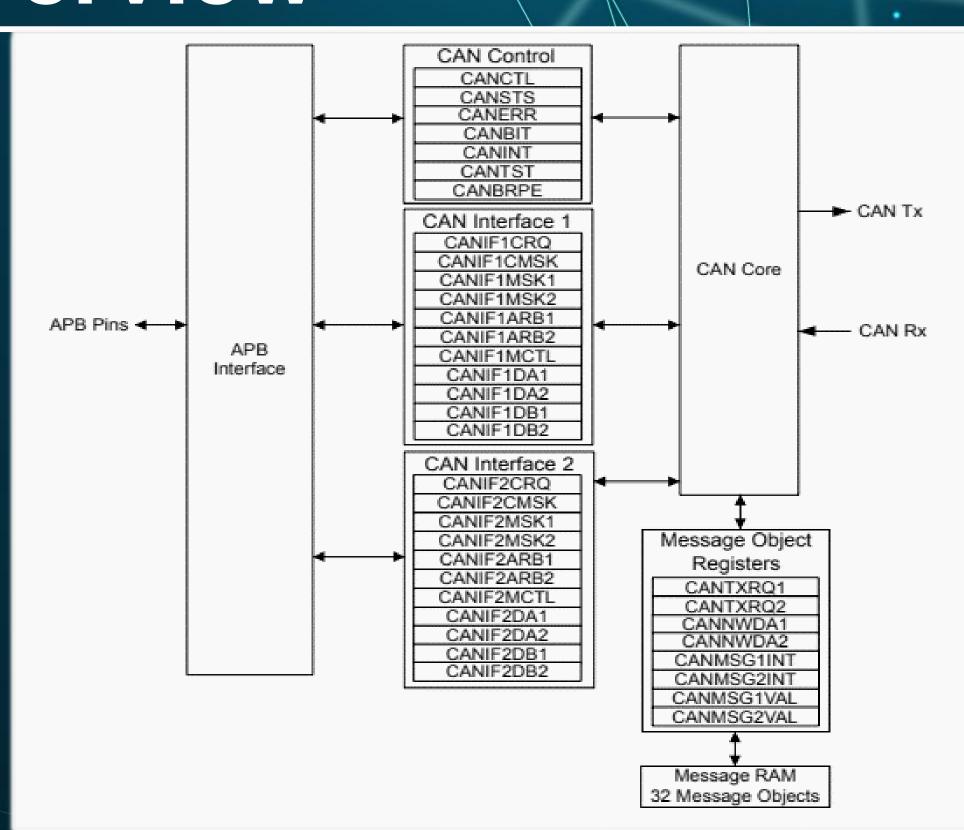
Controller Area Network, Tiva-C

Two CAN Units with some features:

- -Bit rates up to 1 Mbps
- -32 message objects with individual identifies
 - masks
- -Maskable interrupt
- -Programmable FIFO mode enables storage
 - of multiple message
- -Attaches to an external CAN transceiver through TX,RX
- -Programmable loopback mode for selftest
- -CAN protocol version 2.0 part A/B



Major parts of CAN module

CAN protocol controller and message handler

Message memory

It consists of 32 block Save the current configuration, status and actual data for each message object .this blocks are accessed via CAN register interface.

CAN register interface

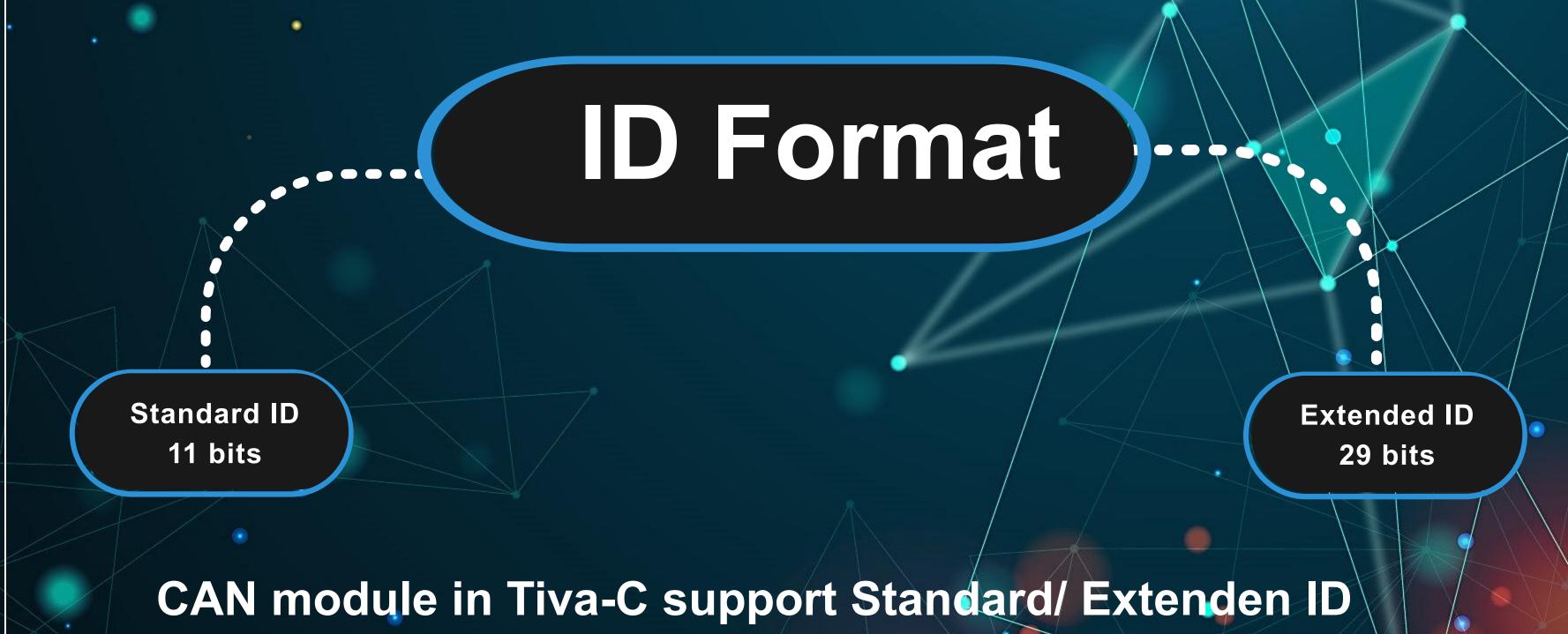
TM4C123GH6PM CAN controller provides an interface to communicate with message memory via two CAN interface register sets for communicating with the message objects.

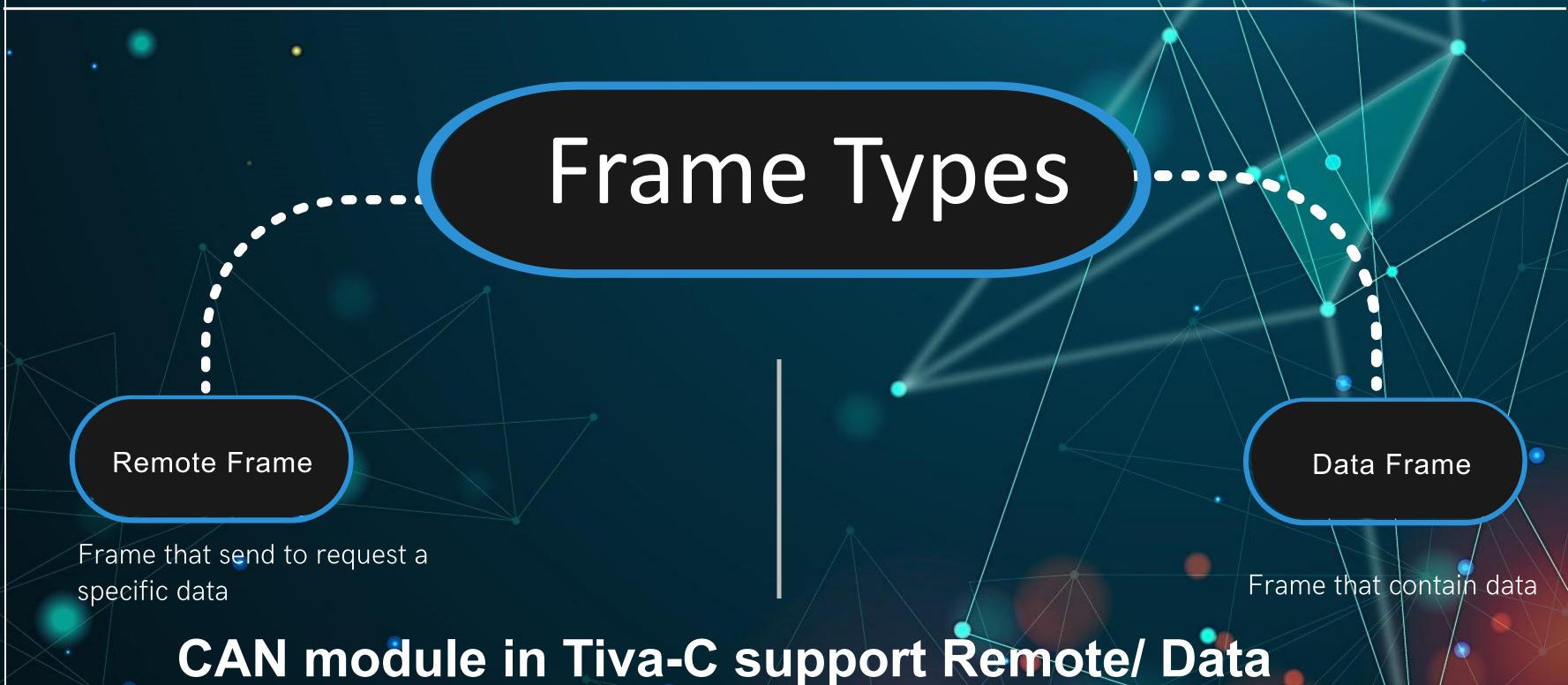
1 Priority Modes

2 ID Format

3 Frame Types







Transmission configurations:

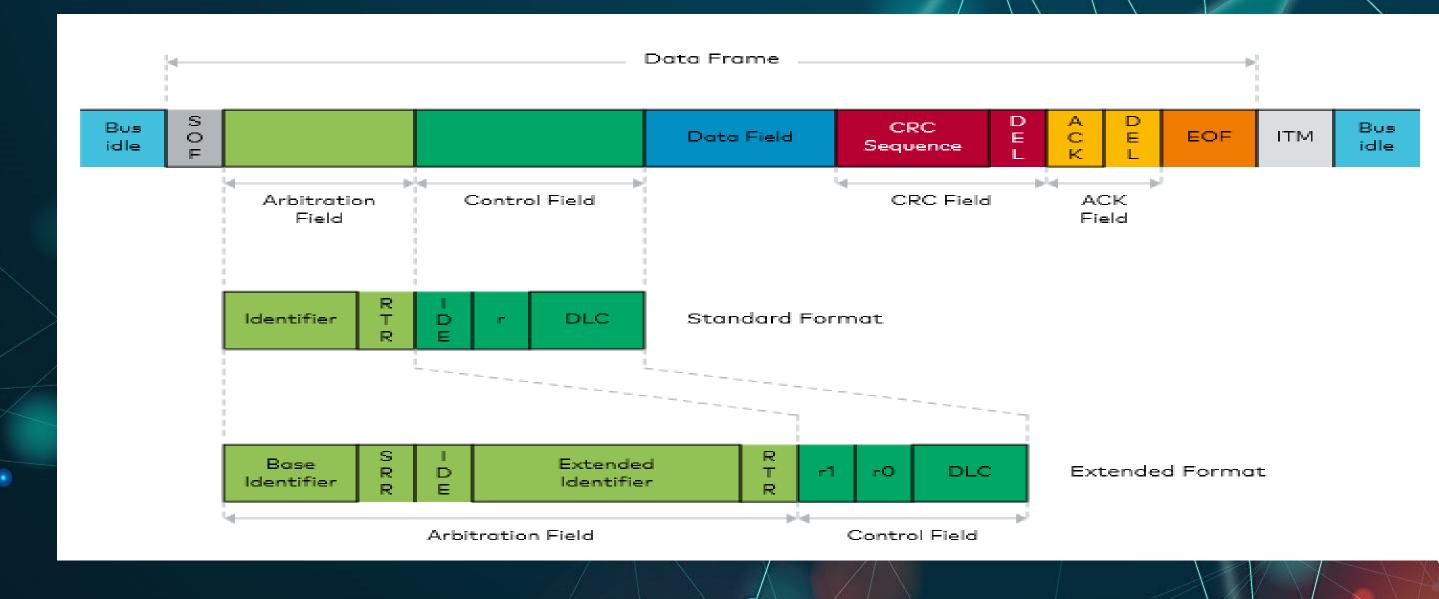
- 1. Set WRNRD bit In CANIFnCMSK to write from CANIF registers to message object
- 2. Set UMASK bit in CANIFnMCTL to enable MSK bits in CANIFnMSK which identify which message IDs will pass through acceptance filtering
- 3. MXTD bit in CANIFnMSK2 should be set if message ID is 29-bit.
- 4. For 11-bit message ID: Configure ID in CANIFnARB2 . For 29-bit message ID: Configure ID in CANIFnARB1 & CANIFnARB2 .
- 5. (Clear/Set XTD) bit to use standard/extended.
- 6. Set DIR to transmit in CANIFnARB2
- 7. Set MSGVAL in CANIFnARB2 to indicate that this message object of MNUM configured in CANIFnCRQ is valid
- 8. In CANIFnMCTL register: Set EOB bit for a single message object.
- 9. Configure DLC bits [3:0] to specify data field size (0-8)bytes.
- 10. Load data to be transmitted in CANIFnDA1, CANIFnDA2, CANIFnDB1, CANIFnDB2
- 11. Program which message object to be addressed in MNUM field in CANIFnCRQ
- 12. 12. Set TXRQST in CANIFnMCTL and NEWDAT to start transmission

1 Data/Remote frame

2 Filter

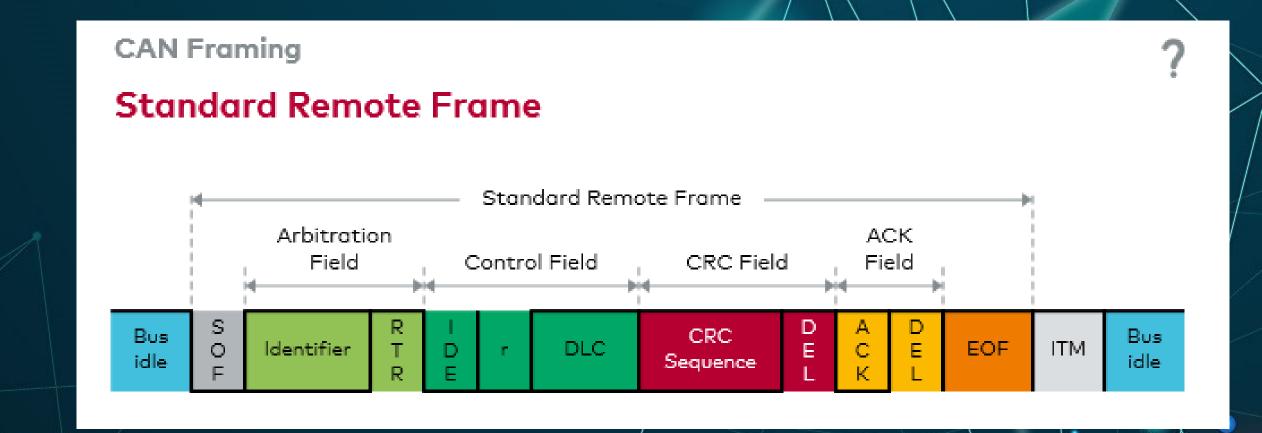
3 Priority

Data Frame:



Receiving a Data frame: Message handler stores the message in message RAM via can controller

Remote Frame:

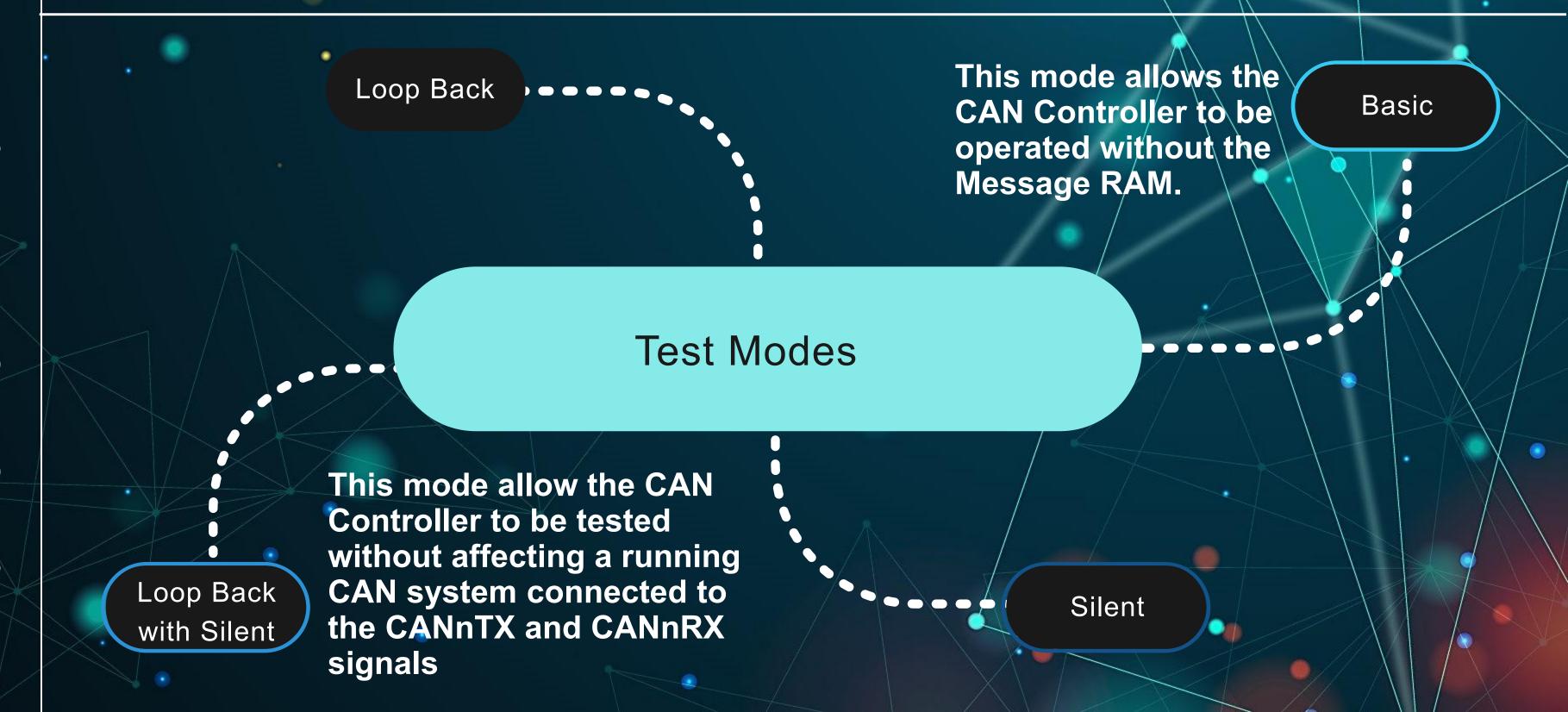


Remote frame not contain data but it ask for a specific data

Receiving configurations:

- 1.Same Registers in Transmission Configured for receiving
- 2. Data found in CANIFnDA1, CANIFnDA2, CANIFnDB1, CANIFnDB2 registers
- 3. polling till the NEWDAT bit is cleared AS, On reading this data from message object this bit is cleared

Tiva-C Controller Area Network Test Modes



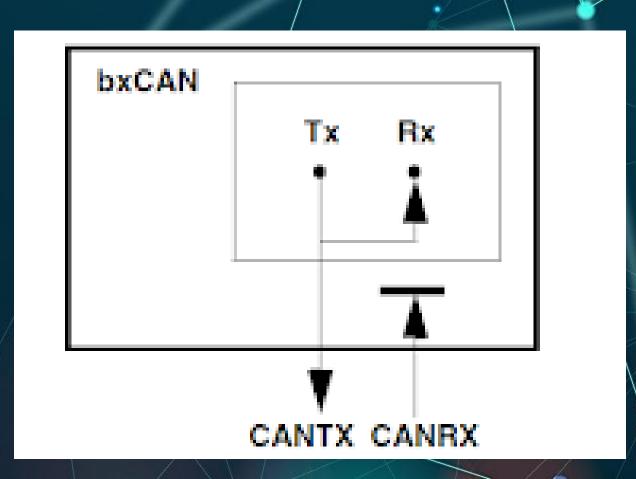
Tiva-C Controller Area Network Test Modes

Silent Mode:

It can be used to analyze the traffic on a CAN bus without affecting it by the transmission of dominant bits in this mode can controller is able to receive valid data frames and valid remote frames.

Loop Back Mode:

It is useful for self-test functions, e is useful for self-test functions and treats its own transmitted messages as received messages and stores them



Tiva-C Controller Area Network Interrupt types

